Calendar No. 401 ^{107TH CONGRESS} ^{2D SESSION} S. CON. RES. 109

Commemorating the independence of East Timor and expressing the sense of Congress that the President should establish diplomatic relations with East Timor, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 9, 2002

Mr. CHAFEE (for himself, Mr. FEINGOLD, and Mr. REED) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

May 23, 2002

Reported by Mr. BIDEN, with an amendment, an amendment to the preamble, and an amendment to the title

[Strike out the preamble and all after the resolving clause and insert the part printed in italic]

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

- Commemorating the independence of East Timor and expressing the sense of Congress that the President should establish diplomatic relations with East Timor, and for other purposes.
- Whereas on May 20, 2002, East Timor will become the first new country of the millennium;

- Whereas the perseverance and strength of the East Timorese people in the face of daunting challenges has inspired the people of the United States and around the world;
- Whereas in 1974 Portugal acknowledged the right of its colonies, including East Timor, to self-determination, including independence;
- Whereas East Timor has been under United Nations administration since October, 1999, during which time international peace-keeping forces, supplemented by forces of the United States Group for East Timor (USGET), have worked to stabilize East Timor and provide for its national security;
- Whereas the people of East Timor exercised their long-sought right of self-determination on August 30, 1999, when 98.6 percent of the eligible population voted, and 78.5 percent chose independence, in a United Nations-administered popular consultation, despite systematic terror and intimidation;
- Whereas a constitution for East Timor was adopted in March, 2002;
- Whereas East Timor is emerging from more than 400 years of colonization and occupation;
- Whereas the East Timorese people again demonstrated their strong commitment to democracy when 91.3 percent of eligible voters peacefully participated in East Timor's first democratic, multiparty election for a Constituent Assembly on August 30, 2001, and when 86.3 percent of those eligible participated in the first presidential election on April 14, 2002, electing Xanana Gusamo as their first President;

- Whereas, as the people of East Timor move proudly toward independence, many still struggle to recover from the sears of the military occupation and 1999 anti-independence violence that resulted in displacement which, according to United Nations and other independent reports, exceed 500,000 in number, and widespread death, rape and other mistreatment of women, family separation, large refugee populations, and the destruction of 70 percent of the country's infrastructure;
- Whereas efforts are ongoing by East Timorese officials and others to seek justice for the crimes against humanity and war crimes that have been perpetrated in recent years, efforts that include the work of the Serious Crimes Investigation Unit of the United Nations and the East Timorese Commission for Reception, Truth, and Reconciliation to document and assess responsibility;
- Whereas Indonesian National Human Rights Commission and United Nations Security Council recommendations to investigate and prosecute senior Indonesian military and civilian officials for their roles in promoting the 1999 anti-independence violence in East Timor have not yet been fully implemented;
- Whereas, although the people of East Timor are working toward a plan for vigorous economic growth and development, the Government of East Timor will face a substantial shortfall in its recurrent and development budgets over the first 3 years of independence, and is seeking to fill the gap entirely with grants from donor countries; and
- Whereas a large percentage of the population of East Timor lives below the poverty line, with inadequate access to health eare and education, the unemployment rate is esti-

mated at 80 percent, and the life expectancy is only 57 years: Now, therefore, be it

- Whereas on May 20, 2002, East Timor became the first new country of the millennium;
- Whereas the perseverance and strength of the East Timorese people in the face of daunting challenges has inspired the people of the United States and around the world;
- Whereas in 1974 Portugal acknowledged the right of its colonies, including East Timor, to self-determination, including independence;
- Whereas East Timor was under United Nations administration from October 1999 through May 19, 2002, during which time international peace-keeping forces, supplemented by forces of the United States Group for East Timor (USGET), have worked to stabilize East Timor and provide for its national security;
- Whereas the people of East Timor exercised their long-sought right of self-determination on August 30, 1999, when 98.6 percent of the eligible population voted, and 78.5 percent chose independence, in a United Nations-administered popular consultation, despite systematic terror and intimidation;
- Whereas a constitution for East Timor was adopted in March, 2002;
- Whereas East Timor is emerging from more than 400 years of colonization and occupation;
- Whereas the East Timorese people again demonstrated their strong commitment to democracy when 91.3 percent of eligible voters peacefully participated in East Timor's first democratic, multiparty election for a Constituent Assembly on August 30, 2001, and when 86.3 percent of those eligi-

ble participated in the first presidential election on April 14, 2002, electing Xanana Gusamo as their first President;

