In the House of Representatives, U. S.,

October 27, 2000.

Resolved, That the bill from the Senate (S. 2943) entitled "An Act to authorize additional assistance for international malaria control, and to provide for coordination and consultation in providing assistance under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 with respect to malaria, HIV, and tuberculosis", do pass with the following

AMENDMENTS:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

- 1 TITLE I—ASSISTANCE FOR
- 2 INTERNATIONAL MALARIA
- 3 **CONTROL**
- 4 SECTION 101. SHORT TITLE.
- 5 This title may be cited as the "International Malaria
- 6 Control Act of 2000".
- 7 **SEC. 102. FINDINGS.**
- 8 The Congress makes the following findings:
- 9 (1) The World Health Organization estimates
- 10 that there are 300,000,000 to 500,000,000 cases of
- 11 malaria each year.

1	(2) According to the World Health Organization,
2	more than 1,000,000 persons are estimated to die due
3	to malaria each year.
4	(3) According to the National Institutes of
5	Health, about 40 percent of the world's population is
6	at risk of becoming infected.
7	(4) About half of those who die each year from
8	malaria are children under 9 years of age.
9	(5) Malaria kills one child each 30 seconds.
10	(6) Although malaria is a public health problem
11	in more than 90 countries, more than 90 percent of
12	all malaria cases are in sub-Saharan Africa.
13	(7) In addition to Africa, large areas of Central
14	and South America, Haiti and the Dominican Re-
15	public, the Indian subcontinent, Southeast Asia, and
16	the Middle East are high risk malaria areas.
17	(8) These high risk areas represent many of the
18	world's poorest nations.
19	(9) Malaria is particularly dangerous during
20	pregnancy. The disease causes severe anemia and is
21	a major factor contributing to maternal deaths in
22	malaria endemic regions.
23	(10) "Airport malaria", the importing of ma-
24	laria by international aircraft and other conveyances,

is becoming more common, and the United Kingdom

1	reported 2,364 cases of malaria in 1997, all of them
2	imported by travelers.
3	(11) In the United States, of the 1,400 cases of
4	malaria reported to the Centers for Disease Control
5	and Prevention in 1998, the vast majority were im-
6	ported.
7	(12) Between 1970 and 1997, the malaria infec-
8	tion rate in the United States increased by about 40
9	percent.
10	(13) Malaria is caused by a single-cell parasite
11	that is spread to humans by mosquitoes.
12	(14) No vaccine is available and treatment is
13	hampered by development of drug-resistant parasites
14	and insecticide-resistant mosquitoes.
15	SEC. 103. ASSISTANCE FOR MALARIA PREVENTION, TREAT-
16	MENT, CONTROL, AND ELIMINATION.
17	(a) Assistance.—
18	(1) In general.—The Administrator of the
19	United States Agency for International Development,
20	in coordination with the heads of other appropriate
21	Federal agencies and nongovernmental organizations,
22	shall provide assistance for the establishment and con-
23	duct of activities designed to prevent, treat, control,
24	and eliminate malaria in countries with a high per-
25	centage of malaria cases.

- 1 (2) Consideration of interaction among
 2 Epidemics.—In providing assistance pursuant to
 3 paragraph (1), the Administrator should consider the
 4 interaction among the epidemics of HIV/AIDS, ma5 laria, and tuberculosis.
 - (3) Dissemination of information require-Ment.—Activities referred to in paragraph (1) shall include the dissemination of information relating to the development of vaccines and therapeutic agents for the prevention of malaria (including information relating to participation in, and the results of, clinical trials for such vaccines and agents conducted by United States Government agencies) to appropriate officials in such countries.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

- (1) In General.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out subsection (a) \$50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2001 and 2002.
- (2) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations under paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.

