107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2323

To authorize Department of Energy programs to develop and implement an accelerated research and development program for advanced clean coal technologies for use in coal-based electricity generating facilities and to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide financial incentives to encourage new construction and the retrofitting, repowering, or replacement of coal-based electricity generating facilities to protect the environment and improve efficiency and encourage the early commercial application of advanced clean coal technologies, so as to allow coal to help meet the growing need to the United States for the generation of reliable and affordable electricity.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 26, 2001

Mr. WHITFIELD (for himself, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. SHIMKUS, Mr. MOLLOHAN, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. LEWIS of Kentucky, Mr. PHELPS, Ms. HART, Mr. STRICKLAND, Mr. DOYLE, Mr. TIBERI, and Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Science, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To authorize Department of Energy programs to develop and implement an accelerated research and development program for advanced clean coal technologies for use in coal-based electricity generating facilities and to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide financial incentives to encourage new construction and the retrofitting, repowering, or replacement of coal-based electricity generating facilities to protect the environment and improve efficiency and encourage the early commercial application of advanced clean coal technologies, so as to allow coal to help meet the growing need to the United States for the generation of reliable and affordable electricity.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the

- 5 "National Electricity and Environmental Technology6 Act".
- 7 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
- 8 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents. Sec. 2. Findings.

TITLE I—TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT AND RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 101. Definitions.
- Sec. 102. Technology assessment.
- Sec. 103. Study.
- Sec. 104. Technology research and development program.
- Sec. 105. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 106. Clean Coal Power Commercial Applications Initiative.
- Sec. 107. Financial assistance.

TITLE II—CREDIT FOR EMISSION REDUCTIONS AND EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS IN EXISTING COAL-BASED ELECTRICITY GEN-ERATION FACILITIES

Sec. 201. Credit for investment in qualifying clean coal technology.Sec. 202. Credit for production from a qualifying clean coal technology unit.

TITLE III—INCENTIVES FOR EARLY COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS OF ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGIES

Sec. 301. Credit for investment in qualifying advanced clean coal technology.Sec. 302. Credit for production from qualifying advanced clean coal technology.Sec. 303. Risk pool for qualifying advanced clean coal technology.

TITLE IV—TREATMENT OF CERTAIN GOVERNMENTAL AND OTHER ENTITIES

Sec. 401. Credits for certain organizations and governmental units.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 Congress finds that—

3 (1) reliable, affordable, increasingly clean elec4 tricity will continue to power the growing United
5 States economy;

6 (2) an increasing use of electrotechnologies, the 7 desire for continuous environmental improvement, a 8 more competitive electricity market, and concerns 9 about rising energy prices add importance to the 10 need for reliable, affordable, increasingly clean elec-11 tricity;

(3) coal, which, as of the date of enactment of
this Act, accounts for more than ¹/₂ of all electricity
generated in the United States, is the most abundant fossil energy resource of the United States;

(4) coal comprises more than 85 percent of all
fossil resources in the United States and exists in
quantities sufficient to supply the United States for
250 years at current usage rates;

(5) investments in electricity generating facility
emissions control technology over the past 30 years
have reduced the aggregate emissions of pollutants
from coal-based generating facilities by 21 percent,

even as coal use for electricity generation has nearly
 tripled;

3 (6) continuous improvement in efficiency and
4 environmental performance from electricity gener5 ating facilities would allow continued use of coal and
6 preserve less abundant energy resources for other
7 energy uses;

8 (7) new technologies for converting coal into 9 electricity can effectively eliminate health-threat-10 ening emissions and improve efficiency by as much 11 as 50 percent, but initial commercial deployment of 12 new coal generation technologies entails significant 13 risk that generators may be unable to accept in a 14 newly competitive electricity market; and

(8) continued environmental improvement in
coal-based generation through continued research,
development, and demonstration toward an ultimate
goal of near-zero emissions is important and desirable.

20 TITLE I—TECHNOLOGY ASSESS21 MENT AND RESEARCH AND 22 DEVELOPMENT

23 SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.

24 In this title:

(1) COST AND PERFORMANCE GOALS.—The
 term "cost and performance goals" means the cost
 and performance goals established under section
 102.

5 (2) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means
6 the Secretary of Energy.

7 SEC. 102. TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall perform an 9 assessment that establishes cost and performance goals 10 with respect to technologies that would permit the contin-11 ued cost-competitive use of coal for electricity generation, 12 as chemical feedstocks, and as transportation fuel in 2007, 13 2015, and 2020.

(b) CONSULTATION.—In establishing the cost and
performance goals, the Secretary shall consult with representatives of—

17 (1) the United States coal industry;

18 (2) State coal development agencies;

19 (3) the electric utility industry;

20 (4) railroads and other transportation indus21 tries;

(5) manufacturers of equipment using advancedcoal technologies;

24 (6) organizations representing workers;

25 (7) organizations formed to—

(A) promote the use of coal;
(B) further the goals of environmental pro-
tection; and
(C) promote the development and use of
advanced coal technologies; and
(8) other appropriate Federal and State agen-
cies.
(c) TIMING.—The Secretary shall—
(1) not later than 120 days after the date of
enactment of this Act, issue a set of draft cost and
performance goals for public comment; and
(2) not later than 180 days after the date of
enactment of this Act, after taking into consider-
ation any public comments received, submit to Con-
gress the final cost and performance goals.
SEC. 103. STUDY.
(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
date of enactment of this Act, and once every 2 years
thereafter through 2016, the Secretary, in cooperation
with the Secretary of the Interior and the Administrator
of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall transmit to
the Congress a report containing the results of a study
to—

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(1) identify technologies that, by themselves or
 in combination with other technologies, may be capa ble of achieving the cost and performance goals;

4 (2) assess the costs that would be incurred by,
5 and the period of time that would be required for,
6 the development and demonstration of technologies
7 that, by themselves or in combination with other
8 technologies, contribute to the achievement of the
9 cost and performance goals;

(3) develop recommendations for technology development programs, which the Department of Energy could carry out in cooperation with industry, to
develop and demonstrate technologies that, by themselves or in combination with other technologies,
achieve the cost and performance goals; and

16 (4) develop recommendations for additional au17 thorities required to achieve the cost and perform18 ance goals.

(b) EXPERT ADVICE.—In carrying out this section,
the Secretary shall give due weight to the expert advice
of representatives of the entities described in section
102(b).

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1 SEC. 104. TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT 2 PROGRAM. 3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a program of research on and development, demonstration, 4 5 and commercial application of coal-based technologies 6 under— 7 (1) this title; 8 (2) the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research 9 and Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5901 et 10 seq.); 11 (3) the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 (42) 12 U.S.C. 5801 et seq.); and 13 (4) title XIII of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 14 (42 U.S.C. 13331 et seq.). 15 (b) CONDITIONS.—The research, development, dem-16 onstration, and commercial application program described 17 in subsection (a) shall be designed to achieve the cost and performance goals. 18 19 SEC. 105. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out sections 102, 103,
and 104, \$100,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2002
through 2012, to remain available until expended.
(b) CONDITIONS OF AUTHORIZATION.—The author-

24 (b) CONDITIONS OF AUTHORIZATION.—The author25 ization of appropriations under subsection (a)—

(1) shall be in addition to authorizations of ap propriations in effect on the date of enactment of
 this Act; and

4 (2) shall not be a cap on Department of Energy
5 fossil energy research and development and clean
6 coal technology appropriations.

