

107<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
1<sup>ST</sup> SESSION

# H. R. 2603

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## AN ACT

To implement the agreement establishing a United States-  
Jordan free trade area.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “United States-Jordan  
3 Free Trade Area Implementation Act”.

4 **SEC. 2. PURPOSES.**

5 The purposes of this Act are—

6 (1) to implement the agreement between the  
7 United States and Jordan establishing a free trade  
8 area;

9 (2) to strengthen and develop the economic re-  
10 lations between the United States and Jordan for  
11 their mutual benefit; and

12 (3) to establish free trade between the 2 nations  
13 through the removal of trade barriers.

14 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

15 For purposes of this Act:

16 (1) **AGREEMENT.**—The term “Agreement”  
17 means the Agreement between the United States of  
18 America and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan on  
19 the Establishment of a Free Trade Area, entered  
20 into on October 24, 2000.

21 (2) **HTS.**—The term “HTS” means the Har-  
22 monized Tariff Schedule of the United States.

1 **TITLE I—TARIFF MODIFICA-**  
2 **TIONS; RULES OF ORIGIN**

3 **SEC. 101. TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.**

4 (a) TARIFF MODIFICATIONS PROVIDED FOR IN THE  
5 AGREEMENT.—The President may proclaim—

6 (1) such modifications or continuation of any  
7 duty,

8 (2) such continuation of duty-free or excise  
9 treatment, or

10 (3) such additional duties,

11 as the President determines to be necessary or appropriate  
12 to carry out article 2.1 of the Agreement and the schedule  
13 of duty reductions with respect to Jordan set out in Annex  
14 2.1 of the Agreement.

15 (b) OTHER TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.—The President  
16 may proclaim—

17 (1) such modifications or continuation of any  
18 duty,

19 (2) such continuation of duty-free or excise  
20 treatment, or

21 (3) such additional duties,

22 as the President determines to be necessary or appropriate  
23 to maintain the general level of reciprocal and mutually  
24 advantageous concessions with respect to Jordan provided  
25 for by the Agreement.

1 **SEC. 102. RULES OF ORIGIN.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—

3 (1) ELIGIBLE ARTICLES.—

4 (A) IN GENERAL.—The reduction or elimi-  
5 nation of any duty imposed on any article by  
6 the United States provided for in the Agree-  
7 ment shall apply only if—

8 (i) that article is imported directly  
9 from Jordan into the customs territory of  
10 the United States; and

11 (ii) that article—

12 (I) is wholly the growth, product,  
13 or manufacture of Jordan; or

14 (II) is a new or different article  
15 of commerce that has been grown,  
16 produced, or manufactured in Jordan  
17 and meets the requirements of sub-  
18 paragraph (B).

19 (B) REQUIREMENTS.—

20 (i) GENERAL RULE.—The require-  
21 ments of this subparagraph are that with  
22 respect to an article described in subpara-  
23 graph (A)(ii)(II), the sum of—

24 (I) the cost or value of the mate-  
25 rials produced in Jordan, plus

1 (II) the direct costs of processing  
2 operations performed in Jordan,  
3 is not less than 35 percent of the ap-  
4 praised value of such article at the time it  
5 is entered.

6 (ii) MATERIALS PRODUCED IN UNITED  
7 STATES.—If the cost or value of materials  
8 produced in the customs territory of the  
9 United States is included with respect to  
10 an article to which this paragraph applies,  
11 an amount not to exceed 15 percent of the  
12 appraised value of the article at the time  
13 it is entered that is attributable to such  
14 United States cost or value may be applied  
15 toward determining the percentage re-  
16 ferred to in clause (i).

17 (2) EXCLUSIONS.—No article may be consid-  
18 ered to meet the requirements of paragraph (1)(A)  
19 by virtue of having merely undergone—

20 (A) simple combining or packaging oper-  
21 ations; or

22 (B) mere dilution with water or mere dilu-  
23 tion with another substance that does not mate-  
24 rially alter the characteristics of the article.

25 (b) DIRECT COSTS OF PROCESSING OPERATIONS.—

1           (1) IN GENERAL.—As used in this section, the  
2 term “direct costs of processing operations” in-  
3 cludes, but is not limited to—

4           (A) all actual labor costs involved in the  
5 growth, production, manufacture, or assembly  
6 of the specific merchandise, including fringe  
7 benefits, on-the-job training, and the cost of en-  
8 gineering, supervisory, quality control, and  
9 similar personnel; and

10           (B) dies, molds, tooling, and depreciation  
11 on machinery and equipment which are allo-  
12 cable to the specific merchandise.

