108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 1053

To prohibit discrimination on the basis of genetic information with respect to health insurance and employment.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 13, 2003

Ms. SNOWE (for herself, Mr. FRIST, Mr. JEFFORDS, Mr. ENZI, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. DEWINE, and Mr. GREGG) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

- To prohibit discrimination on the basis of genetic information with respect to health insurance and employment.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Genetic Information
- 5 Nondiscrimination Act of 2003".

I—**GENETIC** TITLE NON-1 **DISCRIMINATION IN HEALTH** 2 **INSURANCE** 3

4 SEC. 101. AMENDMENTS TO EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT IN-5

COME SECURITY ACT OF 1974.

6 (a) PROHIBITION OF HEALTH DISCRIMINATION ON 7 THE BASIS OF GENETIC INFORMATION OR GENETIC 8 SERVICES.—

9 (1) NO ENROLLMENT RESTRICTION FOR GE-10 NETIC SERVICES.—Section 702(a)(1)(F) of the Em-11 ployee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29) 12 U.S.C. 1182(a)(1)(F) is amended by inserting be-13 fore the period the following: "(including informa-14 tion about a request for or receipt of genetic serv-15 ices)".

16 (2) NO DISCRIMINATION IN GROUP PREMIUMS 17 BASED ON GENETIC INFORMATION.—Section 702(b) 18 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 19 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1182(b)) is amended by adding at 20 the end the following:

21 "(3) NO DISCRIMINATION IN GROUP PREMIUMS 22 BASED ON GENETIC INFORMATION.—For purposes 23 of this section, a group health plan, or a health in-24 surance issuer offering group health insurance cov-25 erage in connection with a group health plan, shall not adjust premium or contribution amounts for a
 group on the basis of genetic information concerning
 an individual in the group or a family member of the
 individual (including information about a request for
 or receipt of genetic services).

6 (b) LIMITATIONS ON GENETIC TESTING AND THE
7 COLLECTION OF GENETIC INFORMATION.—Section 702 of
8 the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974
9 (29 U.S.C. 1182) is amended by adding at the end the
10 following:

11 "(c) GENETIC TESTING.—

12 "(1) LIMITATION ON REQUESTING OR REQUIR-13 ING GENETIC TESTING.—A group health plan, or a 14 health insurance issuer offering health insurance 15 coverage in connection with a group health plan, 16 shall not request or require an individual or a family 17 member of such individual to undergo a genetic test. 18 "(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in 19 this part shall be construed to limit the authority of 20 a health care professional, who is providing health 21 care services with respect to an individual or who is 22 acting on behalf of a group health plan or a health 23 insurance issuer, to request that such individual or 24 a family member of such individual undergo a ge-25 netic test. Such a health care professional shall not require that such individual or family member un dergo a genetic test.

3 "(d) COMPLIANCE WITH CERTAIN CONFIDENTIALITY 4 STANDARDS WITH RESPECT TO GENETIC INFORMA-5 TION.—With respect to the use or disclosure of genetic information by a group health plan, or a health insurance 6 7 issuer offering health insurance coverage in connection 8 with a group health plan, such information shall be 9 deemed to be protected health information for purposes 10 of, and shall be subject to, the standards promulgated by 11 the Secretary of Health and Human Services under—

12 "(1) part C of title XI of the Social Security
13 Act (42 U.S.C. 1320d et seq.); or

"(2) section 264(c) of the Health Insurance
Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public
Law 104–191; 110 Stat. 2033).

17 "(e) Collection of Genetic Information.—

18 "(1) LIMITATION ON REQUESTING OR REQUIR-19 ING GENETIC INFORMATION.—Except as provided in 20 paragraph (2), a group health plan, or a health in-21 surance issuer offering health insurance coverage in 22 connection with a group health plan, shall not re-23 quest or require genetic information concerning an 24 individual or a family member of the individual (including information about a request for or receipt of
 genetic services).

3 "(2) INFORMATION NEEDED FOR TREATMENT, 4 PAYMENT, AND HEALTH CARE OPERATIONS .--- Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a group health plan, or 5 6 a health insurance issuer offering health insurance 7 coverage in connection with a group health plan, 8 that provides health care items and services to an in-9 dividual may request genetic information concerning 10 such individual or dependent for purposes of treat-11 ment, payment, or health care operations in accord-12 ance with the standards for protected health infor-13 mation described in subsection (d) to the extent that the use of such information is otherwise consistent 14 15 with this section.

"(3) FAILURE TO PROVIDE NECESSARY INFOR-16 17 MATION.—If an individual or dependent refuses to 18 provide the information requested under paragraph 19 (2), and such information is for treatment, payment, 20 or health care operations relating to the individual, 21 the group health plan or health insurance issuer re-22 questing such information shall not be required to 23 provide coverage for the items, services, or treat-24 ments with respect to which the requested informa-25 tion relates in any action under part 5.".

