

Public Law 106–38  
106th Congress

An Act

To declare it to be the policy of the United States to deploy a national missile defense.

July 22, 1999

[H.R. 4]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

This Act may be cited as the “National Missile Defense Act of 1999”.

National Missile  
Defense Act of  
1999.

10 USC 101 note.

**SEC. 2. NATIONAL MISSILE DEFENSE POLICY.**

It is the policy of the United States to deploy as soon as is technologically possible an effective National Missile Defense system capable of defending the territory of the United States against limited ballistic missile attack (whether accidental, unauthorized, or deliberate) with funding subject to the annual authorization of appropriations and the annual appropriation of funds for National Missile Defense.

10 USC 2431  
note.

**SEC. 3. POLICY ON REDUCTION OF RUSSIAN NUCLEAR FORCES.**

It is the policy of the United States to seek continued negotiated reductions in Russian nuclear forces.

22 USC 5901  
note.

Approved July 22, 1999.

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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4 (S.257) (S. 269):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106–39, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Armed Services).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106–4 accompanying S. 257 (Comm. on Armed Services).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

Mar. 18, considered and passed House.

May 18, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 257

May 20, House concurred in Senate amendment.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

July 23, Presidential statement.

