107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2641

To amend the Toxic Substances Control Act to reduce the health risks posed by asbestos-containing products.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 18, 2002

Mrs. Murray (for herself, Mr. Baucus, Ms. Cantwell, Mr. Dayton, and Mr. Wellstone) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

A BILL

To amend the Toxic Substances Control Act to reduce the health risks posed by asbestos-containing products.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Ban Asbestos in Amer-
- 5 ica Act of 2002".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that—
- 8 (1) the Administrator of the Environmental
- 9 Protection Agency has classified asbestos as a cat-

1	egory A human carcinogen, the highest cancer haz-
2	ard classification for a substance;
3	(2) there is no known safe level of exposure to
4	asbestos;
5	(3)(A) in hearings before Congress in the early
6	1970s, the example of asbestos was used to justify
7	the need for comprehensive legislation on toxic sub-
8	stances; and
9	(B) in 1976, Congress passed the Toxic Sub-
10	stances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.);
11	(4) in 1989, the Administrator promulgated
12	final regulations under title II of the Toxic Sub-
13	stances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2641 et seq.) to
14	phase out asbestos in consumer products by 1997;
15	(5) in 1991, the United States Court of Appeals
16	for the 5th Circuit overturned the regulations, and
17	the Administrator did not appeal the decision to the
18	Supreme Court;
19	(6) as a result, while new uses of asbestos were
20	banned, asbestos is still being used in some con-
21	sumer and industrial products in the United States;
22	(7) available evidence suggests that—
23	(A) imports of some types of asbestos-con-
24	taining products may be increasing; and

1	(B) some of those products are imported
2	from foreign countries in which asbestos is
3	poorly regulated;
4	(8) many people in the United States incor-
5	rectly believe that—
6	(A) asbestos has been banned in the
7	United States; and
8	(B) there is no risk of exposure to asbestos
9	through the use of new commercial products;
10	(9) asbestos has been banned in Argentina,
11	Austria, Belgium, Chile, Croatia, Denmark, Finland,
12	France, Germany, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, the
13	Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Saudi Arabia, Swe-
14	den, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom;
15	(10) asbestos will be banned throughout the
16	European Union in 2005;
17	(11) the World Trade Organization recently
18	upheld the right of France to ban asbestos, with the
19	United States Trade Representative filing a brief in
20	support of the right of France to ban asbestos;
21	(12) the 1999 brief by the United States Trade
22	Representative stated, "In the view of the United
23	States, chrysotile asbestos is a toxic material that
24	presents a serious risk to human health.";

1	(13) people in the United States have been ex-
2	posed to harmful levels of asbestos as a contaminant
3	of other minerals;
4	(14) in the town of Libby, Montana, workers
5	and residents have been exposed to dangerous levels
6	of asbestos for generations because of mining oper-
7	ations at the W.R. Grace vermiculite mine located in
8	that town;
9	(15) the Agency for Toxic Substances and Dis-
10	ease Registry found that over a 20-year period,
11	"mortality in Libby resulting from asbestosis was
12	approximately 40 to 60 times higher than expected.
13	Mesothelioma mortality was also elevated.";
14	(16)(A) in response to this crisis, in January
15	2002, the Governor of Montana requested that the
16	Administrator of the Environmental Protection
17	Agency designate Libby as a Superfund site; and
18	(B) the Administrator is in the process of plac-
19	ing Libby on the National Priorities List;
20	(17)(A) vermiculite from Libby was shipped for
21	processing to 42 States; and
22	(B) Federal agencies are investigating potential
23	harmful exposures to asbestos-contaminated
24	vermiculite at sites throughout the United States;
25	and

1	(18) although it is impracticable to ban asbes-
2	tos entirely because asbestos is a naturally occurring
3	mineral in the environment and occurs in several de-
4	posits throughout the United States, Congress needs
5	to do more to protect the public from exposure to
6	asbestos.
7	SEC. 3. ASBESTOS-CONTAINING PRODUCTS.
8	(a) In General.—Title II of the Toxic Substances
9	Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2641 et seq.) is amended—
10	(1) by inserting before section 201 (15 U.S.C.
11	2641) the following:
12	"Subtitle A—General Provisions";
13	and
14	(2) by adding at the end the following:
15	"Subtitle B—Asbestos-Containing
16	Products
17	"SEC. 221. DEFINITIONS.
18	"In this subtitle:
19	"(1) Asbestos-containing product.—The
20	term 'asbestos-containing product' means any prod-
21	uct (including any part) to which asbestos is delib-
22	erately or knowingly added or in which asbestos is
23	deliberately or knowingly used in any concentration.
24	"(2) Contaminant-Asbestos product.—The
25	term 'contaminant-asbestos product' means any

