#### 107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1310

To reform the Army Corps of Engineers.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 29, 2001

Mr. Kind (for himself, Mr. Andrews, Ms. Baldwin, Mr. Barrett, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Gilchrest, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Mrs. Maloney of New York, Mr. Pallone, Mr. Tancredo, Mrs. Tauscher, Mr. Udall of Colorado, and Mr. Udall of New Mexico) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure

## A BILL

To reform the Army Corps of Engineers.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Corps of Engineers Reform Act of 2001".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.
  - Sec. 3. Secretary defined.

#### TITLE I—PROJECT PLANNING REFORM

- Sec. 101. Principles and guidelines.
- Sec. 102. Stakeholder advisory committees.

- Sec. 103. Independent review.
- Sec. 104. Public access to information.
- Sec. 105. Benefit-cost analysis.
- Sec. 106. Project criteria.

#### TITLE II—MITIGATION

- Sec. 201. Full mitigation.
- Sec. 202. Concurrent mitigation.
- Sec. 203. Mitigation tracking system.

#### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 3 (1) The Army Corps of Engineers is the pri-
- 4 mary Federal agency responsible for developing and
- 5 managing the Nation's harbors, waterways, shore-
- 6 lines, and water resources.
- 7 (2) Scarce Federal resources require more effi-
- 8 cient use of Corps of Engineers funding and greater
- 9 oversight of Corps of Engineers analyses.
- 10 (3) Demand for recreation, clean water, and
- 11 healthy wildlife habitat must be reflected in the
- 12 Corps of Engineers project planning process.
- 13 (4) The social and environmental impacts of
- dams, levees, shoreline stabilization structures, and
- other projects must be adequately considered and
- fully mitigated.
- 17 (5) Affected interests must play a larger role in
- the oversight of Corps of Engineers project develop-
- ment.
- 20 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are as fol-
- 21 lows:

- 1 (1) To ensure that the Nation's water resources 2 investments are economically justified and enhance 3 the environment.
  - (2) To provide independent review of Corps of Engineers feasibility studies, general reevaluation studies, and environmental impact statements.
  - (3) To ensure that mitigation for Corps of Engineers projects is successful and cost-effective.
  - (4) To enhance the involvement of affected interests in Corps of Engineers feasibility studies, general reevaluation studies, and environmental impact statements.
  - (5) To revise Corps of Engineers planning principles to meet the economic and environmental needs of riverside and coastal communities.
  - (6) To ensure that environmental analyses be considered as co-equal to economic analyses in the assessment of Corps of Engineers projects, recognizing the need for sound science in the evaluation of the impacts on the health of aquatic ecosystems.
  - (7) To ensure that the Corps of Engineers is making appropriate, up-to-date calculations in conducting cost-benefit analyses of Corps of Engineers projects.

## SEC. 3. SECRETARY DEFINED. 2 In this Act, the term "Secretary" means the Sec-3 retary of the Army. TITLE I—PROJECT PLANNING 4 REFORM 5 6 SEC. 101. PRINCIPLES AND GUIDELINES. 7 Section 209 of the Flood Control Act of 1970 (42) U.S.C. 1962–2) is amended to read as follows: 9 "SEC. 209. CONGRESSIONAL STATEMENT OF OBJECTIVES. 10 "(a) IN GENERAL.—It is the intent of Congress that 11 economic development and environmental protection and restoration be co-equal goals of water resources planning and development. 13 14 "(b) REVISION OF PRINCIPLES AND GUIDELINES.— Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Corps of Engineers Reform Act of 2001, the Secretary 17 shall revise the principles and guidelines of the Corps of Engineers for water resources projects— 18 19 "(1) to provide for the consideration of ecologi-20 cal restoration costs under Corps of Engineers eco-21 nomic models; 22 "(2) to incorporate new techniques in risk and 23 uncertainty analysis; 24 "(3) to eliminate biases and disincentives for 25 nonstructural flood damage reduction projects;

"(4) to incorporate new analytical techniques;

- 1 "(5) to encourage, to the maximum extent prac-
- 2 ticable, the restoration of aquatic ecosystems; and
- 3 "(6) to ensure that water resources projects are
- 4 justified by benefits that accrue to the public at
- 5 large and not to a limited number of private busi-
- 6 nesses.
- 7 "(c) UPDATE OF GUIDANCE.—The Secretary shall
- 8 update the Guidance for Conducting Civil Works Planning
- 9 Studies (ER 1105–2–100) to comply with this section.".
- 10 SEC. 102. STAKEHOLDER ADVISORY COMMITTEES.
- 11 (a) In General.—Upon receipt of a written request
- 12 by any person or governmental entity, the Secretary shall
- 13 establish for a water resources project that is authorized
- 14 or substantially modified after the date of enactment of
- 15 this Act a stakeholder advisory committee to assist the
- 16 Secretary with the development of feasibility studies, gen-
- 17 eral reevaluation studies, and environmental impact state-
- 18 ments for the project.
- 19 (b) Duration of Reviews.—A stakeholder advisory
- 20 committee established for a project under this section may
- 21 provide advice to the Secretary during planning and de-
- 22 sign of the project, beginning with the initiation of the
- 23 project's draft feasibility study and ending with the
- 24 issuance of the project's draft environmental impact state-
- 25 ment.

