

S. 2386: A bill to extend the Stamp Out Breast Cancer Act (Rept. No. 106-338).

By Mr. McCain, from the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, with an amendment in the nature of a substitute:

S. 1911: A bill to conserve Atlantic highly migratory species of fish, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 106-339).

By Mr. MURKOWSKI, from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, with an amendment:

S. 1998: A bill to establish the Yuma Crossing National Heritage Area (Rept. No. 106-340).

By Mr. MURKOWSKI, from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, with amendments:

S. 2247: A bill to establish the Wheeling National Heritage Area in the State of West Virginia, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 106-341).

By Mr. MURKOWSKI, from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, with an amendment in the nature of a substitute and an amendment to the title:

H.R. 940: A bill to establish the Lackawanna Heritage Valley American Heritage Area (Rept. No. 106-342).

By Mr. HATCH, from the Committee on the Judiciary, without amendment:

S. 2787: A bill to reauthorize the Federal programs to prevent violence against women, and for other purposes.

## INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. ROBB:

S. 2850. A bill to reduce illegal drug-related crimes in our Nation's communities by providing additional Federal funds to develop and implement community policing and prosecutorial initiatives that address problems associated with the production, manufacture, distribution, importation, and use of illegal drugs; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CLELAND (for himself and Mr. JEFFORDS):

S. 2851. A bill to require certain information from the President before certain deployments of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Mr. SCHUMER (for himself and Mr. TORRICELLI):

S. 2852. A bill to provide for the adjustment of status of certain Syrian nationals; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GRASSLEY:

S. 2853. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow distributions to be made from certain pension plans before the participant is served from employment; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. ALLARD:

S. 2854. A bill to suspend temporarily the duty on Fructooligosaccharides (FOS); to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. TORRICELLI:

S. 2855. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for the establishment of a national program of autism registries; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. HELMS:

S. 1856. A bill to provide for the establishment of a new international television service under the Broadcasting Board of Governors to replace Worldnet and BOA-TV to ensure that international television broad-

casts of the United States Government effectively represent the United States and its policies; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Mr. LEAHY (for himself, Mr. TORRICELLI, and Mr. KOHL):

S. 2857. A bill to amend title 11, United States Code, to exclude personally identifiable information from the assets of a debtor in bankruptcy; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

## SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. ABRAHAM (for himself and Mrs. LINCOLN):

S. Con. Res. 130. Concurrent resolution establishing a special task force to recommend an appropriate recognition for the slave laborers who worked on the construction of the United States Capitol; to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

## STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. ROBB:

S. 2850. A bill to reduce illegal drug-related crimes in our Nation's communities by providing additional Federal funds to develop and implement community policing and prosecutorial initiatives that address problems associated with the production, manufacture, distribution, importation, and use of illegal drugs; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

### THE COMMUNITY ORIENTED POLICING SERVICES AGAINST DRUGS ACT

Mr. ROBB. Mr. President, I have visited the Carver Neighborhood of Richmond in my state. This neighborhood is a low-income community that thanks to collaborative efforts among the community, city, and federal government, has seen a tremendous decrease in crime, helping to spur a major community revitalization.

We've seen this trend more and more in cities and communities across America. Much has been accomplished in our efforts to revitalize our communities—but more needs to be done. We should build on our past successes and focus our resources on keeping our children safe and our neighborhoods free of fear. We should take what we know works and apply it in our fight against illegal drugs.

It is in this spirit, Mr. President, that I rise to introduce the Community Oriented Policing Services Against Drugs Act. As part of our continuing battle against the proliferation of drugs in our nation's communities, my bill seeks to provide \$500 million over five years in federal funds from the COPS Program to state and local law enforcement authorities across the country to eliminate or reduce drug crime in America. We know the COPS Program works, and I'm proud to have expanded it to provide our schools with more than 2,600 police officers to combat school violence.

Specifically, this new program will provide federal funds to hire 1,950 more police officers to enhance existing community policing initiatives throughout approximately 65 cities across the country. Newly hired police officers will be charged with developing and implementing community policing initiatives to combat the production, manufacture, distribution, importation, or use of illegal drugs in our communities.

There are dozens of cities across the country, such as Richmond, Norfolk, and Williamsburg in my state, that are committed to providing a safe environment for citizens to live, work and raise a family but need additional resources to help eliminate drug trafficking and drug-related crime, including violent crime. This legislation will build upon the successful COPS Program and focus an aspect of its community policing initiatives against the scourge of illegal drugs in our neighborhoods.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that this legislation be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 2850

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Community Oriented Policing Services Against Drugs Act".

### SEC. 2. COMMUNITY ORIENTED POLICING SERVICES AGAINST DRUGS.

Part Q of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796dd et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 1710. COMMUNITY ORIENTED POLICING SERVICES AGAINST DRUGS.

"(a) ELIGIBLE COMMUNITY DEFINED.—In this section, the term "eligible community" means communities identified by the Attorney General under subsection (c).

"(b) AWARD OF GRANTS.—The Attorney General may award grants in accordance with this part—

"(1) to local law enforcement agencies located in eligible communities, which shall be used for programs, projects, and activities—

"(A) to hire additional community policing officers and civilian personnel to aggressively investigate drug-related crimes; and

"(B) to pay overtime to existing law enforcement officers, to the extent such overtime is devoted to community policing efforts with respect to drug-related crimes; and

"(2) to State and local prosecutors' offices located in eligible communities and to prosecution programs in eligible communities that augment community policing programs, which shall be used to assist in the aggressive prosecution of drug-related crimes.

"(c) IDENTIFICATION OF ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall identify eligible communities for purposes of subsection (a)(4), based on—

"(A) the extent to which the community is a center of illegal drug production, manufacturing, importation, distribution, or use;

"(B) the extent to which State and local law enforcement and prosecutorial authorities have committed resources to the illegal