## Calendar No. 691

108TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION S. 2382

[Report No. 108-335]

To establish grant programs for the development of telecommunications capacities in Indian country.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 4, 2004

Mr. Inouye (for himself, Mr. Campbell, Mrs. Murray, and Mr. Daschle) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs

**SEPTEMBER 7, 2004** 

Reported by Mr. CAMPBELL, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

# A BILL

To establish grant programs for the development of telecommunications capacities in Indian country.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Native American
- 5 Connectivity Act".

### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2	Congress finds that—
3	(1)(A) disparities exist in the areas of edu-
4	eation, health care, workforce training, commerce,
5	and economic activity of Indians due to the rural na-
6	ture of most Indian reservations; and
7	(B) access to basic and advanced telecommuni-
8	eations infrastructure is critical in climinating those
9	disparities;
10	(2) currently, only 67.9 percent of Indian
11	homes have telephone service, compared with the na-
12	tional average of 95.1 percent;
13	(3) the telephone service penetration rate or
14	some reservations is as low as 39 percent;
15	(4) even on reservations and trust land, non-In-
16	dian homes are more likely to have telephone service
17	than Indian homes;
18	(5) only 10 percent of Indian households or
19	tribal land have Internet access;
20	(6) only 17 percent of Indian tribes have devel-
21	oped comprehensive technology plans;
22	(7) training and technical assistance have been
23	identified as the most significant needs for the devel-
24	opment and effective use of telecommunications and
25	information technology in Indian country;

1	(8) funding for telecommunications and infor-
2	mation technology projects in Indian country re-
3	mains inadequate to address the needs of Indian
4	communities;
5	(9) many Indian tribes are located on or adja-
6	cent to Indian land in which unemployment rates ex-
7	ceed 50 percent;
8	(10) the lack of telecommunications infrastrue-
9	ture and low telephone and Internet penetration
10	rates adversely affects the ability of Indian tribes to
11	pursue economic development opportunities; and
12	(11) health care, disease prevention education,
13	and cultural preservation are greatly enhanced with
14	access to and use of telecommunications technology
15	and electronic information.
16	SEC. 3. PURPOSES.
17	The purposes of this Act are—
18	(1) to promote affordable and universal access
19	among Indian tribal governments, tribal entities, and
20	Indian households to telecommunications and infor-
21	mation technology in Indian country;
22	(2) to encourage and promote tribal economic
23	development, self-sufficiency, and strong tribal gov-

ernments;

1	(3) to enhance the health of Indian tribal mem-
2	bers through the availability and use of telemedicine
3	and telehealth; and
4	(4) to assist in the retention and preservation
5	of native languages and cultural traditions.
6	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
7	In this Act:
8	(1) BLOCK GRANT.—The term "block grant"
9	means a grant provided under section 5.
10	(2) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITY.—The term "eligible
11	activity" means an activity carried out—
12	(A) to acquire or lease real property (in-
13	eluding licensed spectrum, water rights, dark
14	fiber, exchanges, and other related interests) to
15	provide telecommunications services, facilities
16	and improvements;
17	(B) to acquire, construct, reconstruct, or
18	install telecommunications facilities, sites, or
19	improvements (including design features), or
20	utilities;
21	(C) to retain any real property acquired
22	under this Act for tribal communications pur-
23	<del>poses;</del>

1	(D) to pay the non-Federal share required
2	by a Federal grant program undertaken as part
3	of activities funded under this Act;
4	(E) to carry out activities necessary—
5	(i) to develop a comprehensive tele-
6	communications development plan; and
7	(ii) to develop a policy, planning, and
8	management capacity so that an eligible
9	entity may more rationally and effec-
10	tively—
11	(I) determine the needs of the
12	entity;
13	(II) set long term and short term
14	<del>goals;</del>
15	(III) devise programs and activi-
16	ties to meet the goals of the entity, in-
17	cluding, if appropriate, telehealth;
18	(IV) evaluate the progress of the
19	programs and activities in meeting the
20	<del>goals; and</del>
21	(V) carry out management, co-
22	ordination, and monitoring of activi-
23	ties necessary for effective planning
24	implementation;