1	(c) Definitions.—Section 733(d) of the Employee
2	Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C.
3	1191b(d)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
4	"(5) FAMILY MEMBER.—The term 'family
5	member' means with respect to an individual—
6	"(A) the spouse of the individual;
7	"(B) a dependent child of the individual,
8	including a child who is born to or placed for
9	adoption with the individual; and
10	"(C) all other individuals related by blood
11	to the individual or the spouse or child de-
12	scribed in subparagraph (A) or (B).
13	"(6) GENETIC INFORMATION.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
15	subparagraph (B), the term 'genetic informa-
16	tion' means information—
17	"(i) concerning—
18	"(I) the genetic tests of an indi-
19	vidual;
20	"(II) the genetic tests of family
21	members of the individual; or
22	"(III) the occurrence of a disease
23	or disorder in family members of the
24	individual; and

1	"(ii) that is used to predict risk of
2	disease in asymptomatic or undiagnosed
3	individuals.
4	"(B) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'genetic in-
5	formation' shall not include—
6	"(i) information about the sex or age
7	of the individual;
8	"(ii) information derived from clinical
9	and laboratory tests, such as the chemical,
10	blood, or urine analyses of the individual
11	including cholesterol tests, used to deter-
12	mine health status or detect illness or diag-
13	nose disease; and
14	"(iii) information about physical
15	exams of the individual.
16	"(7) GENETIC SERVICES.—The term 'genetic
17	services' means health services provided for genetic
18	education and counseling.
19	"(8) GENETIC TEST.—The term 'genetic test'
20	means the analysis of human DNA, RNA, chro-
21	mosomes, proteins, and metabolites, that detect
22	genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes.
23	Such term does not include information described in
24	paragraph (6)(B).".
25	(d) REGULATIONS AND EFFECTIVE DATE.—

7

1 (1) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after 2 the date of enactment of this title, the Secretary of 3 Labor shall issue final regulations in an accessible 4 format to carry out the amendments made by this 5 section. 6 (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made 7 by this section shall apply with respect to group 8 health plans for plan years beginning after the date 9 that is 18 months after the date of enactment of 10 this title. 11 SEC. 102. AMENDMENTS TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE 12 ACT. 13 (a) Amendments Relating to the Group Mar-14 KET.— 15 (1) PROHIBITION OF HEALTH DISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF GENETIC INFORMATION OR GE-16 17 NETIC SERVICES.— 18 (A) NO ENROLLMENT RESTRICTION FOR 19 GENETIC SERVICES.—Section 2702(a)(1)(F) of 20 the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 21 300gg-1(a)(1)(F)) is amended by inserting be-22 fore the period the following: "(including infor-23 mation about a request for or receipt of genetic services)". 24

1(B) NO DISCRIMINATION IN GROUP PRE-2MIUMS BASED ON GENETIC INFORMATION.—3Section 2702(b) of the Public Health Service4Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-1(b)) is amended by5adding at the end the following:

"(3) NO DISCRIMINATION IN GROUP PREMIUMS 6 7 BASED ON GENETIC INFORMATION.—For purposes 8 of this section, a group health plan, or a health in-9 surance issuer offering group health insurance cov-10 erage in connection with a group health plan, shall 11 not adjust premium or contribution amounts for a 12 group on the basis of genetic information concerning 13 an individual in the group or a family member of the 14 individual (including information about a request for 15 or receipt of genetic services).".

16 (2) LIMITATIONS ON GENETIC TESTING AND
17 THE COLLECTION OF GENETIC INFORMATION.—Sec18 tion 2702 of the Public Health Service Act (42
19 U.S.C. 300gg-1) is amended by adding at the end
20 the following:

21 "(c) GENETIC TESTING.—

"(1) LIMITATION ON REQUESTING OR REQUIRING GENETIC TESTING.—A group health plan, or a
health insurance issuer offering health insurance
coverage in connection with a group health plan,

1 shall not request or require an individual or a family 2 member of such individual to undergo a genetic test. 3 "(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in 4 this part shall be construed to limit the authority of 5 a health care professional, who is providing health 6 care services with respect to an individual or who is 7 acting on behalf of a group health plan or a health 8 insurance issuer, to request that such individual or 9 a family member of such individual undergo a ge-10 netic test. Such a health care professional shall not 11 require that such individual or family member un-12 dergo a genetic test.

13 "(d) COMPLIANCE WITH CERTAIN CONFIDENTIALITY 14 STANDARDS WITH RESPECT TO GENETIC INFORMA-15 TION.—With respect to the use or disclosure of genetic information by a group health plan, or a health insurance 16 issuer offering health insurance coverage in connection 17 18 with a group health plan, such information shall be 19 deemed to be protected health information for purposes 20 of, and shall be subject to, the standards promulgated by 21 the Secretary of Health and Human Services under—

22 "(1) part C of title XI of the Social Security
23 Act (42 U.S.C. 1320d et seq.); or

10

"(2) section 264(c) of the Health Insurance
 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public
 Law 104–191; 110 Stat. 2033).

4 "(e) Collection of Genetic Information.—

5 "(1) LIMITATION ON REQUESTING OR REQUIR-6 ING GENETIC INFORMATION.—Except as provided in 7 paragraph (2), a group health plan, or a health in-8 surance issuer offering health insurance coverage in 9 connection with a group health plan, shall not re-10 quest or require genetic information concerning an 11 individual or a family member of the individual (in-12 cluding information about a request for or receipt of 13 genetic services).

14 "(2) INFORMATION NEEDED FOR TREATMENT, 15 PAYMENT, AND HEALTH CARE OPERATIONS .- Not-16 withstanding paragraph (1), a group health plan, or 17 a health insurance issuer offering health insurance 18 coverage in connection with a group health plan, 19 that provides health care items and services to an in-20 dividual may request genetic information concerning 21 such individual or dependent for purposes of treat-22 ment, payment, or health care operations in accord-23 ance with the standards for protected health infor-24 mation described in subsection (d) to the extent that the use of such information is otherwise consistent
 with this section.

