107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5387

To make needed reforms in the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

September 17, 2002

Mr. Conyers (for himself, Mr. Frank, Mr. Berman, Ms. Jackson-Lee of Texas, Mr. Meehan, Mr. Delahunt, Mr. Kucinich, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Davis of Illinois, Mr. Evans, and Ms. Schakowsky) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Government Reform, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To make needed reforms in the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Federal Bureau of In-
- 5 vestigation Reform Act of 2002".

1 TITLE I—IMPROVING FBI 2 OVERSIGHT

2	OVERSIGHT
3	SEC. 101. AUTHORITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
4	INSPECTOR GENERAL.
5	Section 8E of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5
6	U.S.C. App.) is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (b), by striking paragraphs
8	(2) and (3) and inserting the following:
9	"(2) except as specified in subsection (a) and
10	paragraph (3), may investigate allegations of crimi-
11	nal wrongdoing or administrative misconduct by an
12	employee of the Department of Justice, or may, in
13	the discretion of the Inspector General, refer such
14	allegations to the Office of Professional Responsi-
15	bility or the internal affairs office of the appropriate
16	component of the Department of Justice;
17	"(3) shall refer to the Counsel, Office of Profes-
18	sional Responsibility of the Department of Justice,
19	allegations of misconduct involving Department at-
20	torneys, investigators, or law enforcement personnel,
21	where the allegations relate to the exercise of the au-
22	thority of an attorney to investigate, litigate, or pro-
23	vide legal advice, except that no such referral shall
24	be made if the attorney is employed in the Office of
25	Professional Responsibility;

1 "(4) may investigate allegations of criminal 2 wrongdoing or administrative misconduct, including 3 a failure to properly discipline employees, by a per-4 son who is the head of any agency or component of 5 the Department of Justice; and

- "(5) shall forward the results of any investigation conducted under paragraph (4), along with any appropriate recommendation for disciplinary action, to the Attorney General, who is authorized to take appropriate disciplinary action."; and
- 11 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 12 "(d) If the Attorney General does not follow any rec-
- 13 ommendation of the Inspector General made under sub-
- 14 section (b)(5), the Attorney General shall submit a report
- 15 to the chairperson and ranking member of the Committees
- 16 on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Rep-
- 17 resentatives that sets forth the recommendation of the In-
- 18 spector General and the reasons of the Attorney General
- 19 for not following that recommendation.
- 20 "(e) The Attorney General shall ensure by regulation
- 21 that any component of the Department of Justice receiv-
- 22 ing a nonfrivolous allegation of criminal wrongdoing or ad-
- 23 ministrative misconduct by an employee of the Depart-
- 24 ment of Justice shall report that information to the In-
- 25 spector General.".

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1 SEC. 102. REVIEW OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

2	(a) Appointment of Oversight Official Within
3	THE OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL.—
4	(1) In general.—The Inspector General of
5	the Department of Justice shall direct that 1 official
6	from the office of the Inspector General be respon-
7	sible for supervising and coordinating independent
8	oversight of programs and operations of the Federal
9	Bureau of Investigation until September 30, 2003.
10	(2) Continuation of oversight.—The In-
11	spector General may continue individual oversight in
12	accordance with paragraph (1) after September 30,
13	2003, at the discretion of the Inspector General.
14	(b) Inspector General Oversight Plan for
15	THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.—Not later
16	than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
17	the Inspector General of the Department of Justice shall
18	submit to the Chairperson and ranking member of the
19	Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House
20	of Representatives, a plan for oversight of the Federal Bu-
21	reau of Investigation, which plan may include—
22	(1) an audit of the financial systems, informa-
23	tion technology systems, and computer security sys-
24	tems of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
25	(2) an audit and evaluation of programs and
26	processes of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to

- identify systemic weaknesses or implementation failures and to recommend corrective action;
- (3) a review of the activities of internal affairs
 offices of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, including the Inspections Division and the Office of
 Professional Responsibility;
- 7 (4) an investigation of allegations of serious 8 misconduct by personnel of the Federal Bureau of 9 Investigation;
 - (5) a review of matters relating to any other program or operation of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that the Inspector General determines requires review; and
- 14 (6) an identification of resources needed by the 15 Inspector General to implement a plan for oversight 16 of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- 17 (c) Report on Inspector General for Federal
- 18 Bureau of Investigation.—Not later than 90 days
- 19 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney Gen-
- 20 eral shall submit a report and recommendation to the
- 21 Chairperson and ranking member of the Committees on
- 22 the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representa-
- 23 tives concerning—