7 SEC. 106. CLEAN COAL POWER COMMERCIAL APPLICA8 TIONS INITIATIVE.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a 10 clean coal power commercial applications initiative that 11 will demonstrate commercial applications of advanced 12 coal-based technologies applicable to new or existing power 13 plants, including coproduction plants.

14 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—The technologies to be dem-15 onstrated under the initiative—

(1) shall be technologies that, by themselves or
in combination with other technologies, advance efficiency, environmental performance, and cost competitiveness well beyond that which is in operation or
has been demonstrated as of the date of enactment
of this Act; and

(2) may include technologies that have not previously been envisioned for commercial applications.
(c) PLAN.—Not later than 120 days after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall transmit to

Congress a plan to carry out subsection (a) that includes
 a description of—

3 (1) the program elements and management
4 structure to be used;

5 (2) the technical milestones to be achieved with
6 respect to each of the advanced coal-based tech7 nologies included in the plan; and

8 (3) the demonstration activities proposed to be 9 conducted at facilities that serve or are located at 10 new or existing coal-based electric generation units 11 having at least 50 megawatts nameplate rating, in-12 cluding improvements to allow the units to achieve 13 1 or more of the following:

(A) An overall design efficiency improvement of not less than 3 percent as compared
with the efficiency of the unit as operated as of
the date of enactment of this Act and before
any retrofit, repowering, replacement, or installation.

20 (B) A significant improvement in, or new
21 alternative technology to enhance, the environ22 mental performance related to the control of
23 sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxide, or mercury in a
24 manner that is different and well below the cost
25 of technologies that are in operation or have

been demonstrated as of the date of enactment of this Act.

3 (C) A means of recycling or reusing a sig4 nificant portion of coal combustion or gasifi5 cation wastes or byproducts produced by coal6 based generating units, excluding practices that
7 are commercially available as of the date of en8 actment of this Act.

9 (D) A means to capture, separate, and 10 reuse or dispose of carbon dioxide that is dif-11 ferent and well below the cost of technologies 12 that are in operation or have been dem-13 onstrated as of the date of enactment of this 14 Act.

15 SEC. 107. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.

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(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
date on which the Secretary transmits to Congress the
plan under section 106(c), the Secretary shall solicit proposals for projects that serve or are located at new or existing facilities designed to achieve 1 or more of the levels
of performance set forth in section 106(c)(3).

(b) PROJECT CRITERIA.—A solicitation under subsection (a) may include solicitation of a proposal for a
project to demonstrate—

1	(1) an overall design efficiency improvement of
2	not less than 3 percentage points as compared with
3	the efficiency of the unit as operated as of the date
4	of enactment of this Act and with no increase in the
5	potential to emit sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxide, par-
6	ticulate matter, mercury, or carbon monoxide;
7	(2) a reduction of emissions to a level of not
8	more than—
9	(A)(i) in the case of sulfur dioxide—
10	(I) in the case of coal with a potential
11	combustion concentration sulfur emission
12	of 1.2 or more pounds per million British
13	thermal units of heat input, 5 percent of
14	the potential combustion concentration sul-
15	fur dioxide emissions; or
16	(II) in the case of a coal with a poten-
17	tial combustion concentration of less than
18	1.2 pounds per million British thermal
19	units of heat input, 15 percent of the po-
20	tential combustion concentration of sulfur
21	dioxide emissions;
22	(ii) in the case of nitrogen oxide—
23	(I) in the case of a boiler other than
24	a cyclone-fired boiler, emissions of 0.1

1	pound per million British thermal units of
2	heat; or
3	(II) in the case of a cyclone-fired boil-
4	er, 15 percent of the uncontrolled nitrogen
5	oxide emissions from the boiler; or
6	(iii) in the case of particulate matter, emis-
7	sions of 0.02 pound per million British thermal
8	units of heat input; or
9	(B) the emission levels for the pollutants
10	identified in subparagraph (A) that are speci-
11	fied in the new source performance standards of
12	the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411) in effect at
13	the time of construction, installation, or retro-
14	fitting of the advanced coal-based technology
15	for the category of source if they are lower than
16	the levels specified in subparagraph (A); or
17	(3) the production of coal combustion byprod-
18	ucts that are capable of obtaining economic values
19	significantly greater than byproducts produced as of
20	the date of enactment of this Act with no increase
21	in the potential to emit sulfur dioxide, nitrogen
22	oxide, particulate matter, mercury, or carbon mon-
23	oxide.
24	(c) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall

25 provide financial assistance to projects that—

1	(1) demonstrate overall cost reductions in the
2	utilization of coal to generate useful forms of energy;
3	(2) improve the competitiveness of coal among
4	various forms of energy in order to maintain a diver-
5	sity of fuel choices in the United States to meet elec-
6	tricity generation requirements;
7	(3) achieve, in a cost-effective manner, 1 or
8	more of the criteria described in the solicitation; and
9	(4) demonstrate technologies that are applicable
10	to 25 percent of the electricity generating facilities
11	that use coal as the primary feedstock as of the date
12	of enactment of this Act.
13	(d) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of the cost
14	of a project funded under this section shall not exceed 50
15	percent.
16	(e) FUNDING.—To carry out this section, the Sec-
17	retary may use any unobligated funds available to the Sec-
18	retary and any funds obligated to any project selected
19	under the clean coal technology program that become un-
20	obligated.

TITLE II—CREDIT FOR EMISSION 1 REDUCTIONS EFFI-AND 2 **IMPROVEMENTS** CIENCY IN 3 **EXISTING COAL-BASED ELEC-**4 TRICITY GENERATION FACILI-5 TIES 6

7 SEC. 201. CREDIT FOR INVESTMENT IN QUALIFYING CLEAN 8 COAL TECHNOLOGY.

9 (a) ALLOWANCE OF QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL 10 TECHNOLOGY UNIT CREDIT.—Section 46 of the Internal 11 Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to amount of credit) is 12 amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (2), 13 by striking the period at the end of paragraph (3) and 14 inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the following: "(4) the qualifying clean coal technology unit 15 16 credit.".

(b) AMOUNT OF QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL TECH18 NOLOGY UNIT CREDIT.—Subpart E of part IV of sub19 chapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
20 1986 (relating to rules for computing investment credit)
21 is amended by inserting after section 48 the following:

22 "SEC. 48A. QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT 23 CREDIT.

24 "(a) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of section 46, the25 qualifying clean coal technology unit credit for any taxable

year is an amount equal to 10 percent of the qualified
 investment in a qualifying system of continuous emission
 control for such taxable year.

