

107<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
2<sup>D</sup> SESSION

# S. 2558

To amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for the collection of data on benign brain-related tumors through the national program of cancer registries.

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## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 23, 2002

Mr. REED (for himself, Mr. FITZGERALD, Ms. CANTWELL, and Mr. DEWINE) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

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## A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for the collection of data on benign brain-related tumors through the national program of cancer registries.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Benign Brain Tumor  
5 Cancer Registries Amendment Act”.



1           “(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of para-  
2 graph (1), the conditions referred to in this  
3 paragraph are the following:

4           “(i) Each form of in-situ and invasive  
5 cancer (with the exception of basal cell and  
6 squamous cell carcinoma of the skin), in-  
7 cluding malignant brain-related tumors.

8           “(ii) Benign brain-related tumors.

9           “(B) BRAIN-RELATED TUMOR.—For pur-  
10 poses of subparagraph (A):

11           “(i) The term ‘brain-related tumor’  
12 means a listed primary tumor (whether  
13 malignant or benign) occurring in any of  
14 the following sites:

15           “(I) The brain, meninges, spinal  
16 cord, cauda equina, a cranial nerve or  
17 nerves, or any other part of the cen-  
18 tral nervous system.

19           “(II) The pituitary gland, pineal  
20 gland, or craniopharyngeal duct.

21           “(ii) The term ‘listed’, with respect to  
22 a primary tumor, means a primary tumor  
23 that is listed in the International Classi-  
24 fication of Diseases for Oncology (com-  
25 monly referred to as the ICD–O).

1           “(iii) The term ‘International Classi-  
2           fication of Diseases for Oncology’ means a  
3           classification system that includes topog-  
4           raphy (site) information and histology (cell  
5           type information) developed by the World  
6           Health Organization, in collaboration with  
7           international centers, to promote inter-  
8           national comparability in the collection,  
9           classification, processing, and presentation  
10          of cancer statistics. The ICD–O system is  
11          a supplement to the International Statis-  
12          tical Classification of Diseases and Related  
13          Health Problems (commonly known as the  
14          ICD) and is the standard coding system  
15          used by cancer registries worldwide. Such  
16          term includes any modification made to  
17          such system for purposes of the United  
18          States. Such term further includes any  
19          published classification system that is  
20          internationally recognized as a successor to  
21          the classification system referred to in the  
22          first sentence of this clause.

23           “(C) STATEWIDE CANCER REGISTRY.—  
24          References in this section to cancer registries

1           shall be considered to be references to registries  
2           described in this subsection.”.

3           (b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by sub-  
4 section (a) apply to grants under section 399B of the Pub-  
5 lic Health Service Act for fiscal year 2002 and subsequent  
6 fiscal years, except that, in the case of a State that re-  
7 ceived such a grant for fiscal year 2000, the Secretary  
8 of Health and Human Services may delay the applicability  
9 of such amendments to the State for not more than 12  
10 months if the Secretary determines that compliance with  
11 such amendments requires the enactment of a statute by  
12 the State or the issuance of State regulations.

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