108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1865

To authorize the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to make grants to States, units of general local government, and nonprofit organizations for counseling and education programs for the prevention of predatory lending and to establish a toll-free telephone number for complaints regarding predatory lending, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 29, 2003

Mr. Scott of Georgia introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to make grants to States, units of general local government, and nonprofit organizations for counseling and education programs for the prevention of predatory lending and to establish a toll-free telephone number for complaints regarding predatory lending, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Prevention of Preda-
- 5 tory Lending Through Education Act".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 The Congress finds the following:
- (1) While expanded access to credit from both prime and subprime lenders has contributed to the highest homeownership rates in the Nation's history, there is growing evidence that some lenders are en-gaging in predatory lending practices—excessive front-end fees, single-premium credit life insurance, and exorbitant prepayment penalties—that make homeownership much more costly for families that can least afford it.
 - (2) Borrowers with fair to good credit ratings may be able to obtain loans in the "prime" mortgage market, with the lowest interest rates and costs.
 - (3) Borrowers with blemished credit histories obtain mortgage loans in the "subprime" mortgage market, with higher interest rates and loan fees than are obtainable in the prime market. Some subprime lenders have been making loans on terms that are regarded as "predatory".
 - (4) Predatory lending involves home mortgages, mortgage refinancing, home equity loans, and home repair loans with unjustifiably high interest rates, excessive fees, balloon payments, prepayment penalties, and the imposition of other unreasonable, and sometimes fraudulent, terms.

- (5) Predatory loans are said to have grown rapidly in minority neighborhoods, often stripping away wealth that may have taken owners decades or a lifetime to accumulate.
 - (6) Some communities that have lacked access to traditional institutions were being victimized by second mortgage lenders, home improvement contractors, and finance companies who peddled high interest rate home equity loans with high loan fees to cash-poor homeowners. Borrowers, who may not have fully understood the terms of the loans, and who may not have been offered adequate disclosures of the loan terms, often have struggled to meet overwhelming mortgage payments and too often ultimately lost their homes through foreclosure.
 - (7) A joint report by the Department of Housing and Urban Development and the Treasury Department, issued June 21, 2000, entitled "Curbing Predatory Home Mortgage Lending", urged the Congress to adopt legislation that would restrict abusive terms and conditions on high-cost loans, prohibit harmful sales practices in mortgage markets, improve consumer literacy and disclosures, prohibit government-sponsored enterprises from pur-

- chasing loans with predatory features, and establish predatory lending as a factor in CRA evaluations.
 - (8) The joint report proposed a four-point plan to address predatory lending practices, as follows:
 - (A) To improve consumer literacy and disclosures, the report recommended requiring lenders to recommend that applicants for high-cost loans avail themselves of home mortgage counseling, to disclose credit scores to all borrowers upon request, and to give borrowers more timely and more accurate information on loan costs and terms.
 - (B) To prohibit harmful sales practices in the mortgage market, the report recommended the banning of practices such as loan "flipping" and lending to borrowers without regard to their ability to repay the loan, imposing new requirements on mortgage brokers to document the appropriateness of a high-cost loan for certain applicants, and requiring lenders who report to credit bureaus to provide "full-file" payment history for their mortgage customers.
 - (C) To restrict abusive terms and conditions on high-cost loans, the report recommended that the Congress increase the num-

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ber of borrowers in the subprime market covered by legislative protections, further restrict balloon payments on high-cost loans, restrict prepayment penalties and the financing of points and fees, prohibit mandatory arbitration agreements on high-cost loans, and ban lumpsum credit life insurance and similar products.

- (D) To improve market structure, the report recommended the award of credit under the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977 (CRA) to lenders that promote borrowers from the subprime to prime mortgage market, the denial of CRA credit to lenders for the origination or purchase of loans that violate applicable lending laws, the disclosure by lenders of the incidence of high-cost loans in pools of mortgage-backed securities, and the disclosure of the incidence of such loans in the offering documents for such securities.
- (9) A recent study by the Center for Community Change, entitled "Risk or Race? Racial Disparities and the Subprime Refinance Market" found a geographic concentration of subprime lending in minority neighborhoods and to borrowers of color at all income levels.

- 1 (10) A number of government agencies have be2 come involved in addressing various aspects of the
 3 predatory lending issue in an attempt to reduce the
 4 number of lenders that use high-pressure tele5 marketing sales techniques and mislead borrowers
 6 about increases in interest rates and monthly pay7 ments on adjustable rate mortgages.
 - (11) Predatory lending threatens to undo the work of many nonprofit organizations that have worked with lenders and local governments to improve distressed neighborhoods. More needs to be done to assist borrowers who already have predatory loans, to educate consumers about the dangers and pitfalls of entering into a home loan, and to refer consumers to appropriate governmental agencies or consumer protection organizations for assistance.

