# 107th CONGRESS 2D SESSION **S. 2826**

To improve the national instant criminal background check system, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 30, 2002

Mr. SCHUMER (for himself, Mr. CRAIG, Mr. KENNEDY, and Mr. MCCAIN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

# A BILL

To improve the national instant criminal background check system, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Our Lady of Peace

5 Act".

## 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 7 The Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Since 1994, more than 689,000 individuals
  9 have been denied a gun for failing a background
  10 check.

1	(2) States that fail to computerize their crimi-
2	nal and mental illness records are the primary cause
3	of delays for background checks. Helping States
4	automate their records will reduce delays for law-
5	abiding gun owners.
6	(3) 25 States have automated less than 60 per-
7	cent of their felony criminal conviction records.
8	(4) 33 States do not automate or share dis-
9	qualifying mental health records.
10	(5) In 13 States, domestic violence restraining
11	orders are not automated or accessible by the na-
12	tional instant criminal background check system.
13	(6) In 15 States, no domestic violence mis-
14	demeanor records are automated or accessible by the
15	national instant criminal background check system.
16	TITLE I—TRANSMITTAL OF
17	RECORDS
18	SEC. 101. ENHANCEMENT OF REQUIREMENT THAT FED-
19	ERAL DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES PRO-
20	VIDE RELEVANT INFORMATION TO THE NA-
21	TIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND
22	CHECK SYSTEM.
23	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 103(e)(1) of the Brady
24	Handgun Violence Prevention Act (18 U.S.C. 922 note)
25	is amended—

(1) by inserting "electronically" before "fur nish"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following: "The 3 4 head of each department or agency shall ascertain 5 whether the department or agency has any records 6 relating to any person described in subsection (g) or 7 (n) of section 922 of title 18, United States Code 8 and on being made aware that the department or 9 agency has such a record, shall make the record 10 available to the Attorney General for inclusion in the 11 system to the extent the Attorney General deems ap-12 propriate. The head of each department or agency, 13 on being made aware that the basis under which a 14 record was made available under this section does 15 not apply or no longer applies, shall transmit a cer-16 tification identifying the record (and any name or 17 other relevant identifying information) to the Attor-18 ney General for removal from the system. The Attor-19 ney General shall notify the Congress on an annual 20 basis as to whether the Attorney General has ob-21 tained from each such department or agency the in-22 formation requested by the Attorney General under 23 this subsection.".

(b) IMMIGRATION RECORDS.—The Commissioner ofthe Immigration and Naturalization Service shall cooper-

ate in providing information regarding all relevant records
 of persons disqualified from acquiring a firearm under
 Federal law, including but not limited to, illegal aliens,
 visitors to the United States on student visas, and visitors
 to the United States on tourist visas, to the Attorney Gen eral for inclusion in the national instant criminal back ground check system.

#### 8 SEC. 102. REQUIREMENTS TO OBTAIN WAIVER.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Beginning 5 years after the date 10 of the enactment of this Act, a State shall be eligible to receive a waiver of the 10 percent matching requirement 11 for National Criminal History Improvement Grants under 12 13 the Crime Identification Technology Act of 1988 if the State provides at least 95 percent of the information de-14 15 scribed under subsections (b) and (c). The length of such a waiver shall not exceed 5 years. 16

17 (b) ELIGIBILITY OF STATE RECORDS FOR SUBMIS18 SION TO THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACK19 GROUND CHECK SYSTEM.—

20 (1) REQUIREMENTS FOR ELIGIBILITY.—The
21 State shall make available the following information
22 established either through its own database or pro23 vide information to the Attorney General:

24 (A) The name of and other relevant identi-25 fying information relating to each person dis-

1	qualified from acquiring a firearm under sub-
2	section (g) or (n) of section 922 of title 18,
3	United States Code, and each person disquali-
4	fied from acquiring a firearm under applicable
5	State law.
6	(B) The State, on being made aware that
7	the basis under which a record was made avail-
8	able under subparagraph (A) does not apply or
9	no longer applies, shall transmit a certification
10	identifying the record (and any name or other
11	relevant identifying information) to the Attor-
12	ney General for removal from the system.
13	(C) Any information provided to the Attor-
14	ney General under subparagraph (A) may be
15	accessed only for background check purposes
16	under section 922(t) of title 18, United States
17	Code.
18	(D) The State shall certify to the Attorney
19	General that at least 95 percent of all informa-
20	tion described in subparagraph (A) has been
21	provided to the Attorney General in accordance
22	with subparagraph (A).
23	(2) Application to persons convicted of
24	MISDEMEANOR CRIMES OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
25	(A) For purposes of paragraph (1), a person dis-

qualified from acquiring a firearm as referred to in
 that paragraph includes a person who has been con victed in any court of any Federal, State, or local of fense that—