1	(F) to pay reasonable administrative costs
2	and carrying charges relating to the planning
3	and execution of telecommunications develop-
4	ment activities, including the provision of infor-
5	mation and resources about the planning and
6	execution of the activities to residents of areas
7	in which telecommunications development ac-
8	tivities are to be concentrated;
9	(G) to increase the capacity of an eligible
10	entity to carry out telecommunications activi-
11	<del>ties;</del>
12	(H) to provide assistance to institutions of
13	higher education that have a demonstrated ca-
14	pacity to carry out eligible activities;
15	(I) to enable an eligible entity to facilitate
16	telecommunications development by—
17	(i) providing technical assistance, ad-
18	vice, and business support services (includ-
19	ing services for developing business plans,
20	securing funding, and conducting mar-
21	keting); and
22	(ii) providing general support (includ-
23	ing peer support programs and mentoring
24	programs) to Indian tribes in developing
25	telecommunications projects;

1	(J) to evaluate eligible activities to ascer-
2	tain and promote effective telecommunications
3	and information technology deployment prac-
4	tices and usages among Indian tribes; or
5	(K) to provide research, analysis, data col-
6	lection, data organization, and dissemination of
7	information relevant to telecommunications and
8	information technology in Indian country for
9	the purpose of promoting effective telecommuni-
10	cations and information technology deployment
11	practices and usages among tribes.
12	(3) Eligible enti-
13	ty" means—
14	(A) an Indian tribe;
15	(B) an Indian organization;
16	(C) a tribal college or university;
17	(D) an intertribal organization; or
18	(E) a private or public institution of higher
19	education acting jointly with an Indian tribe.
20	(4) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"
21	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
22	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
23	Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).
24	(5) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
25	the Secretary of Commerce.

- 1 (6) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The term "tech2 nical assistance" means the facilitation of skills and
  3 knowledge in planning, developing, assessing, and
  4 administering eligible activities.
- 5 (7) Training and technical assist6 GRANT.—The term "training and technical assist7 ance grant" means a grant provided under section
  8 6.
  - (8) Tribal college or university" has the meaning given the term "tribally controlled college or university" in section 2 of the Tribally Controlled Community College Assistance Act of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 1801), except that the term also includes an institution listed in the Equity in Educational Land-Grant Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 301 note).
    - (9) TELEHEALTH.—The term "telehealth" means the use of electronic information and telecommunications technologies to support long-distance elinical health eare, patient and professional health-related education, public health, and health administration.

### 23 SEC. 5. BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM.

24 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within 25 the National Telecommunications and Information Ad-

- 1 ministration a Native American telecommunications block
- 2 grant program to provide grants on a competitive basis
- 3 to eligible entities to earry out eligible activities under sub-
- 4 section (e).
- 5 (b) BLOCK GRANTS.—The Secretary may provide a
- 6 block grant to an eligible entity that submits a block grant
- 7 application to the Secretary for approval.
- 8 (e) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.—A grant under this see-
- 9 tion may only be used for an eligible activity.
- 10 (d) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after
- 11 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall pro-
- 12 mulgate regulations establishing specific criteria for the
- 13 competition conducted to select eligible entities to receive
- 14 grants under this section for each fiscal year.
- 15 SEC. 6. TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS.
- 16 (a) Notification and Criteria.—The Secretary—
- 17 (1) shall provide notice of the availability of
- 18 training and technical assistance grants; and
- 19 (2) publish criteria for selecting recipients.
- 20 (b) Grants.—The Secretary may provide training
- 21 and technical assistance grants to eligible entities with a
- 22 demonstrated capacity to carry out eligible activities.
- 23 (c) USE OF FUNDS.—A training and technical assist-
- 24 ance grant shall be used—

1	(1) to develop a training program for tele-
2	communications employees; or
3	(2) to provide assistance to students who—
4	(A) participate in telecommunications or
5	information technology work study programs;
6	and
7	(B) are enrolled in a full-time graduate or
8	undergraduate program in telecommunications-
9	related education, development, planning, or
10	management.
11	(d) Setaside.—
12	(1) In GENERAL.—For each fiscal year, the
13	Secretary shall set aside \$2,000,000 of the amount
14	made available under section 12 for training and
15	technical assistance grants, to remain available until
16	expended.
17	(2) TREATMENT.—A training and technical as-
18	sistance grant to an entity shall be in addition to
19	any block grant provided to the entity.
20	(e) Provision of Technical Assistance by the
21	SECRETARY.—The Secretary may provide technical assist-
22	ance, directly or through contracts, to—
23	(1) tribal governments; and
24	(2) persons or entities that assist tribal govern-
25	ments.