3 "(3) FAILURE TO PROVIDE NECESSARY INFOR-4 MATION.—If an individual or dependent refuses to 5 provide the information requested under paragraph 6 (2), and such information is for treatment, payment, or health care operations relating to the individual, 7 8 the group health plan or health insurance issuer re-9 questing such information shall not be required to 10 provide coverage for the items, services, or treat-11 ments with respect to which the requested informa-12 tion relates.".

13 (3) DEFINITIONS.—Section 2791(d) of the Pub14 lic Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg–91(d)) is
15 amended by adding at the end the following:

16 "(15) FAMILY MEMBER.—The term 'family
17 member' means with respect to an individual—

18 "(A) the spouse of the individual;

19 "(B) a dependent child of the individual,
20 including a child who is born to or placed for
21 adoption with the individual; and

22 "(C) all other individuals related by blood
23 to the individual or the spouse or child de24 scribed in subparagraph (A) or (B).

25 "(16) GENETIC INFORMATION.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
2	subparagraph (B), the term 'genetic informa-
3	tion' means information—
4	"(i) concerning—
5	"(I) the genetic tests of an indi-
6	vidual;
7	"(II) the genetic tests of family
8	members of the individual; or
9	"(III) the occurrence of a disease
10	or disorder in family members of the
11	individual; and
12	"(ii) that is used to predict risk of
13	disease in asymptomatic or undiagnosed
14	individuals.
15	"(B) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'genetic in-
16	formation' shall not include—
17	"(i) information about the sex or age
18	of the individual;
19	"(ii) information derived from clinical
20	and laboratory tests, such as the chemical,
21	blood, or urine analyses of the individual
22	including cholesterol tests, used to deter-
23	mine health status or detect illness or diag-
24	nose disease; and

1	"(iii) information about physical
2	exams of the individual.
3	"(17) GENETIC SERVICES.—The term 'genetic
4	services' means health services provided for genetic
5	education and counseling.
6	"(18) GENETIC TEST.—The term 'genetic test'
7	means the analysis of human DNA, RNA, chro-
8	mosomes, proteins, and metabolites, that detect
9	genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes.
10	Such term does not include information described in
11	paragraph (16)(B).".
12	(b) Amendment Relating to the Individual
13	MARKET.—The first subpart 3 of part B of title XXVII
14	of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg–51 et
15	seq.) (relating to other requirements) is amended—
16	(1) by redesignating such subpart as subpart 2;
17	and
18	(2) by adding at the end the following:
19	"SEC. 2753. PROHIBITION OF HEALTH DISCRIMINATION ON
20	THE BASIS OF GENETIC INFORMATION.
21	"(a) Prohibition on Genetic Information as a
22	CONDITION OF ELIGIBILITY.—A health insurance issuer
23	offering health insurance coverage in the individual mar-
24	ket may not use genetic information as a condition of eligi-
25	bility of an individual to enroll in individual health insur-

14

ance coverage (including information about a request for
 or receipt of genetic services).

3 "(b) PROHIBITION ON GENETIC INFORMATION IN 4 SETTING PREMIUM RATES.—For purposes of this section, 5 a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage in the individual market shall not adjust premium 6 7 or contribution amounts for an individual on the basis of 8 genetic information concerning the individual or a family 9 member of the individual (including information about a request for or receipt of genetic services). 10

11 "(c) GENETIC TESTING.—

"(1) LIMITATION ON REQUESTING OR REQUIRING GENETIC TESTING.—A health insurance issuer
offering health insurance coverage in the individual
market shall not request or require an individual or
a family member of such individual to undergo a genetic test.

18 "(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in 19 this part shall be construed to limit the authority of 20 a health care professional, who is providing health 21 care services with respect to an individual or who is 22 acting on behalf of a health insurance issuer, to re-23 quest that such individual or a family member of 24 such individual undergo a genetic test. Such a health

1 care professional shall not require that such indi-2 vidual or family member undergo a genetic test. 3 "(d) COMPLIANCE WITH CERTAIN CONFIDENTIALITY 4 STANDARDS WITH RESPECT TO GENETIC INFORMA-5 TION.—With respect to the use or disclosure of genetic information by a health insurance issuer offering health 6 7 insurance coverage in the individual market, such informa-8 tion shall be deemed to be protected health information 9 for purposes of, and shall be subject to, the standards pro-10 mulgated by the Secretary of Health and Human Services 11 under-12 "(1) part C of title XI of the Social Security 13 Act (42 U.S.C. 1320d et seq.); or 14 (2) section 264(c) of the Health Insurance 15 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public 16 Law 104–191; 110 Stat. 2033). 17 "(e) Collection of Genetic Information.— 18 "(1) LIMITATION ON REQUESTING OR REQUIR-19 ING GENETIC INFORMATION.—Except as provided in 20 paragraph (2), a health insurance issuer offering 21 health insurance coverage in the individual market 22 shall not request or require genetic information con-23 cerning an individual or a family member of the in-24 dividual (including information about a request for 25 or receipt of genetic services).

1 "(2) INFORMATION NEEDED FOR TREATMENT, 2 PAYMENT, AND HEALTH CARE OPERATIONS .- Not-3 withstanding paragraph (1), a health insurance 4 issuer offering health insurance coverage in the indi-5 vidual market that provides health care items and 6 services to an individual may request genetic infor-7 mation concerning such individual or dependent for 8 purposes of treatment, payment, or health care oper-9 ations in accordance with the standards for pro-10 tected health information described in subsection (d) 11 to the extent that the use of such information is oth-12 erwise consistent with this section.