1	product that contains asbestos as a contaminant of
2	any mineral or other substance, in any concentra-
3	tion.
4	"(3) COVERED PERSON.—The term 'covered
5	person' means—
6	"(A) any individual;
7	"(B) any corporation, company, associa-
8	tion, firm, partnership, joint venture, sole pro-
9	prietorship, or other for-profit or nonprofit
10	business entity (including any manufacturer,
11	importer, distributor, or processor);
12	"(C) any Federal, State, or local depart-
13	ment, agency, or instrumentality; and
14	"(D) any interstate body.
15	"(4) DISTRIBUTE IN COMMERCE.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'distribute
17	in commerce' has the meaning given the term
18	in section 3.
19	"(B) Exclusions.—The term 'distribute
20	in commerce' does not include—
21	"(i) an action taken with respect to
22	an asbestos-containing product in connec-
23	tion with the end use of the asbestos-con-
24	taining product by a covered person that is
25	an end user; or

1	"(ii) distribution of an asbestos-con-
2	taining product by a covered person solely
3	for the purpose of disposal of the asbestos-
4	containing product.
5	"(5) Durable fiber.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'durable
7	fiber' means a silicate fiber that—
8	"(i) occurs naturally in the environ-
9	ment; and
10	"(ii) is similar to asbestos in—
11	"(I) resistance to dissolution;
12	"(II) leaching; and
13	"(III) other physical or chemical
14	processes expected from contact with
15	lung cells and fluids.
16	"(B) Inclusions.—The term 'durable
17	fiber' includes—
18	"(i) richterite;
19	"(ii) winchite;
20	"(iii) erionite; and
21	"(iv) nonasbestiform varieties of
22	chrysotile, crocidolite, amosite,
23	anthophyllite, tremolite, and actinolite.
24	"(6) Fiber.—The term 'fiber' means an acic-
25	ular single crystal or similarly elongated

1	polycrystalline aggregate particle with a length to
2	width ratio of 3 to 1 or greater.
3	"SEC. 222. PANEL ON ASBESTOS AND OTHER DURABLE FI-
4	BERS.
5	"(a) Panel.—
6	"(1) In General.—The Administrator shall
7	continue the panel (established by the Administrator
8	and in existence on the date of enactment of this
9	subtitle) to study asbestos and other durable fibers.
10	"(2) Participation.—The Secretary of Labor,
11	the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and
12	the Chairman of the Consumer Product Safety Com-
13	mission shall participate in the activities of the
14	panel.
15	"(b) Issues.—The panel shall study and, not later
16	than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section,
17	provide the Administrator recommendations for, public
18	education programs relating to—
19	"(1) the need to establish, for use by all Fed-
20	eral agencies—
21	"(A) a uniform asbestos exposure stand-
22	ard; and
23	"(B) a protocol for measuring and detect-
24	ing asbestos;

1	"(2) the current state of the science relating to
2	the human health effects of exposure to asbestos and
3	other durable fibers;
4	"(3) implementation of subtitle A;
5	"(4) grant programs under subtitle A;
6	"(5) revisions to the national emissions stand-
7	ards for hazardous air pollutants promulgated under
8	the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.);
9	"(6) legislative and regulatory options for im-
10	proving consumer and worker protections against
11	harmful health effects of exposure to asbestos and
12	durable fibers;
13	"(7) whether the definition of asbestos-con-
14	taining material, meaning any material that contains
15	more than 1 percent asbestos by weight, should be
16	modified throughout the Code of Federal Regula-
17	tions;
18	"(8) the feasibility of establishing a durable fi-
19	bers testing program;
20	"(9) options to improve protections against ex-
21	posure to asbestos from asbestos-containing products
22	in buildings;
23	"(10) current research on and technologies for
24	disposal of asbestos-containing products and con-
25	taminant-asbestos products; and

