107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 4074

To amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to reaffirm the United States historic commitment to protecting refugees who are fleeing persecution or torture.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 20, 2002

Mr. Smith of New Jersey (for himself, Mr. Berman, Ms. Ros-Lehtinen, and Mr. Delahunt) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to reaffirm the United States historic commitment to protecting refugees who are fleeing persecution or torture.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCES IN ACT.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Refugee Protection Act of 2002".
- 6 (b) References in Act.—Except as specifically
- 7 provided in this Act, whenever in this Act an amendment
- 8 or repeal is expressed as an amendment to or repeal of
- 9 a provision, the reference shall be deemed to be made to

- 1 that provision in the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
- 2 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.).

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- 3 SEC. 2. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 4 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-5 ings:
- (1) The very foundation of the Republic was laid by people who came to America to escape persecution, including many who fled persecution on the basis of their faith.
 - (2) Protecting people from persecution is a cherished goal and a guiding principle of the United States.
 - (3) The United States has a history of generosity to persons fleeing persecution, a history that has served as an inspiring example to other countries developing refugee policy, even though only a tiny fraction of the world's oppressed actually seek refuge on United States shores.
 - (4) Conversely, when the United States has restricted protection for refugees, other countries have followed that lead.
- 22 (5) United States law fails to ensure that a per-23 son fleeing persecution who arrives in the United 24 States has a fair and adequate opportunity to 25 present a claim for protection.

1	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
2	(1) to reduce the likelihood that a bona fide ref-
3	ugee will be returned to persecution in the refugee's
4	country of nationality, or country of last habitual
5	residence, by United States authorities because of
6	expedited removal procedures or lack of fairness in
7	the United States asylum system; and
8	(2) to provide alternatives to detention and im-
9	prove detention conditions for asylum seekers.
10	TITLE I—PROTECTION OF
11	ASYLUM SEEKERS
12	SEC. 101. SAFEGUARDS AGAINST ERRONEOUS EXCLUSION
13	OF ASYLUM SEEKERS.
14	(a) Limitation of Summary Inspection Proce-
15	DURES TO IMMIGRATION EMERGENCIES.—Section
16	235(b)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1225(b)(1)) is amended—
17	(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) through
18	(F) as subparagraphs (B) through (G), respectively;
19	and
20	(2) by inserting after the caption for paragraph
21	(1) the following new subparagraph:
22	"(A) Emergency migration situa-
23	TIONS.—
24	"(i) Scope of Paragraph.—The au-
25	thority in this paragraph shall apply to

those instances in which the Attorney General determines that the numbers or circumstances of aliens en route to or arriving in the United States, by land, sea, or air present an extraordinary migration situation, and only to those aliens arriving from the foreign state or states giving rise to an extraordinary migration situation.

"(ii) Extraordinary migration situation defined.—As used in this subparagraph, the term 'extraordinary migration situation' means the arrival or imminent arrival in the United States or its territorial waters of aliens who by their numbers or circumstances substantially exceed the capacity for inspection and examination of those aliens, where there are extraordinary and temporary conditions in the foreign state of which those aliens are nationals.

"(iii) Determinations by the attorney general.—The determination of whether there exists an extraordinary migration situation is in the sole and exclusive discretion of the Attorney General.

"(iv) Effective period of deter-1 2 MINATIONS.—A determination made under 3 this subparagraph shall be effective for a period not to exceed 90 days, unless, within that 90-day period (or extension there-6 of), the Attorney General determines, after 7 consultation with the Committees on the 8 Judiciary of the Senate and the House of 9 Representatives, that an extraordinary migration situation continues to warrant 10 11 those procedures remaining in effect for an 12 additional 90-day period.". (b) Reform of Summary Inspection Procedures

13 TO DECREASE THE LIKELIHOOD OF ERROR.—Section 14 15 235(b)(1)(B) (as redesignated by subsection (a)) is amended to read as follows: 16

17 "(B) Screening.—

18 "(i) IN GENERAL.—If an immigration 19 officer determines that an alien (other 20 than an alien described in subparagraph (G)) who is arriving in the United States 22 is inadmissible under section 212(a)(6)(C) 23 or 212(a)(7) because the alien has no doc-24 uments or has documents that are invalid 25 on their face, the officer shall permit the

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alien to withdraw the application for admission under subsection (a)(4), or order the alien removed from the United States, unless the alien indicates an intention to apply for asylum under section 208 or a fear of returning to his country of nationality or country of last habitual residence. Prior to withdrawal of an application for admission or issuance of a removal order, the alien shall be informed in writing and in a language the alien understands of the consequences of withdrawal or issuance of a removal order, the availability of review of a removal order, and that the alien shall have access to counsel at no expense to the Government in connection with such review, as provided by clause (iii).