17 SEC. 3. GRANT PROGRAM FOR EDUCATION AND COUN-18 SELING REGARDING PREDATORY LENDING.

19 (a) In General.—The Secretary of Housing and 20 Urban Development may make grants under this section 21 to States, units of general local government, and nonprofit 22 organizations, which shall be used only for costs of carrying out eligible anti-predatory lending activities under 24 subsection (b).

- 1 (b) ELIGIBLE ANTI-PREDATORY LENDING ACTIVI-2 TIES.—Amounts from a grant under this section may be 3 used only for carrying out the following activities:
- 4 EDUCATION PROGRAMS.—For education 5 programs to inform and educate consumers, particu-6 larly those most vulnerable to being taken advantage 7 of by predatory and unscrupulous lending practices 8 relating to home loans (such as low-income bor-9 rowers and senior citizens), regarding home mort-10 gages, mortgage refinancing, home equity loans, and 11 home repair loans with unjustifiably high interest 12 rates, excessive fees, balloon payments, prepayment 13 penalties, and the imposition of other unreasonable, 14 and sometimes fraudulent, terms.
 - (2) Counseling programs.—For programs, provided only by organizations certified by the Secretary as competent to provide homeownership counseling, that counsel homeowners and prospective homeowners regarding predatory and unscrupulous lending practices relating to home loans.
 - (3) Referral services.—For services that provide referrals, for homeowners and prospective homeowners—
- 24 (A) to education and counseling programs 25 described in paragraphs (1) and (2); or

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- 1 (B) to appropriate agencies or authorities
 2 responsible for handling consumer complaints,
 3 allegations, or requests for assistance regarding
 4 predatory and unscrupulous lending practices
 5 relating to home loans or for investigating the
 6 circumstances surrounding home loans for possible violations of law.
- 8 (c) ELIGIBILITY AND APPLICATION.—To be eligible
 9 for a grant under this section, a State, unit of general
 10 local government, or nonprofit organization shall submit
 11 to the Secretary an application for a grant in such form
 12 and including such information as the Secretary shall re13 quire, which shall include such information as the Sec14 retary considers appropriate to ensure that the grant
 15 amounts are used for activities eligible under subsection
 16 (b).
- 17 (d) MAXIMUM GRANT AMOUNT.—The maximum 18 amount of grant funds that may be provided under this 19 section to any single grantee for any single fiscal year shall 20 be \$1,000,000.
- 21 (e) SELECTION OF APPLICANTS.—The Secretary 22 shall provide for States, units of general local government, 23 and nonprofit organizations to submit applications for 24 grants under this section. The Secretary shall select appli-

- 1 cations to receive such grants according to selection cri-
- 2 teria, which the Secretary shall establish.

3 SEC. 4. TOLL-FREE TELEPHONE NUMBER FOR PREDATORY

- 4 LENDING COMPLAINTS.
- 5 The Secretary shall, using any amounts reserved
- 6 under section 7(1), provide for the establishment, oper-
- 7 ation, and publication of a nationwide toll-free telephone
- 8 number to receive consumer complaints regarding preda-
- 9 tory and unscrupulous lending practices relating to home
- 10 loans, provide information about predatory lending, refer
- 11 borrowers who already have predatory loans to the appro-
- 12 priate governmental agencies or consumer protection orga-
- 13 nizations for assistance, and coordinate between existing
- 14 State and nonprofit community organizations to create a
- 15 resource database of information for consumers.

16 SEC. 5. PREDATORY LENDING ADVISORY COUNCIL.

- 17 (a) Establishment.—There is established in the
- 18 Department of Housing and Urban Development a Preda-
- 19 tory Lending Advisory Council (in this section referred to
- 20 as the "Council") to advise the Secretary on policies and
- 21 issues relating to predatory and unscrupulous lending
- 22 practices relating to home loans.
- (b) Membership.—The Council shall be composed of
- 24 13 members appointed by the Secretary, who shall in-
- 25 clude—

- 1 (1) 4 members who are representatives of com-2 munity-based organizations that work with con-3 sumers, lenders, and State and local governments to improve distressed neighborhoods, assist borrowers who already have predatory loans, educate con-5 6 sumers about the dangers and pitfalls of entering 7 into a home loan, and refer consumers to appro-8 priate governmental agencies or consumer protection 9 organizations for assistance;
 - (2) 3 members who are officials of State agencies or offices for consumer affairs or consumer protection;
 - (3) 3 members who are private homeowners who are familiar with home mortgages, mortgage refinancing, home equity loans, and home repair loans; and
- 17 (4) 3 members who are representatives of the 18 private real estate industry, such as realtors, mort-19 gage brokers, and bankers.
- 20 (c) Terms and Vacancies.—Members of the Coun-21 cil shall serve terms of two years, except that, of the initial 22 members appointed, half shall serve terms of one year and 23 half shall serve terms of two years. A vacancy in the Coun-
- 24 cil shall be filled in the manner in which the original ap-

