^{108TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION S. 2160

To regulate interstate commerce by prohibiting the sale of children's personally identifiable information for commercial marketing purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 3, 2004

Mr. WYDEN (for himself, Mr. STEVENS, and Ms. MURKOWSKI) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

- To regulate interstate commerce by prohibiting the sale of children's personally identifiable information for commercial marketing purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Children's Listbroker

5 Privacy Act".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 7 The Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Commercial list brokers routinely advertise9 and sell detailed information on children, including

1	names, addresses, ages, and other data, for use in
2	marketing. This data is commonly available on chil-
3	dren as young as two years old, enabling marketers
4	to target specific demographics such as junior high
5	school, elementary school, or even preschool.
6	(2) Commercially available marketing databases
7	can be very large, covering millions of children.
8	(3) Commercially available marketing databases
9	can include a variety of information on the children
10	they cover, from ethnicity to family income to hob-
11	bies and interests.
12	(4) Money spent on marketing to children has
13	been estimated at \$12 billion per year.
13 14	been estimated at \$12 billion per year. (5) Several Federal statutes, including section
14	(5) Several Federal statutes, including section
14 15	(5) Several Federal statutes, including section 1061 of the No Child Left Behind Act, the Chil-
14 15 16	(5) Several Federal statutes, including section 1061 of the No Child Left Behind Act, the Chil- dren's Online Privacy Protection Act, and the Fam-
14 15 16 17	(5) Several Federal statutes, including section 1061 of the No Child Left Behind Act, the Chil- dren's Online Privacy Protection Act, and the Fam- ily and Educational Rights and Privacy Act, restrict
14 15 16 17 18	(5) Several Federal statutes, including section 1061 of the No Child Left Behind Act, the Chil- dren's Online Privacy Protection Act, and the Fam- ily and Educational Rights and Privacy Act, restrict the collection and disclosure of information about
14 15 16 17 18 19	(5) Several Federal statutes, including section 1061 of the No Child Left Behind Act, the Chil- dren's Online Privacy Protection Act, and the Fam- ily and Educational Rights and Privacy Act, restrict the collection and disclosure of information about children or students under specified circumstances.
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 (5) Several Federal statutes, including section 1061 of the No Child Left Behind Act, the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act, and the Family and Educational Rights and Privacy Act, restrict the collection and disclosure of information about children or students under specified circumstances. When data on children is collected in a manner that
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 (5) Several Federal statutes, including section 1061 of the No Child Left Behind Act, the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act, and the Family and Educational Rights and Privacy Act, restrict the collection and disclosure of information about children or students under specified circumstances. When data on children is collected in a manner that is outside the scope of those statutes, however, Fed-

24 (6) The ability to sell information about chil25 dren to marketers for a profit creates an economic

2and compile such information, and possibly to eir-3cunvent or subvert the intent of those federal stat-4utes that do govern the collection of information5about children or students. There are a variety of6means and sources that marketers and list brokers7can and do use to compile names, addresses, and8other data about children.9SEC. 3. RESTRICTION ON SALE OR PURCHASE OF CHIL-10DREN'S PERSONAL INFORMATION.11(a) IN GENERAL.—It is unlawful—12(1) to sell personal information about an indi-13vidual the seller knows to be a child;14(2) to purchase personal information about an15individual identified by the seller as a child, for the16purpose of marketing to that child; or17(3) for a person who has provided a certifi-18cation pursuant to subsection (b)(2), in connection19with the purchase of personal information about an20individual identified by the seller as a child, to en-21gage in any practice that violates the terms of the22certification.23(b) EXCEPTIONS.—24(1) PARENTAL CONSENT.—Subsection (a) does25not apply to any sale, purchase, or use of personal	1	incentive to find new and creative ways to collect
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	23	(b) EXCEPTIONS.—
25 not apply to any sale, purchase, or use of personal	24	(1) PARENTAL CONSENT.—Subsection (a) does
	25	not apply to any sale, purchase, or use of personal

1	information about a child if the parent of the child
2	has granted express consent to that sale, purchase,
3	or use of the information.
4	(2) CERTIFICATION.—Subsection $(a)(1)$ shall
5	not apply to the sale of personal information about
6	a child if the purchaser certifies to the seller, elec-
7	tronically or in writing, before the sale is com-
8	pleted—
9	(A) the purpose for which the information
10	will be used by the purchaser; and
11	(B) that the purchaser will neither—
12	(i) use the information for marketing
13	that child; nor
14	(ii) permit the information to be used
15	by others for the purpose of marketing to
16	that child.
17	SEC. 4. ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT.
18	(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
19	(b), this Act shall be enforced by the Commission as if
20	the violation of section 3 of this Act were an unfair or

21 deceptive act or practice proscribed under section

18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15)

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23 U.S.C. 57a(a)(1)(B)).

