107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1632

To provide for the compensation of the people and Government of the United States who suffered damages as a result of the attack on, and occupation of, Kuwait by Iraq in 1990.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 26, 2001

Mr. Shadegg (for himself, Mr. Armey, Mr. Sherman, Mr. Souder, and Mr. Flake) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

A BILL

To provide for the compensation of the people and Government of the United States who suffered damages as a result of the attack on, and occupation of, Kuwait by Iraq in 1990.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Justice for Victims
- 5 of Iraqi Aggression Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) Saddam Hussein engaged in unprovoked aggression in his invasion and occupation of Kuwait on August 2, 1990.
- 4 (2) The Iraqi occupation force inflicted physical 5 injury, including rape, torture, mutilation, and mur-6 der, on persons in Kuwait.
- 7 (3) The Iraqi occupation force caused cata-8 strophic economic and ecological damage, including 9 looting homes and businesses and setting fire to 789 10 oil wells.
- 11 (4) The people and Government of the United 12 States are seeking \$4,300,000,000 in personal, busi-13 ness, and government losses that occurred as a re-14 sult of the invasion of Kuwait by Iraqi forces.

15 SEC. 3. PAYMENT OF CLAIMS AGAINST IRAQ.

- 16 (a) IRAQ CLAIMS FUND.—The Secretary of the
- 17 Treasury shall establish in the Treasury of the United
- 18 States a fund to be known as the Iraq Claims Fund (in
- 19 this section referred to as the "Fund").
- 20 (b) Vesting of Assets.—All nondiplomatic ac-
- 21 counts of the Government of Iraq that have been blocked
- 22 pursuant to the International Economic Powers Act (50
- 23 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) shall vest in the President. The
- 24 President, not later than 30 days after the date of the

1 enactment of this Act, shall liquidate such accounts and

2 transfer the amounts from the liquidation to the Fund.

(c) Payments.—

(1) Individual claims.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—After receiving a certification of claims from the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission of the United States (in this section referred to as the "Commission") under subsection (d), the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay each such certified individual claim out of the Fund as provided in subparagraph (B) or (C).
- (B) PAYMENT IN FULL.—If the total amount in the Fund available for distribution (after making the deduction for administrative expenses under subsection (f)) is equal to or greater than the sum of the amounts of all certified individual claims, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay each certified individual claim in full.
- (C) Pro rata payment.—If the total amount in the Fund available for distribution (after making the deduction for administrative expenses under subsection (f)) is less than the sum of the amounts of all certified individual

claims, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay each certified individual claim in an amount bearing the same ratio to the full value of such certified individual claim as the total amount in the Fund available for distribution bears to the sum of the amounts of all certified individual claims.

(2) CORPORATE AND GOVERNMENT CLAIMS.—

- (A) In General.—If the Secretary of the Treasury has paid all certified individual claims in full under paragraph (1)(B), the Secretary of the Treasury, after receiving the certification from the President under subsection (e), shall pay each certified corporate claim and each certified Government claim out of the Fund as provided in subparagraph (B) or (C).
- (B) PAYMENT IN FULL.—If the total amount in the Fund available for distribution (after paying the certified individual claims in full under paragraph (1)(B)) is equal to or greater than the sum of the amounts of all certified corporate claims and all certified Government claims, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay each certified corporate claim and each certified Government claim in full.

1 (C) Pro rata payment.—If the total 2 amount in the Fund available for distribution 3 (after paying the certified individual claims in full under paragraph (1)(B)) is less than the sum of the amounts of all certified corporate 6 claims and all certified Government claims, the 7 Secretary of the Treasury shall pay each cer-8 tified corporate claim and each certified Gov-9 ernment claim in an amount bearing the same 10 ratio to the full value of such claim as the total 11 amount in the Fund available for distribution 12 (after paying the certified individual claims in 13 full under paragraph (1)(B)) bears to the sum 14 of the amounts of all certified corporate claims 15 and all certified Government claims.