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- (1) whether there should be established, within
- 25 the Department of Justice, a separate office of the

- Inspector General for the Federal Bureau of Investigation that shall be responsible for supervising independent oversight of programs and operations of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
 - (2) what changes have been or should be made to the rules, regulations, policies, or practices governing the Federal Bureau of Investigation in order to assist the Office of the Inspector General in effectively exercising its authority to investigate the conduct of employees of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
 - (3) what differences exist between the methods and practices used by different Department of Justice components in the investigation and adjudication of alleged misconduct by Department of Justice personnel;
 - (4) what steps should be or are being taken to make the methods and practices described in paragraph (3) uniform throughout the Department of Justice; and
 - (5) whether a set of recommended guidelines relating to the discipline of Department of Justice personnel for misconduct should be developed, and what factors, such as the nature and seriousness of the misconduct, the prior history of the employee, and

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1	the rank and seniority of the employee at the time
2	of the misconduct, should be taken into account in
3	establishing such recommended disciplinary guide-
4	lines.
5	TITLE II—WHISTLEBLOWER
6	PROTECTION
7	SEC. 201. INCREASING PROTECTIONS FOR FBI WHISTLE-
8	BLOWERS.
9	Section 2303 of title 5, United States Code, is
10	amended to read as follows:
11	"§ 2303. Prohibited personnel practices in the Fed-
12	eral Bureau of Investigation
13	"(a) Definition.—In this section, the term 'per-
14	sonnel action' means any action described in clauses (i)
15	through (x) of section 2302(a)(2)(A).
16	"(b) PROHIBITED PRACTICES.—Any employee of the
17	Federal Bureau of Investigation who has the authority to
18	take, direct others to take, recommend, or approve any
19	personnel action, shall not, with respect to such authority,
20	take or fail to take a personnel action with respect to any
21	employee of the Bureau or because of—
22	"(1) any disclosure of information by the em-
23	ployee to the Attorney General (or an employee des-
24	ignated by the Attorney General for such purpose),
25	a supervisor of the employee, the Inspector General

1	for the Department of Justice, or a Member of Con-
2	gress that the employee reasonably believes evi-
3	dences—
4	"(A) a violation of any law, rule, or regula-
5	tion; or
6	"(B) mismanagement, a gross waste of
7	funds, an abuse of authority, or a substantial
8	and specific danger to public health or safety;
9	or
10	"(2) any disclosure of information by the em-
11	ployee to the Special Counsel of information that the
12	employee reasonably believes evidences—
13	"(A) a violation of any law, rule, or regula-
14	tion; or
15	"(B) mismanagement, a gross waste of
16	funds, an abuse of authority, or a substantial
17	and specific danger to public health or safety,
18	if such disclosure is not specifically prohibited by law
19	and if such information is not specifically required
20	by Executive order to be kept secret in the interest
21	of national defense or the conduct of foreign affairs.
22	"(c) Individual Right of Action.—Chapter 12 of
23	this title shall apply to an employee of the Federal Bureau
24	of Investigation who claims that a personnel action has
25	been taken under this section against the employee as a

- 1 reprisal for any disclosure of information described in sub-
- 2 section (b)(2).
- 3 "(d) Regulations.—The Attorney General shall
- 4 prescribe regulations to ensure that a personnel action
- 5 under this section shall not be taken against an employee
- 6 of the Federal Bureau of Investigation as a reprisal for
- 7 any disclosure of information described in subsection
- 8 (b)(1), and shall provide for the enforcement of such regu-
- 9 lations in a manner consistent with applicable provisions
- 10 of sections 1214 and 1221, and in accordance with the
- 11 procedures set forth in sections 554 through 557 and 701
- 12 through 706.".