1	(b) Enforcement by Certain Other Agen-
2	CIES.—Compliance with this Act shall be enforced
3	under—
4	(1) section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
5	Act (12 U.S.C. 1818), in the case of—
6	(A) national banks, and Federal branches
7	and Federal agencies of foreign banks, by the
8	Office of the Comptroller of the Currency;
9	(B) member banks of the Federal Reserve
10	System (other than national banks), branches
11	and agencies of foreign banks (other than Fed-
12	eral branches, Federal agencies, and insured
13	State branches of foreign banks), commercial
14	lending companies owned or controlled by for-
15	eign banks, and organizations operating under
16	section 25 or 25A of the Federal Reserve Act
17	(12 U.S.C. 601 and 611), by the Board; and
18	(C) banks insured by the Federal Deposit
19	Insurance Corporation (other than members of
20	the Federal Reserve System) and insured State
21	branches of foreign banks, by the Board of Di-
22	rectors of the Federal Deposit Insurance Cor-
23	poration;
24	(2) section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance

25 Act (12 U.S.C. 1818), by the Director of the Office

of Thrift Supervision, in the case of a savings asso ciation the deposits of which are insured by the Fed eral Deposit Insurance Corporation;
 (3) the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C.

5 1751 et seq.) by the National Credit Union Adminis6 tration Board with respect to any Federal credit
7 union;

8 (4) part A of subtitle VII of title 49, United
9 States Code, by the Secretary of Transportation
10 with respect to any air carrier or foreign air carrier
11 subject to that part;

(5) the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921 (7
U.S.C. 181 et seq.) (except as provided in section
406 of that Act (7 U.S.C. 226, 227)), by the Secretary of Agriculture with respect to any activities
subject to that Act; and

(6) the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C.
2001 et seq.) by the Farm Credit Administration
with respect to any Federal land bank, Federal land
bank association, Federal intermediate credit bank,
or production credit association.

(c) EXERCISE OF CERTAIN POWERS.—For the purpose of the exercise by any agency referred to in subsection (b) of its powers under any Act referred to in that
subsection, a violation of section 3 of this Act I is deemed

to be a violation of a requirement imposed under that Act.
In addition to its powers under any provision of law specifically referred to in subsection (b), each of the agencies
referred to in that subsection may exercise, for the purpose of enforcing compliance with any requirement imposed under section 3 of this Act, any other authority conferred on it by law.

8 (d) ACTIONS BY THE COMMISSION.—The Commis-9 sion shall prevent any person from violating section 3 of 10 this Act in the same manner, by the same means, and with the same jurisdiction, powers, and duties as though 11 12 all applicable terms and provisions of the Federal Trade 13 Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) were incorporated into and made a part of this Act. Any entity that violates 14 15 any provision of that section is subject to the penalties and entitled to the privileges and immunities provided in 16 17 the Federal Trade Commission Act in the same manner, by the same means, and with the same jurisdiction, power, 18 19 and duties as though all applicable terms and provisions 20 of the Federal Trade Commission Act were incorporated 21 into and made a part of that section.

(e) PRESERVATION OF COMMISSION AUTHORITY.—
Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to
limit the authority of the Commission under any other
provision of law.

1 SEC. 5. ACTIONS BY STATES.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—

3	(1) CIVIL ACTIONS.—In any case in which the
4	attorney general of a State has reason to believe
5	that an interest of the residents of that State has
6	been or is threatened or adversely affected by the
7	engagement of any person in a practice that section
8	3 of this Act, the State, as parens patriae, may
9	bring a civil action on behalf of the residents of the
10	State in a district court of the United States of ap-
11	propriate jurisdiction—
12	(A) to enjoin that practice;
13	(B) to enforce compliance with the rule;
14	(C) to obtain damage, restitution, or other
15	compensation on behalf of residents of the
16	State; or
17	(D) to obtain such other relief as the court
18	may consider to be appropriate.
19	(2) Notice.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—Before filing an action
21	under paragraph (1) , the attorney general of
22	the State involved shall provide to the Commis-
23	sion—
24	(i) written notice of that action; and
25	(ii) a copy of the complaint for that
26	action.

