^{108TH CONGRESS} ^{2D SESSION} **S. 1234**

AN ACT

To reauthorize the Federal Trade Commission, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS; PURPOSE.

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the

5 "International Consumer Protection Act of 2004.".

(b) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

1

2 (1) The Federal Trade Commission protects
3 consumers from fraud and deception. Cross-border
4 fraud and deception are growing international prob5 lems that affect American consumers and busi6 nesses.

7 (2) The development of the Internet and im-8 provements in telecommunications technologies have 9 brought significant benefits to consumers. At the 10 same time, they have also provided unprecedented 11 opportunities for those engaged in fraud and decep-12 tion to establish operations in one country and vic-13 timize a large number of consumers in other coun-14 tries.

(3) An increasing number of consumer complaints collected in the Consumer Sentinel database
maintained by the Commission, and an increasing
number of cases brought by the Commission, involve
foreign consumers, foreign businesses or individuals,
or assets or evidence located outside the United
States.

(4) The Commission has legal authority to remedy law violations involving domestic and foreign
wrongdoers, pursuant to the Federal Trade Commission Act. The Commission's ability to obtain effec-

1 tive relief using this authority, however, may face 2 practical impediments when wrongdoers, victims, 3 other witnesses, documents, money and third parties 4 involved in the transaction are widely dispersed in 5 many different jurisdictions. Such circumstances 6 make it difficult for the Commission to gather all 7 the information necessary to detect injurious prac-8 tices, to recover offshore assets for consumer re-9 dress, and to reach conduct occurring outside the 10 United States that affects United States consumers.

11 (5) Improving the ability of the Commission 12 and its foreign counterparts to share information 13 about cross-border fraud and deception, to conduct 14 joint and parallel investigations, and to assist each 15 other is critical to achieving more timely and effec-16 tive enforcement in cross-border cases.

(c) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this Act is to enhance
the ability of the Federal Trade Commission to protect
consumers from cross-border fraud and deception and
other consumer protection law violations.

21 SEC. 2. FOREIGN LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY DEFINED.

Section 4 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15
U.S.C. 44) is amended by adding at the end the following:
" 'Foreign law enforcement agency' means—

"(A) any agency or judicial authority of a foreign government, including a foreign state, a political subdivision of a foreign state, or a multinational
organization constituted by and comprised of foreign
states, that is vested with law enforcement or investigative authority in civil, criminal, or administrative
matters; and

8 "(B) any multinational or multiagency organi9 zation to the extent that it is acting on behalf of an
10 entity described in subparagraph (A).".

11 SEC. 3. AVAILABILITY OF REMEDIES.

Section 5(a) of the Federal Trade Commission Act
(15 U.S.C. 45(a)) is amended by adding at the end the
following:

15 "(4)(A) For purposes of this subsection, the term 16 'unfair or deceptive acts or practices' includes unfair or 17 deceptive acts or practices involving foreign commerce 18 that—

19 "(i) cause or are likely to cause reasonably fore-20 seeable injury within the United States; or

21 "(ii) involve material conduct occurring within22 the United States.

"(B) All remedies available to the Commission with
respect to unfair and deceptive acts or practices shall be
available for acts and practices described in this para-

1 graph, including restitution to domestic or foreign vic-2 tims.".

3 SEC. 4. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.

4 (a) PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION; REPORTS.—Sec5 tion 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C.
6 46(f)) is amended—

7 (1) by inserting "(1)" after "such information"8 the first place it appears; and

9 (2) by striking "purposes." and inserting "pur-10 poses, and (2) to any officer or employee of any for-11 eign law enforcement agency under the same cir-12 cumstances that making material available to foreign 13 law enforcement agencies is permitted under section 14 21(b).".

(b) OTHER POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.—Section
6 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 46)
17 is further amended by inserting after subsection (i) and
18 before the proviso the following:

19 "(j) INVESTIGATIVE ASSISTANCE FOR FOREIGN LAW
20 ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES.—

21 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon a written request 22 from a foreign law enforcement agency to provide 23 assistance in accordance with this subsection, if the 24 requesting agency states that it is investigating, or 25 engaging in enforcement proceedings against, pos-

