## 108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 505

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to encourage and accelerate the nationwide production, retail sale, and consumer use of new motor vehicles that are powered by fuel cell technology, hybrid technology, battery electric technology, alternative fuels, or other advanced motor vehicle technologies, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 4, 2003

Mr. HATCH (for himself, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. JEFFORDS, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. SMITH, Mr. KERRY, Mr. ENSIGN, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. DORGAN, Ms. COLLINS, and Mr. CHAFEE) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

# A BILL

- To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to encourage and accelerate the nationwide production, retail sale, and consumer use of new motor vehicles that are powered by fuel cell technology, hybrid technology, battery electric technology, alternative fuels, or other advanced motor vehicle technologies, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; ETC.

2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
3 "Clean Efficient Automobiles Resulting From Advanced
4 Car Technologies (CLEAR ACT) Act of 2003".

5 (b) AMENDMENT OF 1986 CODE.—Except as other-6 wise expressly provided, whenever in this division an 7 amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amend-8 ment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the ref-9 erence shall be considered to be made to a section or other 10 provision of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

11 (c) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

#### 12 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; etc.

Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.

- Sec. 3. Alternative motor vehicle credit.
- Sec. 4. Modification of credit for qualified electric vehicles.
- Sec. 5. Credit for installation of alternative fueling stations.
- Sec. 6. Credit for retail sale of alternative fuels as motor vehicle fuel.
- Sec. 7. Study of effectiveness of certain provisions by GAO.

#### 13 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

14 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) The United States is a large and diverse geographic area that includes densely populated urban
and suburban areas along with large sparsely populated rural areas separated by long distances, and,
as a result, Americans require reliable, efficient, and
diversified modes of transportation.

21 (2) According to the Energy Information Ad22 ministration's (referred to in this section as the

"EIA") March 2000 publication "International Energy Outlook", oil currently provides a larger share
of world energy consumption than any other energy
source and most of the growth in oil consumption in
industrialized countries, including the United States,
is projected for the transportation sector, where few
alternatives are currently economical.

8 (3) To meet all its national security, economic 9 development, and public health and welfare needs, 10 the United States depends on oil as the primary fuel 11 source for the transportation of people and goods 12 and services in intrastate and interstate commerce.

13 (4) Since 1994, the United States has imported 14 over 50 percent of the oil it has consumed and the 15 EIA expects North American petroleum imports 16 from the Persian Gulf to more than double over the 17 forecast period of 1997–2020, with additional im-18 ports from offshore Atlantic Basin producers and re-19 finers; this increasingly heavy reliance on imported 20 oil presents national security risks, contributes nega-21 tively to the balance of trade of the United States, 22 and adversely affects the United States economy, 23 public health, and the environment.

(5) The United States currently has 121 areascontaining over a third of its population that do not

meet the National Ambient Air Quality Standards
 resulting in losses of many billions of dollars in extra
 economic costs and lost opportunities, immeasurable
 health problems, and a general reduction in the
 quality of life for millions of Americans.

6 (6) Mobile sources have become a top cause of7 emissions in the United States.

8 (7) This heavy reliance on imported oil and fail-9 ure to meet the National Ambient Air Quality 10 Standards demonstrate the need to accelerate devel-11 opment of advanced fuel cell technology, hybrid tech-12 nology, battery electric technology, and alternative 13 fuels technology for new motor vehicles in the trans-14 portation of people and goods and services as an im-15 portant means of helping to reverse the trends of in-16 creasing dependence on oil imports and non-attain-17 ment of air quality standards, contributing to less-18 ening national security risks, improving our balance 19 of trade with other nations, increasing economic 20 growth, improving health and quality of life for mil-21 lions of Americans, and providing public health, wel-22 fare, and economic benefits.