5 (i) is a misdemeanor under Federal or
6 State law or, in a State that does not classify
7 offenses as misdemeanors, is an offense punish8 able by imprisonment for a term of 1 year or
9 less (or punishable by only a fine);

10 (ii) has, as an element of the offense, the
11 use or attempted use of physical force (for ex12 ample, assault and battery), or the threatened
13 use of a deadly weapon; and

14 (iii) was committed by a current or former 15 spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim, by a 16 person with whom the victim shares a child in 17 common, by a person who is cohabitating with 18 or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, 19 parent, or guardian, (for example, the equivalent of "common-law marriage" even if such re-20 21 lationship is not recognized under the law), or 22 a person similarly situated to a spouse, parent, 23 or guardian of the victim (for example, two per-24 sons who are residing at the same location in 25 an intimate relationship with the intent to make

1	that place their home would be similarly situ-
2	ated to a spouse).
3	(B) A person shall not be considered to have
4	been convicted of such an offense for purposes of
5	subparagraph (A) unless—
6	(i) the person is considered to have been
7	convicted by the jurisdiction in which the pro-
8	ceeding was held;
9	(ii) the person was represented by counsel
10	in the case, or knowingly and intelligently
11	waived the right to counsel in the case; and
12	(iii) in the case of a prosecution for which
13	a person was entitled to a jury trial in the juris-
14	diction in which the case was tried—
15	(I) the case was tried by a jury; or
16	(II) the person knowingly and intel-
17	ligently waived the right to have the case
18	tried by a jury, by guilty plea, or other-
19	wise.
20	(C) A person shall not be considered to have
21	been convicted of such an offense for purposes of
22	subparagraph (A) if the conviction has been ex-
23	punged or set aside, or is an offense for which the
24	person has been pardoned or has had civil rights re-
25	stored (if the law of the jurisdiction in which the

1 proceedings were held provides for the loss of civil 2 rights upon conviction of such an offense) unless the 3 pardon, expungement, or restoration of civil rights expressly provides that the person may not ship, 4 5 transport, possess, or receive firearms, and the per-6 son is not otherwise prohibited by the law of the ju-7 risdiction in which the proceedings were held from 8 receiving or possessing any firearms.

9 (c) APPLICATION TO PERSONS WHO HAVE BEEN AD10 JUDICATED AS A MENTAL DEFECTIVE OR COMMITTED TO
11 A MENTAL INSTITUTION.—

12 (1) REQUIREMENT.—The requirement of this 13 subsection is that the State shall provide the name 14 of and other relevant identifying information relat-15 ing to persons adjudicated as mental defective or 16 those committed to mental institutions to the Attor-17 ney General for inclusion in the national instant 18 criminal background check system.

19 (2) DEFINITION.—For purposes of paragraph
20 (1), an adjudication as a mental defective occurs
21 when a court, board, commission, or other govern22 ment entity determines that an individual is men23 tally retarded or of marked subnormal intelligence,
24 mentally ill, or mentally incompetent, including—

1	(A) defendants in criminal cases adju-
2	dicated as not guilty by reason of insanity, or
3	found incompetent to stand trial;
4	(B) individuals who are a danger to others
5	as a result of a mental disorder or illness;
6	(C) individuals involuntarily committed to
7	a mental institution by a court, board, commis-
8	sion, or other authority;
9	(D) individuals committed because they
10	lack the mental capacity to contract or manage
11	their own affairs; and
12	(E) individuals found to be a danger to
13	themselves as a result of a mental disorder or
14	illness.
15	(3) EXCEPTION.—This subsection does not
16	apply to—
17	(A) a person—
18	(i) in a mental institution for observa-
19	tion; or
20	(ii) voluntarily committed to a mental
21	institution; or
22	(B) information protected by doctor-pa-
23	tient privilege.
24	(4) PRIVACY PROTECTIONS.—For any informa-
25	tion provided under the national instant criminal

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background check system, the Attorney General
 shall work with States and local law enforcement
 and the mental health community to establish regu lations and protocols for protecting the privacy of
 information provided to the system.