 ceptive commercial practices, or other practices sub- stantially similar to practices prohibited by any pro- vision of the laws administered by the Commission, other than Federal antitrust laws (as defined in see- tion 12(5) of the International Antitrust Enforce- ment Assistance Act of 1994 (15 U.S.C. 6211(5))), to provide the assistance described in paragraph (2) without requiring that the conduct identified in the request constitute a violation of the laws of the United States. "(2) TYPE OF ASSISTANCE.—In providing as- sistance to a foreign law enforcement agency under this subsection, the Commission may— "(A) conduct such investigation as the Commission deems necessary to collect informa- tion and evidence pertinent to the request for assistance, using all investigative powers au- thorized by this Act; and "(B) when the request is from an agency acting to investigate or pursue the enforcement effers a request to the Commission from an agen- cy acting to investigate or pursue the enforce- ment of criminal laws, seek and accept appoint- 	1	sible violations of laws prohibiting fraudulent or de-
4vision of the laws administered by the Commission, other than Federal antitrust laws (as defined in see- tion 12(5) of the International Antitrust Enforce- ment Assistance Act of 1994 (15 U.S.C. 6211(5))), to provide the assistance described in paragraph (2) 98to provide the assistance described in paragraph (2)9without requiring that the conduct identified in the request constitute a violation of the laws of the United States.12"(2) TYPE OF ASSISTANCE.—In providing as- sistance to a foreign law enforcement agency under this subsection, the Commission may—15"(A) conduct such investigation as the Commission deems necessary to collect informa- tion and evidence pertinent to the request for assistance, using all investigative powers au- thorized by this Act; and20"(B) when the request is from an agency acting to investigate or pursue the enforcement of civil laws, or when the Attorney General re- fers a request to the Commission from an agen- cy acting to investigate or pursue the enforce-	2	ceptive commercial practices, or other practices sub-
5other than Federal antitrust laws (as defined in see- tion 12(5) of the International Antitrust Enforce- ment Assistance Act of 1994 (15 U.S.C. 6211(5))), 87ment Assistance Act of 1994 (15 U.S.C. 6211(5))), 	3	stantially similar to practices prohibited by any pro-
6tion 12(5) of the International Antitrust Enforce- ment Assistance Act of 1994 (15 U.S.C. 6211(5))), to provide the assistance described in paragraph (2) without requiring that the conduct identified in the request constitute a violation of the laws of the United States.12"(2) TYPE OF ASSISTANCE.—In providing as- sistance to a foreign law enforcement agency under this subsection, the Commission may—15"(A) conduct such investigation as the Commission deems necessary to collect informa- tion and evidence pertinent to the request for assistance, using all investigative powers au- thorized by this Act; and20"(B) when the request is from an agency acting to investigate or pursue the enforcement ereat re- fers a request to the Commission from an agen- cy acting to investigate or pursue the enforce-	4	vision of the laws administered by the Commission,
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16 Commission deems necessary to collect informa- 17 tion and evidence pertinent to the request for 18 assistance, using all investigative powers au- 19 thorized by this Act; and 20 "(B) when the request is from an agency 21 acting to investigate or pursue the enforcement 22 of civil laws, or when the Attorney General re- 23 fers a request to the Commission from an agen- 24 cy acting to investigate or pursue the enforce-	14	this subsection, the Commission may—
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21acting to investigate or pursue the enforcement22of civil laws, or when the Attorney General re-23fers a request to the Commission from an agen-24cy acting to investigate or pursue the enforce-	19	thorized by this Act; and
 of civil laws, or when the Attorney General re- fers a request to the Commission from an agen- cy acting to investigate or pursue the enforce- 	20	"(B) when the request is from an agency
 23 fers a request to the Commission from an agen- 24 cy acting to investigate or pursue the enforce- 	21	acting to investigate or pursue the enforcement
24 cy acting to investigate or pursue the enforce-	22	of civil laws, or when the Attorney General re-
	23	fers a request to the Commission from an agen-
25 ment of criminal laws, seek and accept appoint-	24	cy acting to investigate or pursue the enforce-
	25	ment of criminal laws, seek and accept appoint-

1	ment by a United States district court of Com-
2	mission attorneys to provide assistance to for-
3	eign and international tribunals and to litigants
4	before such tribunals on behalf of a foreign law
5	enforcement agency pursuant to section 1782 of
6	title 28, United States Code.
7	"(3) CRITERIA FOR DETERMINATION.—In de-
8	ciding whether to provide such assistance, the Com-
9	mission shall consider all relevant factors,
10	including-
11	"(A) whether the requesting agency has
12	agreed to provide or will provide reciprocal as-
13	sistance to the Commission;
14	"(B) whether compliance with the request
15	would prejudice the public interest of the
16	United States; and
17	"(C) whether the requesting agency's in-
18	vestigation or enforcement proceeding concerns
19	acts or practices that cause or are likely to
20	cause injury to a significant number of persons.
21	"(4) INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS.—If a for-
22	eign law enforcement agency has set forth a legal
23	basis for requiring conclusion of an international
24	agreement as a condition for reciprocal assistance,
25	or as a condition for provision of materials or infor-

1	mation to the Commission, the Commission, with
2	prior approval and ongoing oversight of the Sec-
3	retary of State, and with final approval of the agree-
4	ment by the Secretary of State, may negotiate and
5	conclude an international agreement, in the name of
6	either the United States or the Commission, for the
7	purpose of obtaining such assistance, materials, or
8	information. The Commission may undertake in
9	such an international agreement to
10	"(A) provide assistance using the powers
11	set forth in this subsection;
12	"(B) disclose materials and information in
13	accordance with subsection (f) and section
14	21(b); and
15	"(C) engage in further cooperation, and
16	protect materials and information received from
17	disclosure, as authorized by this Act.
18	"(5) Additional Authority.—The authority
19	provided by this subsection is in addition to, and not
20	in lieu of, any other authority vested in the Commis-
21	sion or any other officer of the United States.
22	"(6) LIMITATION.—This subsection does not
23	authorize the Commission to take any action or ex-
24	ercise any power with respect to a bank, a savings
25	and loan institution described in section $18(f)(3)$ (15)

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U.S.C. 57a(f)(3)), a Federal credit union described
in section 18(f)(4) (15 U.S.C. 57a(f)(4)), or a common carrier subject to the Act to regulate commerce,
except in accordance with the undesignated proviso
following the last designated subsection of section 6
(15 U.S.C. 46).