(8) Despite the availability of significant Federal and private sector funds and programs to encourage technological advancement for the develop-

1	ment and use of motor vehicles that are powered by
2	fuel cell and hybrid technologies, battery electric
3	technology, and alternative technologies, consumer
4	acceptance of such vehicles and fuels has been re-
5	strained by 3 major barriers—the increased costs of
6	these technologies, the cost of alternative fuels, and
7	the lack of adequate infrastructure to refuel the al-
8	ternative-fueled vehicles.
9	(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are to—
10	(1) help instill consumer confidence and accept-
11	ance of alternative motor vehicles by lowering the 3
12	major barriers to this confidence and acceptance;
13	(2) enable the accelerated introduction into the
14	marketplace of new motor vehicle technologies with-
15	out adverse emission impact, while retaining a policy
16	of fuel neutrality in order to foster private innova-
17	tion and commercialization and allow market forces
18	to decide the technologies and fuels that are con-
19	sumer-friendly, safe, environmentally sound, and
20	economic;
21	(3) provide, for a limited time period, financial
22	incentives to encourage consumers nationwide to
23	purchase or lease new fuel cell, hybrid, battery elec-
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24 tric, and alternative fuel motor vehicles;

1 (4) increase demand of such vehicles so as to 2 make the annual production by manufacturers and 3 retail sale of such vehicles economically and commer-4 cially viable for the consumer; (5) promote and expand the use of such vehicles 5 6 nationwide; and 7 (6) promote a nationwide diversity of motor ve-8 hicle fuels for advanced and hybrid technology and 9 alternatively fueled motor vehicles. 10 SEC. 3. ALTERNATIVE MOTOR VEHICLE CREDIT. 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart B of part IV of sub-12 chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to foreign tax credit, etc.) 13 is amended by adding at the end the following new section: 14 **"SEC. 30B. ALTERNATIVE MOTOR VEHICLE CREDIT.** 15 "(a) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT.—There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter 16 17 for the taxable year an amount equal to the sum of— 18 "(1) the new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle 19 credit determined under subsection (b), "(2) the new qualified hybrid motor vehicle 20 credit determined under subsection (c), and 21 22 "(3) the new qualified alternative fuel motor ve-23 hicle credit determined under subsection (d). 24 "(b) NEW QUALIFIED FUEL CELL MOTOR VEHICLE 25 CREDIT.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection
2	(a), the new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle credit
3	determined under this subsection with respect to a
4	new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle placed in service
5	by the taxpayer during the taxable year is—
6	"(A) \$8,000 (\$4,000 in the case of vehicles
7	placed in service after December 31, 2008), if
8	such vehicle has a gross vehicle weight rating of
9	not more than 8,500 pounds,
10	"(B) \$10,000, if such vehicle has a gross
11	vehicle weight rating of more than 8,500
12	pounds but not more than 14,000 pounds,
13	"(C) \$20,000, if such vehicle has a gross
14	vehicle weight rating of more than 14,000
15	pounds but not more than 26,000 pounds, and
16	"(D) \$40,000, if such vehicle has a gross
17	vehicle weight rating of more than 26,000
18	pounds.
19	"(2) Increase for fuel efficiency.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The amount deter-
21	mined under paragraph $(1)(A)$ with respect to
22	a new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle which is
23	a passenger automobile or light truck shall be
24	increased by—

1	"(i) \$1,000, if such vehicle achieves at
2	least 150 percent but less than 175 per-
3	cent of the 2002 model year city fuel econ-
4	omy,
5	"(ii) \$1,500, if such vehicle achieves
6	at least 175 percent but less than 200 per-
7	cent of the 2002 model year city fuel econ-
8	omy,
9	"(iii) \$2,000, if such vehicle achieves
10	at least 200 percent but less than 225 per-
11	cent of the 2002 model year city fuel econ-
12	omy,
13	"(iv) \$2,500, if such vehicle achieves
14	at least 225 percent but less than 250 per-
15	cent of the 2002 model year city fuel econ-
16	omy,
17	"(v) \$3,000, if such vehicle achieves
18	at least 250 percent but less than 275 per-
19	cent of the 2002 model year city fuel econ-
20	omy,
21	"(vi) \$3,500, if such vehicle achieves
22	at least 275 percent but less than 300 per-
23	cent of the 2002 model year city fuel econ-
24	omy, and

1	"(vii) \$4,000, if such vehicle achieves
2	at least 300 percent of the 2002 model
3	year city fuel economy.
4	"(B) 2002 model year city fuel econ-
5	OMY.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the
6	2002 model year city fuel economy with respect
7	to a vehicle shall be determined in accordance
8	with the following tables:
9	"(i) In the case of a passenger auto-

mobile:	
	2002 model year city
"If vehicle inertia weight class is:	fuel economy is:
1,500 or 1,750 lbs	
2,000 lbs	
2,250 lbs	
2,500 lbs	
2,750 lbs	
3,000 lbs	
3,500 lbs	
4,000 lbs	
4,500 lbs	
5,000 lbs	
5,500 lbs	
6,000 lbs	
6,500 lbs	
7,000 to 8,500 lbs	