(d) Determination and Certification of Indi-vidual and Corporate Claims.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission shall determine, in accordance with applicable substantive law (including international law), the validity and amount of each individual and corporate claim, and shall certify such determination to the Secretary of the Treasury. Such certification shall be in the form of a single document, listing first the

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- valid individual claims and second the valid corporate claims, and shall include with the listing of each claim the name and address of the claimant and the amount of such claim, including interest, determined by the Commission to be valid.
 - (2) APPLICABILITY OF THE INTERNATIONAL CLAIMS SETTLEMENT ACT OF 1949.—Except to the extent inconsistent with the provisions of this section, the provisions of title I of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 (22 U.S.C. 1621 et seq.) shall apply with respect to each individual and corporate claim under this section. Any reference in such provisions to "this title" shall be deemed to refer to those provisions and to this section.
 - (3) AWARD OF INTEREST.—In determining the amount of any valid claim pursuant to this subsection, the Commission shall award interest on the amount of the claim for the period beginning on the date that the injury, loss, or damage that forms the basis of the claim occurred and ending on the date that the claim is certified under paragraph (1). Interest shall be awarded at the rate set by the Secretary of the Treasury under section 1961(a) of title 28, United States Code, as of the date that the Commission determines the validity of the claim. In-

- terest shall be computed daily to the date of the certification of the claim under paragraph (1), and shall be compounded annually.
 - (4) Coordination with the united nations compensation commission.—
 - (A) Noncertification of Paid Claims.—The Commission shall not certify any claim under this section to the extent that such claim has been paid by the United Nations Compensation Commission.
 - (B) NOTIFICATION OF UNITED NATIONS CLAIMANTS.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall notify each United Nations claimant of the provisions of this section.
 - (C) Notification of united nations compensation commission regarding satisfied claims.—The Secretary of State shall promptly notify the United Nations Compensation Commission of any amount paid under subsection (c) to a United Nations claimant and shall suggest that the United Nations Compensation Commission reduce any eventual payment to such claimant accordingly.

- 1 (e) Determination and Certification of
- 2 United States Government Claims.—The President
- 3 of the United States shall determine the validity and
- 4 amount of each Government claim, and shall certify the
- 5 amount of any such valid claims to the Secretary of the
- 6 Treasury.
- 7 (f) Deduction for Administrative Expenses.—
- 8 In order to reimburse the United States Government for
- 9 its expenses in administering this Act, the Secretary of
- 10 the Treasury, before making any payment under sub-
- 11 section (c), shall deduct from the Fund an amount equal
- 12 to 1.5 percent of any amounts transferred to the Fund.
- 13 The Secretary of the Treasury shall deposit as miscella-
- 14 neous receipts in the Treasury of the United States any
- 15 amounts deducted from the Fund under this subsection.
- 16 (g) Unsatisfied Claims.—Any payment made
- 17 under this section shall not extinguish the unsatisfied por-
- 18 tion of any claim, or be construed to have divested any
- 19 claimant, including the United States, of any rights
- 20 against the Government of Iraq with respect to the
- 21 unsatisfied portion of any claim.
- 22 (h) Definitions.—In this section:
- 23 (1) The term "corporate claim" means a claim
- by any corporation, partnership, association, or
- other legal entity organized under the laws of the

- United States, any State, the District of Columbia, or any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States against the Government of Iraq for injuries, losses, or other damages suffered as a result of the invasion and occupation of Kuwait by Iraq in 1990.
 - (2) The term "Government claim" means a claim by the Government of the United States against the Government of Iraq for injuries, losses, or other damages suffered as a result of the invasion and occupation of Kuwait by Iraq in 1990.
 - (3) The term "Government of Iraq" includes agencies and instrumentalities of, and entities (including public sector enterprises) controlled by, such government.
 - (4) The term "individual claim" means a claim by any citizen or national of the United States against the Government of Iraq for injuries, losses, or other damages suffered as a result of the invasion and occupation of Kuwait by Iraq in 1990.
 - (5) The term "United Nations claimant" means—
- 23 (A) any citizen or national of the United 24 States with a claim pending before the United 25 Nations Compensation Commission; or

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1 (B) any corporation, partnership, associa2 tion, or other legal entity, organized under the
3 laws of the United States, any State, the Dis4 trict of Columbia, or any commonwealth, terri5 tory, or possession of the United States, with a
6 claim pending before the United Nations Com7 pensation Commission.

8 SEC. 4. CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY.

The authority on which this Act rests is the power of Congress to make all laws which are necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or officer thereof, as enumerated in section 8 of article I of the United States Constitution.

 \bigcirc