13 TITLE III—FBI SECURITY

14 **CAREER PROGRAM**

- 15 SEC. 301. SECURITY MANAGEMENT POLICIES.
- 16 The Attorney General shall establish policies and pro-
- 17 cedures for the effective management (including accession,
- 18 education, training, and career development) of persons
- 19 serving in security positions in the Federal Bureau of In-
- 20 vestigation.
- 21 SEC. 302. DIRECTOR OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVES-
- 22 TIGATION.
- 23 (a) In General.—Subject to the authority, direc-
- 24 tion, and control of the Attorney General, the Director of
- 25 the Federal Bureau of Investigation (referred to in this

- 1 title as the "Director") shall carry out all powers, func-
- 2 tions, and duties of the Attorney General with respect to
- 3 the security workforce in the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
- 4 tion.
- 5 (b) Policy Implementation.—The Director shall
- 6 ensure that the policies of the Attorney General estab-
- 7 lished in accordance with this Act are implemented
- 8 throughout the Federal Bureau of Investigation at both
- 9 the headquarters and field office levels.
- 10 SEC. 303. DIRECTOR OF SECURITY.
- 11 The Director shall appoint a Director of Security, or
- 12 such other title as the Director may determine, to assist
- 13 the Director in the performance of the duties of the Direc-
- 14 tor under this Act.
- 15 SEC. 304. SECURITY CAREER PROGRAM BOARDS.
- 16 (a) Establishment.—The Director acting through
- 17 the Director of Security shall establish a security career
- 18 program board to advise the Director in managing the hir-
- 19 ing, training, education, and career development of per-
- 20 sonnel in the security workforce of the Federal Bureau
- 21 of Investigation.
- 22 (b) Composition of Board.—The security career
- 23 program board shall include—
- 24 (1) the Director of Security (or a representative
- of the Director of Security);

- 1 (2) the senior officials, as designated by the Di-2 rector, with responsibility for personnel manage-3 ment;
- 4 (3) the senior officials, as designated by the Di-5 rector, with responsibility for information manage-6 ment;
- 7 (4) the senior officials, as designated by the Di-8 rector, with responsibility for training and career de-9 velopment in the various security disciplines; and
- 10 (5) such other senior officials for the intel-11 ligence community as the Director may designate.
- 12 (c) Chairperson.—The Director of Security (or a
- 13 representative of the Director of Security) shall be the
- 14 chairperson of the board.
- 15 (d) Subordinate Boards.—The Director of Secu-
- 16 rity may establish a subordinate board structure to which
- 17 functions of the security career program board may be del-
- 18 egated.

19 SEC. 305. DESIGNATION OF SECURITY POSITIONS.

- 20 (a) Designation.—The Director shall designate, by
- 21 regulation, those positions in the Federal Bureau of Inves-
- 22 tigation that are security positions for purposes of this
- 23 Act.
- 24 (b) REQUIRED POSITIONS.—In designating security
- 25 positions under subsection (a), the Director shall include,

1	at a minimum, all security-related positions in the areas
2	of—
3	(1) personnel security and access control;
4	(2) information systems security and informa-
5	tion assurance;
6	(3) physical security and technical surveillance
7	countermeasures;
8	(4) operational, program, and industrial secu-
9	rity; and
10	(5) information security and classification man-
11	agement.
12	SEC. 306. CAREER DEVELOPMENT.
13	(a) Career Paths.—The Director shall ensure that
14	appropriate career paths for personnel who wish to pursue
15	careers in security are identified in terms of the education,
16	training, experience, and assignments necessary for career
17	progression to the most senior security positions and shall
18	make available published information on those career
19	paths.
20	(b) Limitation on Preference for Special
21	Agents.—
22	(1) In general.—Except as provided in the
23	policy established under paragraph (2), the Attorney
24	General shall ensure that no requirement or pref-
25	erence for a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of

1	Investigation (referred to in this title as a "Special
2	Agent") is used in the consideration of persons for
3	security positions.
4	(2) Policy.—The Attorney General shall estab-
5	lish a policy that permits a particular security posi-
6	tion to be specified as available only to Special
7	Agents, if a determination is made, under criteria
8	specified in the policy, that a Special Agent—
9	(A) is required for that position by law;
10	(B) is essential for performance of the du-
11	ties of the position; or
12	(C) is necessary for another compelling
13	reason.
14	(3) Report.—Not later than December 15 of
15	each year, the Director shall submit to the Attorney
16	General a report that lists—
17	(A) each security position that is restricted
18	to Special Agents under the policy established
19	under paragraph (2); and
20	(B) the recommendation of the Director as
21	to whether each restricted security position
22	should remain restricted.
23	(c) Opportunities To Qualify.—The Attorney
24	General shall ensure that all personnel, including Special
25	Agents, are provided the opportunity to acquire the edu-

