108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H. R. 946

To effect a moratorium on immigration.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 26, 2003

Mr. TANCREDO (for himself, Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. DEAL of Georgia, Mr. KING of Iowa, Mr. NORWOOD, Mr. DUNCAN, and Mr. GOODE) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To effect a moratorium on immigration.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- **3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Mass Immigration Re-
- 5 duction Act of 2003".

6 SEC. 2. IMMIGRATION MORATORIUM DEFINED.

7 As used in this Act, the term "immigration morato-8 rium" means the period beginning on October 1, 2003, 9 and ending on September 30 of the first fiscal year after 10 fiscal year 2008 during which the President submits a re-11 port to Congress, which is approved by a joint resolution

of Congress, that the flow of illegal immigration has been 1 2 reduced to less than 10,000 aliens per year and that any 3 increase in legal immigration resulting from termination 4 of the immigration moratorium would have no adverse impact on the wages and working conditions of United States 5 citizens, the achievement or maintenance of Federal envi-6 7 ronmental quality standards, or the capacity of public 8 schools, public hospitals, and other public facilities to 9 serve the resident population in those localities where im-10 migrants are likely to settle.

11 SEC. 3. WORLDWIDE LEVELS OF IMMIGRATION.

12 Notwithstanding section 201 of the Immigration and 13 Nationality Act, during the immigration moratorium 14 under section 2 in lieu of the worldwide levels of immigra-15 tion under section 201 of such Act—

(1) the worldwide level of family-sponsored immigrants under section 201(c) of such Act is zero;
(2) the worldwide level of employment-based
immigrants under section 201(d) of such Act is
5,000; and

(3) the worldwide level of diversity immigrants
under section 201(e) of such Act is zero.

23 SEC. 4. ALLOTMENT OF VISAS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 203 ofthe Immigration and Nationality Act, during the immigra-

tion moratorium under section 2, in lieu of the number
 of visas that may be allotted under section 203 of such
 Act—

4 (1) the number of visas that shall be allotted to
5 family-sponsored immigrants under section 203(a) of
6 such Act shall be zero;

7 (2) the number of visas that shall be allotted in
8 any fiscal year to priority workers under section
9 203(b)(1) of such Act shall not exceed the worldwide
10 level of employment-based immigrants for that fiscal
11 year, and the number of visas that shall be allotted
12 to other aliens subject to the worldwide level for em13 ployment-based immigrants shall be zero; and

14 (3) the number of visas that shall be allotted to
15 diversity immigrants under section 203(c) of such
16 Act shall be zero.

(b) LIMITATION ON SPONSORSHIP BY CERTAIN
ALIENS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
during the immigration moratorium, no visa may be allotted to any immigrant on the basis of a petition by an individual who has filed an application under section 210 or
245A of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

23 SEC. 5. GRANTING IMMIGRANT STATUS.

During the immigration moratorium under section 2,the Attorney General may not approve any petition for

classification under section 204 of the Immigration and
 Nationality Act except for classification by reason of a
 family relationship described in section 201(b)(2) of such
 Act or priority worker status under section 203(b)(1) of
 such Act. Petitions that may not be approved during the
 moratorium shall be returned to the persons who filed the
 petitions.

8 SEC. 6. ANNUAL ADMISSION OF REFUGEES.

9 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during 10 the immigration moratorium under section 2 the number 11 of refugees who may be admitted under section 207 of 12 such Act, including the number of admissions made avail-13 able to adjust to the status of permanent residence the 14 status of aliens granted asylum under section 209(b) of 15 such Act, shall not exceed 25,000 in any fiscal year.

16 SEC. 7. IMMEDIATE RELATIVES DEFINED.

During the immigration moratorium, the term "immediate relatives" for purposes of section 201(b) of the
Immigration and Nationality Act means the children and
spouse of a citizen of the United States.

21 SEC. 8. RENUNCIATION OF OTHER CITIZENSHIP FOR NATU-

22 RALIZATION.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during
the immigration moratorium under section 2, in addition
to other applicable requirements under the Immigration

and Nationality Act an alien may only be naturalized as
 a citizen of the United States if the alien renounces any
 nationality or citizenship of any other country.

 \bigcirc