

107<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
1<sup>ST</sup> SESSION

# H. R. 1254

To establish a program to provide for a reduction in the incidence and prevalence of Lyme disease.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 27, 2001

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey (for himself, Mr. PITTS, Mr. MALONEY of Connecticut, Mr. GILMAN, Mrs. MORELLA, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. DELAHUNT, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. WOLF, Mr. TOWNS, and Mr. SAXTON) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Armed Services, Resources, and Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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## A BILL

To establish a program to provide for a reduction in the incidence and prevalence of Lyme disease.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Lyme Disease Initia-  
3 tive of 2001”.

4 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

5 The Congress finds as follows:

6 (1) The incidence of Lyme disease in the  
7 United States is increasing rapidly. The Centers for  
8 Disease Control and Prevention (“CDC”) has deter-  
9 mined that, since 1982, there has been a 25-fold in-  
10 crease in reported cases.

11 (2) In 1999, a total of 16,273 cases of Lyme  
12 disease were reported to CDC by 50 States and the  
13 District of Columbia (the overall incidence was 4.67  
14 per 100,000), representing a 27 percent increase  
15 from the 12,807 cases reported in 1997.

16 (3) There is no reliable standardized diagnostic  
17 test for chronic Lyme disease, and the test for acute  
18 Lyme disease should be improved. As a result, the  
19 disease is underreported or misreported by as much  
20 as 10 or 12 fold, according to some studies, because  
21 the symptoms of Lyme disease mimic other health  
22 conditions. Thus, precise figures on the incidence of  
23 Lyme disease are difficult to develop.

24 (4) Lyme disease costs our Nation between  
25 \$1,000,000,000 and \$2,000,000,000 in medical  
26 costs annually, according to studies. Lost produc-

1        tivity annually per person from Lyme disease has  
2        been estimated at 5 to 37 days.

3            (5) Many health care providers lack the nec-  
4        essary knowledge and expertise—particularly in non-  
5        endemic areas—to accurately diagnose and prevent  
6        Lyme disease. As a result, patients often visit mul-  
7        tiple doctors before obtaining a diagnosis of the dis-  
8        ease, resulting in prolonged pain and suffering, un-  
9        necessary tests, and costly, delayed, or futile treat-  
10        ments.

11           (6) Due to scientific uncertainties about the di-  
12        agnosis of acute and chronic Lyme disease, and the  
13        proper course and length of treatment, many pa-  
14        tients have encountered difficulties in obtaining  
15        needed insurance coverage for Lyme disease.

16           (7) Most Lyme disease infections are thought to  
17        result from periresidential exposure to infected ticks  
18        during property maintenance, recreation, and leisure  
19        activities. Thus, individuals who live or work in resi-  
20        dential areas surrounded by woods or overgrown  
21        brush infested by vector ticks are at risk of Lyme  
22        disease. In addition, persons who participate in rec-  
23        reational activities away from home (such as hiking,  
24        camping, fishing and hunting in tick habitat) and  
25        persons who engage in outdoor occupations (such as

1 landscaping, brush clearing, forestry, military serv-  
2 ice, and wildlife and parks management in endemic  
3 areas) may also be at risk of Lyme disease. Some  
4 estimates indicate outdoor workers have a four-to-six  
5 fold elevation in risk of Lyme disease.

6 **SEC. 3. PUBLIC HEALTH GOALS; FIVE-YEAR PLAN.**

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and  
8 Human Services (acting as appropriate through the Direc-  
9 tor of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the  
10 Director of the National Institutes of Health, and the  
11 Commissioner of Food and Drugs), the Secretary of Agri-  
12 culture, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary  
13 of Defense (in this Act referred to collectively as the “Sec-  
14 retaries”) shall collaborate to carry out the following:

15 (1) The Secretaries shall establish the goals de-  
16 scribed in subsections (c) through (g) relating to ac-  
17 tivities to provide for a reduction in the incidence  
18 and prevalence of Lyme disease and related tick-  
19 borne infectious diseases.

20 (2) The Secretaries shall carry out activities to-  
21 ward achieving the goals, which may include activi-  
22 ties carried out directly by the Secretaries and ac-  
23 tivities carried out through awards of grants or con-  
24 tracts to public or nonprofit private entities.

1           (3) In carrying out paragraph (2), the Secre-  
2       taries shall give priority—

3           (A) first, to achieving the goal under sub-  
4       section (c);

5           (B) second, to achieving the goal under  
6       subsection (d);

7           (C) third, to achieving the goal under sub-  
8       section (e);

9           (D) fourth, to achieving the goal under  
10      subsection (f); and

11          (E) fifth, to achieving the goal under sub-  
12      section (g).

