### <sup>107th CONGRESS</sup> 1st Session H.R. 2177

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to encourage the timely development of a more cost effective United States commercial space transportation industry, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### JUNE 14, 2001

Mr. CALVERT (for himself, Mr. ORTIZ, Mr. LUCAS of Oklahoma, Mr. FOLEY, Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland, Mr. BACA, Mr. MCKEON, Mr. LEWIS of California, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. SKEEN, Mr. WELDON of Florida, Mr. REHBERG, Mr. SANDLIN, Mr. REYES, and Mrs. CAPPS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

## A BILL

- To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to encourage the timely development of a more cost effective United States commercial space transportation industry, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Invest in Space Now Act of 2001".
- 6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

- Sec. 2. Findings.
- Sec. 3. Purposes.
- Sec. 4. Definitions.

Sec. 5. Credit for purchase of space transportation vehicle provider stock.

Sec. 6. United States commercial space transportation vehicle authorization.

#### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 The Congress hereby finds that:

3 (1) The United States commercial space trans4 portation industry is an essential part of the na5 tional economy.

6 (2) Opportunities for United States commercial
7 providers are growing as international markets ex8 pand.

9 (3) The development of the United States com-10 mercial space transportation industry is consistent 11 with the national security needs and foreign policy 12 interests of the United States.

(4) United States trading partners have been
able to lower their commercial space transportation
prices aggressively either through direct cash payments for commercially targeted product development or with indirect benefits derived from nonmarket economy status.

19 (5) Because United States incentives for space
20 transportation development have historically focused
21 on civil and military rather than commercial use,
22 United States space transportation costs have re-

mained comparatively high, and United States space
 transportation technology has not been commercially
 focused.

4 (6) As a result, the United States share of the
5 world commercial market for space transportation
6 has decreased from nearly 100 percent 20 years ago
7 to approximately 47 percent in 1998.

8 (7) In order to avoid undue reliance on foreign 9 space transportation services, the United States 10 must strive to have sufficient domestic capacity as 11 well as the highest quality and the lowest cost per 12 service provided.

(8) A successful high quality, lower cost United
States commercial space transportation industry
should also lead to substantial United States taxpayer savings through collateral lower United States
Government costs for its space access requirements.

(9) Opening the commercial opportunities of
space to the American aerospace industry must be a
high priority of the United States Government as we
begin the 21st century.

(10) Opening space and maintaining United
States leadership in the world market does not require massive Government intrusion, but enough
Government support on an incremental and timely

basis to enable the more cost effective United States
 private sector to build lower cost space transpor tation vehicles.

4 (11) Private sector companies across the United 5 States are already attempting to develop a variety of 6 lower cost space transportation vehicles, but lack of 7 sufficient private financing, particularly in the early 8 stages of development, has proven to be a major ob-9 stacle, an obstacle our trading partners have re-10 moved by providing direct access to government 11 funding.

12 (12) Given the strengths and creativity of pri-13 vate industry in the United States, a more effective 14 alternative to the approach of our trading partners 15 is for the United States Government to provide lim-16 ited incentives industry wide to assist qualifying 17 United States private sector companies obtain other-18 wise unavailable private equity financing for the crit-19 ical development stages of a project, while at the 20 same time keeping Government involvement at a 21 minimum.

#### 22 SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

23 The purposes of this Act are—

24 (1) to ensure availability of otherwise unavail-25 able private sector equity financing for United

1	States private sector development of commercial
2	space transportation vehicles which will have trans-
3	portation costs significantly below current levels; and
4	(2) as a result—
5	(A) to avoid undue reliance on foreign
6	space transportation services;
7	(B) to reduce substantially United States
8	Government space transportation expenditures;
9	(C) to increase the international competi-
10	tiveness of the United States space industry;
11	(D) to encourage the growth of space-re-
12	lated commerce in the United States and inter-
13	nationally; and
14	(E) to open the space frontier to the
15	American people.
16	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
17	In this Act:
18	(1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
19	the Secretary of Transportation.
20	(2) Space launch site.—The term "space
21	launch site" means a location from which a launch
22	or landing takes place and includes all facilities lo-
23	cated on, or components of, a launch or landing site,
24	whether real or personal property, which are nec-
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in the Earth's atmosphere, or beyond the Earth's
 atmosphere.