- 1 cation, training, and experience necessary to qualify for
- 2 senior security positions.
- 3 (d) Best Qualified.—The Attorney General shall
- 4 ensure that the policies established under this Act are de-
- 5 signed to provide for the selection of the best qualified
- 6 individual for a position, consistent with other applicable
- 7 law.
- 8 (e) Assignments Policy.—The Attorney General
- 9 shall establish a policy for assigning Special Agents to se-
- 10 curity positions that provides for a balance between—
- 11 (1) the need for personnel to serve in career en-
- hancing positions; and
- 13 (2) the need for requiring service in each such
- position for sufficient time to provide the stability
- 15 necessary to carry out effectively the duties of the
- position and to allow for the establishment of re-
- sponsibility and accountability for actions taken in
- the position.
- 19 (f) LENGTH OF ASSIGNMENT.—In implementing the
- 20 policy established under subsection (b)(2), the Director
- 21 shall provide, as appropriate, for longer lengths of assign-
- 22 ments to security positions than assignments to other po-
- 23 sitions.
- 24 (g) Performance Appraisals.—The Director shall
- 25 provide an opportunity for review and inclusion of any

- 1 comments on any appraisal of the performance of a person
- 2 serving in a security position by a person serving in a secu-
- 3 rity position in the same security career field.
- 4 (h) Balanced Workforce Policy.—In the devel-
- 5 opment of security workforce policies under this Act with
- 6 respect to any employees or applicants for employment,
- 7 the Attorney General shall, consistent with the merit sys-
- 8 tem principles set out in paragraphs (1) and (2) of section
- 9 2301(b) of title 5, take into consideration the need to
- 10 maintain a balanced workforce in which women and mem-
- 11 bers of racial and ethnic minority groups are appropriately
- 12 represented in Government service.
- 13 SEC. 307. GENERAL EDUCATION, TRAINING, AND EXPERI-
- 14 ENCE REQUIREMENTS.
- 15 (a) In General.—The Director shall establish edu-
- 16 cation, training, and experience requirements for each se-
- 17 curity position, based on the level of complexity of duties
- 18 carried out in the position.
- 19 (b) QUALIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.—Before being
- 20 assigned to a position as a program manager or deputy
- 21 program manager of a significant security program, a per-
- 22 son—
- 23 (1) must have completed a security program
- 24 management course that is accredited by the Intel-
- 25 ligence Community-Department of Defense Joint Se-

- 1 curity Training Consortium or is determined to be
- 2 comparable by the Director; and
- 3 (2) must have not less than 6 years experience
- 4 in security, of which not less than 2 years were per-
- 5 formed in a similar program office or organization.

6 SEC. 308. EDUCATION AND TRAINING PROGRAMS.

- 7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in consultation with
- 8 the Director of Central Intelligence and the Secretary of
- 9 Defense, shall establish and implement education and
- 10 training programs for persons serving in security positions
- 11 in the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- 12 (b) Other Programs.—The Director shall ensure
- 13 that programs established under subsection (a) are estab-
- 14 lished and implemented, to the maximum extent prac-
- 15 ticable, uniformly with the programs of the Intelligence
- 16 Community and the Department of Defense.
- 17 SEC. 309. OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT AP-
- 18 PROVAL.
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall sub-
- 20 mit any requirement that is established under section 307
- 21 to the Director of the Office of Personnel Management
- 22 for approval.
- 23 (b) Final Approval.—If the Director does not dis-
- 24 approve the requirements established under section 307
- 25 within 30 days after the date on which the Director re-

- 1 ceives the requirement, the requirement is deemed to be
- 2 approved by the Director of the Office of Personnel Man-
- 3 agement.

