#### 108TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 12

To amend the procedures that apply to consideration of interstate class actions to assure fairer outcomes for class members and defendants, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 19, 2004

Mr. Grassley introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

## A BILL

To amend the procedures that apply to consideration of interstate class actions to assure fairer outcomes for class members and defendants, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCE; TABLE OF CON-
- 4 TENTS.
- 5 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 6 "Class Action Fairness Act of 2004."
- 7 (b) Reference.—Whenever in this Act reference is
- 8 made to an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other
- 9 provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to

1	a section or other provision of title 28, United States
2	Code.
3	(c) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
4	this Act is as follows:
	<ol> <li>Sec. 1. Short title; reference; table of contents.</li> <li>Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.</li> <li>Sec. 3. Consumer class action bill of rights and improved procedures for interstate class actions.</li> </ol>
	Sec. 4. Federal district court jurisdiction for interstate class actions.  Sec. 5. Removal of interstate class actions to Federal district court.
	<ul><li>Sec. 6. Report on class action settlements.</li><li>Sec. 7. Enactment of Judicial Conference recommendations.</li></ul>
	Sec. 8. Rulemaking authority of Supreme Court and Judicial Conference. Sec. 9. Effective date.
5	SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
6	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
7	(1) Class action lawsuits are an important and
8	valuable part of the legal system when they permit
9	the fair and efficient resolution of legitimate claims
10	of numerous parties by allowing the claims to be ag-
11	gregated into a single action against a defendant
12	that has allegedly caused harm.
13	(2) Over the past decade, there have been
14	abuses of the class action device that have—
15	(A) harmed class members with legitimate
16	claims and defendants that have acted respon-
17	sibly;
18	(B) adversely affected interstate commerce;

and

1	(C) undermined public respect for our judi-
2	cial system.
3	(3) Class members often receive little or no ben-
4	efit from class actions, and are sometimes harmed,
5	such as where—
6	(A) counsel are awarded large fees, while
7	leaving class members with coupons or other
8	awards of little or no value;
9	(B) unjustified awards are made to certain
10	plaintiffs at the expense of other class mem-
11	bers; and
12	(C) confusing notices are published that
13	prevent class members from being able to fully
14	understand and effectively exercise their rights.
15	(4) Abuses in class actions undermine the na-
16	tional judicial system, the free flow of interstate
17	commerce, and the concept of diversity jurisdiction
18	as intended by the framers of the United States
19	Constitution, in that State and local courts are—
20	(A) keeping cases of national importance
21	out of Federal court;
22	(B) sometimes acting in ways that dem-
23	onstrate bias against out-of-State defendants;
24	and

1	(C) making judgments that impose their
2	view of the law on other States and bind the
3	rights of the residents of those States.
4	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are to—
5	(1) assure fair and prompt recoveries for class
6	members with legitimate claims;
7	(2) restore the intent of the framers of the
8	United States Constitution by providing for Federal
9	court consideration of interstate cases of national
10	importance under diversity jurisdiction; and
11	(3) benefit society by encouraging innovation
12	and lowering consumer prices.
13	SEC. 3. CONSUMER CLASS ACTION BILL OF RIGHTS AND IM-
10	
14	PROVED PROCEDURES FOR INTERSTATE
	PROVED PROCEDURES FOR INTERSTATE CLASS ACTIONS.
14	
14 15	CLASS ACTIONS.
14 15 16	CLASS ACTIONS.  (a) In General.—Part V is amended by inserting
14 15 16 17	CLASS ACTIONS.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Part V is amended by inserting after chapter 113 the following:
14 15 16 17	class actions.  (a) In General.—Part V is amended by inserting after chapter 113 the following:  "CHAPTER 114—CLASS ACTIONS  "Sec. "1711. Definitions. "1712. Coupon settlements. "1713. Protection against loss by class members. "1714. Protection against discrimination based on geographic location.
14 15 16 17 18	class actions.  (a) In General.—Part V is amended by inserting after chapter 113 the following:  "CHAPTER 114—CLASS ACTIONS  "Sec. "1711. Definitions. "1712. Coupon settlements. "1713. Protection against loss by class members. "1714. Protection against discrimination based on geographic location. "1715. Notifications to appropriate Federal and State officials.
14 15 16 17 18	class actions.  (a) In General.—Part V is amended by inserting after chapter 113 the following:  "CHAPTER 114—CLASS ACTIONS  "See. "1711. Definitions. "1712. Coupon settlements. "1713. Protection against loss by class members. "1714. Protection against discrimination based on geographic location. "1715. Notifications to appropriate Federal and State officials.  "§ 1711. Definitions