13 "(3) FAILURE TO PROVIDE NECESSARY INFOR-14 MATION.—If an individual or dependent refuses to 15 provide the information requested under paragraph 16 (2), and such information is for treatment, payment, 17 or health care operations relating to the individual, 18 the health insurance issuer requesting such informa-19 tion shall not be required to provide coverage for the 20 items, services, or treatments with respect to which 21 the requested information relates.".

22 (c) REGULATIONS AND EFFECTIVE DATE.—

(1) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after
the date of enactment of this title, the Secretary of
Labor and the Secretary of Health and Human

1	Services (as the case may be) shall issue final regu-
2	lations in an accessible format to carry out the
3	amendments made by this section.
4	(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made
5	by this section shall apply—
6	(A) with respect to group health plans, and
7	health insurance coverage offered in connection
8	with group health plans, for plan years begin-
9	ning after the date that is 18 months after the
10	date of enactment of this title; and
11	(B) with respect to health insurance cov-
12	erage offered, sold, issued, renewed, in effect, or
13	operated in the individual market after the date
14	that is 18 months after the date of enactment
15	of this title.
10	
16	SEC. 103. AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE
16 17	SEC. 103. AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986.
17	OF 1986.
17 18	OF 1986. (a) Prohibition of Health Discrimination on
17 18 19	OF 1986. (a) Prohibition of Health Discrimination on The Basis of Genetic Information or Genetic
17 18 19 20	OF 1986. (a) Prohibition of Health Discrimination on the Basis of Genetic Information or Genetic Services.—
17 18 19 20 21	OF 1986. (a) PROHIBITION OF HEALTH DISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF GENETIC INFORMATION OR GENETIC SERVICES.— (1) NO ENROLLMENT RESTRICTION FOR GE-

formation about a request for or receipt of genetic
 services)".

3 (2) NO DISCRIMINATION IN GROUP PREMIUMS
4 BASED ON GENETIC INFORMATION.—Section
5 9802(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is
6 amended by adding at the end the following:

7 "(3) NO DISCRIMINATION IN GROUP PREMIUMS 8 BASED ON GENETIC INFORMATION.—For purposes 9 of this section, a group health plan shall not adjust 10 premium or contribution amounts for a group on the 11 basis of genetic information concerning an individual 12 in the group or a family member of the individual 13 (including information about a request for or receipt 14 of genetic services).".

(b) LIMITATIONS ON GENETIC TESTING AND THE
16 COLLECTION OF GENETIC INFORMATION.—Section 9802
17 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by add18 ing at the end the following:

"(d) GENETIC TESTING AND GENETIC SERVICES.—
"(1) LIMITATION ON REQUESTING OR REQUIRING GENETIC TESTING.—A group health plan shall
not request or require an individual or a family
member of such individual to undergo a genetic test.
"(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
this part shall be construed to limit the authority of

a health care professional, who is providing health
care services with respect to an individual or who
is acting on behalf of a group health plan, to request
that such individual or a family member of such individual undergo a genetic test. Such a health care
professional shall not require that such individual or
family member undergo a genetic test.

8 "(e) COMPLIANCE WITH CERTAIN CONFIDENTIALITY 9 STANDARDS WITH RESPECT TO GENETIC INFORMA-10 TION.—With respect to the use or disclosure of genetic 11 information by a group health plan, such information shall 12 be deemed to be protected health information for purposes 13 of, and shall be subject to, the standards promulgated by 14 the Secretary of Health and Human Services under—

15 "(1) part C of title XI of the Social Security
16 Act (42 U.S.C. 1320d et seq.); or

17 "(2) section 264(c) of the Health Insurance
18 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public
19 Law 104–191; 110 Stat. 2033).

20 "(f) Collection of Genetic Information.—

21 "(1) LIMITATION ON REQUESTING OR REQUIR22 ING GENETIC INFORMATION.—Except as provided in
23 paragraph (2), a group health plan shall not request
24 or require genetic information concerning an indi25 vidual or a family member of the individual (includ-

ing information about a request for or receipt of ge netic services).

3 "(2) INFORMATION NEEDED FOR TREATMENT, 4 PAYMENT, AND HEALTH CARE OPERATIONS .--- Not-5 withstanding paragraph (1), a group health plan 6 that provides health care items and services to an in-7 dividual may request genetic information concerning 8 such individual or dependent for purposes of treat-9 ment, payment, or health care operations in accord-10 ance with the standards for protected health infor-11 mation described in subsection (e) to the extent that 12 the use of such information is otherwise consistent 13 with this section.

14 "(3) FAILURE TO PROVIDE NECESSARY INFOR-15 MATION.—If an individual or dependent refuses to 16 provide the information requested under paragraph 17 (2), and such information is for treatment, payment, 18 or health care operations relating to the individual, 19 the group health plan requesting such information 20 shall not be required to provide coverage for the 21 items, services, or treatments with respect to which 22 the requested information relates.".

23 (c) DEFINITIONS.—Section 9832(d) of the Internal
24 Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end
25 the following:

1	"(6) FAMILY MEMBER.—The term 'family
2	member' means with respect to an individual—
3	"(A) the spouse of the individual;
4	"(B) a dependent child of the individual,
5	including a child who is born to or placed for
6	adoption with the individual; and
7	"(C) all other individuals related by blood
8	to the individual or the spouse or child de-
9	scribed in subparagraph (A) or (B).
10	"(7) GENETIC INFORMATION.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
12	subparagraph (B), the term 'genetic informa-
13	tion' means information—
14	"(i) concerning—
15	"(I) the genetic tests of an indi-
16	vidual;
17	"(II) the genetic tests of family
18	members of the individual; or
19	"(III) the occurrence of a disease
20	or disorder in family members of the
21	individual; and
22	"(ii) that is used to predict risk of
23	disease in asymptomatic or undiagnosed
24	individuals.

