The people of Israel have long had to live with terror on their street, and the world has largely stood by and felt great sympathy but little need to act upon it. But these attacks come at a time of heightened awareness around the globe of the necessary of riding our communities of the evil face of terrorism. Peaceful people have been made prisoners in their own communities by those who give no thought to the deadly consequences of their actions and who spread venomous hatred for their fellow man.

On September 11th, those free and peaceful people said with one resounding voice that they would no longer allow that kind of evil to destroy our world.

The war against terrorism is not America's war alone. It is a fight that we lead for freedom-loving people everywhere. Though there may be fewer dead and less extensive damage, the horrific attacks that occurred over a 14-hour period this weekend in Israel are no less atrocious than the attacks our nation suffered on September 11th. The mothers and fathers who lost their children in each of those attacks cry the same tears and feel the same pain.

We, as a nation, must stand beside our friend, Israel, in this time of need and support her in the fight to provide a prosperous, peaceful, and secure future for her people. I urge my colleagues to support Israel by supporting this resolution.

Mrs. McCARTHY of New York. Mr. Speaker. I rise in support of H. Con. Res. 280, of which I am a cosponsor.

On Saturday, December 1st, suicide bombers killed 10 teenage Israelis and wounded more than 150 others in downtown Jerusalem. On Sunday morning, just 14 hours after the first horrific attack, a suicide bomber boarded a local bus route in the northern port city of Haifa, killing 15 and wounding 35. The victims of these attacks range in age from 14 to 75; they include students, senior citizens, and a Filipino nanny. The terrorist organization Hamas claimed responsibility for their cowardly attacks.

Since September 11th, international attention has been deflected from the everyday acts of violence in Israel to the United States' war on terrorism. Recently President Bush brought the Arab-Israeli conflict back under public purview by sending U.S. peace envoy General Anthony Zinni to the region to promote a cease-fire and possible resumption of peace talks.

When Palestinian terrorists killed 26 and wounded 175 Israelis within a matter of 24 hours, Palestinian Authority Chairman Arafat's commitment to find and prosecute terrorists was called into question, and Israel subsequently launched its own war against terrorism. Twenty-four hours after the suicide bombing in Haifa, and 36 hours after the bombings in Jerusalem, Israel retaliated against the Palestinian Authority by bombing chairman Yasser Arafat's headquarters in Gaza Strip, and police buildings in the West Bank town of Jenin.

I rise in agreement with Prime Minister Sharon and President Bush. As the chairman of the Palestinian Authority, Yasser Arafat has on more than one occasion voiced his commitment to peace, and his desire to fight terrorism. Yet words alone are not enough; they necessitate action. Yasser Arafat must take an active and responsible role in tracking and ar-

resting those involved in terrorist activities. As the leader of the Palestinian people, Yasser Arafat must utilize his power to reign in the extraneous terrorist factions that continue to lash out at innocent Israeli civilians.

This resolution, H. Con. Res. 280, holds Arafat responsible for the actions of all his people, including Palestinian terrorists. It expresses the United States' solidarity with Israel during this difficult and emotional time. Now, more than ever, we must stand strong with our democratic allies to fight terrorist groups worldwide.

Ms. KILPATRICK. Mr. Speaker, today, I voted "present" on this Concurrent Resolution because it is my belief that the United States through the House of Representatives should remain a fair and honest broker in the Middle East. At a time when hostilities in the Middle East are escalating and all parties are looking to American officials to negotiate a fair and equitable solution, I believe that this Resolution is ill timed and diminishes the credibility of the negotiation process. It is imperative that all steps we take in this House secure our position as an impartial broker in the Middle East and this measure does not do this.

Make no mistake. I stand against terrorism and the killing of innocent civilians such as those that occurred in Israel this past weekend. I condemn them wholeheartedly. Both sides in the conflict, however, have the blood of innocents on their hands. Both sides in this conflict must make extraordinary and concerted efforts to come to the negotiating table and resolve the problems of the region. I support the findings of the Mitchell-Tenet Commission, which recommended that Congress not approve such resolutions. I regret that Congress is ignoring that recommendation. By doing so, the action of this chamber only serves to prolong the hostilities in that region and discourages both sides from engaging in the negotiation process. I strongly urge the parties to cease hostilities and do all they can to move forward with the Mitchell-Tenet recommendations.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. OTTER). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. Hyde) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution H. Con. Res. 280.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds of those present have voted in the affirmative.

Mr. LANTOS. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Debate has concluded on all motions to suspend the rules.

Pursuant to clause 8, rule XX, the Chair will now put the question on motions to suspend the rules on which fur-

ther proceedings were postponed yesterday and earlier today.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H. Res. 298, by the year and nays;

H. Con. Res. 232, by the yeas and nays; and

H. Con. Res. 280, by the yeas and nays.

The Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the time for any electronic vote after the first such vote in this series.