- "(2) Class action.—The term 'class action' means any civil action filed in a district court of the United States under rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or any civil action that is removed to a district court of the United States that was originally filed under a State statute or rule of judi-cial procedure authorizing an action to be brought by 1 or more representatives as a class action.
  - "(3) CLASS COUNSEL.—The term 'class counsel' means the persons who serve as the attorneys for the class members in a proposed or certified class action.
  - "(4) Class members.—The term 'class members' means the persons (named or unnamed) who fall within the definition of the proposed or certified class in a class action.
  - "(5) PLAINTIFF CLASS ACTION.—The term 'plaintiff class action' means a class action in which class members are plaintiffs.
  - "(6) Proposed settlement settlement.—The term 'proposed settlement' means an agreement regarding a class action that is subject to court approval and that, if approved, would be binding on some or all class members.

## 1 "§ 1712. Coupon settlements

- 2 "(a) Contingent Fees in Coupon Settle-
- 3 MENTS.—If a proposed settlement in a class action pro-
- 4 vides for a recovery of coupons to a class member, the
- 5 portion of any attorney's fee award to class counsel that
- 6 is attributable to the award of the coupons shall be based
- 7 on the value to class members of the coupons that are
- 8 redeemed.
- 9 "(b) Other Attorney's Fee Awards in Coupon
- 10 Settlements.—
- 11 "(1) IN GENERAL.—If a proposed settlement in
- a class action provides for a recovery of coupons to
- class members, and a portion of the recovery of the
- 14 coupons is not used to determine the attorney's fee
- to be paid to class counsel, any attorney's fee award
- shall be based upon the amount of time class counsel
- 17 reasonably expended working on the action.
- 18 "(2) COURT APPROVAL.—Any attorney's fee
- under this subsection shall be subject to approval by
- the court and shall include an appropriate attorney's
- 21 fee, if any, for obtaining equitable relief, including
- an injunction, if applicable. Nothing in this sub-
- section shall be construed to prohibit application of
- a lodestar with a multiplier method of determining
- attorney's fees.

- 1 "(e) Attorney's Fee Awards Calculated on a
- 2 MIXED BASIS IN COUPON SETTLEMENTS.—If a proposed
- 3 settlement in a class action provides for an award of cou-
- 4 pons to class members and also provides for equitable re-
- 5 lief, including injunctive relief—
- 6 "(1) that portion of the attorney's fee to be
- 7 paid to class counsel that is based upon a portion of
- 8 the recovery of the coupons shall be calculated in ac-
- 9 cordance with subsection (a); and
- 10 "(2) that portion of the attorney's fee to be
- paid to class counsel that is not based upon a por-
- tion of the recovery of the coupons shall be cal-
- culated in accordance with subsection (b).
- 14 "(d) Settlement Valuation Expertise.—In a
- 15 class action involving the awarding of coupons, the court
- 16 may, in its discretion upon the motion of a party, receive
- 17 expert testimony from a witness qualified to provide infor-
- 18 mation on the actual value to the class members of the
- 19 coupons that are redeemed.
- 20 "(e) Judicial Scrutiny of Coupon Settle-
- 21 Ments.—In a proposed settlement under which class
- 22 members would be awarded coupons, the court may ap-
- 23 prove the proposed settlement only after a hearing to de-
- 24 termine whether, and making a written finding that, the
- 25 settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate for class mem-

- 1 bers. The court, in its discretion, may also require that
- 2 a proposed settlement agreement provide for the distribu-
- 3 tion of a portion of the value of unclaimed coupons to 1
- 4 or more charitable or governmental organizations, as
- 5 agreed to by the parties. The distribution and redemption
- 6 of any proceeds under this subsection shall not be used
- 7 to calculate attorney's fees under this section.