"(ii) CLAIMS FOR ASYLUM.—If an immigration officer determines that an alien (other than an alien described in subparagraph (G)) arriving in the United States is inadmissible under clause (i) and the alien indicates an intention to apply for asylum under section 208 or a fear of returning to his country of nationality or country of last

1	habitual residence, the officer shall refer
2	the alien for an interview by an asylum of-
3	ficer under subparagraph (C).
4	"(iii) Review of Removal or-
5	DERS.—
6	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney
7	General shall provide by regulation for
8	de novo review by an immigration
9	judge of an order issued under clause
10	(i) unless the alien waives that review.
11	"(II) Procedures.—The review
12	shall include an opportunity for the
13	alien to be heard and questioned by
14	the immigration judge in person and
15	to be represented at the review by a
16	person or persons of the alien's choos-
17	ing at no expense to the Government.
18	The alien shall be advised of these
19	procedures and provided the list of
20	persons prepared under section
21	239(b)(2). Review shall be concluded
22	as expeditiously as possible.
23	"(III) DETERMINATIONS OF IN-
24	ADMISSIBILITY.—If the immigration
25	judge determines that the alien is in-

1	admissible under section 212(a)(6)(C)
2	or 212(a)(7) because the alien has no
3	documents or has documents that are
4	invalid on their face, the immigration
5	judge shall permit the alien to with-
6	draw the application for admission
7	under subsection (a)(4), or order the
8	alien removed from the United States
9	unless the alien indicates an intention
10	to apply for asylum under section 208
11	or a fear of returning to his country
12	of nationality or country of last habit-
13	ual residence.
14	"(IV) Referral to asylum of-
15	FICERS.—If the alien indicates an in-
16	tention to apply for asylum under sec-
17	tion 208 or a fear of returning to his
18	country of nationality or country of
19	last habitual residence, the immigra-
20	tion judge shall refer the alien for an
21	interview by an asylum officer under
22	subparagraph (C).
23	"(V) OTHER DETERMINA-
24	TIONS.—If the immigration judge de-
25	termines that the alien is not inadmis-

1	sible under section $212(a)(6)(C)$ or
2	212(a)(7), the immigration judge shall
3	order the alien admitted or shall refer
4	the alien for a removal hearing under
5	section 240.".
6	(c) Exceptions to Summary Inspection Proce-
7	DURES.—Section 235(b)(1)(G) (as redesignated by sub-
8	section (a)) is amended to read as follows:
9	"(G) Exceptions.—Subparagraph (B)
10	shall not apply to—
11	"(i) an alien who is a native or citizen
12	of a country in the Western Hemisphere
13	with whose government the United States
14	does not have full diplomatic relations and
15	who arrives by aircraft at a port of entry;
16	or
17	"(ii) an alien who is a child unaccom-
18	panied by a parent or guardian.".
19	(d) Reform of Credible Fear Review Proce-
20	DURES TO DECREASE THE LIKELIHOOD OF ERROR.—
21	Section 235(b)(1)(C)(iii) (as redesignated by subsection
22	(a)) is amended—
23	(1) in the caption of clause (iii), by striking
24	"WITHOUT FURTHER REVIEW".