### 1 SEC. 7. COMPLIANCE.

2	(a) Audit by the Comptroller General.
3	(1) In General.—The Comptroller General of
4	the United States may audit any financial trans-
5	action involving grant funds that is carried out by
6	a block grant recipient or training and technical as-
7	sistance grant recipient.
8	(2) Scope of Authority.—In conducting an
9	audit under paragraph (1), the Comptroller General
10	shall have access to all books, accounts, records, re-
11	ports, files, and other papers, things, or property be-
12	longing to or in use by the grant recipient that re-
13	late to the financial transaction and are necessary to
14	facilitate the audit.
15	(3) REGULATIONS.—The Comptroller General
16	shall promulgate regulations to earry out this sub-
17	section.
18	(b) Environmental Protection.—
19	(1) In General.—After consultation with In-
20	dian tribes, the Secretary may promulgate regula-
21	tions to carry out this subsection that—
22	(A) ensure that the policies of the National
23	Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
24	4321 et seq.), and other laws that further the
25	purposes of that Act (as specified by the regula-
26	tions), are most effectively implemented in con-

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1	nection with the expenditure of funds under
2	this Act; and
3	(B) assure the public of undiminished pro-
4	tection of the environment.
5	(2) Substitute measures.—Subject to para-
6	graph (3), the Secretary may provide for the release
7	of funds under this Act for eligible activities to grant
8	recipients that assume all of the responsibilities for
9	environmental review, decisionmaking, and related
10	action under the National Environmental Policy Act
11	of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), and other laws
12	that further the purposes of that Act (as specified
13	by the regulations promulgated under paragraph
14	(1)), that would apply to the Secretary if the Sec-
15	retary carried out the eligible activities as Federal

### (3) Release.

projects.

(A) In GENERAL.—The Secretary shall approve the release of funds under paragraph (2) only if, at least 15 days prior to approval, the grant recipient submits to the Secretary a request for release accompanied by a certification that meets the requirements of paragraph (4).

(B) APPROVAL.—The approval by the Secretary of a certification shall be deemed to sat-

1	isfy the responsibilities of the Secretary under
2	the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969
3	(42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) and the laws specified
4	by the regulations promulgated under para-
5	graph (1), to the extent that those responsibil-
6	ities relate to the release of funds for projects
7	described in the certification.
8	(4) Certification.—A certification shall—
9	(A) be in a form acceptable to the Sec-
10	retary;
11	(B) be executed by the tribal government;
12	(C) specify that the grant recipient has
13	fully assumed the responsibilities described in
14	paragraph (2); and
15	(D) specify that the tribal officer—
16	(i) assumes the status of a responsible
17	Federal official under the National Envi-
18	ronmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
19	4321 et seq.) and each law specified by the
20	regulations promulgated under paragraph
21	(1), to the extent that the provisions of
22	that Act or law apply; and
23	(ii) is authorized to consent, and con-
24	sents, on behalf of the grant recipient and
25	on behalf of the tribal officer to accept the

1	jurisdiction of the Federal courts for en-
2	forcement of the responsibilities of the
3	tribal officer as a responsible Federal offi-
4	<del>cial.</del>
5	SEC. 8. REMEDIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.
6	(a) FAILURE TO COMPLY.—If the Secretary finds, on
7	the record after opportunity for an agency hearing, that
8	a block grant recipient or training and technical assistance
9	grant recipient has failed to comply substantially with any
10	provision of this Act, the Secretary, until satisfied that
11	there is no longer a failure to comply, shall—
12	(1) terminate payments to the grant recipient;
13	(2) reduce payments to the grant recipient by
14	an amount equal to the amount of payments that
15	were not expended in accordance with this Act;
16	(3) limit the availability of payments under this
17	Act to programs, projects, or activities not affected
18	by the failure to comply; or
19	(4) refer the matter to the Attorney General
20	with a recommendation that the Attorney General
21	bring an appropriate civil action.
22	(b) ACTION BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—After a
23	referral by the Secretary under subsection (a)(4), the At-
24	torney General may bring a civil action in United States
25	district court for appropriate relief (including mandatory