1	"(B) EXCEPTIONS.—The term 'genetic in-
2	formation' shall not include—
3	"(i) information about the sex or age
4	of the individual;
5	"(ii) information derived from clinical
6	and laboratory tests, such as the chemical,
7	blood, or urine analyses of the individual
8	including cholesterol tests, used to deter-
9	mine health status or detect illness or diag-
10	nose disease; and
11	"(iii) information about physical
12	exams of the individual.
13	"(8) GENETIC SERVICES.—The term 'genetic
14	services' means health services provided for genetic
15	education and counseling.
16	"(9) GENETIC TEST.—The term 'genetic test'
17	means the analysis of human DNA, RNA, chro-
18	mosomes, proteins, and metabolites, that detect
19	genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes.
20	Such term does not include information described in
21	paragraph (7)(B).".
22	(d) REGULATIONS AND EFFECTIVE DATE.—
23	(1) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after
24	the date of enactment of this title, the Secretary of
25	the Treasury shall issue final regulations in an ac-

cessible format to carry out the amendments made
 by this section.

3 (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made
4 by this section shall apply with respect to group
5 health plans for plan years beginning after the date
6 that is 18 months after the date of enactment of
7 this title.

8 SEC. 104. ASSURING COORDINATION.

9 The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of 10 Health and Human Services, and the Secretary of Labor 11 shall ensure, through the execution of an interagency 12 memorandum of understanding among such Secretaries, 13 that—

(1) regulations, rulings, and interpretations
issued by such Secretaries relating to the same matter over which two or more such Secretaries have responsibility under this title (and the amendments
made by this title) are administered so as to have
the same effect at all times; and

20 (2) coordination of policies relating to enforcing
21 the same requirements through such Secretaries in
22 order to have a coordinated enforcement strategy
23 that avoids duplication of enforcement efforts and
24 assigns priorities in enforcement.

1 TITLE II—PROHIBITING EM 2 PLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION 3 ON THE BASIS OF GENETIC 4 INFORMATION

5 SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.

6 In this title:

7 (1) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission"
8 means the Equal Employment Opportunity Commis9 sion as created by section 705 of the Civil Rights
10 Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e-4).

11 (2) EMPLOYEE; EMPLOYER; EMPLOYMENT
12 AGENCY; LABOR ORGANIZATION; AND MEMBER.—
13 The terms—

(A) "employee", "employer", "employment
agency", and "labor organization" have the
meanings given such terms in section 701 of
the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e);
and

(B) "employee" and "member", as used
with respect to a labor organization, include an
applicant for employment and an applicant for
membership in a labor organization, respectively.

24 (3) FAMILY MEMBER.—The term "family mem25 ber" means with respect to an individual—

1	(A) the spouse of the individual;
2	(B) a dependent child of the individual, in-
3	cluding a child who is born to or placed for
4	adoption with the individual; and
5	(C) all other individuals related by blood to
6	the individual or the spouse or child described
7	in subparagraph (A) or (B).
8	(4) GENETIC INFORMATION.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
10	subparagraph (B), the term "genetic informa-
11	tion" means information—
12	(i) concerning—
13	(I) the genetic tests of an indi-
14	vidual;
15	(II) the genetic tests of family
16	members of the individual; or
17	(III) the occurrence of a disease
18	or disorder in family members of the
19	individual; and
20	(ii) that is used to predict risk of dis-
21	ease in asymptomatic or undiagnosed indi-
22	viduals.
23	(B) EXCEPTIONS.—The term "genetic in-
24	formation" shall not include—

1	(i) information about the sex or age of
2	the individual;
3	(ii) information derived from clinical
4	and laboratory tests, such as the chemical,
5	blood, or urine analyses of the individual
6	including cholesterol tests, used to deter-
7	mine health status or detect illness or diag-
8	nose disease; and
9	(iii) information about physical exams
10	of the individual.
11	(5) GENETIC MONITORING.—The term "genetic
12	monitoring" means the periodic examination of em-
13	ployees to evaluate acquired modifications to their
14	genetic material, such as chromosomal damage or
15	evidence of increased occurrence of mutations, that
16	may have developed in the course of employment due
17	to exposure to toxic substances in the workplace, in
18	order to identify, evaluate, and respond to the ef-
19	fects of or control adverse environmental exposures
20	in the workplace.
21	(6) GENETIC SERVICES.—The term "genetic
22	services" means health services provided for genetic
23	education and counseling.
24	(7) GENETIC TEST.—The term "genetic test"
25	means the analysis of human DNA, RNA, chro-

mosomes, proteins, and metabolites, that detect
 genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes.
 Such term does not include information described in
 paragraph (4)(B).