1	(2) in subclause (I), by striking "without fur-
2	ther hearing or review"; and
3	(3) by amending subparagraph (III) to read as
4	follows:
5	"(III) REVIEW OF DETERMINA-
6	TIONS.—The Attorney General shall
7	provide by regulation for prompt re-
8	view by an immigration judge of a de-
9	termination under subclause (I) that
10	the alien does not have a credible fear
11	of persecution. The review shall in-
12	clude an opportunity for the alien to
13	be heard and questioned by the immi-
14	gration judge in person and to be rep-
15	resented at the review at no expense
16	to the Government. Review shall be
17	concluded as expeditiously as possible,
18	and to the maximum extent prac-
19	ticable, within 7 days after the date of
20	determination under subclause (I).".
21	(e) Enhanced Availability of Judicial Review
22	AS A SAFEGUARD AGAINST ERRONEOUS EXCLUSION OF
23	ASYLUM SEEKERS.—Section 242 (8 U.S.C. 1252) is
24	amended—
25	(1) in subsection (a)—

1	(A) by striking the parenthetical in para-
2	graph (1); and
3	(B) in paragraph (2) by—
4	(i) by striking subparagraph (A); and
5	(ii) by redesignating subparagraphs
6	(B) and (C) as subparagraphs (A) and
7	(B), respectively;
8	(2) in subsection (b)(4)(D) by striking "mani-
9	festly contrary to the law and" and inserting "con-
10	trary to the law or"; and
11	(3) by striking subsection (e).
12	(f) Conforming Amendments.—
13	(1) Conduct of interviews by asylum of-
14	FICERS.—Section 235(b)(1)(C)(i) (as redesignated
15	by subsection (a)) is amended by striking "subpara-
16	graph (A)(ii)" and inserting "subparagraph (B) (ii)
17	or (iii)".
18	(2) Limitations on administrative re-
19	VIEW.—Section 235(b)(1)(D) (as redesignated by
20	subsection (a)) is amended—
21	(A) by striking "subparagraph
22	(B)(iii)(III)" and inserting "subparagraph
23	(C)(iii)(III)";

1	(B) by striking "subparagraph (A)(i) or
2	(B)(iii)(I)" and inserting "subparagraph
3	(B)(iii) or (C)(iii)(I)"; and
4	(C) by striking "subparagraph (A)(i)" and
5	inserting "subparagraph (B)(iii)".
6	(3) Application to stowaways.—Section
7	235(a)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1225(a)(2)) is amended—
8	(A) by inserting before the period at the
9	end of the first sentence the following: ", except
10	that the alien shall be informed of the avail-
11	ability of review of the order under subsection
12	(b)(1)(C)(iii);
13	(B) in the second sentence, by striking
14	"persecution" and inserting "returning to his
15	country of nationality or country of last habit-
16	ual residence"; and
17	(C) by striking "subsection (b)(1)(B)"
18	each place it appears and inserting "subsection
19	(b)(1)(C)".
20	SEC. 102. ELIMINATION OF ARBITRARY TIME LIMITS ON
21	ASYLUM APPLICATIONS.
22	Section $208(a)(2)$ (8 U.S.C. $1158(a)(2)$) is
23	amended—
24	(1) by striking subparagraph (B):

1	(2) in subparagraph (C), by striking "(D)" and
2	inserting "(C)";
3	(3) in subparagraph (D), by striking "subpara-
4	graphs (B) and (C)," and inserting "subparagraph
5	(B),"; and
6	(4) by redesignating subparagraphs (C) and
7	(D) as subparagraphs (B) and (C), respectively.
8	SEC. 103. ELIMINATION OF NUMERICAL LIMITATION ON AD-
9	JUSTMENT OF ASYLEES.
10	Section 209(b) (8 U.S.C. 1159(b)) is amended by
11	striking "Not more than" and all that follows through
12	"who" and inserting the following: "The Attorney General
13	may, in the discretion of the Attorney General, adjust to
14	the status of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent res-
15	idence the status of any alien granted asylum who".
16	SEC. 104. ELIMINATION OF ANNUAL ALLOCATION FOR CER-
17	TAIN CATEGORY OF REFUGEES.
18	Section 207(a) (8 U.S.C. 1157(a)) is amended by
19	striking paragraph (5).
20	TITLE II—DETENTION
21	SEC. 201. ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION OF ASYLUM SEEK-
22	ERS.
23	(a) Attorney General's Discretion To Detain
24	ASYLUM SEEKERS.—