4 TITLE IV—FBI COUNTERINTEL-

5 LIGENCE POLYGRAPH PRO-

6 **GRAM**

- 7 SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.
- 8 In this title:
- 9 (1) Polygraph program.—The term "poly-
- 10 graph program" means the counterintelligence
- screening polygraph program established under sec-
- tion 402.
- 13 (2) POLYGRAPH REVIEW.—The term "Poly-
- graph Review" means the review of the scientific va-
- lidity of the polygraph for counterintelligence screen-
- ing purposes conducted by the Committee to Review
- the Scientific Evidence on the Polygraph of the Na-
- tional Academy of Sciences.
- 19 SEC. 402. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.
- Not later than 6 months after publication of the re-
- 21 sults of the Polygraph Review, the Attorney General, in
- 22 consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of
- 23 Investigation and the Director of Security of the Federal
- 24 Bureau of Investigation, shall establish a counterintel-
- 25 ligence screening polygraph program for the Federal Bu-

1	reau of Investigation that consists of periodic polygraph
2	examinations of employees, or contractor employees of the
3	Federal Bureau of Investigation who are in positions spec-
4	ified by the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
5	tion as exceptionally sensitive in order to minimize the po-
6	tential for unauthorized release or disclosure of exception-
7	ally sensitive information.
8	SEC. 403. REGULATIONS.
9	(a) In General.—The Attorney General shall pre-
10	scribe regulations for the polygraph program in accord-
11	ance with subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5, United
12	States Code (commonly referred to as the Administrative
13	Procedures Act).
14	(b) Considerations.—In prescribing regulations
15	under subsection (a), the Attorney General shall—
16	(1) take into account the results of the Poly-
17	graph Review; and
18	(2) include procedures for—
19	(A) identifying and addressing false posi-
20	tive results of polygraph examinations;
21	(B) ensuring that adverse personnel ac-
22	tions are not taken against an individual solely
23	by reason of the physiological reaction of the in-
24	dividual to a question in a polygraph examina-
25	tion, unless—

1	(i) reasonable efforts are first made
2	independently to determine through alter-
3	native means, the veracity of the response
4	of the individual to the question; and
5	(ii) the Director of the Federal Bu-
6	reau of Investigation determines personally
7	that the personnel action is justified;
8	(C) ensuring quality assurance and quality
9	control in accordance with any guidance pro-
10	vided by the Department of Defense Polygraph
11	Institute and the Director of Central Intel-
12	ligence; and
13	(D) allowing any employee or contractor
14	who is the subject of a counterintelligence
15	screening polygraph examination under the
16	polygraph program, upon written request, to
17	have prompt access to any unclassified reports
18	regarding an examination that relates to any
19	adverse personnel action taken with respect to
20	the individual.
21	SEC. 404. REPORT ON FURTHER ENHANCEMENT OF FBI
22	PERSONNEL SECURITY PROGRAM.
23	(a) In General.—Not later than 9 months after the
24	date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Federal
25	Bureau of Investigation shall submit to Congress a report

1	setting forth recommendations for any legislative action
2	that the Director considers appropriate in order to en
3	hance the personnel security program of the Federal Bu
4	reau of Investigation.
5	(b) Polygraph Review Results.—Any rec
6	ommendation under subsection (a) regarding the use of
7	polygraphs shall take into account the results of the Poly
8	graph Review.
9	TITLE V—FBI POLICE
10	SEC. 501. DEFINITIONS.
11	In this title:
12	(1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means
13	the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation
14	(2) FBI BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.—
15	(A) In general.—The term "FBI build
16	ings and grounds" means—
17	(i) the whole or any part of any build
18	ing or structure which is occupied under a
19	lease or otherwise by the Federal Bureau
20	of Investigation and is subject to super
21	vision and control by the Federal Bureau
22	of Investigation;
23	(ii) the land upon which there is situ
24	ated any building or structure which is oc

1	cupied wholly by the Federal Bureau of In-
2	vestigation; and
3	(iii) any enclosed passageway con-
4	necting 2 or more buildings or structures
5	occupied in whole or in part by the Federal
6	Bureau of Investigation.
7	(B) Inclusion.—The term "FBI build-
8	ings and grounds" includes adjacent streets and
9	sidewalks not to exceed 500 feet from such
10	property.
11	(3) FBI POLICE.—The term "FBI police"
12	means the permanent police force established under
13	section 502.
14	SEC. 502. ESTABLISHMENT OF FBI POLICE; DUTIES.
15	(a) In General.—Subject to the supervision of the
16	Attorney General, the Director may establish a permanent
17	police force, to be known as the FBI police.
18	(b) Duties.—The FBI police shall perform such du-
19	ties as the Director may prescribe in connection with the
20	protection of persons and property within FBI buildings
21	and grounds.
22	(c) Uniformed Representative.—The Director,
23	or designated representative duly authorized by the Attor-
24	ney General, may appoint uniformed representatives of the
25	Federal Bureau of Investigation as FBI police for duty

