about a public process with some accountability, will at least vote against cloture. I think that is almost as important an issue as the content, in terms of the future of this body. I am not being melodramatic about it. I hope we will have good support in the vote against cloture, much less the vote against the final product. I hope tomorrow we will be able to stop this. I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The minority leader.

LABOR-HHS NEGOTIATIONS

Mr. DASCHLE. Mr. President, I will use my leader time to depart from the ongoing colloquy with regard to the cloture vote on the bankruptcy bill to talk about the status of negotiations on the Labor and Education bill that has been the subject of a good deal of discussion over the last several days.

I think the headlines give us the current state of affairs with regard to the bill probably as succinctly as any headline can. The Washington Post, from a front page story above the fold this morning, simply stated the fact: "Budget Deal is Torpedoed by House GOP. Move by leadership angers negotiators on both sides." That was the Washington Post.

The Los Angeles Times said it as well in their headline: "GOP Leaders Scuttle Deal in Budget Battle." They go on to describe exactly what happened in the budget battle on education over the course of the last several days.

The Washington Times had virtually the same headline, which simply read: "House Leaders Spike Deal On Budget."

The only word missing in most of these is the word "education." Because that is what the budget was about, the fight was about what kind of a commitment to education we ought to be making in this new fiscal year, now well underway. This is the last day of October. Of course, the fiscal year began on the first day of October. While the headlines didn't say it, this is what they were talking about.

We had a bipartisan plan that was worked out over the last several days with great effort on the part of Chairman STEVENS and Chairman YOUNG, certainly on the part of Senator BYRD, Senator HARKIN, Congressman OBEY. They worked until 2:30 Monday morning to craft what arguably could have been the single most important investment we will make in education in any fiscal year in the history of the United States. That is quite a profound and dramatic statement. I don't think it is hyperbole because we were prepared to invest more in education, more in smaller classes, more in qualified teachers, more in modern school buildings, more in afterschool programs, with a far better accountability program, with increased Pell grants, with more investment for children with disabilities and those preparing to go to college than we have ever made in a

commitment to education in our Nation's history. That was what was on the table.

Of course, as we negotiated these very complicated and controversial provisions dealing not only with education but whether or not we can protect worker safety, all of those issues had to be considered very carefully. It was only with the admonition of all the leaders to give and to try to find a way to resolve our differences that we were able ultimately to close the deal, resolve the differences, and move forward with every expectation that the Senate and House would then be in a position to vote on this historic achievement as early as Tuesday afternoon.

That is what happened.

So instead, today we are debating cloture on the bankruptcy conference report when we could have had an incredible opportunity to put the pieces together to give children real hope, to give school districts all over this country for the first time the confidence they need that they can address the myriad of problems they are facing in education today; to say, yes, we are going to commit, as we have over the last couple years, to ensure we have the resources to reduce class size and to hire those teachers and to break through, finally, on school modernization and school construction. We could have addressed the need for 6,000 new schools with the modernization plan that was on the table when the collapse occurred

I come to the floor dismayed, disheartened, and extraordinarily disappointed that this had to happen, that the House leaders, House Republican leaders, spiked a deal that could have created this historic achievement.

What do we tell the schoolteachers? What do we tell the students? What do we tell all of those people waiting patiently and expectantly, who are hoping we could put partisanship aside and do what we came here to do. Forget the rhetoric, forget the conflicts, forget all the things we were supposed to forget in bringing this accomplishment about.

I don't know where we go from here, but this is part of a pattern. It isn't just education. There is an array of other issues. And perhaps this is an appropriate day to remind my colleagues of, once again, the GOP legislative graveyard. We can put up, perhaps, another tombstone today.

I think we can still revive this. Somehow I think there is still a possibility that we can do this. I don't know if it will happen this week—I don't know when it will happen—but I can't believe we are going to turn away from having accomplished what we could have accomplished with all of this.

Everybody understands that we may not have another chance. I am not prepared to put education into the legislative graveyard Republicans have created. But there isn't much chance we are going to deal with pay equity this year. There is no chance we are going to deal with campaign finance reform.

Let us make absolutely certain that when we come back early next year, we enact the Patients' Bill of Rights. That is a tombstone for the 106th Congress. Hate crimes, judicial nominations, the Medicare drug benefit, gun safety: all are tombstones to inaction. All are a recognition of the failure of this Congress to come to grips with the real problems our country is facing, a realization that now there is not much we can do anything about, except to rededicate ourselves to ensure that we will never let this Congress again take up issues of this import and leave them buried in the legislative graveyard.

Let us hope that we can revive school modernization and smaller class size. Let us hope that somehow, in the interest of doing what is right-we recognize how close we were Monday night, we recognize how important it is that we not give up, we recognize how critical it is that something as important as education will not be relegated to this legislative graveyard, or any other. Let us hope that in the interest of our children, in the interest of recognizing the importance of bipartisan achievement in this Congress, that we will do what is right, that we will take these headlines and turn them around and change them into headlines such as 'GOP Leaders And Democratic Leaders Agree on Budget Deal," or ''Democratic Leaders And Republican Leaders Agree To Historic Education Achieve-ment"; with editorials that would say to the effect that, at long last, we have given children hope all over this country and we have given schools the opportunity to reduce their class size and improve educational quality without exception.

That is still within our grasp. I must say, the tragedy of all tragedies would be, somehow in the name of partisanship and in the name of whatever competition some may feel with the administration on this or any other issue, that we fail to do what is right; we fail to make a commitment that we know we can; and that we end up building more monuments to the lack of progress and real commitment to the issues about which people care most.

Mr. President, I come to the floor with the expectation that we can overcome the obstacles that remain and we truly can make a difference on education in this Congress.

I vield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Minnesota is recognized.

Mr. WELLSTONE. Mr. President, I thank the minority leader for his words.

I yield 10 minutes to the Senator from North Dakota, Mr. DORGAN.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from North Dakota is recognized.

LEGISLATION LEFT UNDONE

Mr. DORGAN. Mr. President, I listened to my colleagues today—Senator FEINGOLD, Senator DURBIN, Senator WELLSTONE, and now the Democratic