## 8 "§ 1713. Protection against loss by class members

- 9 "The court may approve a proposed settlement under
- 10 which any class member is obligated to pay sums to class
- 11 counsel that would result in a net loss to the class member
- 12 only if the court makes a written finding that nonmone-
- 13 tary benefits to the class member substantially outweigh
- 14 the monetary loss.

## 15 "§ 1714. Protection against discrimination based on

## 16 **geographic location**

- 17 "The court may not approve a proposed settlement
- 18 that provides for the payment of greater sums to some
- 19 class members than to others solely on the basis that the
- 20 class members to whom the greater sums are to be paid
- 21 are located in closer geographic proximity to the court.

## 22 "§ 1715. Notifications to appropriate Federal and

- 23 State officials
- 24 "(a) Definitions.—

1	"(1) Appropriate federal official.—In
2	this section, the term 'appropriate Federal official'
3	means—

"(A) the Attorney General of the United States; or

"(B) in any case in which the defendant is a Federal depository institution, a State depository institution, a depository institution holding company, a foreign bank, or a nondepository institution subsidiary of the foregoing (as such terms are defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)), the person who has the primary Federal regulatory or supervisory responsibility with respect to the defendant, if some or all of the matters alleged in the class action are subject to regulation or supervision by that person.

"(2) APPROPRIATE STATE OFFICIAL.—In this section, the term 'appropriate State official' means the person in the State who has the primary regulatory or supervisory responsibility with respect to the defendant, or who licenses or otherwise authorizes the defendant to conduct business in the State, if some or all of the matters alleged in the class action are subject to regulation by that person. If

1	there is no primary regulator, supervisor, or licens-
2	ing authority, or the matters alleged in the class ac-
3	tion are not subject to regulation or supervision by
4	that person, then the appropriate State official shall
5	be the State attorney general.
6	"(b) In General.—Not later than 10 days after a
7	proposed settlement of a class action is filed in court, each
8	defendant that is participating in the proposed settlement
9	shall serve upon the appropriate State official of each
10	State in which a class member resides and the appropriate
11	Federal official, a notice of the proposed settlement con-
12	sisting of—
13	"(1) a copy of the complaint and any materials
14	filed with the complaint and any amended com-
15	plaints (except such materials shall not be required
16	to be served if such materials are made electronically
17	available through the Internet and such service in-
18	cludes notice of how to electronically access such
19	material);
20	"(2) notice of any scheduled judicial hearing in
21	the class action;
22	"(3) any proposed or final notification to class
23	members of—
24	"(A)(i) the members' rights to request ex-
25	clusion from the class action, or

1	"(ii) if no right to request exclusion exists,
2	a statement that no such right exists; and
3	"(B) a proposed settlement of a class ac-
4	tion;
5	"(4) any proposed or final class action settle-
6	ment;
7	"(5) any settlement or other agreement contem-
8	poraneously made between class counsel and counsel
9	for the defendants;
10	"(6) any final judgment or notice of dismissal;
11	"(7)(A) if feasible, the names of class members
12	who reside in each State and the estimated propor-
13	tionate share of the claims of such members to the
14	entire settlement to that State's appropriate State
15	official; or
16	"(B) if the provision of information under sub-
17	paragraph (A) is not feasible, a reasonable estimate
18	of the number of class members residing in each
19	State and the estimated proportionate share of the
20	claims of such members to the entire settlement; and
21	"(8) any written judicial opinion relating to the
22	materials described under subparagraphs (3)
23	through (6).
24	"(e) Depository Institutions Notification —

"(1) Federal and other depository institutions.—In any case in which the defendant is a Federal depository institution, a depository institution holding company, a foreign bank, or a non-depository institution subsidiary of the foregoing, the notice requirements of this section are satisfied by serving the notice required under subsection (b) upon the person who has the primary Federal regulatory or supervisory responsibility with respect to the defendant, if some or all of the matters alleged in the class action are subject to regulation or supervision by that person.