- Whereas, as the people of East Timor move proudly toward independence, many still struggle to recover from the scars of the military occupation and 1999 anti-independence violence that resulted in displacement which, according to United Nations and other independent reports, exceed 500,000 in number, and widespread death, rape and other mistreatment of women, family separation, large refugee populations, and the destruction of 70 percent of the country's infrastructure;
- Whereas efforts are ongoing by East Timorese officials and others to seek justice for the crimes against humanity and war crimes that have been perpetrated in recent years, efforts that include the work of the Serious Crimes Investigation Unit of the United Nations and the East Timorese Commission for Reception, Truth, and Reconciliation to document and assess responsibility;
- Whereas Indonesian National Human Rights Commission and United Nations Security Council recommendations to investigate and prosecute senior Indonesian military and civilian officials for their roles in promoting the 1999 antiindependence violence in East Timor have not yet been fully implemented;
- Whereas, although the people of East Timor are working toward a plan for vigorous economic growth and development, the Government of East Timor will face a substantial shortfall in its recurrent and development budgets over the first 3 years of independence, and is seeking to fill the gap entirely with grants from donor countries; and

Whereas a large percentage of the population of East Timor lives below the poverty line, with inadequate access to health care and education, the unemployment rate is estimated at 80 percent, and the life expectancy is only 57 years: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives
 concurring),

3 That (a) Congress—

4 (1) congratulates and honors the courageous
5 people of East Timor and their leaders;

6 (2) welcomes East Timor into the community of
7 nations as a sovereign state and looks forward to
8 working with East Timor as an equal partner;

9 (3) supports United Nations and other multilat10 eral efforts to support reconstruction and develop11 ment in East Timor, and United Nations and other
12 multilateral peacekeeping forces to safeguard East
13 Timor's security, including continuing the periodic
14 visits by United States military forces;

(4) remains committed to working toward a
debt-free start to East Timor and just, sustainable,
and secure development programs as well as adequate resources for the judicial system for East
Timor for the foreseeable future beyond independence;

(5) expresses continued concern over deplorable
 humanitarian conditions and an environment of in timidation among the East Timorese refugees living
 in West Timor;

5 (6) strongly supports the prompt, safe, and vol-6 untary repatriation and reintegration of East Timor-7 ese refugees, in particular those East Timorese still 8 held in militia-controlled refugee camps in West 9 Timor, especially children separated from their par-10 ents through coercion or force;

(7) expresses a commitment to maintaining appropriate restrictions and prohibitions in law on
 military assistance, training, relations, and technical
 support to the Indonesian Armed Forces; and

15 (8) acknowledges that a United Nations Inter-16 national Commission of Inquiry found in January 17 2000 that justice is "fundamental for the future so-18 cial and political stability of East Timor", and re-19 mains deeply concerned about the lack of justice in 20 the region.