1	in connection with the policing of all FBI buildings and
2	grounds.
3	(d) Authority.—
4	(1) In general.—In accordance with regula-
5	tions prescribed by the Director and approved by the
6	Attorney General, the FBI police may—
7	(A) police the FBI buildings and grounds
8	for the purpose of protecting persons and prop-
9	erty;
10	(B) in the performance of duties necessary
11	for carrying out subparagraph (A), make ar-
12	rests and otherwise enforce the laws of the
13	United States, including the laws of the District
14	of Columbia;
15	(C) carry firearms as may be required for
16	the performance of duties;
17	(D) prevent breaches of the peace and sup-
18	press affrays and unlawful assemblies; and
19	(E) hold the same powers as sheriffs and
20	constables when policing FBI buildings and
21	grounds.
22	(2) Exception.—The authority and policing
23	powers of FBI police under this subsection shall not
24	include the service of civil process.
25	(e) Pay and Benefits.—

1	(1) In general.—The rates of basic pay, sal-
2	ary schedule, pay provisions, and benefits for mem-
3	bers of the FBI police shall be equivalent to the
4	rates of basic pay, salary schedule, pay provisions,
5	and benefits applicable to members of the United
6	States Secret Service Uniformed Division.
7	(2) APPLICATION.—Pay and benefits for the
8	FBI police under paragraph (1)—
9	(A) shall be established by regulation;
10	(B) shall apply with respect to pay periods
11	beginning after January 1, 2003; and
12	(C) shall not result in any decrease in the
13	rates of pay or benefits of any individual.
14	SEC. 503. AUTHORITY OF METROPOLITAN POLICE FORCE.
15	This title does not affect the authority of the Metro-
16	politan Police Force of the District of Columbia with re-
17	spect to FBI buildings and grounds.
18	TITLE VI—REPORTS
19	SEC. 601. REPORT ON LEGAL AUTHORITY FOR FBI PRO-
20	GRAMS AND ACTIVITIES.
21	(a) In General.—Not later than December 31,
22	2002, the Attorney General shall submit to Congress a
23	report describing the statutory and other legal authority
24	for all programs and activities of the Federal Bureau of
25	Investigation.

1	(b) Contents.—The report submitted under sub-
2	section (a) shall describe—
3	(1) the titles within the United States Code and
4	the statutes for which the Federal Bureau of Inves-
5	tigation exercises investigative responsibility;
6	(2) each program or activity of the Federal Bu-
7	reau of Investigation that has express statutory au-
8	thority and the statute which provides that author-
9	ity; and
10	(3) each program or activity of the Federal Bu-
11	reau of Investigation that does not have express
12	statutory authority, and the source of the legal au-
13	thority for that program or activity.
14	(e) Recommendations.—The report submitted
15	under subsection (a) shall recommend whether—
16	(1) the Federal Bureau of Investigation should
17	continue to have investigative responsibility for each
18	statute for which the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
19	tion currently has investigative responsibility;
20	(2) the legal authority for any program or ac-
21	tivity of the Federal Bureau of Investigation should
22	be modified or repealed;
23	(3) the Federal Bureau of Investigation should
24	have express statutory authority for any program or
25	activity of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for

1	which the Federal Bureau of Investigation does not
2	currently have express statutory authority; and
3	(4) the Federal Bureau of Investigation
4	should—
5	(A) have authority for any new program or
6	activity; and
7	(B) express statutory authority with re-
8	spect to any new programs or activities.
9	SEC. 602. REPORT ON FBI INFORMATION MANAGEMENT
10	AND TECHNOLOGY.
11	(a) In General.—Not later than December 31,
12	2002, the Attorney General shall submit to Congress a
13	report on the information management and technology
14	programs of the Federal Bureau of Investigation including
15	recommendations for any legislation that may be nec-
16	essary to enhance the effectiveness of those programs.
17	(b) Contents of Report.—The report submitted
18	under subsection (a) shall provide—
19	(1) an analysis and evaluation of whether au-
20	thority for waiver of any provision of procurement
21	law (including any regulation implementing such a
22	law) is necessary to expeditiously and cost-effectively
23	acquire information technology to meet the unique
24	need of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to im-
25	prove its investigative operations in order to respond