"(2) State depository institutions.—In any case in which the defendant is a State depository institution (as that term is defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)), the notice requirements of this section are satisfied by serving the notice required under subsection (b) upon the State bank supervisor (as that term is defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)) of the State in which the defendant is incorporated or chartered, if some or all of the matters alleged in the class action are subject to regulation or supervision by that person, and upon the appropriate Federal official.

- 1 "(d) Final Approval.—An order giving final ap-
- 2 proval of a proposed settlement may not be issued earlier
- 3 than 90 days after the later of the dates on which the
- 4 appropriate Federal official and the appropriate State offi-
- 5 cial are served with the notice required under subsection
- 6 (b).
- 7 "(e) Noncompliance if Notice Not Provided.—
- 8 "(1) In general.—A class member may refuse
- 9 to comply with and may choose not to be bound by
- a settlement agreement or consent decree in a class
- action if the class member demonstrates that the no-
- tice required under subsection (b) has not been pro-
- vided.
- 14 "(2) Limitation.—A class member may not
- refuse to comply with or to be bound by a settlement
- agreement or consent decree under paragraph (1) if
- the notice required under subsection (b) was directed
- to the appropriate Federal official and to either the
- 19 State attorney general or the person that has pri-
- 20 mary regulatory, supervisory, or licensing authority
- 21 over the defendant.
- 22 "(3) Application of rights.—The rights cre-
- ated by this subsection shall apply only to class
- members or any person acting on a class member's
- behalf, and shall not be construed to limit any other

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rights affecting a class member's participation in the

2	settlement.
3	"(f) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
4	tion shall be construed to expand the authority of, or im-
5	pose any obligations, duties, or responsibilities upon, Fed-
6	eral or State officials.".
7	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
8	The table of chapters for part V is amended by inserting
9	after the item relating to chapter 113 the following:
	1711'.
10	SEC. 4. FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT JURISDICTION FOR
11	INTERSTATE CLASS ACTIONS.
12	(a) Application of Federal Diversity Jurisdic-
13	TION.—Section 1332 is amended—
14	(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
15	section (e); and
16	(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
17	lowing:
18	"(d)(1) In this subsection—
19	"(A) the term 'class' means all of the class
20	members in a class action;
21	"(B) the term 'class action' means any civil ac-
22	tion filed under rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil
23	Procedure or similar State statute or rule of judicial
24	procedure authorizing an action to be brought by 1
25	or more representative persons as a class action;
	2.42.22

1	"(C) the term 'class certification order' means
2	an order issued by a court approving the treatment
3	of some or all aspects of a civil action as a class ac-
4	tion; and
5	"(D) the term 'class members' means the per-
6	sons (named or unnamed) who fall within the defini-
7	tion of the proposed or certified class in a class ac-
8	tion.
9	"(2) the district courts shall have original jurisdiction
10	of any civil action in which the matter in controversy ex-
11	ceeds the sum or value of $\$5,000,000$ , exclusive of interest
12	and costs, and is a class action in which—
13	"(A) any member of a class of plaintiffs is a
14	citizen of a State different from any defendant;
15	"(B) any member of a class of plaintiffs is a
16	foreign state or a citizen or subject of a foreign state
17	and any defendant is a citizen of a State; or
18	"(C) any member of a class of plaintiffs is a
19	citizen of a State and any defendant is a foreign
20	state or a citizen or subject of a foreign state.
21	"(3) A district court may, in the interests of justice
22	and looking at the totality of the circumstances, decline
23	to exercise jurisdiction under paragraph (2) over a class
24	action in which greater than one-third but less than two-
25	thirds of the members of all proposed plaintiff classes in