13           (2) EXCLUDED COSTS.—The term “direct costs  
14 of processing operations” does not include costs  
15 which are not directly attributable to the merchan-  
16 dise concerned, or are not costs of manufacturing  
17 the product, such as—

18           (A) profit; and

19           (B) general expenses of doing business  
20 which are either not allocable to the specific  
21 merchandise or are not related to the growth,  
22 production, manufacture, or assembly of the  
23 merchandise, such as administrative salaries,  
24 casualty and liability insurance, advertising,

1           and salesmen’s salaries, commissions, or ex-  
2           penses.

3           (c) TEXTILE AND APPAREL ARTICLES.—

4           (1) IN GENERAL.—A textile or apparel article  
5           imported directly from Jordan into the customs ter-  
6           ritory of the United States shall be considered to  
7           meet the requirements of paragraph (1)(A) of sub-  
8           section (a) only if—

9                   (A) the article is wholly obtained or pro-  
10                  duced in Jordan;

11                   (B) the article is a yarn, thread, twine,  
12                  cordage, rope, cable, or braiding, and—

13                           (i) the constituent staple fibers are  
14                          spun in Jordan, or

15                           (ii) the continuous filament is ex-  
16                          truded in Jordan;

17                   (C) the article is a fabric, including a fab-  
18                  ric classified under chapter 59 of the HTS, and  
19                  the constituent fibers, filaments, or yarns are  
20                  woven, knitted, needled, tufted, felted, entan-  
21                  gled, or transformed by any other fabric-making  
22                  process in Jordan; or

23                   (D) the article is any other textile or ap-  
24                  parel article that is wholly assembled in Jordan  
25                  from its component pieces.

1           (2) DEFINITION.—For purposes of paragraph  
2 (1), an article is “wholly obtained or produced in  
3 Jordan” if it is wholly the growth, product, or man-  
4 ufacture of Jordan.

5           (3) SPECIAL RULES.—

6           (A) CERTAIN MADE-UP ARTICLES, TEXTILE  
7 ARTICLES IN THE PIECE, AND CERTAIN OTHER  
8 TEXTILES AND TEXTILE ARTICLES.—Notwith-  
9 standing paragraph (1)(D) and except as pro-  
10 vided in subparagraphs (C) and (D) of this  
11 paragraph, subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of  
12 paragraph (1), as appropriate, shall determine  
13 whether a good that is classified under one of  
14 the following headings or subheadings of the  
15 HTS shall be considered to meet the require-  
16 ments of paragraph (1)(A) of subsection (a):  
17 5609, 5807, 5811, 6209.20.50.40, 6213, 6214,  
18 6301, 6302, 6304, 6305, 6306, 6307.10,  
19 6307.90, 6308, and 9404.90.

20           (B) CERTAIN KNIT-TO-SHAPE TEXTILES  
21 AND TEXTILE ARTICLES.—Notwithstanding  
22 paragraph (1)(D) and except as provided in  
23 subparagraphs (C) and (D) of this paragraph,  
24 a textile or apparel article which is knit-to-  
25 shape in Jordan shall be considered to meet the



1 requirements of paragraph (1)(A) of subsection  
2 (a).

3 (C) CERTAIN DYED AND PRINTED TEX-  
4 TILES AND TEXTILE ARTICLES.—Notwith-  
5 standing paragraph (1)(D), a good classified  
6 under heading 6117.10, 6213.00, 6214.00,  
7 6302.22, 6302.29, 6302.52, 6302.53, 6302.59,  
8 6302.92, 6302.93, 6302.99, 6303.92, 6303.99,  
9 6304.19, 6304.93, 6304.99, 9404.90.85, or  
10 9404.90.95 of the HTS, except for a good clas-  
11 sified under any such heading as of cotton or  
12 of wool or consisting of fiber blends containing  
13 16 percent or more by weight of cotton, shall be  
14 considered to meet the requirements of para-  
15 graph (1)(A) of subsection (a) if the fabric in  
16 the good is both dyed and printed in Jordan,  
17 and such dyeing and printing is accompanied by  
18 2 or more of the following finishing operations:  
19 bleaching, shrinking, fulling, napping, decatizing,  
20 permanent stiffening, weighting, permanent em-  
21 bossing, or moireing.