1	better to national law enforcement, intelligence, and
2	counterintelligence requirements;
3	(2) the results of the studies and audits con-
4	ducted by the Strategic Management Council and
5	the Inspector General of the Department of Justice
6	to evaluate the information management and tech-
7	nology programs of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
8	tion, including systems, policies, procedures, prac-
9	tices, and operations; and
10	(3) a plan for improving the information man-
11	agement and technology programs of the Federal
12	Bureau of Investigation.
13	(c) Results.—The results provided under subsection
14	(b)(2) shall include an evaluation of—
15	(1) information technology procedures and
16	practices regarding procurement, training, and sys-
17	tems maintenance;
18	(2) record keeping policies, procedures, and
19	practices of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, fo-
20	cusing particularly on how information is inputted,
21	stored, managed, utilized, and shared within the

(3) how information in a given database is related or compared to, or integrated with, informa-

Federal Bureau of Investigation;

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1	tion in other technology databases within the Fed-
2	eral Bureau of Investigation;
3	(4) the effectiveness of the existing information
4	technology infrastructure of the Federal Bureau of
5	Investigation in supporting and accomplishing the
6	overall mission of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
7	tion;
8	(5) the management of information technology
9	projects of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, fo-
10	cusing on how the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
11	tion—
12	(A) selects its information technology
13	projects;
14	(B) ensures that projects under develop-
15	ment deliver benefits; and
16	(C) ensures that completed projects deliver
17	the expected results; and
18	(6) the security and access control techniques
19	for classified and sensitive but unclassified informa-
20	tion systems in the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
21	(d) Contents of Plan.—The plan provided under
22	subsection (b)(3) shall ensure that—
23	(1) appropriate key technology management po-
24	sitions in the Federal Bureau of Investigation are

1	filled by personnel with experience in the commercial
2	sector;
3	(2) access to the most sensitive information is
4	audited in such a manner that suspicious activity is
5	subject to near contemporaneous security review;
6	(3) critical information systems employ a public
7	key infrastructure to validate both users and recipi-
8	ents of messages or records;
9	(4) security features are tested by the National
10	Security Agency to meet national information sys-
11	tems security standards;
12	(5) all employees in the Federal Bureau of In-
13	vestigation receive annual instruction in records and
14	information management policies and procedures rel-
15	evant to their positions;
16	(6) a reserve is established for research and de-
17	velopment to guide strategic information manage-
18	ment and technology investment decisions;
19	(7) unnecessary administrative requirements for
20	software purchases under \$2,000,000 are eliminated
21	(8) full consideration is given to contacting with
22	an expert technology partner to provide technical
23	support for the information technology procurement

for the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

1	(9) procedures are instituted to procure prod-
2	ucts and services through contracts of other agen-
3	cies, as necessary; and
4	(10) a systems integration and test center, with
5	the participation of field personnel, tests each series
6	of information systems upgrades or application
7	changes before their operational deployment to con-
8	firm that they meet proper requirements.
9	SEC. 603. GAO REPORT ON CRIME STATISTICS REPORTING.
10	(a) In General.—Not later than 9 months after the
11	date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
12	of the United States shall submit to the Committees on
13	the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representa-
14	tives a report on the issue of how statistics are reported
15	and used by Federal law enforcement agencies.
16	(b) Contents.—The report submitted under sub-
17	section (a) shall—
18	(1) identify the current regulations, procedures,

- (1) identify the current regulations, procedures, internal policies, or other conditions that allow the investigation or arrest of an individual to be claimed or reported by more than 1 Federal or State agency charged with law enforcement responsibility;
- (2) identify and examine the conditions that allow the investigation or arrest of an individual to be claimed or reported by the Offices of Inspectors

- General and any other Federal agency charged with
 law enforcement responsibility;
- 3 (3) examine the statistics reported by Federal 4 law enforcement agencies, and document those in-5 stances in which more than 1 agency, bureau, or of-6 fice claimed or reported the same investigation or 7 arrest during the years 1998 through 2001;
 - (4) examine the issue of Federal agencies simultaneously claiming arrest credit for in-custody situations that have already occurred pursuant to a State or local agency arrest situation during the years 1998 through 2001;
 - (5) examine the issue of how such statistics are used for administrative and management purposes;
 - (6) set forth a comprehensive definition of the terms "investigation" and "arrest" as those terms apply to Federal agencies charged with law enforcement responsibilities; and
 - (7) include recommendations, that when implemented, would eliminate unwarranted and duplicative reporting of investigation and arrest statistics by all Federal agencies charged with law enforcement responsibilities.
- 24 (c) Federal Agency Compliance.—Federal law 25 enforcement agencies shall comply with requests made by