1	the aggregate and the primary defendants are citizens of
2	the State in which the action was originally filed based
3	on consideration of—
4	"(A) whether the claims asserted involve mat-
5	ters of national or interstate interest;
6	"(B) whether the claims asserted will be gov-
7	erned by laws of the State in which the action was
8	originally filed or by the laws of other States;
9	"(C) whether the class action has been pleaded
10	in a manner that seeks to avoid Federal jurisdiction;
11	"(D) whether the action was brought in a
12	forum with a distinct nexus with the class members,
13	the alleged harm, or the defendants;
14	"(E) whether the number of citizens of the
15	State in which the action was originally filed in all
16	proposed plaintiff classes in the aggregate is sub-
17	stantially larger than the number of citizens from
18	any other State, and the citizenship of the other
19	members of the proposed class is dispersed among a
20	substantial number of States; and
21	"(F) whether, during the 3-year period pre-
22	ceding the filing of that class action, 1 or more other
23	class actions asserting the same or similar claims on

behalf of the same or other persons have been filed.

1	"(4) A district court shall decline to exercise jurisdic-
2	tion under paragraph (2)—
3	"(A)(i) over a class action in which—
4	"(I) greater than two-thirds of the mem-
5	bers of all proposed plaintiff classes in the ag-
6	gregate are citizens of the State in which the
7	action was originally filed;
8	"(II) at least 1 defendant is a defendant—
9	"(aa) from whom significant relief is
10	sought by members of the plaintiff class;
11	"(bb) whose alleged conduct forms a
12	significant basis for the claims asserted by
13	the proposed plaintiff class; and
14	"(cc) who is a citizen of the State in
15	which the action was originally filed; and
16	"(III) principal injuries resulting from the
17	alleged conduct or any related conduct of each
18	defendant were incurred in the State in which
19	the action was originally filed; and
20	"(ii) during the 3-year period preceding the fil-
21	ing of that class action, no other class action has
22	been filed asserting the same or similar factual alle-
23	gations against any of the defendants on behalf of
24	the same or other persons; or

- 1 "(B) two-thirds or more of the members of all
- 2 proposed plaintiff classes in the aggregate, and the
- 3 primary defendants, are citizens of the State in
- 4 which the action was originally filed.
- 5 "(5) Paragraphs (2) through (4) shall not apply to
- 6 any class action in which—
- 7 "(A) the primary defendants are States, State
- 8 officials, or other governmental entities against
- 9 whom the district court may be foreclosed from or-
- dering relief; or
- 11 "(B) the number of members of all proposed
- plaintiff classes in the aggregate is less than 100.
- 13 "(6) In any class action, the claims of the individual
- 14 class members shall be aggregated to determine whether
- 15 the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of
- 16 \$5,000,000, exclusive of interest and costs.
- 17 "(7) Citizenship of the members of the proposed
- 18 plaintiff classes shall be determined for purposes of para-
- 19 graphs (2) through (6) as of the date of filing of the com-
- 20 plaint or amended complaint, or, if the case stated by the
- 21 initial pleading is not subject to Federal jurisdiction, as
- 22 of the date of service by plaintiffs of an amended pleading,
- 23 motion, or other paper, indicating the existence of Federal
- 24 jurisdiction.

- 1 "(8) This subsection shall apply to any class action
- 2 before or after the entry of a class certification order by
- 3 the court with respect to that action.
- 4 "(9) Paragraph (2) shall not apply to any class action
- 5 that solely involves a claim—
- 6 "(A) concerning a covered security as defined
- 7 under 16(f)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15)
- 8 U.S.C. 78p(f)(3)) and section 28(f)(5)(E) of the Se-
- 9 curities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
- 10 78bb(f)(5)(E);
- 11 "(B) that relates to the internal affairs or gov-
- ernance of a corporation or other form of business
- enterprise and that arises under or by virtue of the
- laws of the State in which such corporation or busi-
- ness enterprise is incorporated or organized; or
- 16 "(C) that relates to the rights, duties (including
- fiduciary duties), and obligations relating to or cre-
- ated by or pursuant to any security (as defined
- under section 2(a)(1) of the Securities Act of 1933
- 20 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(1)) and the regulations issued
- 21 thereunder).
- 22 "(10) For purposes of this subsection and section
- 23 1453, an unincorporated association shall be deemed to
- 24 be a citizen of the State where it has its principal place
- 25 of business and the State under whose laws it is organized.

