### <sup>107th CONGRESS</sup> 2D SESSION H.R. 5292

To improve Federal agency oversight of contracts and assistance and to strengthen accountability of the governmentwide debarment and suspension system.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 26, 2002

Mrs. MALONEY of New York (for herself, Mr. HORN, and Mr. TURNER) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Government Reform

### A BILL

- To improve Federal agency oversight of contracts and assistance and to strengthen accountability of the governmentwide debarment and suspension system.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Contractors Account-

5 ability Act of 2002".

### 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 The Congress finds the following:

8 (1) NEED FOR DATABASE.—(A) By spending
9 over \$215,000,000,000 a year on procurement and

nonprocurement awards for goods and services, the
 Federal Government is the largest consumer in the
 world.

4 (B) It is in the best interest of the Federal
5 Government and its taxpayers to award contract and
6 assistance to entities that are responsible and have
7 a suitable record of integrity and business ethics.

8 (C) There is no centralized, comprehensive 9 database on judicial actions, consent decrees, admin-10 istrative agreements, terminations, or settlements 11 with respect to potential Federal contractors or as-12 sistance participants.

(D) Federal officials do not have the resources
necessary to assemble such information for each
Federal procurement award.

16 (E) The lack of this information compromises
17 the Federal Government's ability to safeguard the
18 integrity of the Federal procurement and assistance
19 activities.

(F) It is in the best business interests of the
Federal Government to have all information possible
regarding potential contractors' and assistance participants' performance and integrity records to assure that persons with which the Government does
business are presently responsible.

(2) REALITY OF DEBARMENTS AND SUSPEN-
SIONS OF TOP 43 FEDERAL CONTRACTORS.—Since
1990—
(A) of the top 43 Federal contractors
based on total contract dollars received—
(i) 16 have a total of 28 criminal con-
victions; and
(ii) 4 of the top ten have at least 2
criminal convictions;
(B) such 43 contractors have paid a total
of \$3,400,000,000 in fines, penalties, restitu-
tion, settlements, and clean-up costs under the
Superfund program; and
(C) despite such fines and criminal convic-
tions, only one of the 43 contractors has been
debarred or suspended from contracting with
the Federal Government, for only 5 days.
(3) NEED FOR DATABASE NOT FULFILLED.—
(A) There is no centralized listing of crimi-
nal or civil indictments, convictions, fines, pen-
alties, restitution, and settlement assessments

relating to contractors or assistance partici-

ance participants are not required to disclose all

(B) Potential Federal contractors or assist-

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relevant criminal, civil, or administrative rulings
 or resolutions during the Federal procurement
 award process.

4 (C) Without such a database or disclosure,
5 Federal award officials and debarment officials
6 lack important information relevant to present
7 responsibility.

## 8 SEC. 3. DATABASE FOR FEDERAL DEBARMENT OFFICIALS 9 AND CONTRACTING OFFICERS.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of General 11 Services shall establish and maintain a database of infor-12 mation regarding integrity and performance of Federal 13 contracts and assistance recipients for use by Federal pro-14 curement award officials and Federal officials having au-15 thority to debar or suspend persons from Federal con-16 tracts or assistance.

17 (b) INFORMATION INCLUDED.—The database—

(1) shall consist of information regarding judicial and administrative proceedings initiated or concluded by the Federal Government and State governments against Federal contractors or assistance recipients; and

23 (2) shall include with respect to each entity
24 awarded a Federal contract or assistance—

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1	(A) information regarding all proceedings
2	referred to in paragraph $(1)$ against that person
3	in at least the most recent 5-year period;
4	(B) with respect to each proceeding—
5	(i) a brief description of the pro-
6	ceeding; and
7	(ii) any amount paid by the person to
8	the Federal Government or a State govern-
9	ment;
10	(C) all Federal contracts and assistance
11	awarded to the person that were terminated in
12	such period due to default;
13	(D) all Federal debarments and suspen-
14	sions of the person in that period; and
15	(E) all Federal suspension and debarment
16	or administrative agreements signed with such
17	person in that period.
18	(c) INPUT OF DATA.—The Administrator shall design
19	and maintain the database in a manner that allows the
20	appropriate officials of each Federal agency to directly
21	input and update in the database information relating to
22	actions it has taken with regard to contractors or assist-
23	ance recipients.
24	(d) AVAILABILITY.—The Administrator shall make

the database available to all Federal agencies and to the

public in accordance with section 552 of title 5, United
 States Code, popularly known as the Freedom of Informa tion Act.