22 (D) FABRICS OF SILK, COTTON, MANMADE  
23 FIBER OR VEGETABLE FIBER.— Notwith-  
24 standing paragraph (1)(C), a fabric classified  
25 under the HTS as of silk, cotton, man-made

1 fiber, or vegetable fiber shall be considered to  
2 meet the requirements of paragraph (1)(A) of  
3 subsection (a) if the fabric is both dyed and  
4 printed in Jordan, and such dyeing and print-  
5 ing is accompanied by 2 or more of the fol-  
6 lowing finishing operations: bleaching, shrink-  
7 ing, fulling, napping, decating, permanent stiff-  
8 ening, weighting, permanent embossing, or  
9 moireing.

10 (4) MULTICOUNTRY RULE.—If the origin of a  
11 textile or apparel article cannot be determined under  
12 paragraph (1) or (3), then that article shall be con-  
13 sidered to meet the requirements of paragraph  
14 (1)(A) of subsection (a) if—

15 (A) the most important assembly or manu-  
16 facturing process occurs in Jordan; or

17 (B) if the applicability of paragraph (1)(A)  
18 of subsection (a) cannot be determined under  
19 subparagraph (A), the last important assembly  
20 or manufacturing occurs in Jordan.

21 (d) EXCLUSION.—A good shall not be considered to  
22 meet the requirements of paragraph (1)(A) of subsection  
23 (a) if the good—

1 (1) is imported into Jordan, and, at the time of  
2 importation, would be classified under heading 0805  
3 of the HTS; and

4 (2) is processed in Jordan into a good classified  
5 under any of subheadings 2009.11 through 2009.30  
6 of the HTS.

7 (e) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury,  
8 after consultation with the United States Trade Rep-  
9 resentative, shall prescribe such regulations as may be  
10 necessary to carry out this section.

11 **TITLE II—RELIEF FROM**  
12 **IMPORTS**  
13 **Subtitle A—General Provisions**

14 **SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.**

15 As used in this title:

16 (1) COMMISSION.—The term “Commission”  
17 means the United States International Trade Com-  
18 mission.

19 (2) JORDANIAN ARTICLE.—The term “Jor-  
20 danian article” means an article that qualifies for  
21 reduction or elimination of a duty under section 102.

22 **Subtitle B—Relief From Imports**  
23 **Benefiting From The Agreement**

24 **SEC. 211. COMMENCING OF ACTION FOR RELIEF.**

25 (a) FILING OF PETITION.—

1           (1) IN GENERAL.—A petition requesting action  
2           under this subtitle for the purpose of adjusting to  
3           the obligations of the United States under the  
4           Agreement may be filed with the Commission by an  
5           entity, including a trade association, firm, certified  
6           or recognized union, or group of workers that is rep-  
7           resentative of an industry. The Commission shall  
8           transmit a copy of any petition filed under this sub-  
9           section to the United States Trade Representative.

10           (2) PROVISIONAL RELIEF.—An entity filing a  
11           petition under this subsection may request that pro-  
12           visional relief be provided as if the petition had been  
13           filed under section 202(a) of the Trade Act of 1974.

14           (3) CRITICAL CIRCUMSTANCES.—Any allegation  
15           that critical circumstances exist shall be included in  
16           the petition.

17           (b) INVESTIGATION AND DETERMINATION.—

18           (1) IN GENERAL.—Upon the filing of a petition  
19           under subsection (a), the Commission, unless sub-  
20           section (d) applies, shall promptly initiate an inves-  
21           tigation to determine whether, as a result of the re-  
22           duction or elimination of a duty provided for under  
23           the Agreement, a Jordanian article is being im-  
24           ported into the United States in such increased  
25           quantities, in absolute terms or relative to domestic

1 production, and under such conditions that imports  
2 of the Jordanian article alone constitute a substan-  
3 tial cause of serious injury or threat thereof to the  
4 domestic industry producing an article that is like,  
5 or directly competitive with, the imported article.

6 (2) CAUSATION.—For purposes of this subtitle,  
7 a Jordanian article is being imported into the  
8 United States in increased quantities as a result of  
9 the reduction or elimination of a duty provided for  
10 under the Agreement if the reduction or elimination  
11 is a cause that contributes significantly to the in-  
12 crease in imports. Such cause need not be equal to  
13 or greater than any other cause.