1	(11)(A) For purposes of this subsection and section
2	1453, a mass action shall be deemed to be a class action
3	removable under paragraphs (2) through (10) if it other-
4	wise meets the provisions of those paragraphs.
5	"(B)(i) As used in subparagraph (A), the term 'mass
6	action' means any civil action (except a civil action within
7	the scope of section 1711(2)) in which monetary relief
8	claims of 100 or more persons are proposed to be tried
9	jointly on the ground that the plaintiffs' claims involve
10	common questions of law or fact, except that jurisdiction
11	shall exist only over those plaintiffs whose claims in a
12	mass action satisfy the jurisdictional amount requirements
13	under subsection (a).
14	"(ii) As used in subparagraph (A), the term 'mass
15	action' shall not include any civil action in which—
16	"(I) all of the claims in the action arise from
17	an event or occurrence in the State in which the ac-
18	tion was filed, and that allegedly resulted in injuries
19	in that State or in States contiguous to that State
20	"(II) the claims are joined upon motion of a de-
21	fendant;
22	"(III) all of the claims in the action are as-
23	serted on behalf of the general public (and not or
24	behalf of individual claimants or members of a pur-

1	ported class) pursuant to a State statute specifically
2	authorizing such action; or
3	"(IV) the claims have been consolidated or co-
4	ordinated solely for pretrial proceedings.
5	"(C)(i) Any action(s) removed to Federal court pur-
6	suant to this subsection shall not thereafter be transferred
7	to any other court pursuant to section 1407, or the rules
8	promulgated thereunder, unless a majority of the plaintiffs
9	in the action request transfer pursuant to section 1407.
10	"(ii) This subparagraph will not apply—
11	"(I) to cases certified pursuant to rule 23 of
12	the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure; or
13	"(II) if plaintiffs propose that the action pro-
14	ceed as a class action pursuant to rule 23 of the
15	Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
16	"(D) The limitations periods on any claims asserted
17	in a mass action that is removed to Federal court pursu-
18	ant to this subsection shall be deemed tolled during the
19	period that the action is pending in Federal court.".
20	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
21	(1) Section 1335(a)(1) is amended by inserting
22	"subsection (a) or (d) of" before "section 1332".
23	(2) Section 1603(b)(3) is amended by striking
24	"(d)" and inserting "(e)".

#### 1 SEC. 5. REMOVAL OF INTERSTATE CLASS ACTIONS TO FED-

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<b>'</b> .	FRAL	DISTRICT	COURT

- 3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 89 is amended by adding
- 4 after section 1452 the following:

#### 5 "§ 1453. Removal of class actions

- 6 "(a) Definitions.—In this section, the terms 'class',
- 7 'class action', 'class certification order', and 'class mem-
- 8 ber' shall have the meanings given such terms under sec-
- 9 tion 1332(d)(1).
- 10 "(b) In General.—A class action may be removed
- 11 to a district court of the United States in accordance with
- 12 section 1446 (except that the 1-year limitation under sec-
- 13 tion 1446(b) shall not apply), without regard to whether
- 14 any defendant is a citizen of the State in which the action
- 15 is brought, except that such action may be removed by
- 16 any defendant without the consent of all defendants.
- 17 "(c) REVIEW OF REMAND ORDERS.—
- 18 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1447 shall apply to
- any removal of a case under this section, except that
- 20 notwithstanding section 1447(d), a court of appeals
- 21 may accept an appeal from an order of a district
- court granting or denying a motion to remand a
- class action to the State court from which it was re-
- 24 moved if application is made to the court of appeals
- 25 not less than 7 days after entry of the order.