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1	TITLE II—POLICY OF THE
2	UNITED STATES WITH RE-
3	SPECT TO MACAU
4	SECTION 201. SHORT TITLE.
5	This title may be cited as the "United States-Macau
6	Policy Act of 2000".
7	SEC. 202. FINDINGS AND DECLARATIONS; SENSE OF THE
8	CONGRESS.
9	(a) Findings and Declarations.—The Congress
10	makes the following findings and declarations:
11	(1) The continued economic prosperity of Macau
12	furthers United States interests in the People's Re-
13	public of China and Asia.
14	(2) Support for democratization is a funda-
15	mental principle of United States foreign policy, and
16	as such, that principle naturally applies to United
17	States policy toward Macau.
18	(3) The human rights of the people of Macau are
19	of great importance to the United States and are di-
20	rectly relevant to United States interests in Macau.
21	(4) A fully successful transition in the exercise of
22	sovereignty over Macau must continue to safeguard
23	human rights in and of themselves.
24	(5) Human rights also serve as a basis for
25	Macau's continued economic prosperity, and the Con-

- gress takes note of Macau's adherence to the Inter-1
- 2 national Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and
- the International Convention on Economic, Social, 3
- and Cultural Rights.
- 5 (b) Sense of the Congress.—It is the sense of the
- 6 Congress that— 7

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- (1) the United States should play an active role 8 in maintaining Macau's confidence and prosperity, 9 Macau's unique cultural heritage, and the mutually 10 beneficial ties between the people of the United States and the people of Macau;
 - (2) through its policies, the United States should contribute to Macau's ability to maintain a high degree of autonomy in matters other than defense and foreign affairs as promised by the People's Republic of China and the Republic of Portugal in the Joint Declaration, particularly with respect to such matters as trade, commerce, law enforcement, finance, monetary policy, aviation, shipping, communications, tourism, cultural affairs, sports, and participation in international organizations, consistent with the national security and other interests of the United States: and
 - (3) the United States should actively seek to establish and expand direct bilateral ties and agree-

- ments with Macau in economic, trade, financial,
 monetary, mutual legal assistance, law enforcement,
 communication, transportation, and other appropriate areas.
- 5 SEC. 203. CONTINUED APPLICATION OF UNITED STATES
- 6 LAW.

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- (a) Continued Application.—
- 8 (1) In General.—Notwithstanding any change 9 in the exercise of sovereignty over Macau, and subject 10 to subsections (b) and (c), the laws of the United 11 States shall continue to apply with respect to Macau 12 in the same manner as the laws of the United States 13 were applied with respect to Macau before December 14 20, 1999, unless otherwise expressly provided by law 15 or by Executive order issued pursuant to paragraph (2).16
 - (2) Exception.—Whenever the President determines that Macau is not sufficiently autonomous to justify treatment under a particular law of the United States, or any provision thereof, different from that accorded the People's Republic of China, the President may issue an Executive order suspending the application of paragraph (1) to such law or provision of law. The President shall promptly notify the Committee on International Relations of the House of

Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate concerning any such determination and shall publish the Executive order in the Federal Register.

(b) Export Controls.—

- (1) In General.—The export control laws, regulations, and practices of the United States shall apply to Macau in the same manner and to the same extent that such laws, regulations, and practices apply to the People's Republic of China, and in no case shall such laws, regulations, and practices be applied less restrictively to exports to Macau than to exports to the People's Republic of China.
- (2) Rule of construction.—Paragraph (1) shall not be construed as prohibiting the provision of export control assistance to Macau.

(c) International Agreements.—

(1) In General.—Subject to subsection (b) and paragraph (2), for all purposes, including actions in any court of the United States, the Congress approves of the continuation in force after December 20, 1999, of all treaties and other international agreements, including multilateral conventions, entered into before such date between the United States and Macau, or entered into force before such date between the United

- 1 States and the Republic of Portugal and applied to 2 Macau, unless or until terminated in accordance with 3 law.
- (2) Exception.—If, in carrying out this subsection, the President determines that Macau is not 5 6 legally competent to carry out its obligations under 7 any such treaty or other international agreement, or 8 that the continuation of Macau's obligations or rights 9 under any such treaty or other international agree-10 ment is not appropriate under the circumstances, the 11 President shall take appropriate action to modify or 12 terminate such treaty or other international agree-13 ment. The President shall promptly notify the Com-14 mittee on International Relations of the House of 15 Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Rela-16 tions of the Senate concerning such determination.