- 1 (c) Membership.—A stakeholder advisory com-
- 2 mittee established for a project under this section shall
- 3 be composed of representatives of State and local agencies,
- 4 tribal organizations, public interest groups, industry, sci-
- 5 entific, and academic organizations, Federal agencies, and
- 6 other interested citizens. The membership shall represent
- 7 a balance of the social, economic, and environmental inter-
- 8 ests in the project.
- 9 (d) Role.—A stakeholder advisory committee estab-
- 10 lished for a project under this section shall advise the Sec-
- 11 retary but shall not be required to make a formal rec-
- 12 ommendation.
- 13 (e) Costs.—The costs of a stakeholder advisory com-
- 14 mittee established for a project under this section—
- 15 (1) shall be a Federal expense;
- 16 (2) shall not exceed \$250,000; and
- 17 (3) shall be considered as part of the total cost
- of the project.
- 19 (f) Applicability of Federal Advisory Com-
- 20 MITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5
- 21 U.S.C. App.) shall apply to a stakeholder advisory com-
- 22 mittee established under this section.
- 23 SEC. 103. INDEPENDENT REVIEW.
- 24 (a) Projects Subject to Independent Re-
- 25 VIEW.—

1	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall ensure
2	that feasibility studies, general reevaluation studies,
3	and environmental impact statements for each water
4	resources project described in paragraph (2) are
5	subject to review by an independent panel of experts
6	established under this section.
7	(2) Projects subject to review.—A project
8	shall be subject to review under paragraph (1) if—
9	(A) the project has an estimated total cost
10	of more than \$25,000,000, including mitigation
11	costs;
12	(B) the Governor of an affected State re-
13	quests the establishment of an independent
14	panel of experts for the project;
15	(C) the Director of the United States Fish
16	and Wildlife Service determines that the project
17	is likely to have a significant adverse impact on
18	fish or wildlife after implementation of proposed
19	mitigation plans;
20	(D) the head of a Federal agency charged
21	with reviewing the project determines that the
22	project is likely to have a signficant adverse im-
23	pact on environmental, cultural, or other re-

sources under the jurisdiction of the agency

1	after implementation of proposed mitigation
2	plans; or
3	(E) the Secretary determines that the
4	project is controversial under paragraph (3).
5	(3) Controversial projects.—Upon receipt
6	of a written request by an interested party or on the
7	initiative of the Secretary, the Secretary shall deter-
8	mine whether or not a project is controversial under
9	paragraph (2)(E). The Secretary shall determine
10	that a project is controversial if the Secretary finds
11	that—
12	(A) there is a significant public dispute as
13	to the size, nature, or effects of the project; or
14	(B) there is a significant public dispute as
15	to the economic or environmental costs or bene-
16	fits of the project.
17	(4) Affected state defined.—In paragraph
18	(2)(B), the term "affected State" means a State
19	that is at least partially within the drainage basin in
20	which the project is located and would be economi-
21	cally or environmentally affected as a consequence of
22	the project.
23	(b) Office of Independent Review.—
24	(1) Establishment.—There is established in
25	the Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army for

Civil Works an Office of Independent Review (in this section referred to as the "Office").

(2) DIRECTOR.—

- (A) APPOINTMENT.—The head of the Office shall be the Director of the Office of Independent Review (in this section referred to as the "Director"), who shall be appointed by the Secretary for a term of 3 years.
- (B) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Secretary shall select the Director from among individuals who are distinguished scholars. In making the selection, the Secretary shall consider any recommendations made by the Inspector General of the Army.
- (C) LIMITATION ON APPOINTMENTS.—The Secretary shall not appoint an individual to serve as the Director if the individual has a financial or close professional association with any organization or group with a strong financial or organizational interest in an ongoing water resources project.
- (D) Terms.—An individual may not serve for more than 1 term as the Director.

1 (3) Duties.—The Director shall establish a 2 panel of experts to review each project subject to re-3 view under subsection (a).