4 "(b) QUALIFYING SYSTEM OF CONTINUOUS EMIS-5 SION CONTROL.—

6 "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection
7 (a), the term 'qualifying system of continuous emis8 sion control' means a system of the taxpayer
9 which—

10 "(A) serves, is added to, or retrofits an ex-11 isting coal-based electricity generation unit, the 12 construction, installation, or retrofitting of 13 which is completed by the taxpayer (but only 14 with respect to that portion of the basis which 15 is properly attributable to such construction, in-16 stallation, or retrofitting),

17 "(B) reduces the discharge into the atmos18 phere of 1 or more of the following pollutants
19 to not more than—

20 "(i) 5 percent of the potential com21 bustion concentration sulfur dioxide emis22 sions for a coal with a potential combus23 tion concentration sulfur emission of 1.2
24 lb/million btu of heat input or greater,

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1	"(ii) 15 percent of the potential com-
2	bustion concentration sulfur dioxide emis-
3	sions for a coal with a potential combus-
4	tion concentration sulfur emission of less
5	than 1.2 lb/million btu of heat input,
6	"(iii) nitrogen oxide emissions of 0.1 lb
7	per million btu of heat input from other
8	than cyclone-fired boilers,
9	"(iv) 15 percent of the uncontrolled
10	nitrogen oxide emissions from cyclone-fired
11	boilers,
12	"(v) particulate emission of 0.02 lb
13	per million btu of heat input, and
14	"(vi) the emission levels specified in
15	the new source performance standards of
16	the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411) in
17	force at the time of construction, installa-
18	tion or retrofitting of the qualifying system
19	of continuous emission control for the cat-
20	egory of source if such level is lower than
21	the levels specified in clause (i), (ii), (iii),
22	(iv), or (v),
23	"(C) is depreciable under section 167,
24	"(D) has a useful life of not less than 4
25	years, and

1	"(E) is located in the United States.
2	"(2) Special rule for sale-leasebacks.—
3	For purposes of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1),
4	in the case of a unit which—
5	"(A) is originally placed in service by a
6	person, and
7	"(B) is sold and leased back by such per-
8	son, or is leased to such person, within 3
9	months after the date such unit was originally
10	placed in service, for a period of not less than
11	12 years,
12	such unit shall be treated as originally placed in
13	service not earlier than the date on which such prop-
14	erty is used under the leaseback (or lease) referred
15	to in subparagraph (B). The preceding sentence
16	shall not apply to any property if the lessee and les-
17	sor of such property make an election under this
18	sentence. Such an election, once made, may be re-
19	voked only with the consent of the Secretary.
20	"(c) Existing Coal-Based Electricity Genera-
21	TION UNIT.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term 'ex-
22	isting coal-based electricity generating unit' means, with
23	respect to any taxable year, a steam generator-turbine
24	unit which uses coal to produce 75 percent or more of

its output as electricity and was operated commercially be fore the effective date of this section.

3 "(d) LIMIT ON QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL TECH4 NOLOGY UNIT CREDIT.—For purposes of subsection (a),
5 the credit shall be applicable to not more than the first
6 \$100,000,000 of qualifying investment in a qualifying sys7 tem of continuous emission control at any 1 existing coal8 based electricity generating unit.

9 "(e) QUALIFIED INVESTMENT.—For purposes of sub-10 section (a), the term 'qualified investment' means, with 11 respect to any taxable year, the basis of a qualifying sys-12 tem of continuous emission control placed in service by 13 the taxpayer during such taxable year.

14 "(f) QUALIFIED PROGRESS EXPENDITURES.—

"(1) INCREASE IN QUALIFIED INVESTMENT.— 15 16 In the case of a taxpayer who has made an election 17 under paragraph (5), the amount of the qualified in-18 vestment of such taxpayer for the taxable year (de-19 termined under subsection (e) without regard to this 20 subsection) shall be increased by an amount equal to 21 the aggregate of each qualified progress expenditure 22 for the taxable year with respect to progress expend-23 iture property.

24 "(2) PROGRESS EXPENDITURE PROPERTY DE25 FINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term

1	'progress expenditure property' means any property
2	being constructed by or for the taxpayer and which
3	it is reasonable to believe will qualify as a qualifying
4	system of continuous emission control which is being
5	constructed by or for the taxpayer when it is placed
6	in service.
7	"(3) Qualified progress expenditures de-
8	FINED.—For purposes of this subsection—
9	"(A) Self-constructed property.—In
10	the case of any self-constructed property, the
11	term 'qualified progress expenditures' means
12	the amount which, for purposes of this subpart,
13	is properly chargeable (during such taxable
14	year) to capital account with respect to such
15	property.
16	"(B) NONSELF-CONSTRUCTED PROP-
17	ERTY.—In the case of nonself-constructed prop-
18	erty, the term 'qualified progress expenditures'
19	means the amount paid during the taxable year
20	to another person for the construction of such
21	property.
22	"(4) Other definitions.—For purposes of
23	this subsection—
24	"(A) Self-constructed property.—
25	The term 'self-constructed property' means

1	property for which it is reasonable to believe
2	that more than half of the construction expendi-
3	tures will be made directly by the taxpayer.
4	"(B) NONSELF-CONSTRUCTED PROP-
5	ERTY.—The term 'nonself-constructed property'
6	means property which is not self-constructed
7	property.
8	"(C) CONSTRUCTION, ETC.—The term
9	'construction' includes reconstruction and erec-
10	tion, and the term 'constructed' includes recon-
11	structed and erected.
12	"(D) ONLY CONSTRUCTION OF QUALI-
13	FYING SYSTEM OF CONTINUOUS EMISSION CON-
14	TROL TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—Construc-
15	tion shall be taken into account only if, for pur-
16	poses of this subpart, expenditures therefor are
17	properly chargeable to capital account with re-
18	spect to the property.
19	"(5) ELECTION.—An election under this sub-
20	section may be made at such time and in such man-
21	ner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.
22	Such an election shall apply to the taxable year for
23	which made and to all subsequent taxable years.
24	Such an election, once made, may not be revoked ex-
25	cept with the consent of the Secretary.

1 "(g) COORDINATION WITH OTHER CREDITS.—This 2 section shall not apply to any property with respect to 3 which the rehabilitation credit under section 47 or the en-4 ergy credit under section 48 is allowed unless the taxpayer 5 elects to waive the application of such credit to such prop-6 erty.

7 "(h) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply
8 with respect to any qualified investment made more than
9 10 years after the effective date of this section.".

