#### 107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 5737

To posthumously revoke the naturalization of Eriberto Mederos.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NOVEMBER 14, 2002

Ms. Ros-Lehtinen (for herself, Mr. Diaz-Balart, Mr. Foley, Mr. Smith of New Jersey, Mr. Wexler, Mr. Tancredo, Mr. Gilman, Mr. Burton of Indiana, and Mr. Engel) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

## A BILL

To posthumously revoke the naturalization of Eriberto Mederos.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Cuban Victims of Tor-
- 5 ture Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds as follows:
- 8 (1) Eriberto Mederos, a native of Cuba, was
- 9 naturalized as a citizen of the United States in
- 10 1993.

- 1 (2) On August 1, 2002, the jury returned a
  2 guilty verdict in a proceeding instituted for the pur3 pose of revoking the order admitting Eriberto
  4 Mederos to citizenship on the ground that such
  5 order was procured by concealment of material facts
  6 and willful misrepresentations.
  - (3) For almost two weeks preceding the verdict, the jury heard gruesome testimony from a series of witnesses revealing that, in the forensic wings of the Mazorra Psychiatric Hospital outside of Havana, Eriberto Mederos directed tortures against political prisoners, such as dragging, administration of electric shocks, and forced drug injections. He sometimes let his victims know that the cause of their suffering was "counter-revolutionary" opposition to the Communist dictatorship in Cuba.
  - (4) These acts of torture were not revealed on Eriberto Mederos's application for naturalization.
  - (5) On August 23, 2002, Eriberto Mederos died before a sentence was imposed.
- 21 (6) The jury verdict was abated solely because of his death.
  - (7) Had Eriberto Mederos not died before sentencing, the guilty verdict of the jury would have led to the revocation of his naturalization.

- 1 (8) The significance of the jury verdict is in no
  2 way depreciated by the fortuitous death of Eriberto
  3 Mederos. It stands as an established record that
  4 Eriberto Mederos illegally procured United States
  5 citizenship by concealing his role in torturing polit6 ical prisoners on behalf of the Communist govern7 ment of Cuba.
- 8 (9) The suffering and indignity Eriberto
  9 Mederos inflicted on his victims should be recognized
  10 and addressed.
- 11 (10) Eriberto Mederos should never have been 12 granted United States citizenship.

### 13 SEC. 3. REVOCATION OF NATURALIZATION.

14 The Attorney General shall take such actions as may 15 be necessary to revoke and set aside the order admitting Eriberto Mederos to citizenship, and to cancel the certifi-16 cate of naturalization that was issued pursuant to such 17 18 order, on the ground that such order and certificate were 19 procured by concealment of material facts and willful mis-20 representations. Such revocation and setting aside of the 21 order, and such canceling of the certificate of naturalization, shall be effective as of the original date of the order 23 and certificate, respectively.