6 (5) STATE AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any 7 other provision of this subsection, a State may des-8 ignate that records transmitted under this sub-9 section shall be used only to determine eligibility to 10 purchase or possess a firearm.

11 (d) ATTORNEY GENERAL REPORT.—Not later than 12 January 31 of each year, the Attorney General shall sub-13 mit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-14 15 resentatives a report on the progress of States in automating the databases containing the information described 16 in subsections (b) and (c) and in providing that informa-17 tion pursuant to the requirements of such subsections. 18

#### 19 SEC. 103. IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS TO STATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—From amounts made available to
carry out this section, the Attorney General shall make
grants to each State, in a manner consistent with the national criminal history improvement program, which shall
be used by the State, in conjunction with units of local
government and State and local courts, to establish or up-

grade information and identification technologies for fire arms eligibility determinations.

3 (b) USE OF GRANT AMOUNTS.—Grants under this 4 section may only be awarded for the following purposes: 5 (1) Building databases that are directly related 6 to checks under the national instant criminal back-7 ground check system (NICS), including court dis-8 position and corrections records. 9 (2) Assisting States in establishing or enhanc-10 ing their own capacities to perform NICS back-11 ground checks. 12 (3) Improving final dispositions of criminal 13 records. 14 (4) Supplying mental health records to NICS. 15 (5) Supplying court-ordered domestic restrain-16 ing orders and records of domestic violence mis-17 demeanors (as defined in section 102 of this Act) for 18 inclusion in NICS. 19 (c) CONDITION.—As a condition of receiving a grant

20 under this section, a State shall specify the projects for 21 which grant amounts will be used, and shall use such 22 amounts only as specified. A State that violates this sec-23 tion shall be liable to the Attorney General for the full 24 amount granted. (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
 \$250,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2004, 2005, and
 2006.

5 (e) USER FEE.—The Federal Bureau of Investigation shall not charge a user fee for background checks pur-6 7 suant to section 922(t) of title 18, United States Code. **II**—FOCUSING **FEDERAL** TITLE 8 ASSISTANCE **ON** THE IM-9 PROVEMENT OF RELEVANT 10 RECORDS 11

#### 12 SEC. 201. CONTINUING EVALUATIONS.

(a) EVALUATION REQUIRED.—The Director of the
Bureau of Justice Statistics shall study and evaluate the
operations of the national instant criminal background
check system. Such study and evaluation shall include, but
not be limited to, compilations and analyses of the operations and record systems of the agencies and organizations participating in such system.

(b) REPORT ON GRANTS.—Not later than January
21 31 of each year, the Director shall submit to Congress
22 a report on the implementation of subsections (b) and (c)
23 of section 102 of this Act.

24 (c) REPORT ON BEST PRACTICES.—Not later than25 January 31 of each year, the Director shall submit to Con-

gress, and to each State participating in the National 1 2 Criminal History Improvement Program, a report of the 3 practices of the States regarding the collection, mainte-4 nance, automation, and transmittal of identifying informa-5 tion relating to individuals described in subsection (g) or (n) of section 922 of title 18, United States Code, by the 6 7 State or any other agency, or any other records relevant 8 to the national instant criminal background check system, 9 that the Director considers to be best practices.

# 10 TITLE III—GRANTS TO STATE 11 COURTS FOR THE IMPROVE12 MENT IN AUTOMATION AND 13 TRANSMITTAL OF DISPOSI14 TION RECORDS

#### 15 SEC. 301. GRANTS AUTHORIZED.

(a) IN GENERAL.—From amounts made available to
carry out this section, the Attorney General shall make
grants to each State for use by the chief judicial officer
of the State to improve the handling of proceedings related
to criminal history dispositions and restraining orders.

(b) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts granted under this
section shall be used by the chief judicial officer only as
follows:

24 (1) For fiscal year 2004, such amounts shall be25 used to carry out assessments of the capabilities of

the courts of the State for the automation and
 transmission to State and Federal record reposi tories the arrest and conviction records of such
 courts.

5 (2) For fiscal years after 2004, such amounts 6 shall be used to implement policies, systems, and 7 procedures for the automation and transmission to 8 State and Federal record repositories the arrest and 9 conviction records of such courts.

10 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 11 are authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney General 12 to carry out this section \$125,000,000 for each of fiscal 13 years 2004, 2005, and 2006.

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