17 SEC. 204 REPORTING REQUIREMENT.

18 (a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the 19 date of the enactment of this Act, and not later than March 20 31 of each of the years 2001, 2002, and 2003, the Secretary 21 of State shall transmit to the Committee on International 22 Relations of the House of Representatives and the Com-23 mittee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report on condi-24 tions in Macau of interest to the United States. The report

shall describe—

1	(1) significant developments in United States re-
2	lations with Macau, including any determination
3	made under section 203;
4	(2) significant developments related to the
5	change in the exercise of sovereignty over Macau af-
6	fecting United States interests in Macau or United
7	States relations with Macau and the People's Repub-
8	lic of China;
9	(3) the development of democratic institutions in
10	Macau;
11	(4) compliance by the Government of the People's
12	Republic of China and the Government of the Repub-
13	lic of Portugal with their obligations under the Joint
14	Declaration; and
15	(5) the nature and extent of Macau's participa-
16	tion in multilateral forums.
17	(b) Separate Part of Country Reports.—When-
18	ever a report is transmitted to the Congress on a country-
19	by-country basis, there shall be included in such report,
20	where applicable, a separate subreport on Macau under the
21	heading of the country that exercises sovereignty over
22	Macau.
23	SEC. 205. DEFINITIONS.
24	In this title:

1	(1) Macau.—The term "Macau" means the ter-
2	ritory that prior to December 20, 1999, was the Por-
3	tuguese Dependent Territory of Macau and after De-
4	cember 20, 1999, became the Macau Special Adminis-
5	trative Region of the People's Republic of China.
6	(2) Joint Declaration.—The term "Joint Dec-
7	laration" means the Joint Declaration of the Govern-
8	ment of the People's Republic of China and the Gov-
9	ernment of the Republic of Portugal on the Question
10	of Macau, dated April 13, 1987.
11	TITLE III—UNITED STATES-CAN-
12	ADA ALASKA RAIL COMMIS-
13	SION
14	SECTION 301. SHORT TITLE.
15	This title may be cited as the "Rails to Resources Act
16	of 2000".
17	SEC. 302. FINDINGS.
18	Congress finds that—
19	(1) rail transportation is an essential component
20	of the North American intermodal transportation sys-
21	tem;
22	(2) the development of economically strong and
23	socially stable communities in the western United
24	States and Canada was encouraged significantly by
25	government policies promoting the development of in-

- tegrated transcontinental, interstate and interprovin cial rail systems in the states, territories and prov inces of the two countries;
 - (3) United States and Canadian federal support for the completion of new elements of the transcontinental, interstate and interprovincial rail systems was halted before rail connections were established to the State of Alaska and the Yukon Territory;
 - (4) rail transportation in otherwise isolated areas facilitates controlled access and may reduce overall impact to environmentally sensitive areas;
 - (5) the extension of the continental rail system through northern British Columbia and the Yukon Territory to the current terminus of the Alaska Railroad would significantly benefit the United States and Canadian visitor industries by facilitating the comfortable movement of passengers over long distances while minimizing effects on the surrounding areas; and
 - (6) ongoing research and development efforts in the rail industry continue to increase the efficiency of rail transportation, ensure safety, and decrease the impact of rail service on the environment.