## (c) Establishment of Panels.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the Secretary selects a preferred alternative for a project subject to review under subsection (a), the Director shall establish a panel of experts to review the project.
- (2) Membership.—A panel of experts established by the Director for a project shall be composed of not less than 5 and not more than 9 independent experts who represent a balance of areas of expertise, including biologists, engineers, and economists.
- (3) Limitation on appointments.—The Director shall not appoint an individual to serve on a panel of experts for a project if the individual has a financial or close professional association with any organization or group with a strong financial or organizational interest in the project.
- (4) Consultation.—The Director shall consult with the National Academy of Sciences in developing lists of individuals to serve on panels of experts under this section.

1	(5) Compensation.—An individual serving on
2	a panel of experts under this section shall be com-
3	pensated at a rate of pay to be determined by the
4	Secretary.
5	(6) Travel expenses.—An individual serving
6	on a panel of experts under this section shall receive
7	travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsist-
8	ence, in accordance with sections 5702 and 5703 of
9	title 5, United States Code.
10	(d) Duties of Panels.—A panel of experts estab-
11	lished for a project under this section shall—
12	(1) review each feasibility study, general re-
13	evaluation study, and environmental impact state-
14	ment prepared for the project;
15	(2) assess the adequacy of the economic models
16	used by the Secretary in reviewing the project to en-
17	sure that—
18	(A) multiple methods of economic analysis
19	have been used; and
20	(B) any regional effects on navigation sys-
21	tems have been examined;
22	(3) assess the adequacy of the environmental
23	models and analyses used by the Secretary in re-
24	viewing the project:

- 1 (4) receive and review written and oral com-2 ments of a technical nature concerning the project 3 from the public; and
- (5) submit to the Secretary a report containing the panel's economic, engineering, and environ-5 6 mental analysis of the project, including the panel's 7 conclusions on the project's feasibility studies, gen-8 eral reevaluation studies, and environmental impact 9 statements, with particular emphasis on areas of 10 public controversy.
- 11 (e) DURATION OF PROJECT REVIEWS.—A panel of 12 experts shall complete its review of a project under this section not later than 180 days after the date of establish-13 ment of the panel and shall terminate upon submission 14 15 of a final report to the Secretary under subsection (d)(5).

## (f) RECOMMENDATIONS OF PANEL.—

- 17 (1) Consideration by secretary.—After re-18 ceiving a report on a project from a panel of experts 19 under this section and before entering a final record 20 of decision for the project, the Secretary shall consider any recommendations contained in the report 22 and prepare a written explanation for any rec-23 ommendations not adopted.
- 24 (2) Public Review; transmittal to con-25 GRESS.—After receiving a report on a project from

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1	a panel of experts under this section, the Secretary
2	shall—
3	(A) make a copy of the report and any
4	written explanation of the Secretary on rec-
5	ommendations contained in the report available
6	for public review under section 104; and
7	(B) transmit to Congress a copy of the re-
8	port, together with any such written expla-
9	nation.
10	(g) Costs.—
11	(1) In general.—The costs of a panel of ex-
12	perts established for a project under this section—
13	(A) shall be a Federal expense;
14	(B) shall not exceed \$500,000; and
15	(C) shall be considered as part of the total
16	cost of the project.
17	(2) Waiver.—The Secretary may waive the
18	\$500,000 limitation contained in paragraph (1)(B)
19	in cases that the Secretary determines appropriate.
20	(h) Applicability of Federal Advisory Com-
21	MITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5
22	U.S.C. App.) shall apply to a panel of experts established
23	under this section.

## 1 SEC. 104. PUBLIC ACCESS TO INFORMATION.

2	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall ensure that
3	information related to the analysis of a water resources
4	project by the Corps of Engineers, including all supporting
5	data, analytical documents, and information that the
6	Corps of Engineers has considered in its analysis, is made
7	available to any individual upon request and to the public
8	on the Internet.
9	(b) Types of Information.—Information about a
10	water resources project to be made available under sub
11	section (a) shall include any information that had been
12	made available to the project sponsor and all data used
13	by the Corps of Engineers in its justification and analysis
14	of the project.
15	(c) Exception for Trade Secrets.—
16	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall no
17	make information available under subsection (a) that
18	the Secretary determines to be a trade secret of the
19	person who supplied the information to the Corps of
20	Engineers.
21	(2) Criteria for trade secrets.—The Sec
22	retary shall consider information to be a trade secre-
23	only if—
24	(A) the person who supplied the informa
25	tion to the Corps of Engineers—