1	"(2) TIME PERIOD FOR JUDGMENT.—If the
2	court of appeals accepts an appeal under paragraph
3	(1), the court shall complete all action on such ap-
4	peal, including rendering judgment, not later than
5	60 days after the date on which such appeal was
6	filed, unless an extension is granted under para-
7	graph (3).
8	"(3) Extension of time period.—The court
9	of appeals may grant an extension of the 60-day pe-
10	riod described in paragraph (2) if—
11	"(A) all parties to the proceeding agree to
12	such extension, for any period of time; or
13	"(B) such extension is for good cause
14	shown and in the interests of justice, for a pe-
15	riod not to exceed 10 days.
16	"(4) Denial of Appeal.—If a final judgment
17	on the appeal under paragraph (1) is not issued be-
18	fore the end of the period described in paragraph
19	(2), including any extension under paragraph (3),
20	the appeal shall be denied.
21	"(d) Exception.—This section shall not apply to
22	any class action that solely involves—
23	"(1) a claim concerning a covered security as
24	defined under section 16(f)(3) of the Securities Act
25	of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 78p(f)(3)) and section

- 1 28(f)(5)(E) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- 2 (15 U.S.C. 78bb(f)(5)(E)):

issued thereunder).".

- "(2) a claim that relates to the internal affairs or governance of a corporation or other form of business enterprise and arises under or by virtue of the laws of the State in which such corporation or business enterprise is incorporated or organized; or
- "(3) a claim that relates to the rights, duties (including fiduciary duties), and obligations relating to or created by or pursuant to any security (as defined under section 2(a)(1) of the Securities Act of 12 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(1)) and the regulations
- 14 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
- 15 The table of sections for chapter 89 is amended by adding
- 16 after the item relating to section 1452 the following: "1453. Removal of class actions.".

#### 17 SEC. 6. REPORT ON CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENTS.

- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 12 months after
- 19 the date of enactment of this Act, the Judicial Conference
- 20 of the United States, with the assistance of the Director
- 21 of the Federal Judicial Center and the Director of the Ad-
- 22 ministrative Office of the United States Courts, shall pre-
- 23 pare and transmit to the Committees on the Judiciary of
- 24 the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on
- 25 class action settlements.

1	(b) Content.—The report under subsection (a) shall
2	contain—
3	(1) recommendations on the best practices that
4	courts can use to ensure that proposed class action
5	settlements are fair to the class members that the
6	settlements are supposed to benefit;
7	(2) recommendations on the best practices that
8	courts can use to ensure that—
9	(A) the fees and expenses awarded to
10	counsel in connection with a class action settle-
11	ment appropriately reflect the extent to which
12	counsel succeeded in obtaining full redress for
13	the injuries alleged and the time, expense, and
14	risk that counsel devoted to the litigation; and
15	(B) the class members on whose behalf the
16	settlement is proposed are the primary bene-
17	ficiaries of the settlement; and
18	(3) the actions that the Judicial Conference of
19	the United States has taken and intends to take to-
20	ward having the Federal judiciary implement any or
21	all of the recommendations contained in the report.
22	(c) Authority of Federal Courts.—Nothing in
23	this section shall be construed to alter the authority of
24	the Federal courts to supervise attorneys' fees.

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1	SEC. 7. ENACTMENT OF JUDICIAL CONFERENCE REC
2	OMMENDATIONS.
3	Nothwithstanding any other provision of law, the
4	amendments to rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Pro
5	cedure, which are set forth in the order entered by the
6	Supreme Court of the United States on March 27, 2003
7	shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act or
8	on December 1, 2003 (as specified in that order), which
9	ever occurs first.
10	SEC. 8. RULEMAKING AUTHORITY OF SUPREME COURT
11	AND JUDICIAL CONFERENCE.
12	Nothing in this Act shall restrict in any way the au
13	thority of the Judicial Conference and the Supreme Cour
14	to propose and prescribe general rules of practice and pro
15	cedure under chapter 131 of title 28, United States Code
16	SEC. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.
17	The amendments made by this Act shall apply to any

The amendments made by this Act shall apply to any leaves action commenced on or after the date of enactment of this Act.

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