108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H. CON. RES. 158

Recognizing the importance of inheritance rights of women in Africa.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 30, 2003

Ms. MILLENDER-MCDONALD (for herself, Ms. CARSON of Indiana, Ms. LEE, Mr. SNYDER, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. TOWNS, Ms. KILPATRICK, Mrs. MALONEY, Mr. CONYERS, Ms. CORRINE BROWN of Florida, Mr. KILDEE, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mrs. JONES of Ohio, Ms. NORTON, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mrs. CAPPS, Mr. MCNULTY, Mr. RODRIGUEZ, Mr. MCGOV-ERN, Ms. WATERS, Mr. STARK, Mr. KENNEDY of Rhode Island, Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas, Mr. FARR, Mr. MCDERMOTT, Mr. CUMMINGS, Mrs. CHRISTENSEN, and Mr. WAXMAN) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Recognizing the importance of inheritance rights of women in Africa.

- Whereas access to and control over land, housing, and property is one of the most critical factors in the overall struggle for women's equality in gender relations and empowerment, as it is essential to women's daily survival, economic security, and physical safety;
- Whereas in many regions of the world, and particularly throughout the African continent, land and housing have traditionally been regulated by customary law under

which widowed women do not inherit land and housing but are allowed to remain in the matrimonial home until death or remarriage;

- Whereas over the past several decades, this social safety net has eroded drastically, creating a human rights crisis of enormous magnitude;
- Whereas, in some cases, religious law also plays a role in restricting women's right to inherit;
- Whereas statutory laws in some African countries have superseded customary and religious laws restricting women's right to inherit, but nonetheless have had minimal impact on actual practice;
- Whereas the denial of inheritance rights to women devastates the lives of millions of women who become completely destitute upon the death of their husbands, when the family of the deceased husband often takes immediate possession of the land, housing, and property;
- Whereas the result is not only extreme poverty for individual women and their dependents, but a profound, negative impact on the social and economic development of countries in Africa;
- Whereas the HIV/AIDS pandemic has resulted in the exponential growth in the number of young widows, orphaned girls, and grandmothers becoming heads of households and has led to the urgent need for secure inheritance rights for women;
- Whereas this phenomenon has been exacerbated by the horrific conflicts that have gripped many African countries in recent years, in the aftermath of which there is usually an increase in female-headed households; and

Whereas the denial of inheritance rights also results in violence against women, both at the time when they are forcibly dispossessed and after they become homeless: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate
 concurring), That it is the sense of Congress that—

3 (1) greater attention should be paid to the
4 strong relationship between the denial of inheritance
5 rights to women and its negative impact on eco6 nomic development, particularly in Africa;

7 (2) when considering responses to the HIV/
8 AIDS epidemic, programs that focus sharply on en9 suring secure inheritance rights to widows and or10 phans of HIV/AIDS should be carefully considered;

(3) ensuring secure inheritance rights for
women should be included in strategies addressing
the issue of violence against women;

(4) in post-conflict and reconstruction situations, the rights of widows and other female heads
of households to inherit land and property should be
included in the priorities of reconstruction;

(5) the Secretary of State should examine the
issue of women's inheritance rights in Africa in the
annual human rights report of the Department of
State;

(6) the United States Agency for International
 Development should consider conducting a study of
 African countries in order to document and establish
 the effect of the denial of women's inheritance rights
 on economic development of those countries; and
 (7) the Annual Day of Action on Women's In-

6 (1) the Annual Day of Action on Women's In7 heritance Rights, initiated in 1999 by the Inter8 national Human Rights Law Group and imple9 mented over the past three years by nongovern10 mental organizations throughout many countries in
11 Africa, should be acknowledged and supported.

 \bigcirc