1	(i) has not disclosed the information
2	to any person other than (I) an officer or
3	employee of the United States or a State
4	or local government, (II) an employee of
5	such person, or (III) a person who is
6	bound by a confidentiality agreement; and
7	(ii) has taken reasonable measures to
8	protect the confidentiality of the informa-
9	tion and intends to continue to take such
10	measures;
11	(B) the information is not required to be
12	disclosed, or otherwise made available, to the
13	public under any other Federal or State law;
14	and
15	(C) disclosure of the information is likely
16	to cause substantial harm to the competitive po-
17	sition of such person.
18	SEC. 105. BENEFIT-COST ANALYSIS.
19	Section 308(a) of the Water Resources Development
20	Act of 1990 (33 U.S.C. 2318(a)) is amended—
21	(1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
22	(1)(B);
23	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
24	graph (2) and inserting "; and; and
25	(3) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(3) any projected benefit arising from the
2	draining, reduction, or elimination of wetlands at-
3	tributable to increases in the value of privately
4	owned property, increases in the quantity of pri-
5	vately owned property, or increases in the value of
6	privately owned services.".
7	SEC. 106. PROJECT CRITERIA.
8	After the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
9	shall not submit to Congress any proposal to authorize or
10	substantially modify a water resources project unless the
11	proposal contains a certification by the Secretary that the
12	project minimizes to the greatest extent practicable ad-
13	verse impacts on—
14	(1) the natural hydrologic patterns of aquation
15	ecosystems; and
16	(2) the value or native diversity of aquatic eco-
17	systems.
18	TITLE II—MITIGATION
19	SEC. 201. FULL MITIGATION.
20	Section 906(d) of the Water Resources Development
21	Act of 1986 (33 U.S.C. 2283(d)) is amended—
22	(1) in the first sentence of paragraph (1) by in-
23	serting "fully" before "mitigate"; and
24	(2) by adding at the end the following:

- "(3) STANDARDS FOR MITIGATION.—To mitigate losses to fish and wildlife resulting from a water resources project, the Secretary, at a minimum, shall acquire and restore an acre of habitat to replace each acre of habitat negatively impacted by the project. The mitigation plan shall include a detailed and specific plan to monitor mitigation implementation and success.
  - "(4) DESIGN OF MITIGATION PROJECTS.—The Secretary shall design mitigation projects to reflect contemporary understanding of the importance of spatial distribution of habitat and the natural hydrology of aquatic ecosystems, and shall fully mitigate the adverse hydrologic impacts of projects.
  - "(5) RECOMMENDATION OF PROJECTS.—The Secretary shall not recommend a water resources project alternative or choose a project alternative in any final record of decision, environmental impact statement, or environmental assessment completed after the date of enactment of this paragraph unless the Secretary determines that the mitigation plan for the alternative has the greatest probability of cost-effectively and successfully mitigating the adverse impacts of the project on aquatic resources and fish and wildlife.

1 "(6) Completion of mitigation before 2 Construction of New Projects.—The Secretary 3 shall complete all planned mitigation in a particular 4 watershed before constructing any new water re-

sources project in that watershed.".

## 6 SEC. 202. CONCURRENT MITIGATION.

- 7 Section 906(a)(1) of the Water Resources Develop-
- 8 ment Act of 1986 (33 U.S.C. 2283(a)(1)) is amended by
- 9 adding at the end the following: "To ensure concurrent
- 10 mitigation, the Secretary shall complete 50 percent of re-
- 11 quired mitigation before beginning project construction
- 12 and shall complete the remainder of required mitigation
- 13 as expeditiously as practicable and in no case later than
- 14 the last day of project construction.".

#### 15 SEC. 203. MITIGATION TRACKING SYSTEM.

- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the
- 17 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish
- 18 a record-keeping system to track the following informa-
- 19 tion:

- 20 (1) The amount and type of wetlands and other
- 21 habitat types impacted by the operation and mainte-
- 22 nance of each water resources project carried out by
- the Secretary.

1	(2) The amount and type of mitigation required
2	for the operation and maintenance of each water re-
3	sources project carried out by the Secretary.

- (3) The amount and type of mitigation that has been completed for the operation and maintenance of each water resources project carried out by the Secretary.
- 8 (4) Wetland losses permitted under section 404 9 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 10 U.S.C. 1344) and required mitigation for such 11 losses.
- 12 (b) Required Information and Organization.—
- 13 The record-keeping system shall include information on
- 14 impacts and mitigation described in subsection (a) occur-
- 15 ring after 1969 and shall be organized by watershed,
- 16 project, permit application, and zip code.
- 17 (c) Availability of Information.—The Secretary
- 18 shall make information contained in the record-keeping
- 19 system available to the public on the Internet.

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