14 (c) APPLICABLE PROVISIONS.—The following provi-  
15 sions of section 202 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.  
16 2252) apply with respect to any investigation initiated  
17 under subsection (b):

18 (1) Paragraphs (1)(B) and (3) of subsection  
19 (b).

20 (2) Subsection (c).

21 (3) Subsection (d).

22 (d) ARTICLES EXEMPT FROM INVESTIGATION.—No  
23 investigation may be initiated under this section with re-  
24 spect to any Jordanian article if import relief has been  
25 provided under this subtitle with respect to that article.

1 **SEC. 212. COMMISSION ACTION ON PETITION.**

2 (a) DETERMINATION.—By no later than 120 days  
3 (180 days if critical circumstances have been alleged) after  
4 the date on which an investigation is initiated under sec-  
5 tion 211(b) with respect to a petition, the Commission  
6 shall make the determination required under that section.

7 (b) ADDITIONAL FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION IF  
8 DETERMINATION AFFIRMATIVE.—If the determination  
9 made by the Commission under subsection (a) with respect  
10 to imports of an article is affirmative, the Commission  
11 shall find, and recommend to the President in the report  
12 required under subsection (c), the amount of import relief  
13 that is necessary to remedy or prevent the injury found  
14 by the Commission in the determination and to facilitate  
15 the efforts of the domestic industry to make a positive ad-  
16 justment to import competition. The import relief rec-  
17 ommended by the Commission under this subsection shall  
18 be limited to that described in section 213(c).

19 (c) REPORT TO PRESIDENT.—No later than the date  
20 that is 30 days after the date on which a determination  
21 is made under subsection (a) with respect to an investiga-  
22 tion, the Commission shall submit to the President a re-  
23 port that shall include—

24 (1) a statement of the basis for the determina-  
25 tion;

26 (2) dissenting and separate views; and

1           (3) any finding made under subsection (b) re-  
2           garding import relief.

3           (d) PUBLIC NOTICE.—Upon submitting a report to  
4 the President under subsection (c), the Commission shall  
5 promptly make public such report (with the exception of  
6 information which the Commission determines to be con-  
7 fidential) and shall cause a summary thereof to be pub-  
8 lished in the Federal Register.

9           (e) APPLICABLE PROVISIONS.—For purposes of this  
10 subtitle, the provisions of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of  
11 section 330(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.  
12 1330(d)) shall be applied with respect to determinations  
13 and findings made under this section as if such determina-  
14 tions and findings were made under section 202 of the  
15 Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2252).

16 **SEC. 213. PROVISION OF RELIEF.**

17           (a) IN GENERAL.—No later than the date that is 30  
18 days after the date on which the President receives the  
19 report of the Commission containing an affirmative deter-  
20 mination of the Commission under section 212(a), the  
21 President shall provide relief from imports of the article  
22 that is the subject of such determination to the extent that  
23 the President determines necessary to prevent or remedy  
24 the injury found by the Commission and to facilitate the  
25 efforts of the domestic industry to make a positive adjust-

1 ment to import competition, unless the President deter-  
2 mines that the provision of such relief is not in the na-  
3 tional economic interest of the United States or, in ex-  
4 traordinary circumstances, that the provision of such relief  
5 would cause serious harm to the national security of the  
6 United States.

7 (b) NATIONAL ECONOMIC INTEREST.—The President  
8 may determine under subsection (a) that providing import  
9 relief is not in the national economic interest of the United  
10 States only if the President finds that taking such action  
11 would have an adverse impact on the United States econ-  
12 omy clearly greater than the benefits of taking such ac-  
13 tion.

14 (c) NATURE OF RELIEF.—The import relief (includ-  
15 ing provisional relief) that the President is authorized to  
16 provide under this subtitle with respect to imports of an  
17 article is—

18 (1) the suspension of any further reduction pro-  
19 vided for under the United States Schedule to Annex  
20 2.1 of the Agreement in the duty imposed on that  
21 article;

22 (2) an increase in the rate of duty imposed on  
23 such article to a level that does not exceed the lesser  
24 of—



1 (A) the column 1 general rate of duty im-  
2 posed under the HTS on like articles at the  
3 time the import relief is provided; or

4 (B) the column 1 general rate of duty im-  
5 posed under the HTS on like articles on the  
6 day before the date on which the Agreement en-  
7 ters into force; or

8 (3) in the case of a duty applied on a seasonal  
9 basis to that article, an increase in the rate of duty  
10 imposed on the article to a level that does not exceed  
11 the column 1 general rate of duty imposed under the  
12 HTS on the article for the corresponding season oc-  
13 ccurring immediately before the date on which the  
14 Agreement enters into force.