1	(1) Section $235(b)(1)(C)$ (as redesignated in
2	section 101(a)) is amended—
3	(A) in clause (ii), by striking "shall" and
4	inserting "may, in the Attorney General's dis-
5	cretion,";
6	(B) in clause (iii)(IV), by striking "shall"
7	and inserting "may, in the Attorney General's
8	discretion,";
9	(C) in the heading of clause (iii)(IV), by
10	striking "MANDATORY DETENTION" and insert-
11	ing "Detention"; and
12	(D) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(vi) Parole of Certain Aliens.—
14	It is the policy of the United States to pa-
15	role asylum seekers who have established a
16	credible fear of persecution, as defined in
17	clause (v).".
18	(2) The Attorney General shall promulgate reg-
19	ulations establishing criteria for the parole of asylum
20	seekers.
21	(b) COVERED PERSONS.—References in this section
22	to alternatives to detention shall apply only with respect
23	to asylum seekers.

1	(c) Development of Alternatives to Deten-
2	TION.—The Attorney General shall promulgate regula-
3	tions that—
4	(1) authorize and promote the utilization of al-
5	ternatives to detention of asylum seekers; and
6	(2) establish the conditions for detention of asy-
7	lum seekers that ensure a safe and humane environ-
8	ment.
9	(d) Regulations Regarding Alternatives to
10	Detention.—The regulations developed under sub-
11	section (c)(1) shall at a minimum take into account the
12	following:
13	(1) Specific alternatives.—Specific alter-
14	natives to detention, including—
15	(A) unsupervised parole from detention;
16	(B) for individuals not otherwise qualified
17	for parole under subparagraph (A), supervised
18	parole to private nonprofit voluntary agencies;
19	(C) for individuals not otherwise qualified
20	for parole under subparagraph (A) or (B), non-
21	secure shelter care or group homes supervised
22	by private nonprofit voluntary agencies; and
23	(D) noninstitutional settings for minors,
24	such as foster care or group homes operated by
25	private nonprofit voluntary agencies.

(e) Programs Authorized.—

- (1) In general.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Attorney General shall enter into contracts with nongovernmental agencies for the purpose of developing, implementing, or expanding alternatives to detention programs.
- (2) USE OF FUNDS.—A nongovernmental agency that receives a contract under this subsection shall use amounts provided under the contract to develop, implement, or expand alternatives to detention programs.
- (3) Program requirements.—A nongovernmental agency that enters into a contract under this subsection shall develop, implement, or expand a program that may include the following:
 - (A) Development of a screening procedure through which the nongovernmental agency, in conjunction with the Immigration and Naturalization Service, selects appropriate candidates for participation in the alternative to detention program.
 - (B) Coordination of housing for program participants.
- (C) Coordination of necessary services for program participants, including legal, social,

1	medical, mental health, educational and voca-
2	tional training, job placement, and English as
3	a Second Language courses.
4	(D) Assistance with the integration of par-
5	ticipants into the community by helping partici-
6	pants make contacts in their ethnic and reli-
7	gious communities.
8	(E) Facilitation of compliance by partici-
9	pants with Immigration and Naturalization
10	Service and court proceedings.
11	(f) REGULATIONS REGARDING CONDITIONS FOR DE-
12	TENTION.—The regulations developed under subsection
13	(c)(2) shall at a minimum include the following:
14	(1) Access to legal services.—
15	(A) LISTS OF LEGAL SERVICE PRO-
16	VIDERS.—Procedures for providing to all Immi-
17	gration and Naturalization Service detainees
18	promptly upon their arrival at the facility an
19	updated and accurate list of free or low-cost im-
20	migration legal service providers that are lo-
21	cated in the area of the detention facility.
22	(B) Group legal orientation presen-
23	TATIONS —