EXPRESSING SENSE OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THAT VET-ERANS DAY CONTINUES TO BE OBSERVED ON NOVEMBER 11

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the question of suspending the rules and agreeing to the resolution, H. Res. 298.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Maryland (Mrs. MORELLA) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 298, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 415, nays 0, not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 472] YEAS—415

Abercrombie Calvert Dreier Ackerman Camp Duncan Aderholt Cannon Dunn Edwards Akin Cantor Allen Capito Ehlers Andrews Ehrlich Capps Capuano Armey Emerson Baca Cardin Engel Carson (IN) Bachus English Eshoo Baird Carson (OK) Etheridge Baker Castle Baldacci Chabot Evans Baldwin Chambliss Everett Ballenger Clav Farr Clayton Fattah Barcia Barr Clement Ferguson Barrett Clvburn Filner Bartlett Flake Collins Barton Fletcher Bass Combest Folev Becerra Forbes Condit Bentsen Convers Ford Fossella Bereuter Cooksey Costello Berkley Frank Frelinghuysen Berman Cox Berry Coyne Frost Biggert Cramer Gallegly Bilirakis Crane Ganske Crenshaw Bishop Gekas Crowley Culberson Blagojevich Gephardt Blumenauer Gibbons Gilchrest Blunt Cummings Boehlert Cunningham Gillmor Boehner Davis (CA) Gilman Davis (FL) Gonzalez Bonior Davis (IL) Goode Goodlatte Davis, Jo Ann Bono Boozman Davis, Tom Gordon Borski Dea1 Goss Boswell DeGette Graham Boucher Delahunt Granger Boyd DeLauro Graves Brady (PA) Green (TX) DeLay Brady (TX) DeMint Green (WI) Brown (FL) Deutsch Greenwood Diaz-Balart Brown (OH) Grucci Dicks Gutknecht Brown (SC) Dingell Bryant Hall (OH) Burr Doggett Hall (TX) Dooley Burton Hansen Buver Doolittle Harman Doyle

Hastings (FL) McCrery Sawyer Hastings (WA) McDermott Saxton Havworth McGovern Schaffer McHugh Schakowsky Hefley Schiff Herger McInnis Schrock Hill McIntyre Scott Hilleary McKeon Sensenbrenner Hilliard McKinney Serrano Hinchey McNulty Sessions Meeks (NY) Hinojosa Shadegg Hobson Menendez Shaw Hoeffel Mica Shavs Millender-Hoekstra Sherman Holden McDonald Sherwood Holt Miller, Dan Shimkus Honda Miller, Garv Miller, George Hooley Shuster Miller, Jeff Horn Simmons Houghton Mink Simpson Mollohan Skeen Hoyer Skelton Hulshof Moore Moran (KS) Slaughter Hunter Smith (MI) Moran (VA) Hyde Smith (NJ) Morella Inslee Smith (TX) Isakson Murtha Smith (WA) Israel Myrick Snyder Nadler Issa Solis Napolitano Istook Souder Jackson (IL) Neal Spratt Jackson-Lee Nethercutt Stark (TX) Northun Stearns Jefferson Norwood Stenholm Jenkins Nussle Strickland John Oberstar Stump Johnson (CT) Obev Stupak Johnson (IL) Olver Sununu Johnson, E. B. Sweenev Jones (NC) Osborne Tancredo Jones (OH) Ose Tanner Tauscher Otter Kaniorski Kaptur Owens Tauzin Taylor (MS) Keller Oxley Taylor (NC) Kelly Pallone Terry Kennedy (MN) Pascrell Thomas Kennedy (RI) Pastor Thompson (CA) Paul Thompson (MS) Kildee Payne Thornberry Kilpatrick Pelosi Thune Kind (WI) Pence Thurman Peterson (MN) King (NY Tiahrt. Peterson (PA) Kirk Tiberi Kleczka Petri Tierney Knollenberg Phelps Toomey Pickering Kolbe Towns LaFalce Pitts Traficant LaHood Platts Turner Pombo Lampson Udall (CO) Langevin Pomeroy Udall (NM) Lantos Portman Upton Largent Price (NC) Velazquez Larsen (WA) Prvce (OH) Visclosky Larson (CT) Putnam Vitter Walden Latham Radanovich Leach Rahall Walsh Wamp Ramstad Lee Waters Levin Rangel Watkins (OK) Lewis (CA) Regula Watson (CA) Lewis (GA) Rehberg Watt (NC) Lewis (KY) Revnolds Watts (OK) Linder Riley Waxman Lipinski Rivers Weiner LoBiondo Rodriguez Weldon (FL) Lofgren Roemer Weldon (PA) Rogers (KY) Lowey Weller Lucas (KY) Rogers (MI) Wexler Lucas (OK) Rohrabacher Whitfield Luther Ros-Lehtinen Wicker Lynch Ross Wilson Maloney (CT) Rothman Maloney (NY) Roybal-Allard Woolsev Manzullo Royce Wu Mascara Rush Wynn Matheson Ryan (WI) Young (FL) Matsui Ryun (KS) McCarthy (MO) Sabo McCarthy (NY) Sanders