1	"(11) at the option of the panel, the effects on
2	human health that may result from exposure to ce-
3	ramic, carbon, and other manmade fibers.
4	"SEC. 223. STUDY OF ASBESTOS-CONTAINING PRODUCTS
5	AND CONTAMINANT-ASBESTOS PRODUCTS.
6	"(a) In General.—In consultation with the Sec-
7	retary of Labor, the Chairman of the International Trade
8	Commission, the Chairman of the Consumer Product
9	Safety Commission, and the Assistant Secretary for Occu-
10	pational Safety and Health, the Administrator shall con-
11	duct a study on the status of the manufacture, processing,
12	distribution in commerce, ownership, importation, and dis-
13	posal of asbestos-containing products and contaminant-as-
14	bestos products in the United States.
15	"(b) Issues.—In conducting the study, the Adminis-
16	trator shall examine—
17	"(1) how consumers, workers, and businesses
18	use asbestos-containing products and contaminant-
19	asbestos products that are entering commerce as of
20	the date of enactment of this subtitle; and
21	"(2) whether consumers and workers are being
22	exposed to unhealthful levels of asbestos through ex-
23	posure to products described in paragraph (1).
24	"(c) Report.—Not later than January 1, 2005, the
25	Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Energy

1	and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the
2	Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Sen-
3	ate a report on the results of the study.
4	"SEC. 224. PROHIBITION ON ASBESTOS-CONTAINING PROD-
5	UCTS.
6	"(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), the
7	Administrator shall promulgate—
8	"(1) not later than January 1, 2004, proposed
9	regulations that prohibit covered persons from man-
10	ufacturing, processing, or distributing in commerce
11	asbestos-containing products; and
12	"(2) not later than January 1, 2005, final regu-
13	lations that prohibit covered persons from manufac-
14	turing, processing, or distributing in commerce as-
15	bestos-containing products.
16	"(b) Exemptions.—
17	"(1) In general.—Any person may petition
18	the Administrator for, and the Administrator may
19	grant an exemption from the requirements of sub-
20	section (a) if the Administrator determines that—
21	"(A) the exemption would not result in an
22	unreasonable risk of injury to public health or
23	the environment: and

1	"(B) the person has made good faith ef-
2	forts to develop a substance, or identify a min-
3	eral, that—
4	"(i) does not present an unreasonable
5	risk of injury to public health or the envi-
6	ronment; and
7	"(ii) may be substituted for an asbes-
8	tos-containing product.
9	"(2) Terms and conditions.—An exemption
10	granted under this subsection shall be in effect for
11	such period (not to exceed 1 year) and subject to
12	such terms and conditions as the Administrator may
13	prescribe.
14	"(e) Inventory.—
15	"(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (3),
16	each covered person (other than an individual) that
17	possesses an asbestos-containing product that is sub-
18	ject to the prohibition established under this section
19	shall establish an inventory of the asbestos-con-
20	taining product possessed by the covered person as
21	of January 1, 2005.
22	"(2) Contents.—The inventory of a covered
23	person subject to paragraph (1) shall—
24	"(A) be in writing; and
25	"(B) include—

1	"(i) the type of each asbestos-con-
2	taining product possessed by the covered
3	person;
4	"(ii) the number of product units of
5	each asbestos-containing product in the in-
6	ventory of the covered person; and
7	"(iii) the location of the product units.
8	"(3) Records.—The information in an inven-
9	tory of a covered person shall be maintained for a
10	period of not less than 3 years.
11	"(4) Waiver.—The Administrator may waive
12	the application of this subsection to an end user that
13	possesses a de minimis quantity of an asbestos-con-
14	taining product, as determined by the Administrator.
15	"(d) Disposal.—
16	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
17	graph (2), not later than June 1, 2005, each covered
18	person that possesses an asbestos-containing product
19	that is subject to the prohibition established under
20	this section shall dispose of the asbestos-containing
21	product, by a means that is in compliance with ap-
22	plicable Federal, State, and local requirements.
23	"(2) Exemption.—Nothing in paragraph (1)—
24	"(A) applies to an asbestos-containing
25	product that—

1	"(i) is no longer in the stream of com-
2	merce; or
3	"(ii) is in the possession of an end
4	user; or
5	"(B) requires that an asbestos-containing
6	product described in subparagraph (A) be re-
7	moved or replaced.
8	"SEC. 225. PUBLIC EDUCATION PROGRAM.
9	"(a) In General.—Not later than March 1, 2005,
10	and subject to subsection (c), in consultation with the
11	Chairman of the Consumer Product Safety Commission
12	and the Secretary of Labor, the Administrator shall estab-
13	lish a program to increase awareness of the dangers posed
14	by asbestos-containing products and contaminant-asbestos
15	products in the marketplace, including homes and work-
16	places.
17	"(b) Greatest Risks.—In establishing the pro-
18	gram, the Administrator shall—
19	"(1) base the program on the results of the
20	study conducted under section 223;
21	"(2) give priority to asbestos-containing prod-
22	ucts and contaminant-asbestos products used by
23	consumers and workers that pose the greatest risk
24	of injury to human health; and