1	(i) In general.—Procedures to allow
2	for regularly scheduled, group legal ori-
3	entation presentations.
4	(ii) Definition.—In this subpara-
5	graph, the term "group legal orientation
6	presentations" means live presentations,
7	supplemented by video presentations and
8	individual evaluations, by private non-
9	governmental organizations, given to Immi-
10	gration and Naturalization Service detain-
11	ees for the purpose of informing the de-
12	tainees about United States immigration
13	law and procedures and enabling detainees
14	to determine their eligibility for relief.
15	(iii) Establishment of a national
16	LEGAL ORIENTATION SUPPORT AND TRAIN-
17	ING CENTER.—The Attorney General shall
18	establish a National Legal Orientation
19	Support and Training Center (referred to
20	in this subsection as the Center) the pur-
21	pose of which shall be to ensure quality
22	and consistent implementation of legal ori-
23	entation programs nationwide.
24	(iv) Duties.—The Center shall be re-
25	sponsible for—

1	(I) offering training to nonprofit
2	agencies that will offer group legal
3	orientation programs;
4	(II) consulting with nonprofit
5	agencies that offer group legal ori-
6	entation programs regarding program
7	development and substantive legal
8	issues; and
9	(III) developing standards for the
10	legal orientation programs.
11	(C) Programs authorized.—A program
12	that shall make grants to nongovernmental
13	agencies for the purpose of developing, imple-
14	menting, or expanding legal orientation pro-
15	grams available to all Immigration and Natu-
16	ralization Service detainees at the facilities in
17	which such programs are offered.
18	(D) Visits.—Procedures that permit Im-
19	migration and Naturalization Service detainees
20	to have adequate access to contact visits from
21	the following individuals:
22	(i) Legal service providers, including
23	attorneys, paralegals, law graduates, law
24	students, and representatives accredited by
25	the Board of Immigration Appeals.

1	(ii) Consultants, as authorized under
2	section 235(b) of the Immigration and Na-
3	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1225(b)), before
4	and during interviews in which determina-
5	tions of credible fear of persecution are
6	made.
7	(iii) Individuals assisting in the provi-
8	sion of legal representation and docu-
9	mentation in support of the asylum seek-
10	ers' cases, including interpreters, medical
11	personnel, mental health providers, social
12	welfare workers, expert and fact witnesses,
13	and others.
14	(E) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—Pro-
15	cedures to provide adequate and prompt notice
16	to Immigration and Naturalization Service de-
17	tainees of their available release options and the
18	procedures to request those options provided in
19	the language of the detainee.
20	(F) Location of facilities.—A pre-
21	sumption in favor of locating detention facilities
22	near sources of free or low-cost legal represen-
23	tation with expertise in asylum and immigration

law to ensure that such services are readily ac-

cessible.

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1	(G) UPDATED LEGAL RESOURCES.—Access
2	to an updated law library.
3	(H) Notification of transfers.—Pro-
4	cedures requiring the prompt notification of the
5	legal representative of an Immigration and Nat-
6	uralization Service detainee before the detainee
7	is transferred to another detention facility.
8	(I) Access to telephones.—Procedures
9	permitting Immigration and Naturalization
10	Service detainees reasonable, equitable, and suf-
11	ficient access to telephones, and the ability to
12	make direct, free calls to legal representatives,
13	the immigration courts, the Board of Immigra-
14	tion Appeals, Federal and State courts, other
15	government offices, and consular officials.
16	(2) Religious and cultural provisions.—
17	(A) Access to religious services.—
18	Full and equitable access to religious services,
19	religious materials, opportunity for religious
20	group study, and religious counseling appro-
21	priate to Immigration and Naturalization Serv-
22	ice detainees' religious beliefs and practices.
23	(B) Chaplains.—The assignment of a
24	chaplain to each detention facility. The chaplain
25	shall be responsible for managing the religious

1	activities, including providing pastoral care and
2	counseling to detainees, and for facilitating ac-
3	cess to pastoral care and counseling from exter-
4	nal clergy or religious service providers, rep-
5	resenting the faiths of the Immigration and
6	Naturalization Service detainees detained at the
7	facility.
8	(C) Dietary needs.—Procedures to en-
9	sure that Immigration and Naturalization Serv-
10	ice detainees' religious, medical, and cultural di-
11	etary needs are met.
12	(D) QUALIFICATIONS OF STAFF.—Proce-
13	dures to ensure that detention facility staff
14	members are trained to recognize and address
15	cultural and gender issues relevant to male, fe-
16	male, and child Immigration and Naturalization
17	Service detainees.
18	(E) Access to detention facilities by
19	NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS.—Reason-
20	able access to a detention facility shall be pro-
21	vided to nongovernmental organizations for pur-
22	poses including—