7 "(7) Assistance to certain countries.— 8 The Commission may not provide investigative as-9 sistance under this subsection to a foreign law en-10 forcement agency from a country that the Secretary 11 of State has determined, in accordance with section 12 6(j) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 13 U.S.C. App. 2405(j)), has repeatedly provided sup-14 port for acts of international terrorism, unless and 15 until such determination is rescinded pursuant to 16 section 6(j)(4) of that Act (50 U.S.C. App. 17 2405(i)(4)).

18 "(k) REFERRAL OF EVIDENCE FOR CRIMINAL PRO-19 CEEDINGS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Whenever the Commission
obtains evidence that any person, partnership, or
corporation, either domestic or foreign, has engaged
in conduct that may constitute a violation of Federal
criminal law, to transmit such evidence to the Attorney General, who may institute criminal proceedings

under appropriate statutes. Nothing in this para graph affects any other authority of the Commission
 to disclose information.

(2)INTERNATIONAL 4 INFORMATION.—The 5 Commission should endeavor to ensure, with respect 6 to memoranda of understanding and international 7 agreements it may conclude, that material it has ob-8 tained from foreign law enforcement agencies acting 9 to investigate or pursue the enforcement of foreign 10 criminal laws may be used for the purpose of inves-11 tigation, prosecution, or prevention of violations of 12 United States criminal laws.

13 "(l) EXPENDITURES FOR COOPERATIVE ARRANGE14 MENTS.—To expend appropriated funds for—

15 "(1) operating expenses and other costs of bilateral and multilateral cooperative law enforcement groups conducting activities of interest to the Commission and in which the Commission participates; 19 and

20 "(2) expenses for consultations and meetings 21 hosted by the Commission with foreign government 22 agency officials, members of their delegations, ap-23 propriate representatives and staff to exchange views 24 concerning developments relating to the Commis-25 sion's mission, development and implementation of

1	cooperation agreements, and provision of technical
2	assistance for the development of foreign consumer
3	protection or competition regimes, such expenses to
4	include necessary administrative and logistic ex-
5	penses and the expenses of Commission staff and
6	foreign invitees in attendance at such consultations
7	and meetings including—
8	"(A) such incidental expenses as meals
9	taken in the course of such attendance;
10	"(B) any travel and transportation to or
11	from such meetings; and
12	"(C) any other related lodging or subsist-
13	ence.".
14	(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—The
15	Federal Trade Commission is authorized to expend appro-
16	priated funds not to exceed \$100,000 per fiscal year for
17	purposes of section 6(l) of the Federal Trade Commission
18	Act (15 U.S.C. $46(l)$) (as added by subsection (b) of this
19	section), including operating expenses and other costs of
20	the following bilateral and multilateral cooperative law en-
21	forcement agencies and organizations:
22	(1) The International Consumer Protection and
23	Enforcement Network.
24	

(3) The Mexico-U.S.-Canada Health Fraud
 Task Force.

- 3 (4) Project Emptor.
- 4 (5) The Toronto Strategic Partnership and
 5 other regional partnerships with a nexus in a Cana6 dian province.

7 (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 6 of the
8 Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 46) is amended
9 by striking "clauses (a) and (b)" in the proviso following
10 subsection (l) (as added by subsection (b) of this section)
11 and inserting "subsections (a), (b), and (j)".

12 SEC. 5. REPRESENTATION IN FOREIGN LITIGATION.

13 Section 16 of the Federal Trade Commission
14 Act (15 U.S.C. 56) is amended by adding at the end
15 the following:

16 "(c) FOREIGN LITIGATION.—

"(1) COMMISSION ATTORNEYS.—With the concurrence of the Attorney General, the Commission
may designate Commission attorneys to assist the
Attorney General in connection with litigation in foreign courts on particular matters in which the Commission has an interest.