13      (b) FIVE-YEAR PLAN.—In carrying out subsection  
14      (a), the Secretaries shall establish a plan that, for the five  
15      fiscal years following the date of the enactment of this  
16      Act, provides for the activities to be carried out during  
17      such fiscal years toward achieving the goals under sub-  
18      sections (c) through (g). The plan shall, as appropriate  
19      to such goals, provide for the coordination of programs  
20      and activities regarding Lyme disease that are conducted  
21      or supported by the Federal Government.

22      (c) FIRST GOAL: DETECTION TEST.—For purposes  
23      of subsection (a), the goal described in this subsection is  
24      the development of novel and more sensitive, specific, and

1 reproducible diagnostic tests and procedures (or the im-  
2 provement or refinement of existing tests) that—

3           (1) can accurately determine whether an indi-  
4 vidual has acute or chronic Lyme disease;

5           (2) can accurately determine the activity of  
6 acute or chronic Lyme disease infection or both;

7           (3) can accurately distinguish acute or chronic  
8 Lyme disease or both from other related, tick-borne,  
9 coinfectious diseases; and

10           (4) can accurately measure the responsiveness  
11 of acute or chronic Lyme disease infection or both  
12 to treatment.

13       (d) SECOND GOAL: IMPROVED SURVEILLANCE AND  
14 REPORTING SYSTEM.—

15           (1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection  
16 (a), the goal described in this subsection is to assess  
17 the medical, social, and economic burden of Lyme  
18 disease in the United States. This assessment shall  
19 include a review of the system in the United States  
20 for surveillance and reporting with respect to Lyme  
21 disease and a determination of whether and in what  
22 manner the system can be improved.

23           (2) CERTAIN ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out ac-  
24 tivities toward the goal described in paragraph (1),  
25 the Secretaries shall—

1 (A) consult with the States, the Conference  
2 of State and Territorial Epidemiologists, units  
3 of local government, physicians and health pro-  
4 viders, patients with Lyme disease, and organi-  
5 zations representing such patients;

6 (B) consider whether uniform formats  
7 should be developed for the reporting by physi-  
8 cians and laboratories of cases of Lyme disease  
9 to public health officials; and

10 (C) with respect to health conditions that  
11 are reported by physicians as cases of Lyme  
12 disease but do not meet the surveillance criteria  
13 established by the Director of the Centers for  
14 Disease Control and Prevention to be counted  
15 as such cases, consider whether data on such  
16 health conditions should be maintained and  
17 analyzed to assist in understanding the cir-  
18 cumstances in which Lyme disease is being di-  
19 agnosed and the manner in which it is being  
20 treated.

21 (e) THIRD GOAL: LYME DISEASE PREVENTION; DE-  
22 VELOPMENT OF INDICATORS.—For purposes of subsection  
23 (a), the goal described in this subsection is to reduce,  
24 through the use of effective public health education, pre-  
25 vention, and tick population reduction techniques, the inci-

1 dence of Lyme disease in the 10 highest endemic States  
2 by 33 percent by the date that is five years after the date  
3 of the enactment of this Act. In carrying out activities to-  
4 ward such goal, the Secretaries shall carry out each of  
5 the following:

6           (1) Establish a baseline incidence rate of Lyme  
7 disease in the 10 highest endemic States. The estab-  
8 lishment of this baseline must take into consider-  
9 ation the surveillance criteria review specified in sub-  
10 section (d).

11           (2) Encourage the use of natural and nonpes-  
12 ticial methods to control and reduce tick popu-  
13 lations, where appropriate.

14           (3) Reduce the risks of Lyme disease at all fed-  
15 erally owned lands located in endemic States and re-  
16 gions, as well as at locations known or suspected to  
17 pose a risk of Lyme disease to patrons and employ-  
18 ees, through the following:

19           (A) The development of standardized, peri-  
20 odic (not less than one per year) Lyme disease  
21 risk assessments that test and then categorize  
22 the overall level of risk of Lyme disease at fed-  
23 erally owned lands in endemic States and re-  
24 gions. The Lyme disease risk assessments shall



1 be made available to the public in appropriate  
2 forms, and may include such factors as—

3 (i) whether any human cases of Lyme  
4 disease have been diagnosed and treated  
5 on, or in areas adjacent to, the federally  
6 owned lands;

7 (ii) whether vectors capable of trans-  
8 mitting Lyme disease to humans are  
9 known to inhabit the federally owned land;

10 (iii) whether any such vectors present  
11 on the federally owned land are known to  
12 actually be infected with Lyme disease;  
13 and

14 (iv) the geographic distribution of  
15 Lyme disease risk within the federally  
16 owned land;

17 (B) The development and coordination of  
18 public awareness programs to educate patrons,  
19 employees, and health professionals at federally  
20 owned lands about: the risks of Lyme disease,  
21 all appropriate prevention methods that can be  
22 used to reduce these risks, and information  
23 about the symptoms and nature of the disease.