"(ii) In the case of a light truck:

"If vehicle inertia weight class is:	The 2002 model year city fuel economy is:
1,500 or 1,750 lbs	
2,000 lbs	
2,250 lbs	
2,500 lbs	
2,750 lbs	
3,000 lbs	
3,500 lbs	
4,000 lbs	
4,500 lbs	17.6 mpg
5,000 lbs	
5,500 lbs	
6,000 lbs	13.7 mpg

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	"If vehicle inertia weight class is: The 2002 model year city fuel economy is:
	6,500 lbs       12.8 mpg         7,000 to 8,500 lbs       12.1 mpg.
1	"(C) Vehicle inertia weight class.—
2	For purposes of subparagraph (B), the term
3	'vehicle inertia weight class' has the same
4	meaning as when defined in regulations pre-
5	scribed by the Administrator of the Environ-
6	mental Protection Agency for purposes of the
7	administration of title II of the Clean Air Act
8	(42 U.S.C. 7521 et seq.).
9	"(3) New qualified fuel cell motor vehi-
10	CLE.—For purposes of this subsection, the term
11	'new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle' means a motor
12	vehicle—
13	"(A) which is propelled by power derived
14	from one or more cells which convert chemical
15	energy directly into electricity by combining ox-
16	ygen with hydrogen fuel which is stored on
17	board the vehicle in any form and may or may
18	not require reformation prior to use,
19	"(B) which, in the case of a passenger
20	automobile or light truck—
21	"(i) for 2002 and later model vehicles,
22	has received a certificate of conformity
23	under the Clean Air Act and meets or ex-

- ceeds the equivalent qualifying California 1 2 low emission vehicle standard under sec-3 tion 243(e)(2) of the Clean Air Act for 4 that make and model year, and "(ii) for 2004 and later model vehi-5 6 cles, has received a certificate that such ve-7 hicle meets or exceeds the Bin 5 Tier II 8 emission level established in regulations 9 prescribed by the Administrator of the En-10 vironmental Protection Agency under sec-11 tion 202(i) of the Clean Air Act for that 12 make and model year vehicle, 13 "(C) the original use of which commences 14 with the taxpayer, "(D) which is acquired for use or lease by 15 16 the taxpayer and not for resale, and 17 "(E) which is made by a manufacturer. 18 "(c) NEW QUALIFIED HYBRID MOTOR VEHICLE 19 CREDIT.— 20 "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection 21 (a), the new qualified hybrid motor vehicle credit de-22 termined under this subsection with respect to a new 23 qualified hybrid motor vehicle placed in service by 24 the taxpayer during the taxable year is the credit
- amount determined under paragraph (2).

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1	"(2) Credit Amount.—	
2	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The credit amount de-	
3	termined under this paragraph shall be deter-	
4	mined in accordance with the following tables:	
5	"(i) In the case of a new qualified hy-	
6	brid motor vehicle which is a passenger	
7	automobile, medium duty passenger vehi-	
8	cle, or light truck and which provides the	
9	following percentage of the maximum	
10	available power:	
	available power is:The credit amount is:At least 5 percent but less than 10 percent\$250At least 10 percent but less than 20 percent\$500At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent\$750At least 30 percent\$1,000	
11	"(ii) In the case of a new qualified hy-	
12	brid motor vehicle which is a heavy duty	
13	hybrid motor vehicle and which provides	
14	the following percentage of the maximum	
15	available power:	
16	"(I) If such vehicle has a gross	
17	vehicle weight rating of not more than	
18	14,000 pounds:	
	"If percentage of the maximum available power is:       The credit amount is:         At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent       \$1,000         At least 20 percent but less than 40 percent       \$1,000	