15 (d) PERIOD OF RELIEF.—The import relief that the  
16 President is authorized to provide under this section may  
17 not exceed 4 years.

18 (e) RATE AFTER TERMINATION OF IMPORT RE-  
19 LIEF.—When import relief under this subtitle is termi-  
20 nated with respect to an article—

21 (1) the rate of duty on that article after such  
22 termination and on or before December 31 of the  
23 year in which termination occurs shall be the rate  
24 that, according to the United States Schedule to  
25 Annex 2.1 of the Agreement for the staged elimi-

1 nation of the tariff, would have been in effect 1 year  
2 after the initiation of the import relief action under  
3 section 211; and

4 (2) the tariff treatment for that article after  
5 December 31 of the year in which termination oc-  
6 curs shall be, at the discretion of the President,  
7 either—

8 (A) the rate of duty conforming to the ap-  
9 plicable rate set out in the United States  
10 Schedule to Annex 2.1; or

11 (B) the rate of duty resulting from the  
12 elimination of the tariff in equal annual stages  
13 ending on the date set out in the United States  
14 Schedule to Annex 2.1 for the elimination of  
15 the tariff.

16 **SEC. 214. TERMINATION OF RELIEF AUTHORITY.**

17 (a) GENERAL RULE.—Except as provided in sub-  
18 section (b), no import relief may be provided under this  
19 subtitle after the date that is 15 years after the date on  
20 which the Agreement enters into force.

21 (b) EXCEPTION.—Import relief may be provided  
22 under this subtitle in the case of a Jordanian article after  
23 the date on which such relief would, but for this sub-  
24 section, terminate under subsection (a), but only if the  
25 Government of Jordan consents to such provision.

1 **SEC. 215. COMPENSATION AUTHORITY.**

2 For purposes of section 123 of the Trade Act of 1974  
3 (19 U.S.C. 2133), any import relief provided by the Presi-  
4 dent under section 213 shall be treated as action taken  
5 under chapter 1 of title II of such Act.

6 **SEC. 216. SUBMISSION OF PETITIONS.**

7 A petition for import relief may be submitted to the  
8 Commission under—

9 (1) this subtitle;

10 (2) chapter 1 of title II of the Trade Act of  
11 1974; or

12 (3) under both this subtitle and such chapter 1  
13 at the same time, in which case the Commission  
14 shall consider such petitions jointly.

15 **Subtitle C—Cases Under Title II Of**  
16 **The Trade Act of 1974**

17 **SEC. 221. FINDINGS AND ACTION ON JORDANIAN IMPORTS.**

18 (a) EFFECT OF IMPORTS.—If, in any investigation  
19 initiated under chapter 1 of title II of the Trade Act of  
20 1974, the Commission makes an affirmative determination  
21 (or a determination which the President may treat as an  
22 affirmative determination under such chapter by reason  
23 of section 330(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930), the Commis-  
24 sion shall also find (and report to the President at the  
25 time such injury determination is submitted to the Presi-

1 dent) whether imports of the article from Jordan are a  
2 substantial cause of serious injury or threat thereof.

3 (b) **PRESIDENTIAL ACTION REGARDING JORDANIAN**  
4 **IMPORTS.**—In determining the nature and extent of action  
5 to be taken under chapter 1 of title II of the Trade Act  
6 of 1974, the President shall determine whether imports  
7 from Jordan are a substantial cause of the serious injury  
8 found by the Commission and, if such determination is  
9 in the negative, may exclude from such action imports  
10 from Jordan.

11 **SEC. 222. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.**

12 Section 202(a)(8) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19  
13 U.S.C. 2252(a)(8)) is amended in the first sentence—

14 (1) by striking “and part 1” and inserting “,  
15 part 1”; and

16 (2) by inserting before the period at the end “,  
17 and title II of the United States-Jordan Free Trade  
18 Area Implementation Act”.