3 (3) SPACE TRANSPORTATION VEHICLE.—The 4 term "space transportation vehicle" includes all 5 types of vehicles, whether now in existence, devel-6 oped in the future, or currently under design, devel-7 opment, construction, reconstruction, or recondi-8 tioning, which are constructed in the United States 9 by a United States commercial provider and owned 10 by the commercial provider, for the purpose of oper-11 ating in, or transporting a payload to, from, or with-12 in, outer space, or in suborbital trajectory.

(4) STATE.—The term "State" means any
State in the United States, the District of Columbia,
the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth
of the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other
commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United
States.

20 (5) UNITED STATES COMMERCIAL PROVIDER.—
21 The term "United States commercial provider"
22 means a commercial provider organized under the
23 laws of the United States or of a State as a corpora24 tion or a Limited Liability Company (LLC).

1 (6)UNITED STATES COMMERCIAL SPACE 2 TRANSPORTATION VEHICLE PROVIDER.—The term 3 "United States commercial space transportation vehicle provider" means a United States commercial 4 5 provider engaged in designing, developing, and pro-6 ducing commercial space transportation vehicles.

7 (7) UNITED STATES COMMERCIAL SPACE
8 TRANSPORTATION VEHICLE INDUSTRY.—The term
9 "United States commercial space transportation vehicle industry" means the collection of United States
11 commercial space transportation vehicle providers.

12 SPACE TRANSPORTATION COSTS SIGNIFI-(8)13 BELOW CURRENT LEVELS.—The CANTLY term 14 "space transportation costs significantly below current levels" means at the time of application, for 15 16 that market segment for which, or in which, the 17 space transportation vehicle is designed, developed, 18 produced, maintained, or operated, the cost of pro-19 ducing, maintaining, and operating the vehicle is 50 20 percent of the then space transportation costs in 21 that market segment as estimated by the Secretary. 22 If no market exists for the transportation proposed 23 at the time of application, the 50 percent require-24 ment of the preceding sentence shall be treated as

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1	being met if the vehicle has a reasonable possibility
2	of creating the market proposed.
3	SEC. 5. CREDIT FOR PURCHASE OF SPACE TRANSPOR-
4	TATION VEHICLE PROVIDER STOCK.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—Part IV of subchapter A of chap-
6	ter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to
7	credits against tax) is amended by adding at the end the
8	following new subpart:
9	"Subpart H—Space Transportation Credit
10	"SEC. 54. CREDIT FOR PURCHASE OF SPACE TRANSPOR-
11	TATION VEHICLE PROVIDER STOCK.
12	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—
13	"(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be allowed as a
14	credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for
15	the taxable year an amount equal to the applicable
16	percentage of the aggregate amount paid by the tax-
17	payer during the taxable year for the purchase of
18	qualified space transportation vehicle provider stock.
19	"(2) Applicable percentage.—For purposes
20	of paragraph (1), the applicable percentage is the
21	percentage determined in accordance with the fol-
22	lowing table:
	"For taxable years beginning The applicable in calendar year— percentage is—

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in calendar year—	percentage is—	
2002, 2003, and 2004		
2005		
2006		
2007		

 2008 and 2009
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 2010 and thereafter
 0.