At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent	\$1,000
At least 30 percent but less than 40 percent	\$1,750
At least 40 percent but less than 50 percent	\$2,000
At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent	\$2,250
At least 60 percent	\$2,500.
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1	"(II) If such vehicle has a gross
2	vehicle weight rating of more than
3	14,000 but not more than 26,000
4	pounds:
	"If percentage of the maximum available power is:The credit amount is:At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent
5	"(III) If such vehicle has a gross
6	vehicle weight rating of more than
7	26,000 pounds:
	"If percentage of the maximum available power is:The credit amount is:At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent\$6,000At least 30 percent but less than 40 percent\$7,000
	At least 40 percent but less than 50 percent\$8,000At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent\$9,000At least 60 percent\$10,000
8	At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent
8 9	At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent\$9,000At least 60 percent\$10,000
	At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent
9	At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent
9 10	At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent
9 10 11	At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent
9 10 11 12	At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent
9 10 11 12 13	At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent
<ol> <li>9</li> <li>10</li> <li>11</li> <li>12</li> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> </ol>	At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent

1	"(II) \$1,000, if such vehicle
2	achieves at least 150 percent but less
3	than $175$ percent of the $2002$ model
4	year city fuel economy,
5	"(III) \$1,500, if such vehicle
6	achieves at least 175 percent but less
7	than 200 percent of the 2002 model
8	year city fuel economy,
9	((IV) \$2,000, if such vehicle
10	achieves at least 200 percent but less
11	than $225$ percent of the $2002$ model
12	year city fuel economy,
13	"(V) $$2,500$ , if such vehicle
14	achieves at least 225 percent but less
15	than $250$ percent of the $2002$ model
16	year city fuel economy, and
17	"(VI) \$3,000, if such vehicle
18	achieves at least 250 percent of the
19	2002 model year city fuel economy.
20	"(ii) 2002 model year city fuel
21	ECONOMY.—For purposes of clause (i), the
22	2002 model year city fuel economy with re-
23	spect to a vehicle shall be determined on a
24	gasoline gallon equivalent basis as deter-
25	mined by the Administrator of the Envi-

1	ronmental Protection Agency using the ta-
2	bles provided in subsection $(b)(2)(B)$ with
3	respect to such vehicle.
4	"(C) INCREASE FOR ACCELERATED EMIS-
5	SIONS PERFORMANCE.—The amount deter-
6	mined under subparagraph (A)(ii) with respect
7	to an applicable heavy duty hybrid motor vehi-
8	cle shall be increased by the increased credit
9	amount determined in accordance with the fol-
10	lowing tables:
11	"(i) In the case of a vehicle which has
12	a gross vehicle weight rating of not more
10	
13	than 14,000 pounds:
13	than 14,000 pounds:         "If the model year is:       The increased credit amount is:         2003       \$3,000         2004       \$2,500         2005       \$2,000         2006       \$1,500.
13	"If the model year is:       The increased credit amount is:         2003       \$3,000         2004       \$2,500         2005       \$2,000
_	"If the model year is:       The increased credit amount is:         2003       \$3,000         2004       \$2,500         2005       \$2,000         2006       \$1,500.
14	"If the model year is:       The increased credit amount is:         2003       \$3,000         2004       \$2,500         2005       \$2,000         2006       \$1,500.         "(ii) In the case of a vehicle which
14 15	"If the model year is:       The increased credit amount is:         2003       \$3,000         2004       \$2,500         2005       \$2,000         2006       \$1,500.         "(ii) In the case of a vehicle which         has a gross vehicle weight rating of more
14 15 16	"If the model year is:       The increased credit amount is:         2003       \$3,000         2004       \$2,500         2005       \$2,000         2006       \$1,500.         "(ii) In the case of a vehicle which         has a gross vehicle weight rating of more         than 14,000 pounds but not more than
14 15 16	"If the model year is:       The increased credit amount is:         2003       \$3,000         2004       \$2,500         2005       \$2,000         2006       \$1,500.         "(ii) In the case of a vehicle which         has a gross vehicle weight rating of more         than 14,000 pounds but not more than         26,000 pounds:         "If the model year is:       The increased credit amount is:         2003       \$7,750         2004       \$6,500         2005       \$5,250
14 15 16 17	"If the model year is:       The increased credit amount is: $2003$ \$3,000 $2004$ \$2,500 $2005$ \$2,000 $2006$ \$1,500.         "(ii) In the case of a vehicle which         has a gross vehicle weight rating of more         than 14,000 pounds but not more than         26,000 pounds:         "If the model year is:       The increased credit amount is: $2003$ \$7,750 $2004$ \$6,500 $2003$ \$7,750 $2004$ \$6,500 $2005$ \$4,000.