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1	the General Accounting Office for information that is nec-
2	essary to assist in preparing the report required by this
3	section.
4	TITLE VII—ENDING THE DOUBLE
5	STANDARD
6	SEC. 701. ALLOWING DISCIPLINARY SUSPENSIONS OF MEM-
7	BERS OF THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE
8	FOR 14 DAYS OR LESS.
9	Section 7542 of title 5, United States Code, is
10	amended by striking "for more than 14 days".
11	SEC. 702. SUBMITTING OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL RESPON-
12	SIBILITY REPORTS TO CONGRESSIONAL COM-
13	MITTEES.
14	(a) In General.—For each of the 5 years following
15	the date of enactment of this Act, the Office of the Inspec-
16	tor General shall submit to the chairperson and ranking
17	member of the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate
18	and the House of Representatives an annual report to be
19	completed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Office
20	of Professional Responsibility and provided to the Inspec-
21	tor General, which sets forth—
22	(1) basic information on each investigation
23	completed by that Office;
24	(2) the findings and recommendations of that
25	Office for disciplinary action: and

1	(3) what, if any, action was taken by the Direc-
2	tor of the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the
3	designee of the Director based on any such rec-
4	ommendation.
5	(b) Contents.—In addition to all matters already
6	included in the annual report described in subsection (a),
7	the report shall also include an analysis of—
8	(1) whether senior Federal Bureau of Investiga-
9	tion employees and lower level Federal Bureau of In-
10	vestigation personnel are being disciplined and inves-
11	tigated similarly; and
12	(2) whether any double standard is being em-
13	ployed to more senior employees with respect to alle-
14	gations of misconduct.
15	TITLE VIII—ENHANCING SECU-
16	RITY AT THE DEPARTMENT
17	OF JUSTICE
18	SEC. 801. REPORT ON THE PROTECTION OF SECURITY AND
19	INFORMATION AT THE DEPARTMENT OF JUS-
20	TICE.
21	Not later than December 31, 2002, the Attorney
22	General shall submit to Congress a report on the manner
23	in which the Security and Emergency Planning Staff, the
24	Office of Intelligence Policy and Review, and the Chief In-
25	formation Officer of the Department of Justice plan to

1	improve the protection of security and information at the
2	Department of Justice, including a plan to establish se-
3	cure electronic communications between the Federal Bu-
4	reau of Investigation and the Office of Intelligence Policy
5	and Review for processing information related to the For-
6	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
7	1801 et seq.).
8	SEC. 802. AUTHORIZATION FOR INCREASED RESOURCES TO
9	PROTECT SECURITY AND INFORMATION.
10	There are authorized to be appropriated to the De-
11	partment of Justice for the activities of the Security and
12	Emergency Planning Staff to meet the increased demands
13	to provide personnel, physical, information, technical, and
14	litigation security for the Department of Justice, to pre-
15	pare for terrorist threats and other emergencies, and to
16	review security compliance by components of the Depart-
17	ment of Justice—
18	(1) \$13,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
19	(2) \$17,000,000 for fiscal year 2004; and
20	(3) \$22,000,000 for fiscal year 2005.
21	SEC. 803. AUTHORIZATION FOR INCREASED RESOURCES TO
22	FULFILL NATIONAL SECURITY MISSION OF
23	THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.
24	There are authorized to be appropriated to the De-
25	partment of Justice for the activities of the Office of Intel-

- 1 ligence Policy and Review to help meet the increased per-
- 2 sonnel demands to combat terrorism, process applications
- 3 to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court, participate
- 4 effectively in counterespionage investigations, provide pol-
- 5 icy analysis and oversight on national security matters,
- 6 and enhance secure computer and telecommunications fa-
- 7 cilities—
- 8 (1) \$7,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
- 9 (2) \$7,500,000 for fiscal year 2004; and
- 10 (3) \$8,000,000 for fiscal year 2005.

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