## Calendar No. 600

107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION S. 198

[Report No. 107-281]

To require the Secretary of the Interior to establish a program to provide assistance through States to eligible weed management entities to control or eradicate harmful, nonnative weeds on public and private land.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 29, 2001

Mr. Craig (for himself, Mr. Daschle, Mr. Baucus, Mr Burns, Mr. Conrad, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Dorgan, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Smith of Oregon, Mr. Inouye, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Brownback, Mr. Akaka, Mr. Allard, Mr. Ensign, Ms. Cantwell, and Mr. Hagel) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

September 17, 2002

Reported by Mr. BINGAMAN, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

# A BILL

To require the Secretary of the Interior to establish a program to provide assistance through States to eligible weed management entities to control or eradicate harmful, nonnative weeds on public and private land.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### SECTION 1 SHORT TITLE

1	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
2	This Act may be cited as the "Harmful Nonnative
3	Weed Control Act of 2000".
4	SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
5	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
6	(1) public and private land in the United States
7	faces unprecedented and severe stress from harmful,
8	nonnative weeds;
9	(2) the economic and resource value of the land
10	is being destroyed as harmful nonnative weeds over-
11	take native vegetation, making the land unusable for
12	forage and for diverse plant and animal commu-
13	nities;
14	(3) damage caused by harmful nonnative weeds
15	has been estimated to run in the hundreds of mil-
16	lions of dollars annually;
17	(4) successfully fighting this scourge will re-
18	quire coordinated action by all affected stakeholders,
19	including Federal, State, and local governments, pri-
20	vate landowners, and nongovernmental organiza-
21	tions;
22	(5) the fight must begin at the local level, since
23	it is at the local level that persons feel the loss
24	eaused by harmful nonnative weeds and will there-
25	fore have the greatest motivation to take effective

action; and

26

1	(6) to date, effective action has been hampered
2	by inadequate funding at all levels of government
3	and by inadequate coordination.
4	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
5	(1) to provide assistance to eligible weed man-
6	agement entities in carrying out projects to control
7	or eradicate harmful, nonnative weeds on public and
8	private land;
9	(2) to coordinate the projects with existing
10	weed management areas and districts;
11	(3) in locations in which no weed management
12	entity, area, or district exists, to stimulate the for-
13	mation of additional local or regional cooperative
14	weed management entities, such as entities for weed
15	management areas or districts, that organize locally
16	affected stakeholders to control or eradicate weeds
17	(4) to leverage additional funds from a variety
18	of public and private sources to control or eradicate
19	weeds through local stakeholders; and
20	(5) to promote healthy, diverse, and desirable
21	plant communities by abating through a variety of
22	measures the threat posed by harmful, nonnative
23	weeds.
24	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

25

In this Act:

- 1 (1) ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—The term "Advi2 sory Committee" means the advisory committee es3 tablished under section 5.
- 4 (2) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means
  5 the Secretary of the Interior.
- 6 (3) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
  7 the several States of the United States, the District
  8 of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the
  9 Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the
  10 Northern Mariana Islands, and any other territory
  11 or possession of the United States.

#### 12 SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.

The Secretary shall establish in the Office of the Secretary a program to provide financial assistance through States to eligible weed management entities to control or eradicate harmful, nonnative weeds on public and private land.

### 18 SEC. 5. ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish in
- 20 the Department of the Interior an advisory committee to
- 21 make recommendations to the Secretary regarding the an-
- 22 nual allocation of funds to States under section 6 and
- 23 other issues related to funding under this Act.

1	(b) Composition.—The Advisory Committee shall be
2	composed of not more than 10 individuals appointed by
3	the Secretary who—
4	(1) have knowledge and experience in harmful
5	nonnative weed management; and
6	(2) represent the range of economic, conserva-
7	tion, geographic, and social interests affected by
8	harmful, nonnative weeds.
9	(e) TERM.—The term of a member of the Advisory
10	Committee shall be 4 years.
11	(d) Compensation.—
12	(1) In General.—A member of the Advisory
13	Committee shall receive no compensation for the
14	service of the member on the Advisory Committee.
15	(2) Travel expenses.—A member of the Ad-
16	visory Committee shall be allowed travel expenses.
17	including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates
18	authorized for an employee of an agency under sub-
19	chapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States
20	Code, while away from the home or regular place of
21	business of the member in the performance of the
22	duties of the Advisory Committee.
23	(e) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—The
24	Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not
25	apply to the Advisory Committee.