21 (b) It is the sense of Congress that the President
22 should—

23 (1) immediately extend to East Timor the dip 24 lomatic relations afforded to other sovereign nations,

7

including the establishment of an embassy in East
 Timor;

3 (2) maintain a robust level of United States as4 sistance for East Timor commensurate with the
5 challenges this new nation faces after independence;
6 (3) work to fund in a generous and responsible
7 way East Timor's financing gap in its recurrent and
8 development budgets, and coordinate with other do9 nors to ensure the budget gap is addressed;

10 (4) focus bilateral assistance on the areas of
11 employment creation, job training, rural reconstruc12 tion, micro-enterprise, environmental protection,
13 health care, education, refugee resettlement, rec14 onciliation and conflict resolution, and strengthening
15 the role of women in society;

16 (5) strongly urge the Government of Indonesia
17 to step up efforts to disarm and disband all militia,
18 hold them accountable to the rule of law, ensure sta19 bility along the border, and promptly reunite East
20 Timorese children separated from their parents
21 through coercion or force; and

(6) review thoroughly information from the
East Timorese Commission for Reception, Truth,
and Reconciliation, and use all diplomatic resources
at the disposal of the President to ensure that—

8

1	(A) those officials responsible for crimes
2	against humanity and war crimes against the
3	East Timorese people are held accountable; and
4	(B) the Government of Indonesia fully co-
5	operates with the East Timorese judicial sys-
6	tem.
7	That (a) Congress—
8	(1) congratulates and honors the courageous peo-
9	ple of East Timor and their leaders;
10	(2) welcomes East Timor into the community of
11	nations as a sovereign state and looks forward to
12	working with East Timor as an equal partner;
13	(3) supports United Nations and other multilat-
14	eral efforts to support reconstruction and development
15	in East Timor, and United Nations and other multi-
16	lateral peacekeeping forces to safeguard East Timor's
17	security, including continuing the periodic visits by
18	United States military forces;
19	(4) remains committed to working toward a
20	debt-free start to East Timor and just, sustainable,
21	and secure development programs as well as adequate
22	resources for the judicial system for East Timor for
23	the foreseeable future beyond independence;
24	(5) expresses continued concern over deplorable
25	humanitarian conditions and an environment of in-

1

2

3 (6) strongly supports the prompt, safe, and vol4 untary repatriation and reintegration of East Timor5 ese refugees, in particular those East Timorese still
6 held in militia-controlled refugee camps in West
7 Timor, especially children separated from their par8 ents through coercion or force; and

9 (7) acknowledges that a United Nations Inter-10 national Commission of Inquiry found in January 11 2000 that justice is "fundamental for the future social 12 and political stability of East Timor", and remains 13 deeply concerned about the need to address those find-14 ings.

(b) It is the sense of Congress that the President
should—

17 (1) maintain an appropriate level of United
18 States assistance for East Timor commensurate with
19 the challenges this new nation faces after independ20 ence;

(2) work to fund in a generous and responsible
way East Timor's financing gap in its recurrent and
development budgets, and coordinate with other donors to ensure the budget gap is addressed;

1	(3) focus bilateral assistance on the areas of em-
2	ployment creation, job training, rural reconstruction,
3	micro-enterprise, environmental protection, health
4	care, education, refugee resettlement, reconciliation
5	and conflict resolution, and strengthening the role of
6	women in society;
7	(4) strongly urge the Government of Indonesia to
8	step up efforts to disarm and disband all militia, hold
9	them accountable to the rule of law, ensure stability
10	along the border, and promptly reunite East Timorese
11	children separated from their parents through coer-
12	cion or force; and
13	(5) review thoroughly information from the East
14	Timorese Commission for Reception, Truth, and Rec-
15	onciliation, and use all diplomatic resources at the
16	disposal of the President to ensure that—
17	(A) those officials responsible for crimes
18	against humanity and war crimes against the
19	East Timorese people are held accountable; and
20	(B) the Government of Indonesia fully co-
21	operates with the East Timorese judicial system.
22	Amend the title so as to read: "Concurrent resolution
23	commemorating the independence of East Timor, and for
24	other purposes.".

Calendar No. 401

^{107th CONGRESS} S. CON. RES. 109

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Commemorating the independence of East Timor and expressing the sense of Congress that the President should establish diplomatic relations with East Timor, and for other purposes.

May 23, 2002

Reported with an amendment, an amendment to the preamble, and an amendment to the title