1	"(3) at the option of the Administrator on re-
2	ceipt of a recommendation from the panel, include in
3	the program the conduct of projects and activities to
4	increase public awareness of the effects on human
5	health that may result from exposure to—
6	"(A) durable fibers; and
7	"(B) ceramic, carbon, and other manmade
8	fibers.
9	"(c) Minimal Risks.—If the Administrator deter-
10	mines, on the basis of the study conducted under section
11	223, that asbestos-containing products used by consumers
12	and workers do not pose an unreasonable risk of injury
13	to human health, the Administrator shall not be required
14	to conduct a program under this section.
15	"(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
16	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nec-
17	essary to carry out this section.".
18	(b) Vermiculite Insulation.—Not later than 180
19	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
20	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the
21	Consumer Product Safety Commission shall begin a na-
22	tional campaign to educate consumers concerning—
23	(1) the dangers of vermiculite insulation that
24	may be contaminated with asbestos; and

1	(2) measures that homeowners and business
2	owners can take to protect against those dangers.
3	SEC. 4. ASBESTOS-CAUSED DISEASES.
4	Subpart 1 of part C of title IV of the Public Health
5	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 285 et seq.) is amended by adding
6	at the end the following:
7	"SEC. 417D. RESEARCH ON ASBESTOS-CAUSED DISEASES.
8	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through
9	the Director of NIH and the Director of the Centers for
10	Disease Control and Prevention shall expand, intensify,
11	and coordinate programs for the conduct and support of
12	research on diseases caused by exposure to asbestos, par-
13	ticularly mesothelioma, asbestosis, and pleural injuries.
14	"(b) Administration.—The Secretary shall carry
15	out this section—
16	"(1) through the Director of NIH and the Di-
17	rector of the CDC (Centers for Disease Control and
18	Prevention); and
19	"(2) in collaboration with the Administrator of
20	the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Reg-
21	istry and the head of any other agency that the Sec-
22	retary determines to be appropriate.
23	"(c) Registry.—
24	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
25	the date of enactment of this section, the Director

- 1 of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,
- 2 in cooperation with the Director of the National In-
- 3 stitute for Occupational Safety and Health and the
- 4 Administrator of the Agency for Toxic Substances
- 5 and Disease Registry, shall establish a National
- 6 Mesothelioma Registry.
- 7 "(2) Contents.—The Registry shall contain
- 8 information on diseases caused by exposure to asbes-
- 9 tos, particularly mesothelioma.
- 10 "(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—In ad-
- 11 dition to amounts made available for the purposes de-
- 12 scribed in subsection (a) under other law, there are au-
- 13 thorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such
- 14 sums as are necessary for fiscal year 2003 and each fiscal
- 15 year thereafter.
- 16 "SEC. 417E. MESOTHELIOMA TREATMENT PROGRAMS.
- 17 "(a) Funding.—The Secretary, in consultation with
- 18 the Director of NIH and the Director of the Centers for
- 19 Disease Control and Prevention, shall provide not to ex-
- 20 ceed \$500,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2007
- 21 to each institution described in subsection (b) to strength-
- 22 en the mesothelioma treatment programs carried out at
- 23 those institutions.
- 24 "(b) Institutions.—The institutions described in
- 25 this subsection are the following:

1	"(1) The Memorial Sloan-Kettering Hospital,
2	New York, New York.
3	"(2) The Karmanos Cancer Institute at Wayne
4	State University, Detroit, Michigan.
5	"(3) The University of California at Los Ange-
6	les Medical School, Los Angeles, California.
7	"(4) The University of Chicago Cancer Re-
8	search Center, Chicago, Illinois.
9	"(5) The University of Pennsylvania Hospital,
10	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
11	"(6) The University of Texas, through the M.D.
12	Anderson Cancer Research Center Houston, Texas.
13	"(7) The University of Washington, Seattle,
14	Washington.
15	"(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
16	is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
17	\$3,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2007.".
18	SEC. 5. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
19	The table of contents in section 1 of the Toxic Sub-
20	stances Control Act (15 U.S.C. prec. 2601) is amended—
21	(1) by inserting before the item relating to sec-
22	tion 201 the following:
	"Subtitle A—General Provisions";
23	and
24	(2) by adding at the end of the items relating
25	to title II the following:

"Subtitle B—Asbestos-Containing Products

- "Sec. 221. Definitions.
- "Sec. 222. Panel on asbestos and other durable fibers.
- "Sec. 223. Study of asbestos-containing products and contaminant-asbestos products.
- "Sec. 224. Prohibition on asbestos-containing products.
- "Sec. 225. Public education program.".

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