	<b>"If the model year is: The increased credit amount is:</b> 2003\$12,000
	2004
	2005
1	"(D) DEFINITIONS RELATING TO CREDIT
2	AMOUNT.—
3	"(i) Applicable heavy duty hy-
4	BRID MOTOR VEHICLE.—For purposes of
5	subparagraph (C), the term 'applicable
6	heavy duty hybrid motor vehicle' means a
7	heavy duty hybrid motor vehicle which is
8	powered by an internal combustion or heat
9	engine which is certified as meeting the
10	emission standards set in the regulations
11	prescribed by the Administrator of the En-
12	vironmental Protection Agency for 2007
13	and later model year diesel heavy duty en-
14	gines, or for 2008 and later model year
15	ottocycle heavy duty engines, as applicable.
16	"(ii) Maximum available power.—
17	"(I) PASSENGER AUTOMOBILE,
18	MEDIUM DUTY PASSENGER VEHICLE,
19	OR LIGHT TRUCK.—For purposes of
20	subparagraph (A)(i), the term 'max-
21	imum available power' means the
22	maximum power available from the re-
23	chargeable energy storage system,

1	during a standard 10 second pulse
2	power or equivalent test, divided by
3	such maximum power and the SAE
4	net power of the heat engine.
5	"(II) HEAVY DUTY HYBRID
6	MOTOR VEHICLE.—For purposes of
7	subparagraph (A)(ii), the term 'max-
8	imum available power' means the
9	maximum power available from the re-
10	chargeable energy storage system,
11	during a standard 10 second pulse
12	power or equivalent test, divided by
13	the vehicle's total traction power. The
14	term 'total traction power' means the
15	sum of the peak power from the re-
16	chargeable energy storage system and
17	the heat engine peak power of the ve-
18	hicle, except that if such storage sys-
19	tem is the sole means by which the ve-
20	hicle can be driven, the total traction
21	power is the peak power of such stor-
22	age system.
23	"(3) New qualified hybrid motor vehi-
24	CLE.—For purposes of this subsection, the term

1	'new qualified hybrid motor vehicle' means a motor
2	vehicle
3	"(A) which draws propulsion energy from
4	onboard sources of stored energy which are
5	both—
6	"(i) an internal combustion or heat
7	engine using combustible fuel, and
8	"(ii) a rechargeable energy storage
9	system,
10	"(B) which, in the case of a passenger
11	automobile, medium duty passenger vehicle, or
12	light truck—
13	"(i) for 2002 and later model vehicles,
14	has received a certificate of conformity
15	under the Clean Air Act and meets or ex-
16	ceeds the equivalent qualifying California
17	low emission vehicle standard under sec-
18	tion $243(e)(2)$ of the Clean Air Act for
19	that make and model year, and
20	"(ii) for 2004 and later model vehi-
21	cles, has received a certificate that such ve-
22	hicle meets or exceeds the Bin 5 Tier II
23	emission level established in regulations
24	prescribed by the Administrator of the En-
25	vironmental Protection Agency under sec-

1	tion 202(i) of the Clean Air Act for that
2	make and model year vehicle,
3	"(C) which, in the case of a heavy duty hy-
4	brid motor vehicle, the internal combustion or
5	heat engine of which has received a certificate
6	of conformity under the Clean Air Act as meet-
7	ing the emission standards set in the regula-
8	tions prescribed by the Administrator of the
9	Environmental Protection Agency for 2004
10	through 2007 model year diesel heavy duty en-
11	gines or ottocycle heavy duty engines, as appli-
12	cable,
13	"(D) the original use of which commences
14	with the taxpayer,
15	"(E) which is acquired for use or lease by
16	the taxpayer and not for resale, and
17	"(F) which is made by a manufacturer.
18	"(4) Heavy duty hybrid motor vehicle.—
19	For purposes of this subsection, the term 'heavy
20	duty hybrid motor vehicle' means a new qualified hy-
21	brid motor vehicle which has a gross vehicle weight
22	rating of more than 8,500 pounds. Such term does
23	not include a medium duty passenger vehicle.
24	"(d) New Qualified Alternative Fuel Motor
25	Vehicle Credit.—