## 1 SEC. 6. ALLOCATION OF FUNDS TO STATES.

2	(a) IN GENERAL.—In consultation with the Advisory
3	Committee, the Secretary shall allocate funds made avail-
4	able for each fiscal year under section 8 to States to pro-
5	vide funding in accordance with section 7 to eligible weed
6	management entities to carry out projects approved by
7	States to control or eradicate harmful, nonnative weeds
8	on public and private land.
9	(b) Amount.—The Secretary shall determine the
10	amount of funds allocated to a State for a fiscal year
11	under this section on the basis of—
12	(1) the seriousness of the harmful, nonnative
13	weed problem or potential problem in the State, or
14	a portion of the State;
15	(2) the extent to which the Federal funds will
16	be used to leverage non-Federal funds to address the
17	harmful, nonnative weed problems in the State;
18	(3) the extent to which the State has made
19	progress in addressing harmful, nonnative weed
20	problems in the State;
21	(4) the extent to which weed management enti-
22	ties in a State are eligible for base payments under
23	section 7; and
24	(5) other factors recommended by the Advisory
25	Committee and approved by the Secretary.

### 1 SEC. 7. USE OF FUNDS ALLOCATED TO STATES.

2	(a) In General.—A State that receives an allocation
3	of funds under section 6 for a fiscal year shall use—
4	(1) not more than 25 percent of the allocation
5	to make a base payment to each weed management
6	entity in accordance with subsection (b); and
7	(2) not less than 75 percent of the allocation to
8	make financial awards to weed management entities
9	in accordance with subsection (e).
10	(b) Base Payments.—
11	(1) Use by weed management entities.—
12	(A) In General.—Base payments under
13	subsection (a)(1) shall be used by weed man-
14	agement entities—
15	(i) to pay the Federal share of the
16	cost of carrying out projects described in
17	subsection (d) that are selected by the
18	State in accordance with subsection (d); or
19	(ii) for any other purpose relating to
20	the activities of the weed management en-
21	tities, subject to guidelines established by
22	the State.
23	(B) Federal Share.—Under subpara-
24	graph (A), the Federal share of the cost of ear-
25	rying out a project described in subsection (d)
26	shall not exceed 50 percent.

1	(2) Eligibility of weed management enti-
2	TIES.—To be eligible to obtain a base payment
3	under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year, a weed man-
4	agement entity in a State shall—
5	(A) be established by local stakeholders—
6	(i) to control or eradicate harmful,
7	nonnative weeds on public or private land;
8	<del>Ol'</del>
9	(ii) to increase public knowledge and
10	education concerning the need to control or
11	eradicate harmful, nonnative weeds on
12	public or private land;
13	(B)(i) for the first fiscal year for which the
14	entity receives a base payment, provide to the
15	State a description of—
16	(I) the purposes for which the entity
17	was established; and
18	(II) any projects carried out to accom-
19	plish those purposes; and
20	(ii) for any subsequent fiscal year for
21	which the entity receives a base payment, pro-
22	vide to the State—
23	(I) a description of the activities car-
24	ried out by the entity in the previous fiscal
25	<del>year -</del>

1	(aa) to control or cradicate harm-
2	ful, nonnative weeds on public or pri-
3	vate land; or
4	(bb) to increase public knowledge
5	and education concerning the need to
6	control or eradicate harmful, non-
7	native weeds on public or private land;
8	and
9	(II) the results of each such activity;
10	and
11	(C) meet such additional eligibility require-
12	ments, and conform to such process for deter-
13	mining eligibility, as the State may establish.
14	(c) Financial Awards.—
15	(1) Use by weed management entities.—
16	(A) In General.—Financial awards under
17	subsection (a)(2) shall be used by weed man-
18	agement entities to pay the Federal share of
19	the cost of carrying out projects described in
20	subsection (d) that are selected by the State in
21	accordance with subsection (d).
22	(B) Federal Share.—Under subpara-
23	graph (A), the Federal share of the cost of car-
24	rying out a project described in subsection (d)
25	shall not exceed 50 percent.

1	(2) Eligibility of weed management enti-
2	THES.—To be eligible to obtain a financial award
3	under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year, a weed man-
4	agement entity in a State shall—
5	(A) meet the requirements for eligibility
6	for a base payment under subsection $(b)(2)$ ;
7	and
8	(B) submit to the State a description of
9	the project for which the financial award is
10	sought.
11	(d) Projects.—
12	(1) In General.—An eligible weed manage-
13	ment entity may use a base payment or financial
14	award received under this section to carry out a
15	project relating to the control or eradication of
16	harmful, nonnative weeds on public or private land,
17	including—
18	(A) education, inventories and mapping,
19	management, monitoring, and similar activities,
20	including the payment of the cost of personnel
21	and equipment; and
22	(B) innovative projects, with results that
23	are disseminated to the public.
24	(2) Selection of Projects.—A State shall
25	select projects for funding under this section on a