(c) RECAPTURE.—Section 50(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to other special rules) is
amended by adding at the end the following:

"(6) SPECIAL RULES RELATING TO QUALIFYING
system of continuous emission control.—For
purposes of applying this subsection in the case of
any credit allowable by reason of section 48A, the
following shall apply:

18 "(A) GENERAL RULE.—In lieu of the 19 amount of the increase in tax under paragraph 20 (1), the increase in tax shall be an amount 21 equal to the investment tax credit allowed under 22 section 38 for all prior taxable years with re-23 spect to a qualifying system of continuous emis-24 sion control (as defined by section 48A(b)(1)) 25 multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the

1	number of years remaining to fully depreciate
2	under this title the qualifying system of contin-
3	uous emission control disposed of, and whose
4	denominator is the total number of years over
5	which such unit would otherwise have been sub-
6	ject to depreciation. For purposes of the pre-
7	ceding sentence, the year of disposition of the
8	qualifying system of continuous emission con-
9	trol property shall be treated as a year of re-
10	maining depreciation.
11	"(B) Property ceases to qualify for
12	PROGRESS EXPENDITURES.—Rules similar to
13	the rules of paragraph (2) shall apply in the
14	case of qualified progress expenditures for a
15	qualifying system of continuous emission con-
16	trol under section 48A, except that the amount
17	of the increase in tax under subparagraph (A)
18	of this paragraph shall be substituted in lieu of
19	the amount described in such paragraph (2).
20	"(C) Application of paragraph.—This
21	paragraph shall be applied separately with re-
22	spect to the credit allowed under section 38 re-
23	garding a qualifying system of continuous emis-

24 sion control.".

(d) TRANSITIONAL RULE.—Section 39(d) of the In ternal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to transitional
 rules) is amended by adding at the end the following:

4 "(11) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 48A CREDIT 5 BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un-6 used business credit for any taxable year which is 7 attributable to the qualifying clean coal technology 8 unit credit determined under section 48A may be 9 carried back to a taxable year ending before the date 10 of enactment of section 48A.".

11 (e) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 49(a)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue
Code of 1986 is amended by striking "and" at the
end of clause (ii), by striking the period at the end
of clause (iii) and inserting ", and", and by adding
at the end the following:

17 "(iv) the portion of the basis of any
18 qualifying system of continuous emission
19 control attributable to any qualified invest20 ment (as defined by section 48A(e)).".

(2) Section 50(a)(4) of such Code is amended
by striking "and (2)" and inserting ", (2), and (6)".
(3) Section 50(c) of such Code is amended by
adding at the end the following:

"(6) NONAPPLICATION.—Paragraphs (1) and
 (2) shall not apply to any qualifying clean coal tech nology unit credit under section 48A.".

4 (4) The table of sections for subpart E of part
5 IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of such Code is
6 amended by inserting after the item relating to sec7 tion 48 the following:

"Sec. 48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit.".

8 (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by 9 this section shall apply to periods after December 31, 10 2001, under rules similar to the rules of section 48(m) 11 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in effect on the 12 day before the date of enactment of the Revenue Reconcili-13 ation Act of 1990).

14 SEC. 202. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM A QUALIFYING 15 CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.

(a) CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM A QUALIFYING
CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.—Subpart D of part IV
of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code
of 1986 (relating to business related credits) is amended
by adding at the end the following:

21 "SEC. 45G. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM A QUALIFYING

22 CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.

23 "(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38,
24 the qualifying clean coal technology production credit of

any taxpayer for any taxable year is equal to the product
 of—

3 "(1) the applicable amount of clean coal tech-4 nology production credit, multiplied by

5 "(2) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced
6 by the taxpayer during such taxable year at a quali7 fying clean coal technology unit during the 10-year
8 period beginning on the date the unit was returned
9 to service after retrofit, repowering, or replacement.
10 "(b) APPLICABLE AMOUNT.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this section, the applicable amount of clean coal technology
production credit is equal to \$0.0034.

14 "(2) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR.—For 15 calendar years after 2001, the applicable amount of 16 clean coal technology production credit shall be ad-17 justed by multiplying such amount by the inflation 18 adjustment factor for the calendar year in which the 19 amount is applied. If any amount as increased under 20 the preceding sentence is not a multiple of 0.01 cent, 21 such amount shall be rounded to the nearest mul-22 tiple of 0.01 cent.

23 "(c) DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.—For pur24 poses of this section—

1	"(1) QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY
2	UNIT.—The term 'qualifying clean coal technology
3	unit' means a unit of the taxpayer which—
4	"(A) is an existing coal-based electricity
5	generating steam generator-turbine unit,
6	"(B) has a nameplate capacity rating of
7	not more than 300,000 kilowatts, and
8	"(C) has been retrofitted, repowered, or re-
9	placed with a clean coal technology within 10
10	years after the effective date of this section.
11	"(2) CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.—The term
12	'clean coal technology' means technology which—
13	"(A) uses coal to produce 50 percent or
14	more of its thermal output as electricity, includ-
15	ing advanced pulverized coal or atmospheric flu-
16	idized bed combustion, pressurized fluidized bed
17	combustion, integrated gasification combined
18	cycle, or any other technology for the produc-
19	tion of electricity,
20	"(B) has a design heat rate not less than
21	500 Btu/kWh below that of the existing unit be-
22	fore it is retrofit, repowered, or replaced with
23	the qualifying clean coal technology,
24	"(C) has a maximum design heat rate of
25	not more than 9,500 Btu/kWh when the design

1	coal has a heat content of more than 9,000 Btu
2	per pound,
3	"(D) has a maximum design heat rate of
4	not more than 10,500 Btu/kWh when the de-
5	sign coal has a heat content of 9,000 Btu per
6	pound or less, and
7	"(E) reduces the discharge into the atmos-
8	phere of 1 or more of the following pollutants
9	to not more than—
10	"(i) 5 percent of the potential com-
11	bustion concentration sulfur dioxide emis-
12	sions for a coal with a potential combus-
13	tion concentration sulfur emission of 1.2
14	lb/million btu of heat input or greater,
15	"(ii) 15 percent of the potential com-
16	bustion concentration sulfur dioxide emis-
17	sions for a coal with a potential combus-
18	tion concentration sulfur emission of less
19	than 1.2 lb/million btu of heat input,
20	"(iii) nitrogen oxide emissions of 0.1
21	lb per million btu of heat input from other
22	than cyclone-fired boilers,
23	"(iv) 15 percent of the uncontrolled
24	nitrogen oxide emissions from cyclone-fired
25	boilers,

"(v) particulate emissions of 0.02 lb 1 2 per million btu of heat input, and "(vi) the emission levels specified in 3 4 the new source performance standards of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411) in ef-5 6 fect at the time of construction, installa-7 tion or retrofitting of the qualifying clean 8 coal technology unit for the category of 9 source if such level is lower than the levels 10 specified in clause (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v). 11 "(3) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN RULES.—The 12 rules of paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) of section 45 13 shall apply. 14 "(4) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR.—The 15 term 'inflation adjustment factor' means, with re-

spect to a calendar year, a fraction the numerator
of which is the GDP implicit price deflator for the
preceding calendar year and the denominator of
which is the GDP implicit price deflator for the calendar year 2001.
"(5) GDP IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR.—The

21 (3) GDP IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR.—The
22 term 'GDP implicit price deflator' means the most
23 recent revision of the implicit price deflator for the
24 gross domestic product as computed by the Depart-

29

ment of Commerce before March 15 of the calendar
 year.