5 SEC. 202. EMPLOYER PRACTICES.

6 (a) USE OF GENETIC INFORMATION.—It shall be an7 unlawful employment practice for an employer—

8 (1) to fail or refuse to hire or to discharge any 9 individual, or otherwise to discriminate against any 10 individual with respect to the compensation, terms, 11 conditions, or privileges of employment of the indi-12 vidual, because of genetic information with respect 13 to the individual (or information about a request for 14 or the receipt of genetic services by such individual 15 or family member of such individual); or

16 (2) to limit, segregate, or classify the employees 17 of the employer in any way that would deprive or 18 tend to deprive any individual of employment oppor-19 tunities or otherwise adversely affect the status of 20 the individual as an employee, because of genetic in-21 formation with respect to the individual (or informa-22 tion about a request for or the receipt of genetic 23 services by such individual or family member of such individual). 24

1	(b) Limitation on Collection of Genetic In-
2	FORMATION.—It shall be an unlawful employment practice
3	for an employer to intentionally request, require, or pur-
4	chase genetic information with respect to an employee or
5	a family member of the employee (or information about
6	a request for the receipt of genetic services by such em-
7	ployee or a family of such employee) except—
8	(1) where the information involved is to be used
9	for genetic monitoring of the biological effects of
10	toxic substances in the workplace, but only if—
11	(A) the employer provides written notice of
12	the genetic monitoring to the employee;
13	(B)(i) the employee provides prior, know-
14	ing, voluntary, and written authorization; or
15	(ii) the genetic monitoring is required by
16	Federal, State, or local law;
17	(C) the employee is informed of individual
18	monitoring results;
19	(D) the monitoring conforms to any Fed-
20	eral or State genetic monitoring regulations, in-
21	cluding any such regulations that may be pro-
22	mulgated by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to
23	the Occupational Safety and Health Act of
24	1970 (29 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) or the Federal

1	Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30
2	U.S.C. 801 et seq.); and
3	(E) the employer, excluding any licensed or
4	certified health care professional that is in-
5	volved in the genetic monitoring program, re-
6	ceives the results of the monitoring only in ag-
7	gregate terms that do not disclose the identity
8	of specific employees;
9	(2) where—
10	(A) health or genetic services are offered
11	by the employer;
12	(B) the employee provides prior, knowing,
13	voluntary, and written authorization; and
14	(C) only the employee (or family member
15	if the family member is receiving genetic serv-
16	ices) and the licensed or certified health care
17	professionals involved in providing such services
18	receive individually identifiable information con-
19	cerning the results of such services; or
20	(3) where the request or requirement is nec-
21	essary to comply with Federal, State, or local law.
22	(c) LIMITATION.—In the case of genetic information
23	to which paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (b) ap-
24	plies, such information may not be used in violation of
25	paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a).

1 (d) EXCEPTION.—

2 (1) IN GENERAL.—An employer shall not be 3 considered to engage in an employment practice that 4 is unlawful under this title because of its disparate 5 impact, on the basis that the employer applies a 6 qualification standard, test, or other selection cri-7 terion that screens out or tends to screen out, or 8 otherwise denies a job benefit to, an individual, if 9 the standard, test, or other selection criterion is 10 shown to be job-related with respect to the employ-11 ment position involved and consistent with business 12 necessity.

(2) QUALIFICATION STANDARD.—In this subsection, the term "qualification standard" may include a requirement that an individual shall not pose
a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals in the workplace.

18 (e) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION RELATING TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS.—Nothing in this section shall be con-19 20 strued to prohibit a group health plan (as such term is 21 defined in section 733(a) of the Employee Retirement In-22 come Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1191b(a))), or a 23 health insurance issuer offering group health insurance 24 coverage in connection with a group health plan, from 25 making a request described in subsection (b) if such request is consistent with the provisions of part 7 of subtitle
 B of title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security
 Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1181 et seq.), title XXVII of the
 Public Health Service (42 U.S.C. 300gg et seq.), and
 chapter 100 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

6 SEC. 203. EMPLOYMENT AGENCY PRACTICES.

7 (a) USE OF GENETIC INFORMATION.—It shall be an
8 unlawful employment practice for an employment agen9 cy—

(1) to fail or refuse to refer for employment, or
otherwise to discriminate against, any individual because of genetic information with respect to the individual (or information about a request for or the receipt of genetic services by such individual or family
member of such individual); or

16 (2) to limit, segregate, or classify individuals or 17 fail or refuse to refer for employment any individual 18 in any way that would deprive or tend to deprive any 19 individual of employment opportunities, or otherwise 20 adversely affect the status of the individual as an 21 employee, because of genetic information with re-22 spect to the individual (or information about a re-23 quest for or the receipt of genetic services by such 24 individual or family member of such individual).

(b) LIMITATION ON COLLECTION OF GENETIC IN FORMATION.—It shall be an unlawful employment practice
 for an employment agency—

4 (1) to intentionally request, require, or pur-5 chase genetic information with respect to an em-6 ployee or family member of the employee (or infor-7 mation about a request for or the receipt of genetic 8 services by such employee or family member of such 9 employee), except that the provisions of section 10 202(b) shall apply with respect to employment agen-11 cies and employees (and the family members of the 12 employees) under this paragraph in the same man-13 ner and to the same extent as such provisions apply 14 to employers and employees (and the family mem-15 bers of the employees) under section 202(b); or

16 (2) to cause or attempt to cause an employer to
17 discriminate against an individual in violation of this
18 title.

(c) LIMITATION AND EXCEPTION.—Subsections (c)
and (d) of section 202 shall apply with respect to employment agencies and employees (and the family members of
the employees) under this section in the same manner and
to the same extent as such provisions apply to employers
and employees (and the family members of the employees)
under section 202.