- 1 relief, injunctive relief, and recovery of the amount of the
- 2 assistance provided under this Act that was not expended
- 3 in accordance with this Act).
- 4 SEC. 9. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
- 5 (a) ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than
- 6 180 days after the end of each fiscal year in which assist-
- 7 ance under this Act is provided, the Secretary shall submit
- 8 to Congress a report that includes—
- 9 (1) a description of the progress made in ac-
- 10 complishing the objectives of this Act;
- 11 (2) a summary of the use of funds under this
- 12 Act during the preceding fiscal year; and
- 13 (3) an evaluation of the status of telephone,
- 14 Internet, and personal computer penetration rates,
- by type of technology, among Indian households
- throughout Indian country on a tribe-by-tribe basis.
- 17 (b) REPORTS TO SECRETARY.—The Secretary may
- 18 require grant recipients under this Act to submit reports
- 19 and other information necessary for the Secretary to pre-
- 20 pare the report under subsection (a).
- 21 SEC. 10. CONSULTATION.
- 22 In earrying out this Act, the Secretary shall consult
- 23 with other Federal agencies administering Federal grant
- 24 programs.

1	SEC. 11. HISTORIC PRESERVATION REQUIREMENTS.
2	A telecommunications project funded under this Act
3	shall comply with the National Historic Preservation Act
4	(16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).
5	SEC. 12. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
6	(a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
7	priated to carry out this Act—
8	(1) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
9	(2) such sums as are necessary for each subse-
10	quent fiscal year.
11	(b) Availability.—Funds made available under
12	subsection (a) shall remain available until expended.
13	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
14	This Act may be cited as the "Native American
15	Connectivity Act".
16	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
17	Congress finds that—
18	(1)(A) disparities exist in the areas of education,
19	health care, workforce training, commerce, and eco-
20	nomic activity of Indians due to the rural nature of
21	most Indian reservations; and
22	(B) access to basic and advanced telecommuni-
23	cations infrastructure is critical in eliminating those
24	disparities;

1	(2) currently, only 67.9 percent of Indian homes
2	have telephone service, compared with the national
3	average of 95.1 percent;
4	(3) the telephone service penetration rate on
5	some reservations is as low as 39 percent;
6	(4) even on reservations and trust land, non-In-
7	dian homes are more likely to have telephone service
8	than Indian homes;
9	(5) only 10 percent of Indian households on trib-
10	al land have Internet access;
11	(6) only 17 percent of Indian tribes have devel-
12	oped comprehensive technology plans;
13	(7) training and technical assistance have been
14	identified as the most significant needs for the devel-
15	opment and effective use of telecommunications and
16	information technology in Indian country;
17	(8) funding for telecommunications and informa-
18	tion technology projects in Indian country remains
19	inadequate to address the needs of Indian commu-
20	nities;
21	(9) many Indian tribes are located on or adja-
22	cent to Indian land in which unemployment rates ex-
23	ceed 50 percent;
24	(10) the lack of telecommunications infrastruc-
25	ture and low telephone and Internet penetration rates

1	adversely affects the ability of Indian tribes to pursue
2	economic development opportunities; and
3	(11) primary, secondary, and postsecondary edu-
4	cation, job training, health care, disease prevention
5	education, and cultural preservation are greatly en-
6	hanced with access to and use of telecommunications
7	technology and electronic information.
8	SEC. 3. PURPOSES.
9	The purposes of this Act are—
10	(1) to promote affordable and universal access
11	among Indian tribal governments, tribal entities, res-
12	ervation-based schools, tribal colleges and universities,
13	and Indian households to telecommunications and in-
14	formation technology in Indian country;
15	(2) to encourage and promote tribal economic de-
16	velopment, self-sufficiency, and strong tribal govern-
17	ments;
18	(3) to enhance the health of Indian tribal mem-
19	bers through the availability and use of telemedicine
20	and telehealth;
21	(4) to improve the quality of kindergarten, pri-
22	mary, secondary, postsecondary, and job-related
23	training, through enhanced and sustained informa-
24	tion technology infrastructure; and