3 "(d) COORDINATION WITH OTHER CREDITS.—This 4 section shall not apply to any property with respect to 5 which the qualifying clean coal technology unit credit 6 under section 48A is allowed unless the taxpayer elects 7 to waive the application of such credit to such property.". 8 (b) CREDIT TREATED AS BUSINESS CREDIT.—Sec-9 tion 38(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "plus" at the end of paragraph (14), by 10 11 striking the period at the end of paragraph (15) and inserting ", plus", and by adding at the end the following: 12 13 "(16) the qualifying clean coal technology pro-14 duction credit determined under section 45G(a).".

(c) TRANSITIONAL RULE.—Section 39(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to transitional
rules), as amended by section 201(d), is amended by adding at the end the following:

19 "(12) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 45G CREDIT
20 BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un21 used business credit for any taxable year which is
22 attributable to the qualifying clean coal technology
23 production credit determined under section 45G may
24 be carried back to a taxable year ending before the
25 date of enactment of section 45G.".

(d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
 for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by add ing at the end the following:

"Sec. 45G. Credit for production from a qualifying clean coal technology unit.".

5 (e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
6 this section shall apply to production after the date of en7 actment of this Act.

8 TITLE III—INCENTIVES FOR 9 EARLY COMMERCIAL APPLI10 CATIONS OF ADVANCED 11 CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGIES

12 SEC. 301. CREDIT FOR INVESTMENT IN QUALIFYING AD-

13 VANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.

(a) ALLOWANCE OF QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN
(a) ALLOWANCE OF QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN
15 COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITY CREDIT.—Section 46 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to amount
17 of credit), as amended by section 201(a), is amended by
18 striking "and" at the end of paragraph (3), by striking
19 the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting ",
20 and", and by adding at the end the following:

21 "(5) the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-22 nology facility credit.".

23 (b) AMOUNT OF QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN
24 COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITY CREDIT.—Subpart E of
25 part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Rev•HR 2323 IH

enue Code of 1986 (relating to rules for computing invest ment credit), as amended by section 201(b), is amended
 by inserting after section 48A the following:

4 "SEC. 48B. QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECH5 NOLOGY FACILITY CREDIT.

6 "(a) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of section 46, the 7 qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility credit 8 for any taxable year is an amount equal to 10 percent 9 of the qualified investment in a qualifying advanced clean 10 coal technology facility for such taxable year.

11 "(b) QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECH-12 NOLOGY FACILITY.—

13 "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection
14 (a), the term 'qualifying advanced clean coal tech15 nology facility' means a facility of the taxpayer
16 which—

17 "(A)(i)(I) original use of which commences18 with the taxpayer, or

"(II) is a retrofitted or repowered conventional technology facility, the retrofitting or
repowering of which is completed by the taxpayer (but only with respect to that portion of
the basis which is properly attributable to such
retrofitting or repowering), or

1	"(ii) is acquired through purchase (as de-
2	fined by section $179(d)(2)$,
3	"(B) is depreciable under section 167,
4	"(C) has a useful life of not less than 4
5	years,
6	"(D) is located in the United States, and
7	((E) uses qualifying advanced clean coal
8	technology.
9	"(2) Special rule for sale-leasebacks.—
10	For purposes of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1),
11	in the case of a facility which—
12	"(A) is originally placed in service by a
13	person, and
14	"(B) is sold and leased back by such per-
15	son, or is leased to such person, within 3
16	months after the date such facility was origi-
17	nally placed in service, for a period of not less
18	than 12 years,
19	such facility shall be treated as originally placed in
20	service not earlier than the date on which such prop-
21	erty is used under the leaseback (or lease) referred
22	to in subparagraph (B). The preceding sentence
23	shall not apply to any property if the lessee and les-
24	sor of such property make an election under this

1	sentence. Such an election, once made, may be re-
2	voked only with the consent of the Secretary.
3	"(c) Qualifying Advanced Clean Coal Tech-
4	NOLOGY.—For purposes of paragraph (1)—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualifying ad-
6	vanced clean coal technology' means, with respect to
7	clean coal technology—
8	"(A) which has—
9	"(i) multiple applications, with a com-
10	bined capacity of not more than 5,000
11	megawatts (4,000 megawatts before 2009),
12	of advanced pulverized coal or atmospheric
13	fluidized bed combustion technology—
14	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
15	or repowering application,
16	"(II) operated between 2000 and
17	2012, and
18	"(III) having a design net heat
19	rate of not more than 9,500 Btu per
20	kilowatt hour when the design coal
21	has a heat content of more than 9,000
22	Btu per pound, or a design net heat
23	rate of not more than 9,900 Btu per
24	kilowatt hour when the design coal

1	has a heat content of 9,000 Btu per
2	pound or less,
3	"(ii) multiple applications, with a
4	combined capacity of not more than 1,000
5	megawatts (500 megawatts before 2009
6	and 750 megawatts before 2013), of pres-
7	surized fluidized bed combustion
8	technology-
9	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
10	or repowering application,
11	((II) operated between 2000 and
12	2016, and
13	"(III) having a design net heat
14	rate of not more than 8,400 Btu per
15	kilowatt hour when the design coal
16	has a heat content of more than 9,000
17	Btu per pound, or a design net heat
18	rate of not more than 9,900 Btu's per
19	kilowatt hour when the design coal
20	has a heat content of 9,000 Btu per
21	pound or less, and
22	"(iii) multiple applications, with a
23	combined capacity of not more than 2,000
24	megawatts $(1,000 \text{ megawatts before } 2009$
25	and 1,500 megawatts before 2013), of in-

- 1 tegrated gasification combined cycle tech-2 nology, with or without fuel or chemical co-3 production-4 "(I) installed as a new, retrofit, 5 or repowering application, 6 "(II) operated between 2000 and 7 2016. 8 "(III) having a design net heat 9 rate of not more than 8,550 Btu per 10 kilowatt hour when the design coal 11 has a heat content of more than 9,000 12 Btu per pound, or a design net heat 13 rate of not more than 9,900 Btu per 14 kilowatt hour when the design coal 15 has a heat content of 9,000 Btu per 16 pound or less, and 17 "(IV) having a net thermal effi-18 ciency on any fuel or chemical co-pro-19 duction of not less than 39 percent 20 (higher heating value), or "(iv) multiple applications, with a 21 22 combined capacity of not more than 2,000 23 megawatts (1,000 megawatts before 2009 24 and 1,500 megawatts before 2013) of tech-
- 25 nology for the production of electricity—