24 (C) The use of appropriate habitat man-  
25 agement and integrated pest-control techniques

1 to reduce the number of tick-borne Lyme dis-  
2 ease vectors in areas where humans work or  
3 recreate.

4 (f) **FOURTH GOAL: PREVENTION OF TICK-BORNE**  
5 **DISEASES OTHER THAN LYME.**—For purposes of sub-  
6 section (a), the goal described in this subsection is to de-  
7 velop the capabilities at the Centers for Disease Control  
8 and Prevention, within the Department of Defense, and  
9 in State and local health departments to implement ade-  
10 quate surveillance, improved diagnosis, and effective strat-  
11 egies for the prevention and control of tick-borne diseases  
12 other than Lyme disease. Such diseases may include  
13 Lyme-like illness, ehrlichiosis, babesiosis, other bacterial,  
14 viral and rickettsial diseases such as tularemia, tick-borne  
15 encephalitis, and Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever, respec-  
16 tively.

17 (g) **FIFTH GOAL: IMPROVED PUBLIC AND PHYSICIAN**  
18 **EDUCATION.**—For purposes of subsection (a), the goal de-  
19 scribed in this subsection is to improve the knowledge of  
20 physicians, health care providers, and the public regarding  
21 the best and most effective methods to prevent, diagnose,  
22 and treat Lyme disease and related tick-borne diseases.

23 **SEC. 4. LYME DISEASE TASKFORCE.**

24 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 120 days after the  
25 date of enactment of this Act, there shall be established

1 in accordance with this section an advisory committee to  
2 be known as the Lyme Disease Taskforce (in this section  
3 referred to as the “Task Force”).

4 (b) DUTIES.—The Task Force shall provide advice  
5 to the Secretaries with respect to achieving the goals  
6 under section 3, including advice on the plan under sub-  
7 section (b) of such section. Nothing in this section may  
8 be construed as interfering with or undermining the peer  
9 review process for research programs and grants, and the  
10 Task Force shall take care that its activities complement  
11 existing interagency relationships and interdepartmental  
12 working groups to the maximum extent practicable.

13 (c) MEMBERSHIP.—

14 (1) EX OFFICIO MEMBERS.—The following offi-  
15 cials (or their designees) shall serve as ex officio  
16 members of the Task Force:

17 (A) The Director of the National Institute  
18 of Allergy and Infectious Diseases.

19 (B) The Director of the National Institute  
20 of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Dis-  
21 eases.

22 (C) The Director of the National Institute  
23 of Neurological Disorders and Stroke.

24 (D) The Director of the National Center  
25 for Infectious Diseases.

1           (E) The Director of the Epidemiology Pro-  
2           gram Office.

3           (F) The Director of the Public Health  
4           Practice Program Office.

5           (G) The Commander of the United States  
6           Army Medical Command.

7           (H) The Commander of the United States  
8           Army Center for Health Promotion and Pre-  
9           ventative Medicine.

10          (I) The Director of the Center for Bio-  
11          logics Evaluation and Research.

12          (J) The Administrator of the Agricultural  
13          Research Service.

14          (K) The Director of the National Park  
15          Service.

16          (L) The Director of the Fish and Wildlife  
17          Service.

18          (M) The Director of the Indian Health  
19          Service.

20          (N) The Chief Biologist of the Biological  
21          Resources Division, United States Geological  
22          Survey.

23          (2) APPOINTED MEMBERS.—Appointments to  
24          the Task Force shall be made in accordance with the  
25          following:

1 (A) Two members shall be research sci-  
2 entists with demonstrated achievements in re-  
3 search related to Lyme disease and related tick-  
4 borne diseases. The scientists shall be appointed  
5 by the Secretary of Health and Human Services  
6 (in this paragraph referred to as the “Sec-  
7 retary”) in consultation with the National  
8 Academy of Sciences.