34

1 SEC. 204. LABOR ORGANIZATION PRACTICES.

2 (a) USE OF GENETIC INFORMATION.—It shall be an
3 unlawful employment practice for a labor organization—

4 (1) to exclude or to expel from the membership
5 of the organization, or otherwise to discriminate
6 against, any individual because of genetic informa7 tion with respect to the individual (or information
8 about a request for or the receipt of genetic services
9 by such individual or family member of such indi10 vidual); or

11 (2) to limit, segregate, or classify the members of the organization, or fail or refuse to refer for em-12 13 ployment any individual, in any way that would de-14 prive or tend to deprive any individual of employ-15 ment opportunities, or otherwise adversely affect the 16 status of the individual as an employee, because of 17 genetic information with respect to the individual (or 18 information about a request for or the receipt of ge-19 netic services by such individual or family member 20 of such individual).

(b) LIMITATION ON COLLECTION OF GENETIC INFORMATION.—It shall be an unlawful employment practice
for a labor organization—

(1) to intentionally request, require, or purchase genetic information with respect to an individual who is a member of a labor organization or

1 a family member of the individual (or information 2 about a request for or the receipt of genetic services 3 by such individual or family member of such indi-4 vidual) except that the provisions of section 202(b)5 shall apply with respect to labor organizations and 6 such individuals (and their family members) under 7 this paragraph in the same manner and to the same 8 extent as such provisions apply to employers and 9 employees (and the family members of the employ-10 ees) under section 202(b); or

(2) to cause or attempt to cause an employer to
discriminate against an individual in violation of this
title.

14 (c) LIMITATION AND EXCEPTION.—Subsections (c) 15 and (d) of section 202 shall apply with respect to labor organizations and individuals who are members of labor 16 17 organizations (and the family members of the individuals) 18 under this section in the same manner and to the same 19 extent as such provisions apply to employers and employ-20 ees (and the family members of the employees) under sec-21 tion 202.

22 SEC. 205. TRAINING PROGRAMS.

(a) USE OF GENETIC INFORMATION.—It shall be an
unlawful employment practice for any employer, labor organization, or joint labor-management committee control-

ling apprenticeship or other training or retraining, includ ing on-the-job training programs—

(1) to discriminate against any individual because of genetic information with respect to the individual (or information about a request for or the receipt of genetic services by such individual or a family member of such individual) in admission to, or
employment in, any program established to provide
apprenticeship or other training or retraining; or

10 (2) to limit, segregate, or classify the applicants 11 for or participants in such apprenticeship or other 12 training or retraining, or fail or refuse to refer for 13 employment any individual, in any way that would 14 deprive or tend to deprive any individual of employ-15 ment opportunities, or otherwise adversely affect the 16 status of the individual as an employee, because of 17 genetic information with respect to the individual (or 18 information about a request for or receipt of genetic 19 services by such individual or family member of such 20 individual).

(b) LIMITATION ON COLLECTION OF GENETIC INFORMATION.—It shall be an unlawful employment practice
for an employer, labor organization, or joint labor-management committee described in subsection (a)—

1 (1) to intentionally request, require, or pur-2 chase genetic information with respect to an indi-3 vidual who is an applicant for or a participant in 4 such apprenticeship or other training or retraining 5 (or information about a request for or the receipt of 6 genetic services by such individual or family member 7 of such individual) except that the provisions of sec-8 tion 202(b) shall apply with respect to such employ-9 ers, labor organizations, and joint labor-management 10 committees and to such individuals (and their family 11 members) under this paragraph in the same manner 12 and to the same extent as such provisions apply to 13 employers and employees (and their family mem-14 bers) under section 202(b); or

(2) to cause or attempt to cause an employer to
discriminate against an applicant for or a participant in such apprenticeship or other training or retraining in violation of this title.

19 (c) LIMITATION AND EXCEPTION.—Subsections (c) 20 and (d) of section 202 shall apply with respect to employ-21 ers, labor organizations, and joint labor-management com-22 mittees described in subsection (a) and to individuals who 23 are applicants for or participants in apprenticeship or 24 other training or retraining (and the family members of 25 the individuals) under this section in the same manner and to the same extent as the provisions apply to employers
 and to employees (and the family members of the employ ees) under section 202.

4 SEC. 206. CONFIDENTIALITY OF GENETIC INFORMATION.

5 (a) TREATMENT OF INFORMATION AS PART OF CON-6 FIDENTIAL MEDICAL RECORD.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—If an employer, employment agency, labor organization, or joint labor-manage-8 9 ment committee possesses genetic information about 10 an employee or member (or information about a re-11 quest for or receipt of genetic services by such em-12 ployee or member or family member of such em-13 ployee or member), such information shall be treated 14 and maintained as part of the employee's or mem-15 ber's confidential medical records.

LIMITATION ON DISCLOSURE.—An em-16 (2)17 ployer, employment agency, labor organization, or 18 joint labor-management committee shall not disclose 19 genetic information concerning an employee or mem-20 ber (or information about a request for or receipt of 21 genetic services by such employee or member or fam-22 ily member of such employee or member) except— 23 (A) to the employee (or family member if

the family member is receiving the genetic serv-

24

ices) or member at the request of the employee or member;

3 (B) to an occupational or other health re4 searcher if the research is conducted in compli5 ance with the regulations and protections pro6 vided for under part 46 of title 45, Code of
7 Federal Regulations (or any corresponding
8 similar regulation or rule);

9 (C) under legal compulsion of a Federal or 10 State court order, except that if the court order 11 was secured without the knowledge of the indi-12 vidual to whom the information refers, the em-13 ployer shall provide the individual with ade-14 quate notice to challenge the court order;

(D) to government officials who are investigating compliance with this title if the information is relevant to the investigation;

18 (E) to the extent that such disclosure is
19 necessary to comply with Federal, State, or
20 local law; or

(F) as otherwise provided for in this title.
(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION RELATING TO GROUP
HEALTH PLANS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a group health plan (as such term is
defined in section 733(a) of the Employee Retirement In-

1

2

come Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1191b(a))), or a 1 2 health insurance issuer offering group health insurance 3 coverage in connection with a group health plan, from 4 using or disclosing information described in subsection (a) 5 if such use of disclosure is consistent with the provisions of part 7 of subtitle B of title I of the Employee Retire-6 7 ment Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1181 et 8 seq.), title XXVII of the Public Health Service (42 U.S.C. 9 300gg et seq.), and chapter 100 of the Internal Revenue 10 Code of 1986.