# 4 SEC. 4. SUSPENSION AND DEBARMENT PRESUMPTION FOR 5 REPEAT VIOLATORS AND POOR PER6 FORMERS.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Federal agency suspension and 8 debarment regulations shall be amended by no later than 9 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act to 10 provide that an entity shall be presumed nonresponsible with respect to award of a Federal contract or assistance 11 12 if the entity has rendered against it twice within any 3year period a judgment or conviction for the same offense, 13 or similar offenses, if each conviction constitutes a cause 14 15 for debarment under the Governmentwide debarment sys-16 tem.

(b) REBUTTAL.—The presumption under subsection
(a) shall be rebutted only if the entity demonstrates, by
clear and convincing evidence, that the entity is presently
responsible and has corrected the conditions that gave rise
to the violations.

(c) REPEAT VIOLATIONS.—An agency suspending official may deem evidence of repeat violations under subsection (a) as sufficient reason to find that immediate action is necessary to suspend an entity under the regula-

1 tions until the entity fulfills the requirements of subsection2 (b).

### **3** SEC. 5. DISCLOSURE IN APPLICATIONS.

Federal regulations shall be amended by no later than A Federal regulations shall be amended by no later than A 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act to A require that in applying for any Federal contract or assistance, whether by submission of a proposal, any solicitaa tion, bid, or other offer, an entity shall disclose in 9 writing—

(1) all Federal or State debarments or suspensions of the entity from contracts or assistance in
the 5-year period preceding the date of submission
of the application;

(2) all judicial and administrative proceedings
against the entity by the Federal Government or any
State that occurred in the 5-year period preceding
the date of the application; and

(3) all administrative agreements with respect
to Federal contracts or assistance that the entity is
implementing to avoid suspension or debarment
within 5 years of the date of the submission of the
application.

### 23 SEC. 6. ROLE OF INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE.

24 The Interagency Committee on Debarment and Sus-25 pension shall—

1	(1) resolve issues regarding which of several
2	Federal agencies is the lead agency having responsi-
3	bility to initiate suspension or debarment pro-
4	ceedings;
5	(2) coordinate actions among interested agen-
6	cies with respect to such action;
7	(3) encourage and assist Federal agencies in
8	entering into cooperative efforts to pool resources
9	and achieve operational efficiencies in the Govern-
10	mentwide suspension and debarment system;
11	(4) recommend to the Office of Management
12	and Budget changes to Government debarment and
13	suspension system and its rules, if such rec-
14	ommendations are approved by a majority of the
15	Interagency Committee;
16	(5) authorize the Office of Management and
17	Budget to issue guidelines that implement those rec-
18	ommendations;
19	(6) authorize the chair of the Committee to es-
20	tablish subcommittees as appropriate to best enable
21	the Interagency Committee to carry out its func-
22	tions; and
23	(7) submit to the Congress an annual report
24	on—

1	(A) the progress and efforts to improve the
2	suspension and debarment system;
3	(B) member agencies' active participation
4	in the committee's work; and
5	(C) a summary of each agency's activities
6	and accomplishments in the Governmentwide
7	debarment system.
8	SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF INDEPENDENT AGENCIES.
9	Any agency, commission, or organization of the Fed-
10	eral Government to which Executive Order 12549 does not
11	apply is authorized to participate in the Governmentwide
12	suspension and debarment system and may recognize the
13	suspension or debarment issued by an executive branch
14	agency in its own procurement or assistance activities.
15	SEC. 8. USE OF PAYMENTS UNDER ADMINISTRATIVE
16	AGREEMENTS.
17	(a) IN GENERAL.—A Federal agency may—
18	(1) retain amounts described in subsection (b);
19	and
20	(2) use those amounts solely—
21	(A) to administer, review, or oversee com-
22	pliance with suspension or debarment adminis-
23	trative agreements; and
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	(B) for costs associated with establishing

including for input and update of information in the database.

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3 (b) AMOUNTS DESCRIBED.—The amounts referred to
4 in subsection (a) are amounts received by the agency as
5 payment made by any Federal contractor or assistance
6 participant pursuant to an administrative agreement with
7 respect to a Federal contract or assistance activity.

8 (c) RESTRICTION.—Amounts retained under sub9 section (a)(1) may not be used for agency administration
10 or expenses not described in subsection (a)(2).

### 11 SEC. 9. DEFINITIONS.

12 In this Act:

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13 (1) INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE.—The term
14 "Interagency Committee on Debarment and Suspen15 sion" means such committee constituted under sec16 tions 4 and 5 and of Executive Order 12549.

17 (2) ASSISTANCE.—The term "assistance"
18 means Federal grants, cooperative agreements,
19 loans, loan guarantees, and other benefits included
20 as covered transactions under the Governmentwide
21 nonprocurement suspension and debarment rules.

(3) CONTRACT.—The term "contract" means
those direct procurement transactions covered by
subpart 9.4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

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