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1	(d) Travel Expenses.—Members of the Council
2	shall serve without compensation but shall receive travel
3	expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in ac-
4	cordance with sections 5702 and 5703 of title 5, United
5	States Code.
6	(e) Chairperson.—The Secretary shall designate a
7	chairperson of the Council at the time of appointment.
8	(f) Meetings and Hearings.—The Council shall
9	meet upon the call of the chairperson, except that the
10	council shall meet not fewer than 3 times per year. The
11	Council shall have the authority, when a majority of the
12	members deem necessary, to hold public hearings and to
13	take testimony and receive evidence from individuals and
14	organizations.
15	(g) Advisory Functions.—The Council shall pro-
16	vide advice to the Secretary regarding—
17	(1) the grant program under section 3, includ-
18	ing advice regarding criteria for selection of applica-
19	tions to receive grant amounts;
20	(2) the establishment, operation, and publica-
21	tion of the toll-free telephone number under section
22	4;
23	(3) coordination of activities of the Secretary
24	regarding prevention of predatory and unscrupulous

- lending practices relating to home loans with such activities of lending institutions; and
- (4) any other matters regarding predatory and
 unscrupulous lending practices relating to home
 loans that the Secretary considers appropriate.
- 6 (h) STUDY OF DEFAULTS AND FORECLOSURES.—
- 7 The Council shall conduct an extensive study of the root
- 8 causes of default and foreclosure of home loans, using as
- 9 much empirical data as are available. The Council shall
- 10 submit a report to the Secretary and the Congress, not
- 11 later than 12 months after the full membership of the
- 12 Council is first appointed, regarding the results of the
- 13 study, which shall include recommendations for consumer
- 14 protection legislation regarding predatory and unscrupu-
- 15 lous lending practices relating to home loans.

16 SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.

- For purposes of this Act, the following definitions 18 shall apply:
- 19 (1) Home Loan.—The term "home loan"
 20 means a loan or agreement to extend credit made to
 21 a natural person, which loan is secured by a deed to
 22 secure debt, security deed, mortgage, security instru23 ment, deed of trust, or other document representing
 24 a security interest or lien upon any interest in one25 to four-family residential property or a manufac-

1	tured home, regardless of where made, including the
2	renewal or refinancing of any such loan. Such term
3	includes a home equity line of credit or home im-
4	provement loan or other similar agreement.
5	(2) Nonprofit organization.—The term
6	"nonprofit organization" has the meaning given

- "nonprofit organization" has the meaning given such term in section 104(5) of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 12704(5)), except that subparagraph (D) of such section shall not apply for purposes of this Act.
- (3) PREDATORY OR UNSCRUPULOUS LENDING PRACTICE.—The term "predatory or unscrupulous lending practice" includes—

(A) making any loan that—

- (i) is solely based on the borrower's home equity;
- (ii) is made without regard to the borrower's ability to repay the obligation; and
- (iii) is unaffordable to the borrower, as may be evidenced by a failure to fully understand the terms of the loans, a failure to offer adequate disclosures of the loan terms, a difficulty in meeting overwhelming mortgage payments, loss of a home through foreclosure, or otherwise;

1	(B) inducing a borrower to refinance a
2	loan repeatedly and charging additional points
3	and fees, even though refinancing may not be in
4	the borrower's interest; and
5	(C) engaging in fraud or deception to con-
6	ceal the true nature of the loan obligation from
7	an unsuspecting or unsophisticated borrower.
8	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
9	the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development
10	(5) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
11	the several States, the Commonwealth of Puerto
12	Rico, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth
13	of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, the Virgin
14	Islands, American Samoa, the Trust Territories of
15	the Pacific, or any other possession of the United
16	States.
17	(6) Unit of general local government.—
18	The term "unit of general local government" means
19	any city, town, township, parish, village, or other
20	general purpose political subdivision of a State.
21	SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
22	There is authorized to be appropriated for carrying
23	out this Act \$55,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2004

24 through 2008, of which—

1 (1) not more than \$2,000,000 in each such fis2 cal year shall be for carrying out section 4; and
3 (2) not more than \$5,000,000 in each such fis4 cal year shall be for carrying out section 5.
5 SEC. 8. REGULATIONS.
6 The Secretary may issue any regulations necessary
7 to carry out this Act.

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