23 "(2) REIMBURSEMENT FOR FOREIGN COUN24 SEL.—The Commission is authorized to expend ap25 propriated funds, upon agreement with the Attorney

1	General, to reimburse the Attorney General for the
2	retention of foreign counsel for litigation in foreign
3	courts and for expenses related to litigation in for-
4	eign courts in which the Commission has an interest.
5	"(3) Limitation on use of funds.—Nothing
6	in this subsection authorizes the payment of claims
7	or judgments from any source other than the perma-
8	nent and indefinite appropriation authorized by sec-
9	tion 1304 of title 31, United States Code.
10	"(4) OTHER AUTHORITY.—The authority pro-
11	vided by this subsection is in addition to any other
12	authority of the Commission or the Attorney Gen-
13	eral.".
13 14	eral.". SEC. 6. SHARING INFORMATION WITH FOREIGN LAW EN-
14	SEC. 6. SHARING INFORMATION WITH FOREIGN LAW EN-
14 15	SEC. 6. SHARING INFORMATION WITH FOREIGN LAW EN- FORCEMENT AGENCIES.
14 15 16	 SEC. 6. SHARING INFORMATION WITH FOREIGN LAW EN- FORCEMENT AGENCIES. (a) MATERIAL OBTAINED PURSUANT TO COMPUL- SORY PROCESS.—Section 21(b)(6) of the Federal Trade
14 15 16 17	 SEC. 6. SHARING INFORMATION WITH FOREIGN LAW EN- FORCEMENT AGENCIES. (a) MATERIAL OBTAINED PURSUANT TO COMPUL- SORY PROCESS.—Section 21(b)(6) of the Federal Trade
14 15 16 17 18	 SEC. 6. SHARING INFORMATION WITH FOREIGN LAW EN- FORCEMENT AGENCIES. (a) MATERIAL OBTAINED PURSUANT TO COMPUL- SORY PROCESS.—Section 21(b)(6) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57b–2(b)(6)) is amended by
14 15 16 17 18 19	 SEC. 6. SHARING INFORMATION WITH FOREIGN LAW EN- FORCEMENT AGENCIES. (a) MATERIAL OBTAINED PURSUANT TO COMPUL- SORY PROCESS.—Section 21(b)(6) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57b–2(b)(6)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "The custodian may make
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 SEC. 6. SHARING INFORMATION WITH FOREIGN LAW ENDERGY CONTENT AGENCIES. (a) MATERIAL OBTAINED PURSUANT TO COMPUL- SORY PROCESS.—Section 21(b)(6) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57b–2(b)(6)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "The custodian may make such material available to any foreign law enforcement
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 SEC. 6. SHARING INFORMATION WITH FOREIGN LAW ENDER FORCEMENT AGENCIES. (a) MATERIAL OBTAINED PURSUANT TO COMPUL- SORY PROCESS.—Section 21(b)(6) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57b–2(b)(6)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "The custodian may make such material available to any foreign law enforcement agency upon the prior certification of an appropriate offi-

1	such material will be maintained in confidence and will
2	be used only for official law enforcement purposes, if—
3	"(A) the foreign law enforcement agency has
4	set forth a bona fide legal basis for its authority to
5	maintain the material in confidence;
6	"(B) the materials are to be used for purposes
7	of investigating, or engaging in enforcement pro-
8	ceedings related to, possible violations of—
9	"(i) foreign laws prohibiting fraudulent or
10	deceptive commercial practices, or other prac-
11	tices substantially similar to practices prohib-
12	ited by any law administered by the Commis-
13	sion;
14	"(ii) a law administered by the Commis-
15	sion, if disclosure of the material would further
16	a Commission investigation or enforcement pro-
17	ceeding; or
18	"(iii) with the approval of the Attorney
19	General, other foreign criminal laws, if such
20	foreign criminal laws are offenses defined in or
21	covered by a criminal mutual legal assistance
22	treaty in force between the government of the
23	United States and the foreign law enforcement
24	agency's government;

1 "(C) the appropriate Federal banking agency 2 (as defined in section 3(q) of the Federal Deposit 3 Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(q)) or, in the case 4 of a Federal credit union, the National Credit Union 5 Administration, has given its prior approval if the 6 materials to be provided under subparagraph (B) 7 are requested by the foreign law enforcement agency 8 for the purpose of investigating, or engaging in en-9 forcement proceedings based on, possible violations 10 of law by a bank, a savings and loan institution de-11 scribed in section 18(f)(3) of the Federal Trade 12 Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57a(f)(3)), or a Federal 13 credit union described in section 18(f)(4) of the Fed-14 eral Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57a(f)(4)); 15 and

16 "(D) the foreign law enforcement agency is not 17 from a country that the Secretary of State has de-18 termined, in accordance with section 6(j) of the Ex-19 port Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 20 2405(j), has repeatedly provided support for acts of 21 international terrorism, unless and until such deter-22 mination is rescinded pursuant to section 6(j)(4) of 23 that Act (50 U.S.C. App. 2405(j)(4)).

24 Nothing in the preceding sentence authorizes the disclo-25 sure of material obtained in connection with the adminis-

tration of the Federal antitrust laws or foreign antitrust
 laws (as defined in paragraphs (5) and (7), respectively,
 of section 12 of the International Antitrust Enforcement
 Assistance Act of 1994 (15 U.S.C. 6211)) to any officer
 or employee of a foreign law enforcement agency.".