1	SEC. 303. AGREEMENT FOR A UNITED STATES-CANADA BI-
2	LATERAL COMMISSION.
3	The President is authorized and urged to enter into
4	an agreement with the Government of Canada to establish
5	an independent joint commission to study the feasibility
6	and advisability of linking the rail system in Alaska to the
7	nearest appropriate point on the North American conti-
8	nental rail system.
9	SEC. 304. COMPOSITION OF COMMISSION.
10	(a) Membership.—
11	(1) Total membership.—The Agreement should
12	provide for the Commission to be composed of 24
13	members, of which 12 members are appointed by the
14	President and 12 members are appointed by the Gov-
15	ernment of Canada.
16	(2) General qualifications.—The Agreement
17	should provide for the membership of the Commission,
18	to the maximum extent practicable, to be representa-
19	tive of—
20	(A) the interests of the local communities
21	(including the governments of the communities),
22	aboriginal peoples, and businesses that would be
23	affected by the connection of the rail system in
24	Alaska to the North American continental rail
25	system; and

1	(B) a broad range of expertise in areas of
2	knowledge that are relevant to the significant
3	issues to be considered by the Commission, in-
4	cluding economics, engineering, management of
5	resources, social sciences, fish and game manage-
6	ment, environmental sciences, and transpor-
7	tation.

- 8 (b) United States Membership.—If the United 9 States and Canada enter into an agreement providing for 10 the establishment of the Commission, the President shall ap-11 point the United States members of the Commission as fol-12 lows:
- 13 (1) Two members from among persons who are 14 qualified to represent the interests of communities 15 and local governments of Alaska.
 - (2) One member representing the State of Alaska, to be nominated by the Governor of Alaska.
 - (3) One member from among persons who are qualified to represent the interests of Native Alaskans residing in the area of Alaska that would be affected by the extension of rail service.
- 22 (4) Three members from among persons involved 23 in commercial activities in Alaska who are qualified 24 to represent commercial interests in Alaska, of which

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1	one shall be a representative of the Alaska Railroad
2	Corporation.
3	(5) One member representing United States
4	Class I rail carriers and one member representing
5	United States rail labor.
6	(6) Three members with relevant expertise, at
7	least one of whom shall be an engineer with expertise
8	in subarctic transportation and at least one of whom
9	shall have expertise on the environmental impact of
10	such transportation.
11	(c) Canadian Membership.—The Agreement should
12	provide for the Canadian membership of the Commission
13	to be representative of broad categories of interests of Can-
14	ada as the Government of Canada determines appropriate,
15	consistent with subsection $(a)(2)$.
16	SEC. 305. GOVERNANCE AND STAFFING OF COMMISSION.
17	(a) Chairman.—The Agreement should provide for the
18	Chairman of the Commission to be elected from among the
19	members of the Commission by a majority vote of the mem-
20	bers.
21	(b) Compensation and Expenses of United
22	States Members.—
23	(1) Compensation.—Each member of the Com-
24	mission appointed by the President who is not an of-

ficer or employee of the Federal Government shall be

- 1 compensated at a rate equal to the daily equivalent 2 of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level IV 3 of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 4 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel 5 time) during which such member is engaged in the 6 performance of the duties of the Commission. Each 7 such member who is an officer or employee of the United States shall serve without compensation in ad-8 9 dition to that received for services as an officer or em-10 ployee of the United States.
 - (2) Travel expenses.—The members of the Commission appointed by the President shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission.

19 (c) STAFF.—

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- (1) In General.—The Agreement should provide for the appointment of a staff and an executive director to be the head of the staff.
- (2) Compensation.—Funds made available for the Commission by the United States may be used to pay the compensation of the executive director and

- 1 other personnel at rates fixed by the Commission that
- 2 are not in excess of the rate payable for level V of the
- 3 Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5,
- 4 United States Code.
- 5 (d) Office.—The Agreement should provide for the of-
- 6 fice of the Commission to be located in a mutually agreed
- 7 location within the impacted areas of Alaska, the Yukon
- 8 Territory, and northern British Columbia.
- 9 (e) Meetings.—The Agreement should provide for the
- 10 Commission to meet at least biannually to review progress
- 11 and to provide guidance to staff and others, and to hold,
- 12 in locations within the affected areas of Alaska, the Yukon
- 13 Territory and northern British Columbia, such additional
- 14 informational or public meetings as the Commission deems
- 15 necessary to the conduct of its business.
- 16 (f) Procurement of Services.—The Agreement
- 17 should authorize and encourage the Commission to procure
- 18 by contract, to the maximum extent practicable, the services
- 19 (including any temporary and intermittent services) that
- 20 the Commission determines necessary for carrying out the
- 21 duties of the Commission. In the case of any contract for
- 22 the services of an individual, funds made available for the
- 23 Commission by the United States may not be used to pay
- 24 for the services of the individual at a rate that exceeds the
- 25 daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed

1	for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316
2	of title 5, United States Code.
3	SEC. 306. DUTIES.
4	(a) Study.—
5	(1) In General.—The Agreement should provide
6	for the Commission to study and assess, on the basis
7	of all available relevant information, the feasibility
8	and advisability of linking the rail system in Alaska
9	to the North American continental rail system
10	through the continuation of the rail system in Alaska
11	from its northeastern terminus to a connection with
12	the continental rail system in Canada.
13	(2) Specific issues.—The Agreement should
14	provide for the study and assessment to include the
15	consideration of the following issues:
16	(A) Railroad engineering.
17	(B) Land ownership.
18	(C) Geology.
19	(D) Proximity to mineral, timber, tourist,
20	and other resources.
21	(E) Market outlook.
22	$(F)\ Environmental\ considerations.$
23	(G) Social effects, including changes in the
24	use or availability of natural resources.
25	(H) Potential financing mechanisms.

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- (3) Route.—The Agreement should provide for the Commission, upon finding that it is feasible and advisable to link the rail system in Alaska as described in paragraph (1), to determine one or more recommended routes for the rail segment that establishes the linkage, taking into consideration cost, distance, access to potential freight markets, environmental matters, existing corridors that are already used for ground transportation, the route surveyed by the Army Corps of Engineers during World War II and such other factors as the Commission determines relevant.
- 13 (4) COMBINED CORRIDOR EVALUATION.—The
 14 Agreement should also provide for the Commission to
 15 consider whether it would be feasible and advisable to
 16 combine the power transmission infrastructure and
 17 petroleum product pipelines of other utilities into one
 18 corridor with a rail extension of the rail system of
 19 Alaska.
- 20 (b) REPORT.—The Agreement should require the Com-21 mission to submit to Congress and the Secretary of Trans-22 portation and to the Minister of Transport of the Govern-23 ment of Canada, not later than 3 years after the Commis-24 sion commencement date, a report on the results of the 25 study, including the Commission's findings regarding the

1 feasibility and advisability of linking the rail system in Alaska as described in subsection (a)(1) and the Commission's recommendations regarding the preferred route and any alternative routes for the rail segment establishing the 5 linkage. SEC. 307. COMMENCEMENT AND TERMINATION OF COMMIS-7 SION. (a) Commencement.—The Agreement should provide 8 for the Commission to begin to function on the date on which all members are appointed to the Commission as provided for in the Agreement. 12 (b) Termination.—The Commission should be terminated 90 days after the date on which the Commission submits its report under section 306. 14 15 SEC. 308. FUNDING. 16 (a) Rails to Resources Fund.—The Agreement should provide for the following: 18 (1) Establishment of an 19 interest-bearing account to be known as the "Rails to 20 Resources Fund". (2) Contributions.—The contribution by the 21 22 United States and the Government of Canada to the

Fund of amounts that are sufficient for the Commis-

sion to carry out its duties.