"(I) installed as a new, retrofit, 1 2 or repowering application, "(II) operated between 2000 and 3 4 2016, and "(III) having a carbon emission 5 6 rate which is not more than 85 per-7 cent of conventional technology, and "(B) which reduces the discharge into the 8 9 atmosphere of 1 or more of the following pollut-10 ants to not more than— "(i) 5 percent of the potential com-11 12 bustion concentration sulfur dioxide emis-13 sions for a coal with a potential combus-14 tion concentration sulfur emission of 1.2 15 lb/million btu of heat input or greater, "(ii) 15 percent of the potential com-16 17 bustion concentration sulfur dioxide emis-18 sions for a coal with a potential combus-19 tion concentration sulfur emission of less 20 than 1.2 lb/million btu of heat input, "(iii) nitrogen oxide emissions of 0.1 21 22 lb per million btu of heat input from other

than cyclone-fired boilers,

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1	"(iv) 15 percent of the uncontrolled				
2	nitrogen oxide emissions from cyclone-fired				
3	boilers,				
4	"(v) particulate emissions of 0.02 lb				
5	per million btu of heat input, and				
6	"(vi) the emission levels specified in				
7	the new source performance standards of				
8	the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411) in ef-				
9	fect at the time of retrofitting, repowering,				
10	or replacement of the qualifying clean coal				
11	technology unit for the category of source				
12	if such level is lower than the levels speci-				
13	fied in clause (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v).				
14	"(2) EXCEPTIONS.—Such term shall not in-				
15	clude any projects receiving or scheduled to receive				
16	funding under the Clean Coal Technology Program,				
17	or the Power Plant Improvement administered by				
18	the Secretary of the Department of Energy or a				
19	Qualifying Clean Coal Technology Unit as defined in				
20	section $45G(c)(1)$.				
21	"(d) CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.—The term 'clean				
22	coal technology' means advanced technology which uses				
23	coal to produce 75 percent or more of its thermal output				
24	as electricity including advanced pulverized coal or atmos-				
25	pheric fluidized bed combustion, pressurized fluidized bed				

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combustion, integrated gasification combined cycle with or
 without fuel or chemical co-production, and any other
 technology for the production of electricity which exceeds
 the performance of conventional technology.

5 "(e) CONVENTIONAL TECHNOLOGY.—The term 'con6 ventional technology' means—

"(1) coal-fired combustion technology with a design net heat rate of not less than 9,500 Btu per kilowatt hour (HHV) and a carbon equivalents emission rate of not more than 0.54 pounds of carbon
per kilowatt hour when the design coal has a heat
content of more than 9,000 Btu per pound,

13 "(2) coal-fired combustion technology with a de-14 sign net heat rate of not less than 10,500 Btu per 15 kilowatt hour (HHV) and a carbon equivalents emis-16 sion rate of not more than 0.60 pounds of carbon 17 per kilowatt hour when the design coal has a heat 18 content of 9,000 Btu per pound or less, or

19 "(3) natural gas-fired combustion technology
20 with a design net heat rate of not less than 7,500
21 Btu per kilowatt hour (HHV) and a carbon equiva22 lents emission rate of not more than 0.24 pounds of
23 carbon per kilowatt hour.

24 "(f) DESIGN NET HEAT RATE.—The design net heat25 rate shall be based on the design annual heat input to

and the design annual net electrical output from the quali-1 2 fying advanced clean coal technology (determined without regard to such technology's co-generation of steam). 3 4 "(g) SELECTION CRITERIA.—Selection criteria for 5 qualifying advanced clean coal technology facilities— 6 "(1) shall be established by the Secretary of 7 Energy as part of a competitive solicitation, 8 "(2) shall include primary criteria of minimum 9 design net heat rate, maximum design thermal effi-10 ciency, environmental performance, and lowest cost 11 to the government, and 12 "(3) shall include supplemental criteria as de-13 termined appropriate by the Secretary of Energy. 14 "(h) QUALIFIED INVESTMENT.—For purposes of 15 subsection (a), the term 'qualified investment' means, with respect to any taxable year, the basis of a qualifying ad-16 17 vanced clean coal technology facility placed in service by 18 the taxpayer during such taxable year. "(i) Qualified Progress Expenditures.— 19 20 "(1) INCREASE IN QUALIFIED INVESTMENT.— 21 In the case of a taxpayer who has made an election 22 under paragraph (5), the amount of the qualified in-23 vestment of such taxpayer for the taxable year (de-24 termined under subsection (c) without regard to this 25 section) shall be increased by an amount equal to the aggregate of each qualified progress expenditure
 for the taxable year with respect to progress expend iture property.

4 "(2) PROGRESS EXPENDITURE PROPERTY DE-5 FINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'progress expenditure property' means any property 6 being constructed by or for the taxpayer and which 7 8 it is reasonable to believe will qualify as a qualifying 9 advanced clean coal technology facility which is 10 being constructed by or for the taxpayer when it is 11 placed in service.

12 "(3) QUALIFIED PROGRESS EXPENDITURES DE13 FINED.—For purposes of this subsection—

14 "(A) SELF-CONSTRUCTED PROPERTY.—In
15 the case of any self-constructed property, the
16 term 'qualified progress expenditures' means
17 the amount which, for purposes of this subpart,
18 is properly chargeable (during such taxable
19 year) to capital account with respect to such
20 property.

21 "(B) NONSELF-CONSTRUCTED PROP22 ERTY.—In the case of nonself-constructed prop23 erty, the term 'qualified progress expenditures'
24 means the amount paid during the taxable year

1	to another person for the construction of such
2	property.
3	"(4) Other definitions.—For purposes of
4	this subsection—
5	"(A) Self-constructed property.—
6	The term 'self-constructed property' means
7	property for which it is reasonable to believe
8	that more than half of the construction expendi-
9	tures will be made directly by the taxpayer.
10	"(B) Nonself-constructed prop-
11	ERTY.—The term 'nonself-constructed property'
12	means property which is not self-constructed
13	property.
14	"(C) CONSTRUCTION, ETC.—The term
15	'construction' includes reconstruction and erec-
16	tion, and the term 'constructed' includes recon-
17	structed and erected.
18	"(D) ONLY CONSTRUCTION OF QUALI-
19	FYING ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY
20	FACILITY TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—Con-
21	struction shall be taken into account only if, for
22	purposes of this subpart, expenditures therefor
23	are properly chargeable to capital account with
24	respect to the property.

"(5) ELECTION.—An election under this subsection may be made at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.
Such an election shall apply to the taxable year for
which made and to all subsequent taxable years.
Such an election, once made, may not be revoked except with the consent of the Secretary.

8 "(j) COORDINATION WITH OTHER CREDITS.—This 9 section shall not apply to any property with respect to 10 which the rehabilitation credit under section 47 or the en-11 ergy credit under section 48 is allowed unless the taxpayer 12 elects to waive the application of such credit to such prop-13 erty.

14 "(k) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply
15 with respect to any qualified investment made more than
16 10 years after the effective date of this section.".