6 (b) INFORMATION SUPPLIED BY AND ABOUT FOR7 EIGN SOURCES.—Section 21(f) of the Federal Trade Com8 mission Act (15 U.S.C. 57b-2(f)) is amended to read as
9 follows:

10 "(f) EXEMPTION FROM PUBLIC DISCLOSURE.—

11 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any material which is re-12 ceived by the Commission in any investigation, a 13 purpose of which is to determine whether any person 14 may have violated any provision of the laws adminis-15 tered by the Commission, and which is provided pur-16 suant to any compulsory process under this Act or 17 which is provided voluntarily in place of such com-18 pulsory process shall not be required to be disclosed 19 under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, or 20 any other provision of law, except as provided in 21 paragraph (2)(B) of this section.

22 "(2) MATERIAL OBTAINED FROM A FOREIGN
23 SOURCE.—

24 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
25 subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, the Com-

	11
1	mission shall not be required to disclose under
2	section 552 of title 5, United States Code, or
3	any other provision of law—
4	"(i) any material obtained from a for-
5	eign law enforcement agency or other for-
6	eign government agency, if the foreign law
7	enforcement agency or other foreign gov-
8	ernment agency has requested confidential
9	treatment, or has precluded such disclosure
10	under other use limitations, as a condition
11	of providing the material;
12	"(ii) any material reflecting a con-
13	sumer complaint obtained from any other
14	foreign source, if that foreign source sup-
15	plying the material has requested confiden-
16	tial treatment as a condition of providing
17	the material; or
18	"(iii) any material reflecting a con-
19	sumer complaint submitted to a Commis-
20	sion reporting mechanism sponsored in
21	part by foreign law enforcement agencies
22	or other foreign government agencies.
23	"(B) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in
24	this subsection authorizes the Commission to
25	withhold information from the Congress or pre-

 vent the Commission from complying with an order of a court of the United States in an action commenced by the United States or the Commission.".
 SEC. 7. CONFIDENTIALITY; DELAYED NOTICE OF PROCESS.
 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Federal Trade Commission

7 Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) is amended by inserting after8 section 21 the following:

9 "SEC. 21A. CONFIDENTIALITY AND DELAYED NOTICE OF
10 COMPULSORY PROCESS FOR CERTAIN THIRD
11 PARTIES.

12 "(a) APPLICATION WITH OTHER LAWS.—The Right 13 to Financial Privacy Act (12 U.S.C. 3401 et seq.) and 14 chapter 121 of title 18, United States Code, shall apply 15 with respect to the Commission, except as otherwise pro-16 vided in this section.

"(b) IN GENERAL.—The procedures for delay of notification or prohibition of disclosure under the Right to Financial Privacy Act (12 U.S.C. 3401 et seq.) and chapter
121 of title 18, United States Code, including procedures
for extensions of such delays or prohibitions, shall be available to the Commission, provided that, notwithstanding
any provision therein—

24 "(1) a court may issue an order delaying notifi-25 cation or prohibiting disclosure (including extending

1	such an order) in accordance with the procedures of
2	section 1109 of the Right to Financial Privacy Act
3	(12 U.S.C. 3409) (if notification would otherwise be
4	required under that Act), or section 2705 of title 18,
5	United States Code, (if notification would otherwise
6	be required under chapter 121 of that title), if the
7	presiding judge or magistrate judge finds that there
8	is reason to believe that such notification or disclo-
9	sure may cause an adverse result as defined in sub-
10	section (g) of this section; and
11	((2)) if notification would otherwise be required
12	under chapter 121 of title 18, United States Code,
13	the Commission may delay notification (including ex-
14	tending such a delay) upon the execution of a writ-
15	ten certification in accordance with the procedures
16	of section 2705 of that title if the Commission finds
17	that there is reason to believe that notification may
18	cause an adverse result as defined in subsection (g)
19	of this section.
20	"(c) EX PARTE APPLICATION BY COMMISSION.—
21	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If neither notification nor
22	delayed notification by the Commission is required
23	under the Right to Financial Privacy Act (12 U.S.C.
24	3401 et seq.) or chapter 121 of title 18, United
25	States Code, the Commission may apply ex parte to

1 a presiding judge or magistrate judge for an order 2 prohibiting the recipient of compulsory process 3 issued by the Commission from disclosing to any 4 other person the existence of the process, notwith-5 standing any law or regulation of the United States, 6 or under the constitution, or any law or regulation, 7 of any State, political subdivision of a State, terri-8 tory of the United States, or the District of Colum-9 bia. The presiding judge or magistrate judge may 10 enter such an order granting the requested prohibi-11 tion of disclosure for a period not to exceed 60 days 12 if there is reason to believe that disclosure may 13 cause an adverse result as defined in subsection (g). 14 The presiding judge or magistrate judge may grant 15 extensions of this order of up to 30 days each in accordance with this subsection, except that in no 16 17 event shall the prohibition continue in force for more 18 than a total of 9 months.

"(2) APPLICATION.—This subsection shall
apply only in connection with compulsory process
issued by the Commission where the recipient of
such process is not a subject of the investigation or
proceeding at the time such process is issued.

