^{107TH CONGRESS} ^{2D SESSION} **S. 2844**

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a tax incentive to individuals teaching in elementary and secondary schools located in rural or high unemployment areas and to individuals who achieve certification from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

August 1, 2002

Mr. ROCKEFELLER introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

- To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a tax incentive to individuals teaching in elementary and secondary schools located in rural or high unemployment areas and to individuals who achieve certification from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Incentives to Educate
- 5 American Children (I Teach) Act of 2002".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-3 ings:

4 (1) An estimated 2,000,000 new teachers will
5 be needed over the next decade.

6 (2) Under the No Child Left Behind Act of
7 2001, States must recruit qualified teachers by
8 2006, yet schools in rural areas and public schools
9 with high poverty have trouble attracting and retain10 ing teachers.

(3) Fourteen percent of America's school children attend rural schools, and according to the
Rural School and Community Trust 2000 report,
"Why Rural Matters", rural education is crucial or
very important to overall education performance in
25 States, so recruitment and retention of teachers
is essential.

(4) A 2000 study by the Education Trust reports that high poverty schools are twice as likely
not to have teachers certified in their fields than
other schools, which highlights that high poverty
schools will need special help to meet the goals of No
Child Left Behind Act of 2001.

(5) The National Board for Professional Teaching Standards was founded in 1987, as a follow up
to the landmark 1983 report, "A Nation at Risk",

1	by the Carnegie Task Force on Teaching. The Na-
2	tional Board for Professional Teaching Standards is
3	an independent, nonprofit, and nonpartisan organi-
4	zation the mission of which is to establish high and
5	rigorous standards for what accomplished teachers
6	should know and be able to do.
7	(6) Over 16,000 teachers from all 50 States
8	and the District of Columbia have completed certifi-
9	cation by the National Board for Professional
10	Teaching Standards, which certification is a rigorous
11	assessment process for teachers.
12	(7) Recent data from the Accomplished Teach-
13	ing Validation Study have demonstrated that teach-
14	ers who are certified by the National Board for Pro-
15	fessional Teaching Standards significantly out-
16	perform their peers who are not National Board cer-
17	tified on 11 of 13 key measures of teaching exper-
18	tise.
19	(8) Teacher salaries have remained stagnant
20	over the past decade, according to a study by the
21	National Education Association, and $\frac{2}{3}$ of the
22	States do not meet the national average of $$40,582$
23	for teacher salaries.
24	(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are as fol-
25	lows:

(1) To encourage teachers, through a refund able tax credit, to work in public elementary and
 secondary schools located in rural areas or schools
 with high poverty.
 (2) To provide an additional tax credit to teach-

6 ers who achieve certification from the National
7 Board for Professional Teaching Standards in order
8 to recruit and retain highly qualified teachers in
9 public elementary and secondary schools.

10SEC. 3. REFUNDABLE TAX CREDIT FOR INDIVIDUALS11TEACHING IN ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY12SCHOOLS LOCATED IN HIGH POVERTY OR13RURAL AREAS AND CERTIFIED TEACHERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
1986 (relating to refundable credits) is amended by redesignating section 35 as section 36 and by inserting after
section 34 the following new section:

19 "SEC. 35. TAX CREDIT FOR INDIVIDUALS TEACHING IN ELE20 MENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS LO21 CATED IN HIGH POVERTY OR RURAL AREAS
22 AND CERTIFIED TEACHERS.

23 "(a) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT.—In the case of an eli24 gible teacher, there shall be allowed as a credit against
25 the tax imposed by this subtitle for the taxable year an

amount equal to the applicable amount for the eligible aca-1 2 demic year ending during such taxable year. 3 "(b) APPLICABLE AMOUNT.—For purposes of this section-4 "(1) TEACHERS IN SCHOOLS IN RURAL AREAS 5 6 OR SCHOOLS WITH HIGH POVERTY.-"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an eligi-7 8 ble teacher who performs services in a public 9 kindergarten or a public elementary or sec-10 ondary school described in subparagraph (B) 11 during the eligible academic year, the applicable 12 amount is \$1,000. "(B) SCHOOL DESCRIBED.—A public kin-13 14 dergarten or a public elementary or secondary 15 school is described in this subparagraph if— "(i) at least 75 percent of the stu-16 17 dents attending such kindergarten -or 18 school receive free or reduced-cost lunches 19 under the school lunch program established 20 under the National School Lunch Act, or 21 "(ii) such kindergarten or school has 22 a School Locale Code of 7 or 8, as deter-23 mined by the Secretary of Education. "(2) CERTIFIED TEACHERS.—In the case of an 24 25 eligible teacher who is certified by the National

Board for Professional Teaching Standards for the
 eligible academic year, the applicable amount is
 \$1,000.

"(3) CERTIFIED TEACHERS IN SCHOOLS IN 4 5 RURAL AREAS OR SCHOOLS WITH HIGH POVERTY.-6 In the case of an eligible teacher described in para-7 graphs (1) and (2), the applicable amount is \$2,000. "(c) ELIGIBLE TEACHER.—For purposes of this sec-8 9 tion, the term 'eligible teacher' means, for any eligible aca-10 demic year, an individual who is a kindergarten through grade 12 classroom teacher or instructor in a public kin-11 12 dergarten or a public elementary or secondary school on a full-time basis for such eligible academic year. 13

14 "(d) ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of15 this section—

16 "(1) ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY
17 SCHOOLS.—The terms 'elementary school' and 'sec18 ondary school' have the respective meanings given
19 such terms by section 9101 of the Elementary and
20 Secondary Education Act of 1965.

21 "(2) ELIGIBLE ACADEMIC YEAR.—The term 'el22 igible academic year' means any academic year end23 ing in a taxable year beginning after December 31,
24 2002.".

25 (b) Conforming Amendments.—

(1) Paragraph (2) of section 1324(b) of title 1 2 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting before the period ", or from section 35 of such Code". 3 4 (2) The table of sections for subpart C of part 5 IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Rev-6 enue Code of 1986 is amended by striking the item 7 relating to section 35 and inserting the following 8 new items:

9 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
10 this section shall apply to academic years ending in tax11 able years beginning after December 31, 2002.

[&]quot;Sec. 35. Tax credit for individuals teaching in elementary and secondary schools located in high poverty or rural areas and certified teachers.
"Sec. 36. Overpayments of tax.".