1	"(b) Maximum Credit.—
2	"(1) Limitation for each provider.—
3	"(A) LARGE CAPITALIZATION PRO-
4	VIDERS.—The credit allowed under this section
5	with respect to the stock of each large capital-
6	ization space transportation vehicle provider
7	purchased during a calendar year shall not
8	exceed—
9	"(i) \$50,000,000 for 2002,
10	"(ii) \$100,000,000 for 2003,
11	"(iii) \$125,000,000 for 2004,
12	"(iv) \$175,000,000 for 2005,
13	"(v) \$200,000,000 for 2006,
14	"(vi) \$50,000,000 for 2007, and
15	"(vii) \$0 for 2008 and 2009.
16	"(B) SMALL CAPITALIZATION PRO-
17	VIDERS.—The credit allowed under this section
18	with respect to the stock of each small capital-
19	ization space transportation vehicle provider
20	purchased during a calendar year shall not
21	exceed—
22	"(i) \$35,000,000 for 2002,
23	"(ii) \$40,000,000 for 2003,

24 "(iii) \$45,000,000 for 2004,

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1	"(iv) \$50,000,000 for each of 2005
2	and 2006,
3	"(v) \$40,000,000 for 2007, and
4	"(vi) \$35,000,000 for each of 2008
5	and 2009.
б	"(2) Aggregate limit.—The aggregate credit
7	allowed under this section with respect to the stock
8	of all space transportation vehicle providers pur-
9	chased during a calendar year shall not exceed—
10	"(A) \$395,000,000 for 2002,
11	"(B) \$580,000,000 for 2003,
12	"(C) \$690,000,000 for 2004,
13	"(D) \$875,000,000 for 2005,
14	"(E) \$950,000,000 for 2006,
15	"(F) $$430,000,000$ for 2007,
16	"(G) \$245,000,000 for 2008, and
17	"(H) \$245,000,000 for 2009.
18	"(c) Qualified Space Transportation Vehicle
19	PROVIDER STOCK.—For purposes of this section—
20	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified space
21	transportation vehicle provider stock' means any
22	common stock in a C corporation or any membership
23	unit in a State-registered limited liability company
24	(LLC) if—

1	"(A) as of the date of issuance, such cor-
2	poration is a qualified space transportation ve-
3	hicle provider,
4	"(B) such stock is acquired by the tax-
5	payer at its original issue (directly or through
6	an underwriter) in exchange for money or other
7	property (not including stock), and
8	"(C) the proceeds of such issue are used
9	by such issuer during the 36-month period be-
10	ginning on the date of issuance in substantial
11	compliance with the issuer's projected usage
12	submitted to the Secretary of Transportation
13	under section 6 of the Invest in Space Now Act
14	of 2001 with its application for authorization.
15	"(2) Qualified space transportation vehi-
16	CLE PROVIDER.—The term 'qualified space transpor-
17	tation vehicle provider' means any United States
18	commercial space transportation vehicle provider (as
19	defined in section 4 of the Invest in Space Now Act
20	of 2001) for which an authorization is in effect

21 under section 6 of such Act.

22 "(3) CAPITALIZATION STATUS OF QUALIFIED
23 PROVIDERS.—For purposes of applying the limits
24 under subsection (b)—

1	"(A) DESIGNATION.—The Secretary shall,
2	using the guidelines developed under subpara-
3	graph (B), designate each qualified space trans-
4	portation vehicle provider as a large capitaliza-
5	tion space transportation vehicle provider or a
6	small capitalization space transportation vehicle
7	provider.
8	"(B) GUIDELINES.—The Secretary of
9	Transportation shall, not later than 6 months
10	after the date of the enactment of the Invest in
11	Space Now Act of 2001, publish guidelines
12	under which qualified space transportation vehi-
13	cle providers are classified into large capitaliza-
14	tion providers and small capitalization pro-
15	viders. The guidelines shall be based on factors
16	particular to the space transportation industry,
17	including—
18	"(i) the capital requirements nec-
19	essary to support the type of provider the
20	taxpayer is or is trying to become,
21	"(ii) the payload size of space trans-
22	portation vehicles developed or used by the
23	taxpayer,
24	"(iii) the markets in which the tax-
25	payer is participating, and