24 "(3) LIMITATION.—No order issued under this
25 subsection may prohibit any recipient from dis-

closing to a Federal agency that the recipient has received compulsory process from the Commission.

3 "(d) NO LIABILITY FOR FAILURE TO NOTIFY.—If 4 neither notification nor delayed notification by the Com-5 mission is required under the Right to Financial Privacy 6 Act (12 U.S.C. 3401 et seq.) or chapter 121 of title 18, 7 United States Code, the recipient of compulsory process 8 issued by the Commission under this Act shall not be lia-9 ble under any law or regulation of the United States, or 10 under the constitution, or any law or regulation, of any State, political subdivision of a State, territory of the 11 12 United States, or the District of Columbia, or under any 13 contract or other legally enforceable agreement, for failure to provide notice to any person that such process has been 14 15 issued or that the recipient has provided information in response to such process. The preceding sentence does not 16 17 exempt any recipient from liability for—

18 "(1) the underlying conduct reported;

"(2) any failure to comply with the record retention requirements under section 1104(c) of the
Right to Financial Privacy Act (12 U.S.C. 3404),
where applicable; or

23 "(3) any failure to comply with any obligation
24 the recipient may have to disclose to a Federal agen25 cy that the recipient has received compulsory process

1

2

from the Commission or intends to provide or has
 provided information to the Commission in response
 to such process.

4 "(e) VENUE AND PROCEDURE.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—All judicial proceedings ini-5 6 tiated by the Commission under the Right to Finan-7 cial Privacy Act (12 U.S.C. 3401 et seq.), chapter 8 121 of title 18, United States Code, or this section 9 may be brought in the United States District Court 10 for the District of Columbia or any other appro-11 priate United States District Court. All ex parte ap-12 plications by the Commission under this section re-13 lated to a single investigation may be brought in a 14 single proceeding.

15 "(2) IN CAMERA PROCEEDINGS.—Upon applica16 tion by the Commission, all judicial proceedings pur17 suant to this section shall be held in camera and the
18 records thereof sealed until expiration of the period
19 of delay or such other date as the presiding judge
20 or magistrate judge may permit.

"(f) SECTION NOT TO APPLY TO ANTITRUST INVESTIGATIONS OR PROCEEDINGS.—This section shall not
apply to an investigation or proceeding related to the administration of Federal antitrust laws or foreign antitrust
laws (as defined in paragraphs (5) and (7), respectively,

1	of section 12 of the International Antitrust Enforcement
2	Assistance Act of 1994 (15 U.S.C. 6211).
3	"(g) Adverse Result Defined.—For purposes of
4	this section the term 'adverse result' means—
5	"(1) endangering the life or physical safety of
6	an individual;
7	"(2) flight from prosecution;
8	"(3) the destruction of, or tampering with, evi-
9	dence;
10	"(4) the intimidation of potential witnesses; or
11	"(5) otherwise seriously jeopardizing an inves-
12	tigation or proceeding related to fraudulent or de-
13	ceptive commercial practices or persons involved in
14	such practices, or unduly delaying a trial related to
15	such practices or persons involved in such practices,
16	including, but not limited to, by—
17	"(A) the transfer outside the territorial
18	limits of the United States of assets or records
19	related to fraudulent or deceptive commercial
20	practices or related to persons involved in such
21	practices;
22	"(B) impeding the ability of the Commis-
23	sion to identify persons involved in fraudulent
24	or deceptive commercial practices, or to trace

1	the source or disposition of funds related to
2	such practices; or
3	"(C) the dissipation, fraudulent transfer,
4	or concealment of assets subject to recovery by
5	the Commission.".
6	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 16(a)(2) of
7	the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 56(a)(2))
8	is amended—
9	(1) by striking "or" after the semicolon in sub-
10	paragraph (C);
11	(2) by inserting "or" after the semicolon in
12	subparagraph (D); and
13	(3) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(E) under section 21A of this Act;".
15	
15	SEC. 8. PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF IN-
16	SEC. 8. PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF IN-
16 17	SEC. 8. PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF IN- FORMATION.
16 17 18	SEC. 8. PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF IN- FORMATION. The Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41
16 17 18 19	SEC. 8. PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF IN- FORMATION. The Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) is further amended by adding after section 21A
16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 8. PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF IN- FORMATION. The Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) is further amended by adding after section 21A (as added by section 7 of this Act) the following:
16 17 18 19 20 21	 SEC. 8. PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF IN- FORMATION. The Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) is further amended by adding after section 21A (as added by section 7 of this Act) the following: "SEC. 21B. PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 SEC. 8. PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF IN- FORMATION. The Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) is further amended by adding after section 21A (as added by section 7 of this Act) the following: "SEC. 21B. PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF INFORMATION.
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	SEC. 8. PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF IN- FORMATION. The Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) is further amended by adding after section 21A (as added by section 7 of this Act) the following: *SEC. 21B. PROTECTION FOR VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF INFORMATION. "(a) IN GENERAL.—