17 (c) RECAPTURE.—Section 50(a) of the Internal Rev18 enue Code of 1986 (relating to other special rules), as
19 amended by section 201(c), is amended by adding at the
20 end the following:

21 "(7) SPECIAL RULES RELATING TO QUALIFYING
22 ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITY.—
23 For purposes of applying this subsection in the case
24 of any credit allowable by reason of section 48B, the
25 following shall apply:

"(A) GENERAL RULE.—In lieu of the 1 2 amount of the increase in tax under paragraph 3 (1), the increase in tax shall be an amount 4 equal to the investment tax credit allowed under 5 section 38 for all prior taxable years with re-6 spect to a qualifying advanced clean coal tech-7 nology facility (as defined by section 48B(b)(1)) 8 multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the 9 number of years remaining to fully depreciate 10 under this title the qualifying advanced clean 11 coal technology facility disposed of, and whose 12 denominator is the total number of years over 13 which such facility would otherwise have been 14 subject to depreciation. For purposes of the 15 preceding sentence, the year of disposition of 16 the qualifying advanced clean coal technology 17 facility property shall be treated as a year of re-18 maining depreciation.

"(B) PROPERTY CEASES TO QUALIFY FOR
PROGRESS EXPENDITURES.—Rules similar to
the rules of paragraph (2) shall apply in the
case of qualified progress expenditures for a
qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility under section 48B, except that the amount
of the increase in tax under subparagraph (A)

1	of this paragraph shall be substituted in lieu of
2	the amount described in such paragraph (2) .
3	"(C) APPLICATION OF PARAGRAPH.—This
4	paragraph shall be applied separately with re-
5	spect to the credit allowed under section 38 re-
6	garding a qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
7	nology facility.".
8	(d) TRANSITIONAL RULE.—Section 39(d) of the In-
9	ternal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to transitional
10	rules), as amended by section 202(c), is amended by add-
11	ing at the end the following:
12	"(13) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 48B CREDIT
13	BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un-
14	used business credit for any taxable year which is
15	attributable to the qualifying advanced clean coal
16	technology facility credit determined under section
17	48B may be carried back to a taxable year ending
18	before the date of enactment of section 48B.".
19	(e) Technical Amendments.—
20	(1) Section $49(a)(1)(C)$ of the Internal Revenue
21	Code of 1986, as amended by section $201(e)(1)$, is
22	amended by striking "and" at the end of clause (iii),
23	by striking the period at the end of clause (iv) and
24	inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the fol-
25	lowing:

1	"(v) the portion of the basis of any				
2	qualifying advanced clean coal technology				
3	facility attributable to any qualified invest-				
4	ment (as defined by section 48B(c)).".				
5	(2) Section $50(a)(4)$ of such Code, as amended				
6	by section $201(e)(2)$, is amended by striking "and				
7	(6)" and inserting "(6), and (7)".				
8	(3) Section $50(c)(6)$ of such Code, as added by				
9	section $201(e)(3)$, is amended by inserting "or any				
10	advanced clean coal technology facility credit under				
11	section 48B" after "section 48A".				
12	(4) The table of sections for subpart E of part				
13	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as amended by sec-				
14	tion $201(e)(4)$, is amended by inserting after the				
15	item relating to section 48A the following:				
	"Sec. 48B. Qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility credit.".				
16	(f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by				
17	this section shall apply to periods after December 31,				
18	2001, under rules similar to the rules of section 48(m)				
19	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in effect on the				

20 day before the date of enactment of the Revenue Reconcili-21 ation Act of 1990).

22 SEC. 302. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM QUALIFYING

23 ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.

24 (a) CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM QUALIFYING
25 ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.—Subpart D of •HR 2323 IH part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Rev enue Code of 1986 (relating to business related credits),
 as amended by section 202(a), is amended by adding at
 the end the following:

5 "SEC. 45H. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM QUALIFYING 6 ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.

"(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38, 7 8 the qualifying advanced clean coal technology production 9 credit of any taxpayer for any taxable year is equal to— 10 "(1) the applicable amount of advanced clean 11 coal technology production credit, multiplied by 12 "(2) the sum of— "(A) the kilowatt hours of electricity, plus 13 14 "(B) each 3,413 Btu of fuels or chemicals, 15 produced by the taxpayer during such taxable year 16 at a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facil-17 ity during the 10-year period beginning on the date 18 the facility was originally placed in service. 19 "(b) APPLICABLE AMOUNT.—For purposes of this 20 section, the applicable amount of advanced clean coal tech-21 nology production credit with respect to production from 22 a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility shall 23 be determined as follows:

24 "(1) Where the design coal has a heat content25 of more than 9,000 Btu per pound:

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"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 8,400 More than 8,400 but not more than 8,550 More than 8,550 but not more than 8,750	\$.0060 \$.0025 \$.0010	\$.0038 \$.0010 \$.0010.

3 "(B) In the case of a facility originally
4 placed in service after 2008 and before 2013,
5 if—

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 7,770 More than 7,770 but not more than 8,125	\$.0105 \$.0085	\$.0090 \$.0068
More than 8,125 but not more than 8,350	\$.0075	\$.0055.

6 "(C) In the case of a facility originally 7 placed in service after 2012 and before 2017, 8 if—

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 7,380 More than 7,380 but not more than 7,720	\$.0140 \$.0120	\$.01 \$.0090.

9 "(2) Where the design coal has a heat content
10 of not more than 9,000 Btu per pound:

11 "(A) In the case of a facility originally
12 placed in service before 2009, if—

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 8,500 More than 8,500 but not more than 8,650 More than 8,650 but not more than 8,750	\$.0060 \$.0025 \$.0010	\$.0038 \$.0010 \$.0010.

"(B) In the case of a facility originally 1 2 placed in service after 2008 and before 2013, 3 if—

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 8,000 More than 8,000 but not more than 8,250	\$.0105 \$.0085	\$.009 \$.0068
More than 8,250 but not more than 8,400	\$.0075	\$.0055.

"(C) In the case of a facility originally 4 5 placed in service after 2012 and before 2017, if— 6

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:		
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service	
Not more than 7,800 More than 7,800 but not more than 7,950	\$.0140 \$.0120	\$.0115 \$.0090.	

7 "(3) Where the clean coal technology facility is 8 producing fuel or chemicals: 9 "(A) In the case of a facility originally 10

placed in service before 2009, if—

"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not less than 40.6 percent	\$.0060	\$.0038
Less than 40.6 but not less than 40 percent	\$.0025	\$.0010
Less than 40 but not less than 39 percent	\$.0010	\$.0010.

"(B) In the case of a facility originally 11 12 placed in service after 2008 and before 2013, 13 if—

"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not less than 43.9 percent	\$.0105	\$.009

	The applicable amount is:	
"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is equal to:	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Less than 43.9 but not less than 42 percent	\$.0085	\$.0068
Less than 42 but not less than 40.9 percent	\$.0075	\$.0055.

