

Congress. He led the charge to enact the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act—the first ever federal Internet privacy protection legislation. He has also been leading the fight to add new privacy regulations into the banking industry.

In addition, Senator BRYAN authored laws to reduce telemarketing fraud and to give consumers new rights in combating errors on personal credit reports. He passed the PMI legislation which protects people from having to pay hundreds, sometimes thousands of dollars to private mortgage insurance lenders once they have enough equity in their homes. And he was one of the lead sponsors of Airline Passenger Bill of Rights.

Along with Senator MCCAIN, he passed important boxing reform bills to protect the health and safety of boxers and to maintain the integrity of the sport.

And finally, he has worked tirelessly to protect his constituents from nuclear waste dumping in Nevada.

The one consolation I take when I think about him retiring from the Senate is that he'll finally get to spend more time with his terrific wife, Bonnie. I'm hopeful that the two of them will set aside some time to come out and visit me in Iowa, especially since Senator BRYAN actually has roots in my home state. His father, Oscar Bryan, was born in Des Moines. And Senator BRYAN's uncle by marriage, Keith More, practiced law in Harlan, Iowa for years. Keith's brother, Jack More, was chair of the Democratic State Party in Iowa and headed up Truman's efforts in 1948.

But, no matter what his current plans are, I have a sneaking suspicion that Senator BRYAN isn't going to stop serving his State and his country for a long time to come. He has done it honorably since he was a boy, and he still has a tremendous amount to offer.

#### SENATOR DANIEL PATRICK MOYNIHAN

Mr. HARKIN. Mr. President, Senator DANIEL PATRICK MOYNIHAN is the kind of scholar-public servant our founding fathers envisioned when they designed our great government. Senator MOYNIHAN has a keen intellect and a kind heart, and his distinguished career is a testament to the power of this combination.

Senator MOYNIHAN began serving this country just one year after he graduated from high school. He enrolled in the United States Navy from 1944-1947 and served in the Naval Reserve for 20 years.

After receiving his BA, MA and PhD, he went on to serve in the administrations of Presidents Kennedy, Johnson, Nixon, and Ford. In fact, he is the only person in American history to have ever served in the Cabinet or subcabinet of four successive presidential administrations.

He served as U.S. Ambassador to India from 1973-1975, U.S. Representa-

tive to the United Nations from 1975-1976, and he represented the United States as President of the United National Security Council in 1976.

He has authored or edited 18 books on topics ranging from the Reagan era to the American family to poverty to ethnicity to the practice of government. And he has received 62 honorary degrees.

Senator MOYNIHAN's list of legislative accomplishments is no less impressive. He produced the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 and the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century which provided money and incentives for States to build mass transit systems.

He has done outstanding work on cleaning up our environment through his legislation to clean up nuclear waste and toxic sites and to control acid rain.

He has also been a leader in transforming our social welfare system. His 1988 Family Support Act began the process of changing the AFDC program from an income security program to one which helps individuals secure employment. He has also sponsored a bill to improve the Social Security Administration and to keep Social Security solvent for the future.

And if you take a walk around this city—or any number of other American cities for that matter—you won't get far before you see a building that Senator MOYNIHAN helped to build or preserve. From the Old Patent Office which now hosts two Smithsonian museums, to the Old Post Office, to the Old Pension Building, which is now the National Building Museum, and many more.

The Senate will sorely miss its resident scholar. Senator MOYNIHAN combined a mind for philosophy, an eye for beauty, and a heart for service. And this city, the State of New York, and our Nation are the better for his sensitive and dedicated work.

Mr. President, I yield the floor and suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. In my capacity as a Senator from the State of Michigan, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREE- MENT—CONFERENCE REPORT TO ACCOMPANY H.R. 2415

The PRESIDING OFFICER. In my capacity as a Senator from the State of Michigan, I ask unanimous consent that at 11 a.m. on Wednesday, the Senate resume postcloture debate regarding the bankruptcy bill and there be 6 hours for debate postcloture to be equally divided between the chairman and the ranking minority member, or their designees.

I further ask unanimous consent that at 2 p.m. on Thursday, the Senate proceed immediately to up to 30 minutes of debate for each of the following Senators: HATCH, GRASSLEY, WELLSTONE, and LEAHY, and following that time, at 4 p.m. on Thursday, the Senate proceed to a vote on adoption of the conference report, notwithstanding rule XXII, any intervening motion, action or debate, and that paragraph 4 of rule XII be waived.

Without objection, it is so ordered.

In my capacity as a Senator from the State of Michigan, I suggest the absence of a quorum. The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### MORNING BUSINESS

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now be in a period of morning business with Senators speaking for up to 10 minutes each.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

(The remarks of Mr. ALLARD pertaining to the introduction of S. 3274 are located in today's RECORD under "Statements on Introduced Bills and Joint Resolutions.")

#### DRUG FREE COMMUNITIES ACT SUCCESSSES IN COLORADO

Mr. CAMPBELL. Mr. President, I would like to take a minute to call my colleagues' attention to a conference which is convening this week here in Washington, DC. The Community Anti-Drug Coalitions of America is sponsoring its National Leadership Forum XI from December 6-8, 2000. The National Leadership Forum is the largest meeting of grassroots and professional community coalition leaders in the country. CADCA expects approximately 1500 participants to participate in the Forum this year to network and learn about the most innovative programs, products and services working to reduce youth substance abuse in communities across the country.

As the chairman of the Treasury and General Government Subcommittee, I have a keen interest in these programs which receive support through the Drug Free Communities Act under the Treasury subcommittee's jurisdiction. The Drug Free Communities Act has seen some great successes. This program is funded at \$40 million for fiscal year 2001, which is \$5 million more than the administration requested. This program provides small grants to non-profit organizations that are trying to curb the impact of drugs in our communities.

One good example is in my own state of Colorado. The Drug Free Community