11 SEC. 207. ENFORCEMENT.

12 The powers, remedies, and procedures set forth in 13 sections 705, 706, 707, 709, and 710 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e-4, 2000e-5, 2000e-6, 14 15 2000e-8, and 2000e-9) shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures that this title provides to the Commission, to 16 17 the Attorney General, or to any person alleging an unlawful employment practice in violation of section 202 (other 18 19 than subsection (e) of such section), 203, 204, 205, or 20206(a) or the regulations promulgated under section 210, 21 concerning employment.

22 SEC. 208. AMENDMENT TO THE REVISED STATUTES.

(a) RIGHT OF RECOVERY.—Section 1977A(a) of the
Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a(a)) is amended by
adding at the end the following:

1 "(4) GENETIC INFORMATION.—In an action 2 brought by a complaining party under the powers, 3 remedies, and procedures set forth in section 706 of 4 the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e-5), 5 as authorized under section 207 of the Genetic In-6 formation Nondiscrimination Act of 2003, against a 7 respondent who is engaging (or has engaged) in an 8 intentional unlawful employment practice prohibited 9 by section 202 (other than subsection (e) of such 10 section), 203, 204, 205 or 206(a) of such Genetic 11 Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2003 against 12 an individual (other than an action involving an em-13 ployment practice that is allegedly unlawful because 14 of its disparate impact), the complaining party may 15 recover compensatory and punitive damages as per-16 mitted under subsection (b), in addition to any relief 17 otherwise provided for under section 706(g) of the 18 Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–5(g)), 19 from the respondent.".

20 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 1977A(d)
21 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a(d)) is amend22 ed—

23 (1) in paragraph (1)—

24 (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "or"25 at the end;

1	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking the
2	period and inserting "; or"; and
3	(C) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(C) in the case of a person seeking to
5	bring an action under subsection $(a)(4)$, the
6	Equal Employment Opportunity Commission,
7	the Attorney General, or a person who may
8	bring an action or proceeding under title II of
9	the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act
10	of 2003.''; and
11	(2) in paragraph (2) , by striking "or the dis-
12	crimination or the violation described in paragraph
13	(2)," and inserting "the discrimination or the viola-
14	tion described in paragraph (2), or the intentional
15	unlawful employment practice described in para-
16	graph (4),".
17	SEC. 209. CONSTRUCTION.
18	Nothing in this title shall be construed to—
19	(1) limit the rights or protections of an indi-
20	vidual under the Americans with Disabilities Act of
21	1990~(42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), including coverage
22	afforded to individuals under section 102 of such
23	Act (42 U.S.C. 12112), or under the Rehabilitation
24	Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 701 et seq.), except that an
25	individual may not bring an action against an em-

ployer, employment agency, labor organization, or
 joint labor-management committee pursuant to this
 title and also pursuant to the Americans with Dis abilities Act of 1990 or the Rehabilitation Act of
 1973, if the actions are predicated on the same facts
 or a common occurrence;

7 (2) limit the rights or protections of an indi-8 vidual to bring an action under this title against an 9 employer, employment agency, labor organization, or 10 joint labor-management committee for a violation of 11 this title, except that an individual may not bring an 12 action against such an employer, employment agen-13 cy, labor organization, or joint labor-management 14 committee, with respect to a group health plan or a 15 health insurance issuer offering health insurance 16 coverage in connection with a group health plan, 17 under this title if the action is based on a violation 18 of a provision of the amendments made by title I;

(3) limit the rights or protections of an individual under any other Federal or State statute that
provides equal or greater protection to an individual
than the rights or protections provided for under
this title;

24 (4) apply to the Armed Forces Repository of25 Specimen Samples for the Identification of Remains;

(5) limit the authority of a Federal department
 or agency to conduct or sponsor occupational or
 other health research that is conducted in compli ance with the regulations contained in part 46 of
 title 45, Code of Federal Regulations (or any cor responding or similar regulation or rule); and

7 (6) limit the statutory or regulatory authority
8 of the Occupational Safety and Health Administra9 tion or the Mine Safety and Health Administration
10 to promulgate or enforce workplace safety and
11 health laws and regulations.

12 SEC. 210. REGULATIONS.

Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
of this title, the Commission shall issue final regulations
in an accessible format to carry out this title.

16 SEC. 211. SEVERABILITY.

17 If any provision of this title, an amendment made by 18 this title, or the application of such provision or amend-19 ment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconsti-20 tutional, the remainder of this title, the amendments made 21 by this title, and the application of such provisions to any 22 person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

23 SEC. 212. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

24 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums25 as may be necessary to carry out this title.

1 SEC. 213. EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—This title takes effect on the date
that is 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act.
(b) ENFORCEMENT.—Notwithstanding subsection
(a), no enforcement action shall be commenced under section 207 until the date on which the Commission issues
final regulations under section 210.

0