1	(5) to assist in the retention and preservation of
2	native languages and cultural traditions.
3	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
4	In this Act:
5	(1) Block grant.—The term "block grant"
6	means a grant provided under section 5.
7	(2) Eligible Activity.—The term "eligible ac-
8	tivity" means an activity carried out—
9	(A) to acquire or lease real property (in-
10	cluding licensed spectrum, water rights, dark
11	fiber, exchanges, and other related interests) to
12	provide telecommunications services, facilities,
13	and improvements;
14	(B) to acquire, construct, reconstruct, or in-
15	stall telecommunications facilities, sites, or im-
16	provements (including design features), or utili-
17	ties;
18	(C) to retain any real property acquired
19	under this Act for tribal communications pur-
20	poses;
21	(D) to pay the non-Federal share required
22	by a Federal grant program undertaken as part
23	of activities funded under this Act;
24	(E) to carry out activities necessary—

1	(i) to develop a comprehensive tele-
2	communications development plan; and
3	(ii) to develop a policy, planning, and
4	management capacity so that an eligible en-
5	tity may more rationally and effectively—
6	(I) determine the needs of the en-
7	tity;
8	(II) set long term and short term
9	goals;
10	(III) devise programs and activi-
11	ties to meet the goals of the entity, in-
12	$cluding,\ if\ appropriate,\ telehealth;$
13	(IV) evaluate the progress of the
14	programs and activities in meeting the
15	goals; and
16	(V) carry out management, co-
17	ordination, and monitoring of activi-
18	ties necessary for effective planning
19	implementation;
20	(F) to pay reasonable administrative costs
21	and carrying charges relating to the planning
22	and execution of telecommunications develop-
23	ment activities, including the provision of infor-
24	mation and resources about the planning and
25	execution of the activities to residents of areas in

1	which telecommunications development activities
2	are to be concentrated;
3	(G) to increase the capacity of an eligible
4	entity to carry out telecommunications activities,
5	including the development of telecommunications
6	regulations and related regulatory matters;
7	(H) to provide assistance to institutions of
8	higher education (including tribal colleges and
9	universities) that have a demonstrated capacity
10	to carry out eligible activities;
11	(I) to enable an eligible entity to facilitate
12	telecommunications development by—
13	(i) providing technical assistance, ad-
14	vice, and business support services (includ-
15	ing services for developing business plans,
16	securing funding, and conducting mar-
17	keting); and
18	(ii) providing general support (includ-
19	ing peer support programs and mentoring
20	programs) to Indian tribes in developing
21	$telecommunications\ projects;$
22	(J) to evaluate eligible activities to ascer-
23	tain and promote effective telecommunications
24	and information technology deployment practices
25	and usages among Indian tribes: or

1	(K) to provide research, analysis, data col-
2	lection, data organization, and dissemination of
3	information relevant to telecommunications and
4	information technology in Indian country for the
5	purpose of promoting effective telecommuni-
6	cations and information technology deployment
7	practices and usages among tribes.
8	(3) Eligible enti-The term "eligible enti-
9	ty" means—
10	(A) an Indian tribe or consortium of In-
11	dian tribes;
12	(B) a tribally chartered organization; or
13	(C) an Indian organization, intertribal or-
14	ganization, tribal college or university, or a pri-
15	vate or public institution of higher education
16	acting under an agreement with an Indian tribe.
17	(4) Indian tribe" has
18	the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian
19	Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25
20	U.S.C. 450b).
21	(5) Information technology.—
22	(A) In General.—The term "information
23	technology" means any equipment or inter-
24	connected system or subsystem of equipment that
25	is used in the automatic acquisition, storage,

- analysis, evaluation, manipulation, manage ment, movement, control, display, switching,
   interchange, transmission, or reception of data
   or information.
  - (B) Inclusions.—The term "information technology" includes computers, ancillary equipment (including imaging peripherals, input, output, and storage devices necessary for security and surveillance), peripheral equipment designed to be controlled by the central processing unit of a computer, software, firmware and similar procedures, services (including support services), and related resources.
  - (6) Planning.—The term "planning" means community-based planning developed in consultation with the local community based on the needs of the local community.
  - (7) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce.
  - (8) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The term "technical assistance" means the facilitation of skills and knowledge in planning, developing, assessing, and administering eligible activities.

- 1 (9) Training and technical assistance 2 Grant" means a grant provided under section 6.
- 4 (10) Tribal college or university.—The 5 term "tribal college or university" has the meaning 6 given the term "tribally controlled college or univer-7 sity" in section 2 of the Tribally Controlled Commu-8 nity College Assistance Act of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 1801), 9 except that the term also includes an institution listed 10 in the Equity in Educational Land-Grant Status Act 11 of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 301 note).
- 12 (11) TELEHEALTH.—The term "telehealth"
  13 means the use of electronic information and tele14 communications technologies to support long-distance
  15 clinical health care, patient and professional health16 related education, public health, and health adminis17 tration.

