107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. CON. RES. 112

Expressing the sense of Congress regarding the designation of the week beginning May 19, 2002, as "National Emergency Medical Services Week".

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 17, 2002

Mr. Hatch (for himself, Mr. Dorgan, Mr. Inouye, Mr. Corzine, Mr. Johnson, Ms. Cantwell, Mr. Breaux, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Frist, Mr. Edwards, Ms. Collins, Mr. Torricelli, Ms. Snowe, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Bunning, Mr. Voinovich, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Akaka, Ms. Mikulski, Mr. Kerry, Mr. Bayh, Mr. Jeffords, Mr. Durbin, Mrs. Murray, Mr. Bingaman, Mr. Sarbanes, Ms. Stabenow, Ms. Landrieu, Mrs. Carnahan, Mr. Dayton, Mrs. Hutchison, Mrs. Clinton, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Graham, Mr. Miller, Mr. Cleland, Mr. Wellstone, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Thomas, Mr. Schumer, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Bennett, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Dewine, Mr. Feingold, Mr. Thurmond, Mr. Brownback, Mr. Bond, Mr. Chafee, Mr. Rockefeller, Mr. Lieberman, Mr. Smith of Oregon, Mr. Levin, and Mr. Daschle) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered and agreed to

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of Congress regarding the designation of the week beginning May 19, 2002, as "National Emergency Medical Services Week".

Whereas emergency medical services are a vital public service;

Whereas the members of emergency medical services teams are ready to provide lifesaving care to those in need 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;

- Whereas emergency medical services teams consist of emergency physicians, emergency nurses, emergency medical technicians, paramedics, firefighters, educators, administrators, and others;
- Whereas these emergency medical services teams served our country with bravery and heroism on September 11, 2001;
- Whereas emergency medical personnel (emergency physicians, nurses, and emergency medical technicians) courageously defended the Nation when called upon to identify and treat anthrax, the bioterrorist weapon released in October 2001;
- Whereas access to quality emergency care dramatically improves the survival and recovery rate of those who experience sudden illness or injury;
- Whereas providers of emergency medical services have traditionally served as the safety net of America's health care system;
- Whereas approximately 2/3 of all emergency medical services providers are volunteers;
- Whereas the members of emergency medical services teams, whether career or volunteer, undergo thousands of hours of specialized training and continuing education to enhance their lifesaving skills;
- Whereas Americans benefit daily from the knowledge and skills of these highly trained individuals; and
- Whereas injury prevention and the appropriate use of the emergency medical services system will help reduce health care costs and save lives: Now, therefore, be it

1	Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives
2	concurring), That Congress—
3	(1) designates the week beginning May 19,
4	2002, as "National Emergency Medical Services
5	Week''; and
6	(2) requests that the President issue a procla-
7	mation calling upon the people of the United States
8	to observe such week with appropriate programs and
9	activities

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