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1	(3) AVAILABILITY.—The availability of amounts
2	in the Fund to pay the costs of Commission activities.
3	(4) Dissolution.—Dissolution of the Fund
4	upon the termination of the Commission and dis-
5	tribution of the amounts remaining in the Fund be-
6	tween the United States and the Government of Can-
7	ada.
8	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
9	authorized to be appropriated to any fund established for
10	use by the Commission as described in subsection (a)(1)
11	\$6,000,000, to remain available until expended.
12	SEC. 309. DEFINITIONS.
13	In this title:
14	(1) AGREEMENT.—The term "Agreement" means
15	an agreement described in section 303.
16	(2) Commission.—The term "Commission"
17	means a commission established pursuant to any
18	Agreement.
19	TITLE IV—PACIFIC CHARTER
20	COMMISSION ACT OF 2000
21	SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.
22	This title may be cited as the "Pacific Charter Com-
23	mission Act of 2000".
24	SEC. 402. PURPOSES.
25	The purposes of this title are—

1	(1) to promote a consistent and coordinated for-
2	eign policy of the United States to ensure economic
3	and military security in the Asia-Pacific region;
4	(2) to support democratization, the rule of law,
5	and human rights in the Asia-Pacific region;
6	(3) to promote United States exports to the Asia-
7	Pacific region by advancing economic cooperation;
8	(4) to combat terrorism and the spread of illicit
9	narcotics in the Asia-Pacific region; and
10	(5) to advocate an active role for the United
11	States Government in diplomacy, security, and the
12	furtherance of good governance and the rule of law in
13	the Asia-Pacific region.
14	SEC. 403. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.
15	There is established a commission to be known as the
16	Pacific Charter Commission (hereafter in this title referred
17	to as the "Commission").
18	SEC. 404. DUTIES OF COMMISSION.
19	(a) Duties.—The Commission shall establish and
20	carry out, either directly or through nongovernmental orga-
21	nizations, programs, projects, and activities to achieve the
22	purposes described in section 402, including research and
23	educational or legislative exchanges between the United
24	States and countries in the Asia-Pacific region

- 1 (b) Monitoring of Developments.—The Commis-
- 2 sion shall monitor developments in countries of the Asia-
- 3 Pacific region with respect to United States foreign policy
- 4 toward such countries, the status of democratization, the
- 5 rule of law and human rights in the region, economic rela-
- 6 tions among the United States and such countries, and ac-
- 7 tivities related to terrorism and the illicit narcotics trade.
- 8 (c) Policy Review and Recommendations.—In car-
- 9 rying out this section, the Commission shall evaluate
- 10 United States Government policies toward countries of the
- 11 Asia-Pacific region and recommend options for policies of
- 12 the United States Government with respect to such coun-
- 13 tries, with a particular emphasis on countries that are of
- 14 importance to the foreign policy, economic, and military
- 15 interests of the United States.
- 16 (d) Contacts With Other Entities.—In per-
- 17 forming the functions described in subsections (a) through
- 18 (c), the Commission shall, as appropriate, seek out and
- 19 maintain contacts with nongovernmental organizations,
- 20 international organizations, and representatives of indus-
- 21 try, including receiving reports and updates from such or-
- 22 ganizations and evaluating such reports.
- 23 (e) Annual Report.—Not later than 18 months after
- 24 the date of the enactment of this Act, and not later than
- 25 the end of each 12-month period thereafter, the Commission

- 1 shall prepare and submit to the President and the Congress
 2 a report that contains the findings of the Commission dur-
- 3 ing the preceding 12-month period. Each such report shall
- 4 contain—
- 5 (1) recommendations for legislative, executive, or 6 other actions resulting from the evaluation of policies 7 described in subsection (c):
- 8 (2) a description of programs, projects, and ac-9 tivities of the Commission for the prior year; and
- 10 (3) a complete accounting of the expenditures 11 made by the Commission during the prior year.
- 12 (f) Congressional Hearings on Annual Re-
- 13 PORT.—The Committee on International Relations of the
- 14 House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Re-
- 15 lations of the Senate, shall, not later than 45 days after
- 16 the receipt by the Congress of the report referred to in sub-
- 17 section (c), hold hearings on the report, including any rec-
- 18 ommendations contained therein.
- 19 (g) Advisory Committees.—The Commission may
- 20 establish such advisory committees as the Commission de-
- 21 termines to be necessary to advise the Commission on policy
- 22 matters relating to the Asia-Pacific region and to otherwise
- 23 carry out this title.