1	(3) of subsection (d) of this section that voluntarily
2	provides material to the Commission that such entity
3	reasonably believes is relevant to—
4	"(A) a possible unfair or deceptive act or
5	practice, as defined in section 5(a) of this Act;
6	OF
7	"(B) assets subject to recovery by the
8	Commission, including assets located in foreign
9	jurisdictions;
10	shall not be liable to any person under any law or
11	regulation of the United States, or under the con-
12	stitution, or any law or regulation, of any State, po-
13	litical subdivision of a State, territory of the United
14	States, or the District of Columbia, for such provi-
15	sion of material or for any failure to provide notice
16	of such provision of material or of intention to so
17	provide material.
18	(2) LIMITATIONS.—Nothing in this subsection
19	shall be construed to exempt any such entity from
20	liability—
21	(A) for the underlying conduct reported; or
22	(B) to any Federal agency for providing
23	such material or for any failure to comply with
24	any obligation the entity may have to notify a

1	Federal agency prior to providing such material
2	to the Commission.
3	"(b) CERTAIN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—An entity
4	described in paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of this section
5	shall, in accordance with section $5318(g)(3)$ of title 31,
6	United States Code, be exempt from liability for making
7	a voluntary disclosure to the Commission of any possible
8	violation of law or regulation, including—
9	"(1) a disclosure regarding assets, including as-
10	sets located in foreign jurisdictions—
11	"(A) related to possibly fraudulent or de-
12	ceptive commercial practices;
13	"(B) related to persons involved in such
14	practices; or
15	"(C) otherwise subject to recovery by the
16	Commission; or
17	"(2) a disclosure regarding suspicious
18	chargeback rates related to possibly fraudulent or
19	deceptive commercial practices.
20	"(c) CONSUMER COMPLAINTS.—Any entity described
21	in subsection (d) that voluntarily provides consumer com-
22	plaints sent to it, or information contained therein, to the
23	Commission shall not be liable to any person under any
24	law or regulation of the United States, or under the con-
25	stitution, or any law or regulation, of any State, political

subdivision of a State, territory of the United States, or
 the District of Columbia, for such provision of material
 or for any failure to provide notice of such provision of
 material or of intention to so provide material. This sub section does not provide any exemption from liability for
 the underlying conduct.

7 "(d) APPLICATION.—This section applies to the fol-8 lowing entities, whether foreign or domestic:

9 "(1) A financial institution as defined in section
10 5312 of title 31, United States Code.

"(2) To the extent not included in paragraph
(1), a bank or thrift institution, a commercial bank
or trust company, an investment company, a credit
card issuer, an operator of a credit card system, and
an issuer, redeemer, or cashier of travelers' checks,
money orders, or similar instruments.

"(3) A courier service, a commercial mail receiving agency, an industry membership organization, a payment system provider, a consumer reporting agency, a domain name registrar or registry acting as such, and a provider of alternative dispute
resolution services.

23 "(4) An Internet service provider or provider of24 telephone services.".

1 SEC. 9. STAFF EXCHANGES.

2 The Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41
3 et seq.) is amended by adding after section 25 the fol4 lowing new section:

5 "SEC. 25A. STAFF EXCHANGES.

6 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may—

"(1) retain or employ officers or employees of
foreign government agencies on a temporary basis as
employees of the Commission pursuant to section 2
of this Act or section 3101 or 3109 of title 5, United
States Code; and

12 "(2) detail officers or employees of the Commis13 sion to work on a temporary basis for appropriate
14 foreign government agencies.

"(b) RECIPROCITY AND REIMBURSEMENT.—The 15 16 staff arrangements described in subsection (a) need not be reciprocal. The Commission may accept payment or re-17 18 imbursement, in cash or in kind, from a foreign govern-19 ment agency to which this section is applicable, or payment or reimbursement made on behalf of such agency, 20 for expenses incurred by the Commission, its members, 21 22 and employees in carrying out such arrangements.

"(c) STANDARDS OF CONDUCT.—A person appointed
under subsection (a)(1) shall be subject to the provisions
of law relating to ethics, conflicts of interest, corruption,
and any other criminal or civil statute or regulation gov-

erning the standards of conduct for Federal employees
 that are applicable to the type of appointment.".

3 SEC. 10. INFORMATION SHARING WITH FINANCIAL REGU-4 LATORS.

5 Section 1112(e) of the Right to Financial Privacy Act
6 (12 U.S.C. 3412(e)) is amended by inserting "the Federal
7 Trade Commission," after "the Securities and Exchange
8 Commission,".

9 SEC. 11. AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT REIMBURSEMENTS, GIFTS,
10 AND VOLUNTARY AND UNCOMPENSATED
11 SERVICES.

12 The Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41
13 et seq.) is amended—

14 (1) by redesignating section 26 as section 28;15 and

16 (2) by inserting after section 25A, as added by17 section 9 of this Act, the following:

18 "SEC. 26. REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES.