1	competitive basis, taking into consideration (with
2	equal consideration given to economic and natural
3	<del>values)—</del>
4	(A) the seriousness of the harmful, non-
5	native weed problem or potential problem ad-
6	dressed by the project;
7	(B) the likelihood that the project will pre-
8	vent or resolve the problem, or increase knowl-
9	edge about resolving similar problems in the fu-
10	<del>ture;</del>
11	(C) the extent to which the payment will
12	leverage non-Federal funds to address the
13	harmful, nonnative weed problem addressed by
14	the project;
15	(D) the extent to which the entity has
16	made progress in addressing harmful, nonnative
17	weed problems;
18	(E) the extent to which the project will
19	provide a comprehensive approach to the con-
20	trol or eradication of harmful, nonnative weeds;
21	(F) the extent to which the project will re-
22	duce the total population of a harmful, non-
23	native weed within the State; and
24	(G) other factors that the State determines
25	to be relevant

$\frac{(3)}{(3)}$	1 Scope	<del>OF PROJE</del>	CTS
10	1 830301111		AUIN.

- (A) IN GENERAL.—A weed management entity shall determine the geographic scope of the harmful, nonnative weed problem to be addressed through a project using a base payment or financial award received under this section.
- (B) MULTIPLE STATES.—A weed management entity may use the base payment or financial award to carry out a project to address the harmful, nonnative weed problem of more than 1 State if the entity meets the requirements of applicable State laws.
- (4) Land.—A weed management entity may use a base payment or financial award received under this section to earry out a project to control or eradicate weeds on any public or private land with the approval of the owner or operator of the land, other than land that is devoted to the cultivation of row crops, fruits, or vegetables.
- (5) Prohibition on projects to control aquatic noxious weeds or animal pests.—A base payment or financial award under this section may not be used to carry out a project to control or cradicate aquatic noxious weeds or animal pests.

1	(e) Administrative Costs.—Not more than 5 per-
2	cent of the funds made available under section 8 for a
3	fiscal year may be used by the States or the Federal Gov-
4	ernment to pay the administrative costs of the program
5	established by this Act, including the costs of complying
6	with Federal environmental laws.
7	SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
8	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
9	as are necessary to carry out this Act.
10	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
11	This Act may be cited as the "Noxious Weed Control
12	Act of 2002".
13	SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
14	In this Act:
15	(1) Noxious weed.—The term "noxious weed"
16	has the same meaning as in the Plant Protection Act
17	(7 U.S.C. 7702(10)).
18	(2) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
19	the Secretary of the Interior.
20	(3) State.—The term "State" means each of the
21	several States of the United States, the District of Co-
22	lumbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin
23	Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern
24	Mariana Islands, and any other territory or posses-
25	sion of the United States.

1	(4) Indian tribe" has
2	the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian
3	Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25
4	$U.S.C.\ 450b).$
5	(5) WEED MANAGEMENT ENTITY.—The term
6	"weed management entity" means an entity that—
7	(A) is recognized by the State in which it
8	$is\ established;$
9	(C) is established for the purpose of control-
10	ling or eradicating harmful, invasive weeds and
11	increasing public knowledge and education con-
12	cerning the need to control or eradicate harmful,
13	invasive weeds; and
14	(D) is multijurisdictional and multidisci-
15	plinary in nature.
16	SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.
17	The Secretary shall establish a program to provide fi-
18	nancial assistance through States to eligible weed manage-
19	ment entities to control or eradicate weeds. In developing
20	the program, the Secretary shall consult with the National
21	Invasive Species Council, the Invasive Species Advisory
22	Committee, representatives from States and Indian tribes
23	with weed management entities or that have particular
24	problems with noxious weeds, and public and private enti-
25	ties with experience in noxious weed management.

### 1 SEC. 4. ALLOCATION OF FUNDS TO STATES AND INDIAN

- 2 TRIBES.
- 3 The Secretary shall allocate funds to States to provide
- 4 funding to weed management entities to carry out projects
- 5 approved by States to control or eradicate weeds on the
- 6 basis of the severity or potential severity of the noxious weed
- 7 problem, the extent to which the Federal funds will be used
- 8 to leverage non-Federal funds, the extent to which the State
- 9 has made progress in addressing noxious weed problems,
- 10 and such other factors as the Secretary deems relevant. The
- 11 Secretary shall provide special consideration for States with
- 12 approved weed management entities established by Indian
- 13 tribes, and may provide an additional allocation to a State
- 14 to meet the particular needs and projects that such a weed
- 15 management entity will address.