1 SEC. 405. MEMBERSHIP OF COMMISSION.

2	(a) Composition.—The Commission shall be com-
3	posed of seven members all of whom—
4	(1) shall be citizens of the United States who are
5	not officers or employees of any government, except to
6	the extent they are considered such officers or employ-
7	ees by virtue of their membership on the Commission;
8	and
9	(2) shall have interest and expertise in issues re-
10	lating to the Asia-Pacific region.
11	(b) Appointment.—
12	(1) In General.—The individuals referred to in
13	subsection (a) shall be appointed—
14	(A) by the President, after consultation with
15	the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House
16	of Representatives, the Chairman and ranking
17	member of the Committee on International Rela-
18	tions of the House of Representatives, the Major-
19	ity Leader and Minority Leader of the Senate,
20	and the Chairman and ranking member of the
21	Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
22	and
23	(B) by and with the advice and consent of
24	$the \ Senate.$

1	(2) Political Affiliation.—Not more than
2	four of the individuals appointed under paragraph
3	(1) may be affiliated with the same political party.
4	(c) Term.—Each member of the Commission shall be
5	appointed for a term of 6 years.
6	(d) Vacancies.—A vacancy in the Commission shall
7	be filled in the same manner in which the original appoint-
8	ment was made.
9	(e) Chairperson; Vice Chairperson.—The Presi-
10	dent shall designate a Chairperson and Vice Chairperson
11	of the Commission from among the members of the Commis-
12	sion.
13	(f) Compensation.—
14	(1) Rates of pay.—Except as provided in
15	paragraph (2), members of the Commission shall serve
16	without pay.
17	(2) Travel expenses.—Each member of the
18	Commission may receive travel expenses, including
19	per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with
20	sections 5702 and 5703 of title 5, United States Code.
21	(g) Meetings.—The Commission shall meet at the call
22	of the Chairperson.
23	(h) Quorum.—A majority of the members of the Com-
24	mission shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number of
25	members may hold hearings.

- 1 (i) Affirmative Determinations.—An affirmative
- 2 vote by a majority of the members of the Commission shall
- 3 be required for any affirmative determination by the Com-
- 4 mission under section 404.

5 SEC. 406. POWERS OF COMMISSION.

- 6 (a) Hearings and Investigations.—The Commis-
- 7 sion may hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and
- 8 places, take such testimony and receive such evidence, and
- 9 conduct such investigations as the Commission considers
- 10 advisable to carry out this title.
- 11 (b) Information From Federal Agencies.—The
- 12 Commission may secure directly from any Federal depart-
- 13 ment or agency such information as the Commission con-
- 14 siders necessary to carry out this title. Upon request of the
- 15 Chairperson of the Commission, the head of any such de-
- 16 partment agency shall furnish such information to the Com-
- 17 mission as expeditiously as possible.
- 18 (c) Contributions.—The Commission may accept,
- 19 use, and dispose of gifts, bequests, or devises of services or
- 20 property, both real and personal, for the purpose of assist-
- 21 ing or facilitating the work of the Commission. Gifts, be-
- 22 quests, or devises of money and proceeds from sales of other
- 23 property received as gifts, bequests, or devises shall be depos-
- 24 ited in the Treasury and shall be available for disbursement
- 25 upon order of the Commission.

- 1 (d) Mails.—The Commission may use the United
- 2 States mails in the same manner and under the same condi-
- 3 tions as other departments and agencies of the United
- 4 States.