9 (B) Four members shall be representatives  
10 of organizations whose primary emphasis is on  
11 research and public education into Lyme dis-  
12 ease and related tick-borne diseases. One rep-  
13 resentative from each of such organizations  
14 shall be appointed by the Secretary in consulta-  
15 tion with the National Academy of Sciences.

16 (C) Two members shall be clinicians with  
17 extensive experience in the treatment of individ-  
18 uals with chronic Lyme disease and related  
19 tick-borne diseases. The clinicians shall be ap-  
20 pointed by the Secretary in consultation with  
21 the Institute of Medicine and the National  
22 Academy of Sciences.

23 (D) Two members shall be individuals who  
24 are the parents, spouse, or legal guardians of a  
25 person or persons that have contracted Lyme

1 disease or a related tick-borne disease. The in-  
2 dividuals shall be appointed by the Secretary in  
3 consultation with the ex officio members under  
4 paragraph (1) and the four organizations re-  
5 ferred to in subparagraph (B).

6 (E) One member shall be a representative  
7 of the Council of State and Territorial Epi-  
8 demologists.

9 (F) One member shall be a representative  
10 of the National Association of County and City  
11 Health Officials.

12 (G) One member shall be an epidemiologist  
13 of demonstrated achievements in the field of ep-  
14 idemiology. The epidemiologist shall be ap-  
15 pointed by the Secretary in consultation with  
16 the National Academy of Sciences.

17 (d) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT; TERMS OF SERVICE;  
18 OTHER PROVISIONS.—The following apply with respect to  
19 the Task Force:

20 (1) The Task Force shall receive necessary and  
21 appropriate administrative support from the Depart-  
22 ment of Health and Human Services.

23 (2) Members of the Task Force shall be ap-  
24 pointed for the duration of the Task Force.

1           (3) From among the members appointed under  
2           subsection (c)(2), the Task Force shall designate an  
3           individual to serve as the chair of the Task Force.

4           (4) The Task Force shall meet no less than two  
5           times per year.

6           (5) Members of the Task Force shall not re-  
7           ceive additional compensation for their service. Such  
8           members may receive reimbursement for appropriate  
9           and additional expenses that are incurred through  
10          service on the Task Force which would not have in-  
11          curred had they not been a member of the Task  
12          Force.

13          (6) Any vacancy in the membership of the Task  
14          Force shall be filled in the manner in which the  
15          original appointment was made and does not affect  
16          the power of the remaining members to carry out  
17          the duties of the Task Force.

18 **SEC. 5. ANNUAL REPORTS.**

19          The Secretaries shall submit to the Congress periodic  
20          reports on the activities carried out under this Act and  
21          the extent of progress being made toward the goals estab-  
22          lished under section 3. The first such report shall be sub-  
23          mitted not later than 18 months after the date of the en-  
24          actment of this Act, and subsequent reports shall be sub-  
25          mitted annually thereafter until the goals are met.

1 **SEC. 6. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

2 (a) NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH.—In addi-  
3 tion to other authorizations of appropriations that are  
4 available for carrying out the purposes described in this  
5 Act and that are established for the National Institutes  
6 of Health, there are authorized to be appropriated to the  
7 Director of such Institutes for such purposes \$8,000,000  
8 for each of the fiscal years 2002 through 2006.

9 (b) CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVEN-  
10 TION.—In addition to other authorizations of appropria-  
11 tions that are available for carrying out the purposes de-  
12 scribed in this Act and that are established for the Centers  
13 for Disease Control and Prevention, there are authorized  
14 to be appropriated to the Director of such Centers for such  
15 purposes \$8,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2002  
16 through 2006.

17 (c) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—In addition to  
18 other authorizations of appropriations that are available  
19 for carrying out the purposes described in this Act and  
20 that are established for the Department of Defense, there  
21 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of De-  
22 fense for such purposes \$6,000,000 for each of the fiscal  
23 years 2002 through 2006.

24 (d) DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.—In addition to  
25 other authorizations of appropriations that are available  
26 for carrying out the purposes described in this Act and



1 that are established for the Department of Agriculture,  
2 there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary  
3 of Agriculture for such purposes \$1,500,000 for each of  
4 the fiscal years 2002 through 2006.

5 (e) DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR.—In addition to  
6 other authorizations of appropriations that are available  
7 for carrying out the purposes described in this Act and  
8 that are established for the Department of the Interior,  
9 there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary  
10 of the Interior for such purposes \$1,500,000 million for  
11 each of the fiscal years 2002 through 2006.

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