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1	"(iv) whether human spaceflight is in-
2	cluded.
3	"(d) Recapture of Credit.—If—
4	"(1) the taxpayer fails to hold qualified space
5	transportation vehicle provider stock for the 3-year
6	period beginning on the date such stock was pur-
7	chased by the taxpayer, or
8	"(2) during such 3-year period, the issuer of
9	such stock ceases to meet the requirements of sec-
10	tion 6 of the Invest in Space Now Act of 2001,
11	then notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle,
12	the tax imposed by this chapter on the taxpayer for the
13	taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which such
14	cessation occurred shall be increased by the amount of
15	credit allowed under subsection (a) to the taxpayer with
16	respect to such stock.
17	"(e) Special Rules.—For purposes of this
18	section—
19	"(1) CERTAIN PURCHASES BY CORPORATION OF
20	ITS OWN STOCK.—Rules similar to the rules of sec-
21	tion $1202(c)(3)$ shall apply.
22	"(2) Related persons.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
24	subparagraph (B), for purposes of subsection

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1	(b) the taxpayer and any person related to the
2	taxpayer shall be treated as one person.
3	"(B) EXCEPTION.—A taxpayer may elect
4	to treat not more than one other person who is
5	related to such taxpayer as unrelated for pur-
6	poses of this section. A person treated as unre-
7	lated to the taxpayer under the previous sen-
8	tence shall not be the same capitalization status
9	(determined under subsection $(c)(3)$ as the tax-
10	payer.
11	"(C) Related persons.—For purposes
12	of this paragraph, a person is a related person
13	to another person if—
14	"(i) the relationship between such per-
15	sons would result in a disallowance of
16	losses under section 267 or 707(b), or
17	"(ii) such persons are members of the
18	same controlled group of corporations (as
19	defined in section 1563(a), except that
20	'more than 50 percent' shall be substituted
21	for 'at least 80 percent' each place it ap-
22	pears therein).
23	"(f) BASIS ADJUSTMENTS.—For purposes of this
24	subtitle, if a credit is allowed under this section for the
25	purchase of any stock—

1	((1)) the increase in the basis of such stock
2	which would (but for this subsection) result from
3	such purchase shall be reduced by the amount of the
4	credit so allowed, and
5	((2) the basis of such stock shall be increased
6	by the amount of the increase under subsection (d).
7	"(g) Application With Other Credits.—The
8	credit allowed under subsection (a) for any taxable year
9	shall not exceed the excess of—
10	((1) the sum of the regular tax liability (as de-
11	fined in section 26(b)) plus the tax imposed by sec-
12	tion 55, over
13	"(2) the sum of the credits allowable under this
14	part (other than subpart C thereof, relating to re-
15	fundable credits)."
16	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Subsection (a) of
17	section 1016 of such Code is amended by striking "and"
18	at the end of paragraph (26), by striking the period at
19	the end of paragraph (27) and inserting "; and", and by
20	
	adding at the end the following new paragraph:
21	adding at the end the following new paragraph: "(28) to the extent provided in section 54(f), in
21 22	
	"(28) to the extent provided in section 54(f), in

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of subparts
 for part IV is amended by adding at the end the following
 new item:

"Subpart H. Space transportation credit.".

4 (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
5 this section shall apply to amounts paid after December
6 31, 2000.

# 7 SEC. 6. UNITED STATES COMMERCIAL SPACE TRANSPOR8 TATION VEHICLE AUTHORIZATION.

9 (a) UNITED STATES COMMERCIAL SPACE TRANS10 PORTATION VEHICLE INDUSTRY AUTHORIZATION PRO11 GRAM.—

12 (1)ESTABLISHMENT  $\mathbf{OF}$ PROGRAM.—There 13 shall be a United States Commercial Space Trans-14 portation Vehicle Industry Authorization Program to 15 provide authorization for tax credit qualification 16 under section 54 of the Internal Revenue Code of 17 1986 to multiple United States commercial space 18 transportation vehicle providers developing vehicles 19 with space transportation costs significantly below 20 current levels.

(2) ADMINISTRATION OF PROGRAM.—The program shall be carried out by the Secretary of Transportation under a streamlined application process
pursuant to the terms of this section and any regulations that may be promulgated hereunder, in conHR 2177 IH

sultation with other United States Government offi cials, and private sector representatives, as nec essary, to ensure fair, effective, and timely program
 administration and streamlined authorization.