5 SEC. 407. STAFF AND SUPPORT SERVICES OF COMMISSION.

- 6 (a) Executive Director.—The Commission shall
- 7 have an executive director appointed by the Commission
- 8 after consultation with the Speaker and Minority Leader
- 9 of the House of Representatives and the Majority Leader
- 10 and Minority Leader of the Senate. The executive director
- 11 shall serve the Commission under such terms and conditions
- 12 as the Commission determines to be appropriate.
- 13 (b) STAFF.—The Commission may appoint and fix the
- 14 pay of such additional personnel, not to exceed 10 individ-
- 15 uals, as it considers appropriate.
- 16 (c) Staff of Federal Agencies.—Upon request of
- 17 the chairperson of the Commission, the head of any Federal
- 18 agency may detail, on a nonreimbursable basis, any of the
- 19 personnel of the agency to the Commission to assist the
- 20 Commission in carrying out its duties under this title.
- 21 (d) Experts and Consultants.—The chairperson of
- 22 the Commission may procure temporary and intermittent
- 23 services under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code.

1 SEC. 409. TERMINATION.

- 2 The Commission shall terminate not later than 5 years
- 3 after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- 4 SEC. 410. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 5 (a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
- 6 priated to carry out this title \$2,500,000 for each of the
- 7 fiscal years 2001 and 2002.
- 8 (b) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pursuant
- 9 to the authorization of appropriations under subsection (a)
- 10 are authorized to remain available until expended.
- 11 SEC. 411. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 12 This title shall take effect on February 1, 2001.
- 13 TITLE V—PAUL D. COVERDELL
- 14 WORLD WISE SCHOOLS ACT
- 15 **OF 2000**
- 16 SEC. 501. SHORT TITLE.
- 17 This title may be cited as the "Paul D. Coverdell World
- 18 Wise Schools Act of 2000".
- 19 **SEC. 502. FINDINGS.**
- 20 Congress makes the following findings:
- 21 (1) Paul D. Coverdell was elected to the Georgia
- 22 State Senate in 1970 and later became Minority
- 23 Leader of the Georgia State Senate, a post he held for
- 24 *15 years.*
- 25 (2) As the 11th Director of the Peace Corps from
- 26 1989 to 1991, Paul Coverdell's dedication to the ideals

- of peace and understanding helped to shape today's
 Peace Corps.
- 3 (3) Paul D. Coverdell believed that Peace Corps 4 volunteers could not only make a difference in the 5 countries where they served but that the greatest ben-6 efit could be felt at home.
 - (4) In 1989, Paul D. Coverdell founded the Peace Corps World Wise Schools Program to help fulfill the Third Goal of the Peace Corps, "to promote a better understanding of the people served among people of the United States".
 - (5) The World Wise Schools Program is an innovative education program that seeks to engage learners in an inquiry about the world, themselves, and others in order to broaden perspectives; promote cultural awareness; appreciate global connections; and encourage service.
 - (6) In a world that is increasingly interdependent and ever changing, the World Wise Schools Program pays tribute to Paul D. Coverdell's foresight and leadership. In the words of one World Wise Schools teacher, "It's a teacher's job to touch the future of a child; it's the Peace Corps' job to touch the future of the world. What more perfect partnership.".

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1	(7) Paul D. Coverdell served in the United States
2	Senate from the State of Georgia from 1993 until his
3	sudden death on July 18, 2000.
4	(8) Senator Paul D. Coverdell was beloved by his
5	colleagues for his civility, bipartisan efforts, and his
6	dedication to public service.
7	SEC. 503. DESIGNATION OF PAUL D. COVERDELL WORLD
8	WISE SCHOOLS PROGRAM.
9	(a) In General.—Effective on the date of enactment
10	of this Act, the program under section 18 of the Peace Corps
11	Act (22 U.S.C. 2517) referred to before such date as the
12	"World Wise Schools Program" is redesignated as the "Paul
13	D. Coverdell World Wise Schools Program".
14	(b) References.—Any reference before the date of en-
15	actment of this Act in any law, regulation, order, document,
16	record, or other paper of the United States to the Peace
17	Corps World Wise Schools Program shall, on and after such
18	date, be considered to refer to the Paul D. Coverdell World
19	Wise Schools Program.

Amend the title so as to read "An Act to authorize additional assistance for international malaria control, and for other purposes.".

Attest:

Clerk.

106TH CONGRESS S. 2943

AMENDMENTS