### 18 SEC. 5. BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM.

- 19 (a) Establishment.—There is established within the 20 National Telecommunications and Information Adminis-
- 21 tration a Native American telecommunications block grant
- 22 program to provide grants on a competitive basis to eligible
- 23 entities to carry out eligible activities under subsection (c).

1	(b) Block Grants.—The Secretary may provide a
2	block grant to an eligible entity that submits a block grant
3	application to the Secretary for approval.
4	(c) Eligible Activities.—A grant under this section
5	may only be used for an eligible activity.
6	(d) Regulations.—Not later than 180 days after the
7	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall promul-
8	gate regulations establishing specific criteria for the com-
9	petition conducted to select eligible entities to receive grants
10	under this section for each fiscal year.
11	SEC. 6. TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS.
12	(a) Notification and Criteria.—The Secretary—
13	(1) shall provide notice of the availability of
14	training and technical assistance grants; and
15	(2) publish criteria for selecting recipients.
16	(b) Grants.—The Secretary may provide training
17	and technical assistance grants to eligible entities with a
18	demonstrated capacity to carry out eligible activities.
19	(c) USE OF FUNDS.—A training and technical assist-
20	ance grant shall be used—
21	(1) to develop a training program to facilitate
22	local use and maintenance of new telecommunications
23	technologies;
24	(2) to develop and implement—

1	(A) telecommunications and information
2	technology work study programs; and
3	(B) postsecondary telecommunications and
4	information technology-related education, devel-
5	opment, planning, and management programs;
6	(3) to develop a training program for tele-
7	communications employees; or
8	(4) to provide assistance to students who—
9	(A) participate in telecommunications or
10	information technology work study programs;
11	and
12	(B) are enrolled in a full-time graduate or
13	undergraduate program in telecommunications-
14	related education, development, planning, or
15	management.
16	(d) Setaside.—
17	(1) In general.—For each fiscal year, the Sec-
18	retary shall set aside 10 percent of the amount made
19	available under section 12 for training and technical
20	assistance grants, to remain available until expended.
21	(2) Treatment.—A training and technical as-
22	sistance grant to an entity shall be in addition to any
23	block grant provided to the entity.

1	(e) Provision of Technical Assistance by the
2	Secretary.—The Secretary may provide technical assist-
3	ance, directly or through contracts, to—
4	(1) eligible entities; and
5	(2) persons or entities that assist tribal govern-
6	ments.
7	SEC. 7. COMPLIANCE.
8	(a) Audit by the Comptroller General.—
9	(1) In general.—The Comptroller General of
10	the United States may audit any financial trans-
11	action involving grant funds that is carried out by a
12	block grant recipient or training and technical assist-
13	ance grant recipient.
14	(2) Scope of Authority.—In conducting an
15	audit under paragraph (1), the Comptroller General
16	shall have access to all books, accounts, records, re-
17	ports, files, and other papers, things, or property be-
18	longing to or in use by the grant recipient that relate
19	to the financial transaction and are necessary to fa-
20	cilitate the audit.
21	(b) Environmental Protection.—
22	(1) In general.—After consultation with In-
23	dian tribes, the Secretary may promulgate regulations
24	to carry out this subsection that—

- 1 (A) ensure that the policies of the National
  2 Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
  3 4321 et seq.), and other laws that further the
  4 purposes of that Act (as specified by the regula5 tions), are most effectively implemented in con6 nection with the expenditure of funds under this
  7 Act; and
  - (B) assure the public of undiminished protection of the environment.
  - (2) Substitute Measures.—Subject to paragraph (3), the Secretary may provide for the release of funds under this Act for eligible activities to grant recipients that assume all of the responsibilities for environmental review, decisionmaking, and related action under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), and other laws that further the purposes of that Act (as specified by the regulations promulgated under paragraph (1)), that would apply to the Secretary if the Secretary carried out the eligible activities as Federal projects.