5 (3) Scope of program.—

6 (A) TEMPORARY GOVERNMENT SUP-7 PORT.—The United States Commercial Space 8 Transportation Vehicle Industry Authorization 9 Program is intended to provide eligibility for 10 tax credits under section 54 of the Internal 11 Revenue Code of 1986 to investors to support 12 financing of qualified commercial space trans-13 portation vehicle development ventures during 14 their startup phases.

(B) EXCLUSION OF SPACE LAUNCH
SITES.—The program does not provide authorization pertaining to the construction, reconstruction, or reconditioning of space launch
sites.

20 (C) EXCLUSION OF NONRELATED ACTIVI21 TIES.—The program does not provide author22 ization for any corporation unless its business
23 plan provides that the main core mission of the
24 corporation is the construction, reconstruction,
25 reconditioning, sale, or distribution of any prod-

uct which is integral to the design, development, construction, reconstruction, or reconditioning of a space transportation vehicle as described in subsection (b).

5 (4) NONDISCLOSURE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATE-6 RIALS.—Materials that are submitted by a United 7 States commercial space transportation vehicle pro-8 vider to the Secretary in connection with an applica-9 tion submitted under the United States Commercial 10 Space Transportation Vehicle Authorization Pro-11 gram and deemed by the commercial provider to be 12 confidential, and that contain trade secrets or pro-13 prietary commercial, financial, or technical informa-14 tion of a kind not customarily disclosed to the pub-15 lic, shall not be disclosed by the Secretary to persons 16 other than Government officers or employees not-17 withstanding any other provision of law.

(5) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall consult to the extent deemed necessary for effective implementation of this Act with appropriate Federal
agencies and congressional and space transportation
industry representatives.

(6) PROGRAM MANAGEMENT.—The Secretary
shall manage the authorization program consistent
with the purposes of this Act.

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1	(b) Authorization of Vehicle Providers.—
2	(1) AUTHORIZATION BASED ON REASONABLE
3	POSSIBILITY OF SUCCESS.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall au-
5	thorize vehicle providers who demonstrate by
6	the submission of technical and financial infor-
7	mation that they have a reasonable possibility
8	of developing, operating, and maintaining a
9	space transportation vehicle or vehicles with
10	space transportation costs significantly below
11	current levels.
12	(B) RESPONSE BY SECRETARY.— Author-
13	ization by the Secretary is deemed granted un-
14	less within 120 days of application submission
15	the Secretary determines that the provider has
16	no reasonable possibility of significantly low-
17	ering space transportation costs.
18	(2) Possible commercial viability and
19	CAPITAL REQUIREMENT TO QUALIFY STOCK FOR
20	CREDIT.—To demonstrate possible commercial via-
21	bility the United States commercial space transpor-
22	tation vehicle provider must raise \$10,000,000 of eq-
23	uity investment during the year of application in
24	order to qualify its stock investors for credit under
25	this Act. Equity raised in order to meet commercial

1	viability tests is eligible for credit once authorization
2	has been completed. The United States commercial
3	space transportation vehicle provider may qualify ad-
4	ditional stock for investor credit up to the maximum,
5	as provided, in section 54(b) of the Internal Revenue
6	Code of 1986, as added by section 5 of this Act.
7	(3) ANNUAL VERIFICATION OF SUBSTANTIAL
8	COMPLIANCE.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—Once authorized, a ve-
10	hicle provider must submit to the Secretary
11	each year a certified audit opinion letter
12	verifying its use of funds in substantial compli-
13	ance with its application.
14	(B) Consequence of failures.—
15	(i) Failure to submit a certified audit
16	opinion letter verifying substantial compli-
17	ance with its application will result in de-
18	authorization of the vehicle provider.
19	(ii) Failure to use funds received after
20	authorization for the development of a
21	space transportation vehicle or vehicles
22	with the goal to reduce space transpor-
23	tation costs significantly below current lev-
24	els will result in deauthorization. Failure

to achieve success will not result in de authorization.

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