19 **TITLE III—TEMPORARY ENTRY**

20 **SEC. 301. NONIMMIGRANT TRADERS AND INVESTORS.**

21 Upon the basis of reciprocity secured by the Agree-  
22 ment, an alien who is a national of Jordan (and any  
23 spouse or child (as defined in section 101(b)(1) of the Im-  
24 migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(b)(1)) of  
25 the alien, if accompanying or following to join the alien)

1 shall be considered as entitled to enter the United States  
2 under and in pursuance of the provisions of the Agreement  
3 as a nonimmigrant described in section 101(a)(15)(E) of  
4 the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.  
5 1101(a)(15)(E)), if the entry is solely for a purpose de-  
6 scribed in clause (i) or (ii) of such section and the alien  
7 is otherwise admissible to the United States as such a non-  
8 immigrant.

## 9 **TITLE IV—GENERAL** 10 **PROVISIONS**

### 11 **SEC. 401. RELATIONSHIP OF THE AGREEMENT TO UNITED** 12 **STATES AND STATE LAW.**

13 (a) RELATIONSHIP OF AGREEMENT TO UNITED  
14 STATES LAW.—

15 (1) UNITED STATES LAW TO PREVAIL IN CON-  
16 FFLICT.—No provision of the Agreement, nor the ap-  
17 plication of any such provision to any person or cir-  
18 cumstance, that is inconsistent with any law of the  
19 United States shall have effect.

20 (2) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act shall  
21 be construed—

22 (A) to amend or modify any law of the  
23 United States, or

24 (B) to limit any authority conferred under  
25 any law of the United States,

1 unless specifically provided for in this Act.

2 (b) RELATIONSHIP OF AGREEMENT TO STATE  
3 LAW.—

4 (1) LEGAL CHALLENGE.—No State law, or the  
5 application thereof, may be declared invalid as to  
6 any person or circumstance on the ground that the  
7 provision or application is inconsistent with the  
8 Agreement, except in an action brought by the  
9 United States for the purpose of declaring such law  
10 or application invalid.

11 (2) DEFINITION OF STATE LAW.—For purposes  
12 of this subsection, the term “State law” includes—

13 (A) any law of a political subdivision of a  
14 State; and

15 (B) any State law regulating or taxing the  
16 business of insurance.

17 (c) EFFECT OF AGREEMENT WITH RESPECT TO PRI-  
18 VATE REMEDIES.—No person other than the United  
19 States—

20 (1) shall have any cause of action or defense  
21 under the Agreement; or

22 (2) may challenge, in any action brought under  
23 any provision of law, any action or inaction by any  
24 department, agency, or other instrumentality of the  
25 United States, any State, or any political subdivision

1 of a State on the ground that such action or inaction  
2 is inconsistent with the Agreement.

3 **SEC. 402. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

4 There are authorized to be appropriated for each fis-  
5 cal year after fiscal year 2001 to the Department of Com-  
6 merce not more than \$100,000 for the payment of the  
7 United States share of the expenses incurred in dispute  
8 settlement proceedings under article 17 of the Agreement.

9 **SEC. 403. IMPLEMENTING REGULATIONS.**

10 After the date of enactment of this Act—

11 (1) the President may proclaim such actions,  
12 and

13 (2) other appropriate officers of the United  
14 States may issue such regulations,

15 as may be necessary to ensure that any provision of this  
16 Act, or amendment made by this Act, that takes effect  
17 on the date the Agreement enters into force is appro-  
18 priately implemented on such date, but no such proclama-  
19 tion or regulation may have an effective date earlier than  
20 the date the Agreement enters into force.

21 **SEC. 404. EFFECTIVE DATES; EFFECT OF TERMINATION.**

22 (a) EFFECTIVE DATES.—Except as provided in sub-  
23 section (b), the provisions of this Act and the amendments  
24 made by this Act take effect on the date the Agreement  
25 enters into force.

1 (b) EXCEPTIONS.—Sections 1 through 3 and this  
2 title take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

3 (c) TERMINATION OF THE AGREEMENT.—On the  
4 date on which the Agreement ceases to be in force, the  
5 provisions of this Act (other than this subsection) and the  
6 amendments made by this Act, shall cease to be effective.

Passed the House of Representatives July 31, 2001.

Attest:

*Clerk.*



107TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

**H. R. 2603**

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**AN ACT**

To implement the agreement establishing a United  
States-Jordan free trade area.