19 "The Commission may accept payment or reimburse-20 ment, in cash or in kind, from a domestic or foreign law 21 enforcement agency, or payment or reimbursement made 22 on behalf of such agency, for expenses incurred by the 23 Commission, its members, or employees in carrying out 24 any activity pursuant to a statute administered by the 25 Commission without regard to any other provision of law. Any such payments or reimbursements shall be considered
 a reimbursement to the appropriated funds of the Com mission.

4 "SEC. 27. GIFTS AND VOLUNTARY AND UNCOMPENSATED 5 SERVICES.

6 "(a) IN GENERAL.—In furtherance of its functions 7 the Commission may accept, hold, administer, and use un-8 conditional gifts, donations, and bequests of real, personal, 9 and other property and, notwithstanding section 1342 of 10 title 31, United States Code, accept voluntary and uncom-11 pensated services.

12 "(b) LIMITATIONS.—

13 "(1) Conflicts of interest.—The Commis-14 sion shall establish written guidelines setting forth 15 criteria to be used in determining whether the ac-16 ceptance, holding, administration, or use of a gift, 17 donation, or bequest pursuant to subsection (a) 18 would reflect unfavorably upon the ability of the 19 Commission or any employee to carry out its respon-20 sibilities or official duties in a fair and objective 21 manner, or would compromise the integrity or the 22 appearance of the integrity of its programs or any 23 official involved in those programs.

24 "(2) VOLUNTARY SERVICES.—A person who
25 provides voluntary and uncompensated service under

1	subsection (a) shall be considered a Federal em-
2	ployee for purposes of—
3	"(A) chapter 81 of title 5, United States
4	Code, (relating to compensation for injury); and
5	"(B) the provisions of law relating to eth-
6	ics, conflicts of interest, corruption, and any
7	other criminal or civil statute or regulation gov-
8	erning the standards of conduct for Federal
9	employees.
10	"(3) Tort liability of volunteers.—A per-
11	son who provides voluntary and uncompensated serv-
12	ice under subsection (a), while assigned to duty,
13	shall be deemed a volunteer of a nonprofit organiza-
14	tion or governmental entity for purposes of the Vol-
15	unteer Protection Act of 1997 (42 U.S.C. 14501 et
16	seq.). Subsection (d) of section 4 of such Act (42
17	U.S.C. 14503(d)) shall not apply for purposes of any
18	claim against such volunteer.".
19	SEC. 12. PRESERVATION OF EXISTING AUTHORITY.
20	The authority provided by this Act, and by the Fed-
21	eral Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) and

the Right to Financial Privacy Act (12 U.S.C. 3401 etseq.), as such Acts are amended by this Act, is in additionto, and not in lieu of, any other authority vested in the

Federal Trade Commission or any other officer of the
 United States.

3 SEC. 13. REPORT.

4 Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment
5 of this Act, the Federal Trade Commission shall transmit
6 to Congress a report describing its use of and experience
7 with the authority granted by this Act, along with any rec8 ommendations for additional legislation. The report shall
9 include—

- 10 (1) the number of cross-border complaints re-11 ceived by the Commission;
- (2) identification of the foreign agencies to
 which the Commission has provided nonpublic investigative information under this Act;
- (3) the number of times the Commission has
 used compulsory process on behalf of foreign law enforcement agencies pursuant to section 6 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 46), as
 amended by section 4 of this Act;
- 20 (4) a list of international agreements and
 21 memoranda of understanding executed by the Com22 mission that relate to this Act;
- (5) the number of times the Commission hassought delay of notice pursuant to section 21A of

1	the Federal Trade Commission Act, as added by sec-
2	tion 7 of this Act;
3	(6) a description of the types of information
4	private entities have provided voluntarily pursuant to
5	section 21B of the Federal Trade Commission Act,
6	as added by section 8 of this Act;
7	(7) a description of the results of cooperation
8	with foreign law enforcement agencies under section
9	21 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C.
10	57–2) as amended by section 6 of this Act;
11	(8) an analysis of whether the lack of an ex-
12	emption from the disclosure requirements of section
13	552 of title 5, United States Code, with regard to
14	information or material voluntarily provided relevant
15	to possible unfair or deceptive acts or practices, has
16	hindered the Commission in investigating or engag-
17	ing in enforcement proceedings against such prac-
18	tices; and
19	(9) a description of Commission litigation
20	brought in foreign courts.
21	SEC. 14. REAUTHORIZATION.

21 SEC. 14. REAUTHORIZATION.

The text of section 25 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57c) is amended to read as follows:
"There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
the functions, powers, and duties of the Commission not

 to exceed \$224,695,000 for fiscal year 2005,
 \$235,457,000 for fiscal year 2006, \$249,000,000 for fis cal year 2007, and \$264,000,000 for fiscal year 2008.". Passed the Senate September 15, 2004.

Attest:

Secretary.

1087H CONGRESS **S. 1234**

AN ACT

To reauthorize the Federal Trade Commission, and for other purposes.