### 16 SEC. 5. ELIGIBILITY AND USE OF FUNDS.

- 17 (a) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall prescribe re-
- 18 quirements for applications by States for funding, includ-
- 19 ing provisions for auditing of and reporting on the use of
- 20 funds and criteria to ensure that weed management entities
- 21 recognized by the States are capable of carrying out
- 22 projects, monitoring and reporting on the use of funds, and
- 23 are knowledgeable about and experienced in noxious weed
- 24 management and represent private and public interests ad-
- 25 versely affected by noxious weeds. Eligible activities for
- 26 funding shall include—

1	(1) applied research to solve locally significant
2	weed management problems and solutions, except that
3	such research may not exceed 8 percent of the avail-
4	able funds in any year;
5	(2) incentive payments to encourage the forma-
6	tion of new weed management entities, except that
7	such payments may not exceed 25 percent of the
8	available funds in any year; and
9	(3) projects relating to the control or eradication
10	of noxious weeds, including education, inventories
11	and mapping, management, monitoring, and similar
12	activities, including the payment of the cost of per-
13	sonnel and equipment that promote such control or
14	eradication, and other activities to promote such con-
15	trol or eradication, if the results of the activities are
16	disseminated to the public.
17	(b) Project Selection.—A State shall select projects
18	for funding to a weed management entity on a competitive
19	basis considering—
20	(1) the seriousness of the noxious weed problem
21	or potential problem addressed by the project;
22	(2) the likelihood that the project will prevent or
23	resolve the problem, or increase knowledge about re-

solving similar problems in the future;

24

1	(3) the extent to which the payment will leverage
2	non-Federal funds to address the noxious weed prob-
3	lem addressed by the project;
4	(4) the extent to which the weed management en-
5	tity has made progress in addressing noxious weed
6	problems;
7	(5) the extent to which the project will provide
8	a comprehensive approach to the control or eradi-
9	cation of noxious weeds;
10	(6) the extent to which the project will reduce the
11	total population of a noxious weed;
12	(7) the extent to which the project uses the prin-
13	ciples of integrated vegetation management and sound
14	science; and
15	(8) such other factors that the State determines
16	to be relevant.
17	(c) Information and Report.—As a condition of the
18	receipt of funding, States shall require such information
19	from grant recipients as necessary and shall submit to the
20	Secretary a report that describes the purposes and results
21	of each project for which the payment or award was used,
22	by not later than 6 months after completion of the projects.
23	(d) Federal Share.—The Federal share of any
24	project or activity approved by a State or Indian tribe

25 under this Act may not exceed 50 percent unless the State

- 1 meets criteria established by the Secretary that accommo-
- 2 dates situations where a higher percentage is necessary to
- 3 meet the needs of an underserved area or addresses a critical
- 4 need that cannot be met otherwise.

#### 5 SEC. 6. LIMITATIONS.

- 6 (a) Landowner Consent; Land Under Cultiva-
- 7 TION.—Any activity involving real property, either private
- 8 or public, may be carried out under this Act only with the
- 9 consent of the landowner and no project may be undertaken
- 10 on property that is devoted to the cultivation of row crops,
- 11 fruits, or vegetables.
- 12 (b) Compliance With State Law.—A weed manage-
- 13 ment entity may carry out a project to address the noxious
- 14 weed problem in more than one State only if the entity
- 15 meets the requirements of the State laws in all States in
- 16 which the entity will undertake the project.
- 17 (c) Use of Funds.—Funding under this Act may not
- 18 be used to carry out a project—
- 19 (1) to control or eradicate animals, pests, or sub-
- 20 merged or floating noxious aquatic weeds; or
- 21 (2) to protect an agricultural commodity (as de-
- 22 fined in section 102 of the Agricultural Trade Act of
- 23 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602)) other than—

1	(A) livestock (as defined in section 602 of
2	the Agricultural Trade Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C.
3	1471); or
4	(B) an animal- or insect-based product.
5	SEC. 7. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROGRAMS.
6	Assistance authorized under this Act is intended to
7	supplement, and not replace, assistance available to weed
8	management entities, areas, and districts for control or
9	eradication of harmful, invasive weeds on public lands and
10	private lands, including funding available under the Pull-
11	ing Together Initiative of the National Fish and Wildlife
12	Foundation; and the provision of funds to any entity under
13	this Act shall have no effect on the amount of any payment
14	received by a county from the Federal Government under
15	chapter 69 of title 31, United States Code (commonly
16	known as the Payments in Lieu of Taxes Act).
17	SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
18	To carry out this Act there is authorized to be appro-
19	priated to the Secretary \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal
20	years 2002 through 2006, of which not more than 5 percent
21	of the funds made available for a fiscal year may be used
22	by the Secretary for administrative costs of Federal agen-
23	cies.

### Calendar No. 600

 $^{\tiny 107\text{TH CONGRESS}}_{\tiny 2\text{D SESSION}}~\textbf{S.}~\textbf{198}$ 

[Report No. 107-281]

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