### (3) Release.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall approve the release of funds under paragraph (2) only if, at least 15 days prior to approval, the grant recipient submits to the Secretary a re-

1	quest for release accompanied by a certification
2	that meets the requirements of paragraph (4).
3	(B) APPROVAL.—The approval by the Sec-
4	retary of a certification shall be deemed to sat-
5	isfy the responsibilities of the Secretary under
6	the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969
7	(42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) and the laws specified
8	by the regulations promulgated under paragraph
9	(1), to the extent that those responsibilities relate
10	to the release of funds for projects described in
11	the certification.
12	(4) Certification.—A certification shall—
13	(A) be in a form acceptable to the Secretary;
14	(B) be executed by the tribal government;
15	(C) specify that the grant recipient has
16	fully assumed the responsibilities described in
17	paragraph (2); and
18	(D) specify that the tribal officer—
19	(i) assumes the status of a responsible
20	Federal official under the National Envi-
21	ronmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
22	4321 et seq.) and each law specified by the
23	regulations promulgated under paragraph
24	(1), to the extent that the provisions of that
25	Act or law apply; and

1	(ii) is authorized to consent, and con-
2	sents, on behalf of the grant recipient and
3	on behalf of the tribal officer to accept the
4	jurisdiction of the Federal courts for en-
5	forcement of the responsibilities of the tribal
6	officer as a responsible Federal official.
7	SEC. 8. REMEDIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.
8	(a) Failure to Comply.—If the Secretary finds, on
9	the record after opportunity for an agency hearing, that
10	a block grant recipient or training and technical assistance
11	grant recipient has failed to comply substantially with any
12	provision of this Act, the Secretary, until satisfied that
13	there is no longer a failure to comply, shall—
14	(1) terminate payments to the grant recipient;
15	(2) reduce payments to the grant recipient by an
16	amount equal to the amount of payments that were
17	not expended in accordance with this Act;
18	(3) limit the availability of payments under this
19	Act to programs, projects, or activities not affected by
20	the failure to comply; or
21	(4) refer the matter to the Attorney General with
22	a recommendation that the Attorney General bring an
23	appropriate civil action.
24	(b) Action by the Attorney General.—After a re-
25	ferral by the Secretary under subsection (a)(4), the Attorney

- 1 General may bring a civil action in United States district
- 2 court for appropriate relief (including mandatory relief, in-
- 3 junctive relief, and recovery of the amount of the assistance
- 4 provided under this Act that was not expended in accord-
- 5 ance with this Act).

### 6 SEC. 9. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

- 7 (a) Annual Report to Congress.—Not later than
- 8 180 days after the end of each fiscal year in which assist-
- 9 ance under this Act is provided, the Secretary shall submit
- 10 to Congress a report that includes—
- 11 (1) a description of the progress made in accom-
- 12 plishing the objectives of this Act;
- 13 (2) a summary of the use of funds under this Act
- 14 during the preceding fiscal year; and
- 15 (3) an evaluation of the status of telephone,
- 16 Internet, and personal computer penetration rates, by
- 17 type of technology, among Indian households through-
- out Indian country on a tribe-by-tribe basis.
- 19 (b) Reports to Secretary.—The Secretary may re-
- 20 quire grant recipients under this Act to submit reports and
- 21 other information necessary for the Secretary to prepare the
- 22 report under subsection (a).
- 23 SEC. 10. CONSULTATION.
- 24 In carrying out this Act, the Secretary shall consult
- 25 *with*—

1	(1) other Federal agencies administering Federal
2	grant programs relating to the development of tele-
3	communications capacities or infrastructure; and
4	(2) the Government Accountability Office and
5	Indian tribes to determine the proportion of grant
6	funds necessary to address training and technical as-
7	sistance and eligible activity needs.
8	SEC. 11. HISTORIC PRESERVATION REQUIREMENTS.
9	A telecommunications project funded under this Act
10	shall comply with the National Historic Preservation Act
11	(16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.) and the Native American Graves
12	Protection and Repatriation Act (25 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.).
13	SEC. 12. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
14	(a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
15	priated to carry out this Act—
16	(1) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
17	(2) such sums as are necessary for each subse-
18	quent fiscal year.
19	(b) AVAILABILITY.—Funds made available under sub-
20	section (a) shall remain available until expended.

# Calendar No. 691

108TH CONGRESS S. 2382

[Report No. 108-335]

# A BILL

To establish grant programs for the development of telecommunications capacities in Indian country.

September 7, 2004
Reported with an amendment