108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S.498

To authorize the President to posthumously award a gold medal on behalf of Congress to Joseph A. De Laine in recognition of his contributions to the Nation.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 3, 2003

Mr. HOLLINGS (for himself, Mr. GRAHAM of South Carolina, Mr. EDWARDS, Mr. MILLER, Mr. LIEBERMAN, and Ms. LANDRIEU) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

A BILL

- To authorize the President to posthumously award a gold medal on behalf of Congress to Joseph A. De Laine in recognition of his contributions to the Nation.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. FINDINGS.

- 4 Congress finds that—
- 5 (1) the Reverend Joseph Armstrong De Laine,
 6 one of the true heroes of the civil rights struggle, led
 7 a crusade to break down barriers in education in
 8 South Carolina;

(2) the efforts of Reverend De Laine led to the
 desegregation of public schools in the United States,
 but forever scarred his own life;

4 (3) in 1949, Joseph De Laine, a minister and 5 principal, organized African-American parents in 6 Summerton, South Carolina, to petition the school 7 board for a bus for black students, who had to walk 8 up to 10 miles through corn and cotton fields to at-9 tend a segregated school, while the white children in 10 the school district rode to and from school in nice, 11 clean buses;

(4) in 1950, these same parents sued to end
public school segregation in Briggs v. Elliott, 1 of 5
cases that collectively led to the landmark 1954 Supreme Court decision of Brown v. Board of Education;

17 (5) because of his participation in the desegre18 gation movement, Reverend De Laine was subjected
19 to repeated acts of domestic terror, in which—

20 (A) he, along with 2 sisters and a niece,
21 lost their jobs;

(B) he fought off an angry mob;

(C) he received frequent death threats; and
(D) his church and his home were burned
to the ground;

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| 1 | (6) in October 1955, after Reverend De Laine |
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| 2 | relocated to Florence County in South Carolina, |
| 3 | shots were fired at the De Laine home, and because |
| 4 | Reverend De Laine fired back to mark the car, he |
| 5 | was charged with assault and battery with intent to |
| 6 | kill; |
| 7 | (7) the shooting incident drove him from South |
| 8 | Carolina to Buffalo, New York, where he organized |
| 9 | an African Methodist Episcopal Church; |
| 10 | (8) believing that he would not be treated fairly |
| 11 | by the South Carolina judicial system if he returned |
| 12 | to South Carolina, Reverend De Laine told the Fed- |
| 13 | eral Bureau of Investigation, "I am not running |
| 14 | from justice but injustice", and it was not until |
| 15 | 2000 (26 years after his death and 45 years after |
| 16 | the incident) that Reverend De Laine was cleared of |
| 17 | all charges relating to the October 1955 incident; |
| 18 | (9) Reverend De Laine was a humble and fear- |
| 19 | less man who showed the Nation that all people, re- |
| 20 | gardless of the color of their skin, deserve a first- |
| 21 | rate education, a lesson from which the Nation has |
| 22 | benefited immeasurably; and |
| 23 | (10) Reverend De Laine deserves rightful rec- |
| 24 | ognition for the suffering that he and his family en- |

dured to teach the Nation one of the great civil
 rights lessons of the last century.

3 SEC. 2. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.

4 (a) PRESENTATION AUTHORIZED.—The President is
5 authorized, on behalf of Congress, to award a gold medal
6 of appropriate design to Joseph De Laine, Jr. to honor
7 his father, Reverend Joseph Anthony De Laine (post8 humously), for his contributions to the Nation.

9 (b) DESIGN AND STRIKING.—For the purposes of the 10 award referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary of the 11 Treasury (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Sec-12 retary") shall strike a gold medal with suitable emblems, 13 devices, and inscriptions, to be determined by the Sec-14 retary.

15 SEC. 3. DUPLICATE MEDALS.

16 The Secretary may strike and sell duplicates in 17 bronze of the gold medal struck pursuant to section 2, 18 under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, 19 and at a price sufficient to cover the costs thereof, includ-20 ing labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead 21 expenses, and the cost of the gold medal.

22 SEC. 4. STATUS AS NATIONAL MEDALS.

The medals struck pursuant to this Act are national
medals for purposes of chapter 51 of title 31, United
States Code.

1 SEC. 5. FUNDING.

2 (a) AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS.—There is 3 authorized to be charged against the United States Mint 4 Public Enterprise Fund an amount not to exceed \$30,000 5 to pay for the cost of the medals authorized by this Act. (b) PROCEEDS OF SALE.—Amounts received from the 6 sale of duplicate bronze medals under section 3 shall be 7 deposited in the United States Mint Public Enterprise 8 Fund. 9

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