(B) EXEMPTION.—

1

2 (i) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (A) 3 shall not apply with respect to the filing of 4 an action by an attorney general of a State 5 under this subsection, if the attorney gen-6 eral determines that it is not feasible to 7 provide the notice described in that sub-8 paragraph before the filing of the action. 9 (ii) NOTIFICATION.—In an action de-10 scribed in clause (i), the attorney general 11 of a State shall provide notice and a copy 12 of the complaint to the Commission at the 13 same time as the attorney general files the 14 action. 15 (b) INTERVENTION.— 16 (1) IN GENERAL.—On receiving notice under 17 subsection (a)(2), the Commission shall have the 18 right to intervene in the action that is the subject 19 of the notice. 20 (2) EFFECT OF INTERVENTION.—If the Com-21 mission intervenes in an action under subsection (a), 22 it shall have the right— 23 (A) to be heard with respect to any matter 24 that arises in that action; and 25 (B) to file a petition for appeal.

(c) CONSTRUCTION.—For purposes of bringing any
 civil action under subsection (a), nothing in this subtitle
 shall be construed to prevent an attorney general of a
 State from exercising the powers conferred on the attorney
 general by the laws of that State to—

6 (1) conduct investigations;

7 (2) administer oaths or affirmations; or

8 (3) compel the attendance of witnesses or the9 production of documentary and other evidence.

10 (d) ACTIONS BY THE COMMISSION.—In any case 11 in which an action is instituted by or on behalf of the 12 Commission for violation of section 2 of this Act, no 13 State may, during the pendency of that action, institute 14 an action under subsection (a) against any defendant 15 named in the complaint in that action for violation of 16 that section.

17 (e) VENUE; SERVICE OF PROCESS.—

18 (1) VENUE.—Any action brought under sub19 section (a) may be brought in the district court of
20 the United States that meets applicable require21 ments relating to venue under section 1391 of title
22 28, United States Code.

(2) SERVICE OF PROCESS.—In an action
brought under subsection (a), process may be served
in any district in which the defendant—

	11
1	(A) is an inhabitant; or
2	(B) may be found.
3	SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.
4	In this Act:
5	(1) CHILD.—The term "child" means an indi-
6	vidual under the age of 16.
7	(2) Commission.—The term "Commission"
8	means the Federal Trade Commission.
9	(3) Express consent.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "express con-
11	sent" means an affirmative indication of per-
12	mission in writing or electronic form. The term
13	"express consent" does not include consent in-
14	ferred from a failure to indicate affirmatively
15	that consent is denied or withheld.
16	(B) Prerequisites.—Express consent is
17	not valid unless—
18	(i) before granting the consent the in-
19	dividual granting the consent was informed
20	of the purpose for which the information
21	would be sold, purchased, or used; and
22	(ii) consent was not granted as a con-
23	dition for making a product, service, or
24	warranty available to the individual or the
25	child to which the information pertains.

1	(4) MARKETING.—The term "marketing"
2	means making a communication to encourage the
3	purchase or use of a commercial product or service.
4	For purposes of this paragraph, a product or service
5	shall be considered to be commercial if some or all
6	of the proceeds from the sale inure to the benefit of
7	an enterprise conducted for profit.
8	(5) PARENT.—The term "parent" includes a
9	legal guardian.
10	(6) Personal information.—The term "per-
11	sonal information" means identifiable information
12	about an individual, including—
13	(A) a name;
14	(B) a home or other physical address in-
15	cluding street name and name of a city or town;
16	(C) an e-mail address or online username;
17	(D) a telephone number;
18	(E) a Social Security number; or
19	(F) any other information that permits a
20	specific individual to be identified.
21	(7) PURCHASE; SELL; SALE.—In section 3, the
22	terms "purchase", "sell", and "sale" include the
23	purchase and sale of the right to use personal infor-
24	mation, without regard to whether—
25	(A) the right is limited or unlimited;

1	(B) the transaction is characterized as a
2	purchase, sale, lease, or otherwise; and
3	(C) the consideration for the transaction is
4	monetary, goods, or services.

5 SEC. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE.

6 This Act takes effect 6 months after the date of en-7 actment.

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