NOT VOTING-18

NOT VOTING—18

Cubin Kingston Ney
DeFazio Kucinich Quinn
Gutierrez LaTourette Reyes
Hayes Markey Roukema
Hostettler Meehan Sanchez
Johnson, Sam Meek (FL) Young (AK)

Sandlin

McCollum

□ 1529

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

EXPRESSING SENSE OF CONGRESS IN HONORING THE CREW AND PASSENGERS OF UNITED AIR-LINES FLIGHT 93

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. MICA

Mr. MICA. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the text of House Concurrent Resolution 232, as proposed to be adopted under suspension of the rules, be modified by the amendment that I have placed at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. OTTER). The Clerk will report the amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. MICA:

Whereas on September 11, 2001, acts of war were committed against the United States, killing and injuring thousands of innocent people;

Whereas these attacks were directed at the World Trade Center in New York, New York, and the Pentagon in Washington, D.C., which are symbols of the Nation's economic and military strength:

Whereas United Airlines Flight 93 was hijacked by terrorists as part of these attacks;

Whereas while Flight 93 was still in the air, passengers and crew, through cellular phone conversations with loved ones on the ground, learned that other hijacked airplanes had been used in these attacks;

Whereas during these phone conversations several of the passengers indicated that there was an agreement among the passengers and crew to try to overpower the hijackers who had taken over the aircraft;

Whereas it is believed that it was this effort to overpower the hijackers that caused Flight 93 to crash in southwestern Pennsylvania, short of what is believed to have been its intended target: Washington, D.C.; and

Whereas the crash resulted in the death of everyone on board the aircraft: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That it is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) on September 11, 2001, the passengers and crew of hijacked United Airlines Flight 93 possibly averted the use of that aircraft in a further terrorist attack on the United States by attempting to overpower the hijackers:

(2) the United States owes its deepest gratitude to the passengers and crew of Flight 93, and extends its condolences to the families and friends of Captain Jason Dahl, First Officer Leroy Homer, flight attendants Lorraine G. Bay, Sandra W. Bradshaw, Wanda A. Green, Ceecee Lyles, Deborah A. Welsh, and passengers Christian Adams, Todd Beamer, Alan Beaven, Mark Bingham, Deora Bodley, Thomas Burnett, William Cashman, Georgine Corrigan, Patricia Cushing, Joseph Deluca, Patrick Driscoll, Edward Felt, Jane C. Folger, Colleen Fraser, Andrew Garcia, Kristin Gould, Glick. Grandcolas, Donald Greene, Linda Gronlund, Richard Guadagno, Toshiya Kuge, Hilda Waleska Martinez, Nicole Miller, Louis J. Nacke, Donald Peterson, Jean Peterson, Mark Rothenberg, Christine Snyder, John Talignani, and Honor Elizabeth Wainio; and

(3) a memorial plaque to these victims should be placed on the grounds of the Capitol, and a copy of the wording of the plaque, together with a copy of this resolution from the Congressional Record, should be sent to a designated survivor of each victim.

Mr. MICA (during the reading). Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the amendment be considered as read and printed in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the original request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and agreeing to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 232, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. MICA) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 232, as amended, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 415, nays 0, not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 473] YEAS—415

Abercrombie Calvert Dreier Camp Ackerman Duncan Aderholt Dunn Cannon Edwards Cantor Allen Capito Ehlers Andrews Ehrlich Capps Capuano Armey Emerson Baca. Cardin Engel Carson (IN) English Bachus Baird Carson (OK) Baker Castle Etheridge Baldacci Chabot Evans Baldwin Chambliss Everett Ballenger Clay Farr Clayton Fattah Barcia Barr Clement Ferguson Barrett Clyburn Filner Bartlett Coble Flake Barton Collins Fletcher Bass Combest Foley Becerra Condit Forbes Bentsen Conyers ${\bf Ford}$ Fossella Bereuter Cooksey Berkley Costello Frank Berman Cox Frelinghuysen Berry Covne Frost Gallegly Biggert Cramer Ganske Bilirakis Crane Crenshaw Gekas Bishop Blagojevich Crowley Gephardt Blumenauer Culberson Gibbons Blunt Cummings Gilchrest Boehlert Cunningham Gillmor Boehner Davis (CA) Gilman Davis (FL) Bonilla Gonzalez Davis (IL) Bonior Goode Goodlatte Bono Davis, Jo Ann Boozman Davis, Tom Goss Borski Deal Graham DeGette Boswell 1 Granger Boucher Delahunt Graves Boyd DeLauro Green (TX) Brady (PA) DeLav Green (WI) Brady (TX) DeMint Greenwood Deutsch Diaz-Balart Brown (FL) Grucci Gutknecht Brown (OH) Hall (OH) Bryant Dingell Hall (TX) Doggett Hansen Burr Burton Dooley Harman Doolittle Hart Buver Callahan Hastings (FL) Doyle