"(C) In the case of a facility originally
 placed in service after 2012 and before 2017,
 if—

The applicable amount is:	
For 1st 5 years	For 2d 5 years of
of such service	such service
\$.0140	\$.0115
\$ 0120	\$.0090.
	For 1st 5 years of such service

"(c) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR.—For cal-4 endar years after 2001, each amount in paragraphs (1), 5 6 (2), and (3) shall be adjusted by multiplying such amount 7 by the inflation adjustment factor for the calendar year in which the amount is applied. If any amount as in-8 9 creased under the preceding sentence is not a multiple of 0.01 cent, such amount shall be rounded to the nearest 10 multiple of 0.01 cent. 11

12 "(d) DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.—For pur13 poses of this section—

14 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any term used in this sec15 tion which is also used in section 48B shall have the
16 meaning given such term in section 48B.

17 "(2) APPLICABLE RULES.—The rules of para18 graphs (3), (4), and (5) of section 45 shall apply.

1 "(3) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR.—The 2 term 'inflation adjustment factor' means, with re-3 spect to a calendar year, a fraction the numerator 4 of which is the GDP implicit price deflator for the 5 preceding calendar year and the denominator of 6 which is the GDP implicit price deflator for the cal-7 endar year 2001.

8 "(4) GDP IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR.—The 9 term 'GDP implicit price deflator' means the most 10 recent revision of the implicit price deflator for the 11 gross domestic product as computed by the Depart-12 ment of Commerce before March 15 of the calendar 13 year.".

(b) CREDIT TREATED AS BUSINESS CREDIT.—Section 38(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
amended by section 202(b), is amended by striking "plus"
at the end of paragraph (15), by striking the period at
the end of paragraph (16) and inserting ", plus", and by
adding at the end the following:

20 "(17) the qualifying advanced clean coal tech21 nology production credit determined under section
22 45H(a).".

23 (c) TRANSITIONAL RULE.—Section 39(d) of the In24 ternal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to transitional

rules), as amended by section 301(d), is amended by add ing at the end the following:

3 "(14) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 45H CREDIT 4 BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un-5 used business credit for any taxable year which is 6 attributable to the qualifying advanced clean coal 7 technology production credit determined under sec-8 tion 45H may be carried back to a taxable year end-9 ing before the date of enactment of section 45H.". 10 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 11 12 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by section 202(d), is amended by adding at the end the fol-13 lowing: 14

"Sec. 45H. Credit for production from qualifying advanced clean coal technology.".

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall apply to production after the date of enactment of this Act.

18 SEC. 303. RISK POOL FOR QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN
19 COAL TECHNOLOGY.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall establish a financial risk pool which shall be
available to any United States owner of a qualifying advanced clean coal technology which has qualified for an
advanced clean coal technology production credit (as de-

fined in section 45H of the Internal Revenue Code of
 1986, as added by section 302) to offset for the first 3
 years of the operation of such technology the costs (not
 to exceed 5 percent of the total cost of installation) for
 modifications resulting from the technology's failure to
 achieve its design performance.

7 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
8 authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary
9 to carry out the purposes of this section.

10 TITLE IV—TREATMENT OF CER 11 TAIN GOVERNMENTAL AND 12 OTHER ENTITIES

13 SEC. 401. CREDITS FOR CERTAIN ORGANIZATIONS AND14GOVERNMENTAL UNITS.

15 Section 6401(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of
16 1986 (relating to excessive credits) is amended by adding
17 at the end the following:

18 "(3) CREDITS FOR CERTAIN ORGANIZATIONS19 AND GOVERNMENTAL UNITS.—

20 "(A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDITS.—Any cred21 it which would be allowable under section 45G,
22 45H, 48A, or 48B with respect to a facility of
23 an entity whether or not such entity is exempt
24 from tax, shall be treated as a credit allowable
25 under subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of

1	chapter 1 of subtitle A to such entity if such
2	entity is—
3	"(i) an organization described in sec-
4	tion $501(c)(12)(C)$ and exempt from tax
5	under section 501(a),
6	"(ii) an organization described in sec-
7	tion 1381(a)(2)(C),
8	"(iii) a public utility (as defined in
9	section $136(c)(2)(B))$,
10	"(iv) a State, the District of Colum-
11	bia, or a possession of the United States,
12	or any political subdivision thereof, or
13	"(v) the Tennessee Valley Authority.
14	"(B) USE OF CREDIT.—
15	"(i) TRANSFER OF CREDIT.—An enti-
16	ty described in clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv)
17	of subparagraph (A) may assign, trade,
18	sell, or otherwise transfer any credit allow-
19	able to such entity under subparagraph
20	(A) to any other person or entity.
21	"(ii) USE OF CREDIT AS AN OFF-
22	SET.—Notwithstanding any other provision
23	of law, in the case of any entity described
24	in clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (A),
25	any credit allowable to such entity under

1	subparagraph (A) may be applied by such
2	entity, without penalty, as a prepayment of
3	any loan, debt or other obligation the enti-
4	ty has made, incurred or guaranteed under
5	the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7
6	U.S.C. 901 et seq.).
7	"(iii) USE BY TVA.—
8	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Notwith-
9	standing any other provision of law, in
10	the case of an entity described in sub-
11	paragraph (A)(v), any credit allowable
12	under subparagraph (A) to such enti-
13	ty may be applied as a credit against
14	the payments required to be made in
15	any fiscal year under section 15d(e) of
16	the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of
17	1933 (16 U.S.C. 83ln-4(e)) as an an-
18	nual return on the appropriations in-
19	vestment and an annual repayment
20	sum.
21	"(II) TREATMENT OF CRED-
22	ITS.—The aggregate amount of cred-
23	its described in subparagraph (A)
24	shall be treated in the same manner
25	and to the same extent as if such

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1	credits were a payment in cash and
2	shall be applied first against the an-
3	nual return on the appropriations in-
4	vestment.
5	"(III) CREDIT CARRYOVER.—
6	With respect to any fiscal year, if the
7	aggregate amount of the credits de-
8	scribed in subparagraph (A) exceeds
9	the aggregate amount of payment ob-
10	ligations described in subclause (I),
11	the excess amount shall remain avail-
12	able for application as credits against
13	the amounts of such payment obliga-
14	tions in succeeding fiscal years in the
15	same manner as described in this
16	clause.
17	"(C) CREDIT NOT INCOME.—Neither a
18	transfer under clause (i) nor a use under clause
19	(ii) of subparagraph (B) of any credit allowable
20	under subparagraph (A) shall result in income
21	for purposes of section $501(c)(12)$.
22	"(D) TRANSFER PROCEEDS TREATED AS
23	ARISING FROM ESSENTIAL GOVERNMENT FUNC-

TION.—Any proceeds derived by an entity described in clause (iii) or (iv) of subparagraph 25

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1	(A) from the transfer of any such credit under
2	subparagraph (B)(I) shall be treated as arising
3	from an essential government function.
4	"(E) TREATMENT OF UNRELATED PER-
5	SONS.—For purposes of this title, sales among
6	and between entities described in clauses (i),
7	(ii), (iii), and (iv) of subparagraph (A) shall be
8	treated as sales between unrelated parties.".