(i) observing the conditions of detention outlined in this title;

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1	(ii) engaging in teaching and training
2	programs for the Immigration and Natu-
3	ralization Service detainees detained at the
4	facility; and
5	(iii) providing legal or religious serv-
6	ices to the Immigration and Naturalization
7	Service detainees.
8	SEC. 202. DETENTION OF ASYLUM SEEKERS.
9	(a) Requirement.—If found ineligible for parole or
10	placement in an alternative to detention under the pre-
11	vious section, asylum seekers shall be detained only in Im-
12	migration and Naturalization Service service processing
13	centers or in facilities contracted by the Immigration and
14	Naturalization Service solely to house immigration detain-
15	ees, unless the asylum seeker agrees to placement at an-
16	other facility.
17	(b) Determination by Asylum Officers.—
18	(1) In general.—Asylum officers shall deter-
19	mine whether to parole an asylum seeker or place an
20	asylum seeker in an appropriate alternative to deten-
21	tion.
22	(2) Timing of Determination.—A determina-
23	tion made under paragraph (1) shall be made within
24	1 week of a request for parole made by an asylum
25	spelzer

- 1 (3) Renewal of request.—If a request for 2 parole is denied, an asylum seeker may renew the re-3 quest if the asylum seeker has new or additional 4 supporting information.
 - (4) Training of asylum officers.—Asylum officers shall be trained in the appropriate use of and referral to detention alternatives.
- 8 (5) LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY TO DETAIN.—
 9 No asylum seeker may be detained if an asylum offi10 cer or immigration judge has determined that parole
 11 is appropriate.
- 12 (c) REVIEW OF DETENTION.—In each case in which 13 a request for release from detention by an asylum seeker 14 is denied, or in which no determination to parole or place 15 an asylum seeker in an appropriate alternative to deten-16 tion is made within one week of an asylum seeker's request 17 for parole, an immigration judge shall—
 - (1) examine the parole request, and any evidence in a hearing that includes all evidence provided in support of that request and determine within 10 days whether the individual should be paroled; and
- 23 (2) provide in writing to the detained asylum 24 seeker, and to the asylum seeker's legal representa-

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1	tive, the reason for any denial of release from deten-
2	tion.
3	TITLE III—GENERAL
4	PROVISIONS
5	SEC. 301. DEFINITIONS.
6	In this Act:
7	(1) Asylum officer.—The term "asylum offi-
8	cer" has the meaning given the term in section
9	235(b)(1)(F) (as redesignated by section 101(a)) of
10	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
11	1225(b)(1)(F)).
12	(2) Asylum seeker.—
13	(A) In General.—The term "asylum
14	seeker'' means—
15	(i) any applicant for asylum under
16	section 208 of the Immigration and Na-
17	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158);
18	(ii) any alien who indicates an inten-
19	tion to apply for asylum under that sec-
20	tion;
21	(iii) any applicant for withholding of
22	removal, pursuant either to section 1231 of
23	title 8. United States Code: or

- 1 (iv) an applicant who indicates an in-2 tention to apply for relief pursuant to the Convention Against Torture. 3 (B) LIMITATION.—The term "asylum seeker" includes an individual who is pursuing ap-6 peals through Federal court, but does not include an individual with respect to whom a final 7 8 order denying asylum has been entered. 9 (3) Immigration Judge.—The term "immigra-10 tion judge" has the meaning given the term in sec-11 tion 101(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality 12 Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(b)(4)). 13 (4) DETENTION FACILITY.—The term "deten-14 tion facility" means a Federal facility that meets the 15 requirements of section 202(a) in which an asylum 16 seeker is detained for more than 24 hours, or any 17 other facility in which those detention services are 18 provided to the Federal Government by contract, 19 and does not include detention at any port of entry
- 21 SEC. 302. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

in the United States.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Justice such sums as may be necessary to 24 carry out this Act.

1 SEC. 303. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 2 This Act, and the amendments made by this Act,
- 3 shall take effect 90 days after the date of enactment of

4 this Act.

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