1	"(1) Allowance of credit.—Except as pro-
2	vided in paragraph (5), the new qualified alternative
3	fuel motor vehicle credit determined under this sub-
4	section is an amount equal to the applicable percent-
5	age of the incremental cost of any new qualified al-
6	ternative fuel motor vehicle placed in service by the
7	taxpayer during the taxable year.
8	"(2) Applicable percentage.—For purposes
9	of paragraph (1), the applicable percentage with re-
10	spect to any new qualified alternative fuel motor ve-
11	hicle is—
12	"(A) 50 percent, plus
13	"(B) 30 percent, if such vehicle—
14	"(i) has received a certificate of con-
15	formity under the Clean Air Act and meets
16	or exceeds the most stringent standard
17	available for certification under the Clean
18	Air Act for that make and model year vehi-
19	cle (other than a zero emission standard),
20	or
21	"(ii) has received an order certifying
22	the vehicle as meeting the same require-
23	ments as vehicles which may be sold or
24	leased in California and meets or exceeds
25	the most stringent standard available for

1	certification under the State laws of Cali-
2	fornia (enacted in accordance with a waiv-
3	er granted under section 209(b) of the
4	Clean Air Act) for that make and model
5	year vehicle (other than a zero emission
6	standard).
7	For purposes of the preceding sentence, in the case
8	of any new qualified alternative fuel motor vehicle
9	which weighs more than 14,000 pounds gross vehicle
10	weight rating, the most stringent standard available
11	shall be such standard available for certification in
12	2002.
13	"(3) Incremental cost.—For purposes of
14	this subsection, the incremental cost of any new
15	qualified alternative fuel motor vehicle is equal to
16	the amount of the excess of the manufacturer's sug-
17	gested retail price for such vehicle over such price
18	for a gasoline or diesel fuel motor vehicle of the
19	same model, to the extent such amount does not ex-
20	ceed—
21	"(A) \$5,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
22	hicle weight rating of not more than 8,500
23	pounds,

"(B) \$10,000, if such vehicle has a gross 1 2 vehicle weight rating of more than 8,500 3 pounds but not more than 14,000 pounds, "(C) \$25,000, if such vehicle has a gross 4 5 vehicle weight rating of more than 14,000 6 pounds but not more than 26,000 pounds, and "(D) \$40,000, if such vehicle has a gross 7 8 vehicle weight rating of more than 26,000 9 pounds. 10 "(4) NEW QUALIFIED ALTERNATIVE FUEL 11 MOTOR VEHICLE.—For purposes of this sub-12 section-"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'new quali-13 14 fied alternative fuel motor vehicle' means any 15 motor vehicle— "(i) which is only capable of operating 16 17 on an alternative fuel, 18 "(ii) the original use of which com-19 mences with the taxpayer, 20 "(iii) which is acquired by the tax-

payer for use or lease, but not for resale,

"(iv) which is made by a manufac-

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and

turer.

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"(B) ALTERNATIVE FUEL.—The term 'al-1 2 ternative fuel' means compressed natural gas, 3 liquefied natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, 4 hydrogen, and any liquid at least 85 percent of 5 the volume of which consists of methanol. 6 "(5) Credit for mixed-fuel vehicles.— 7 "(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a 8 mixed-fuel vehicle placed in service by the tax-9 payer during the taxable year, the credit deter-10 mined under this subsection is an amount equal 11 to----12 "(i) in the case of a 75/25 mixed-fuel 13 vehicle, 70 percent of the credit which 14 would have been allowed under this sub-15 section if such vehicle was a qualified alter-16 native fuel motor vehicle, and 17 "(ii) in the case of a 90/10 mixed-fuel 18 vehicle, 90 percent of the credit which 19 would have been allowed under this sub-20 section if such vehicle was a qualified alter-21 native fuel motor vehicle. 22 "(B) MIXED-FUEL VEHICLE.—For pur-23 poses of this subsection, the term 'mixed-fuel

vehicle' means any motor vehicle described in

1	subparagraph (C) or (D) of paragraph (3),
2	which—
3	"(i) is certified by the manufacturer
4	as being able to perform efficiently in nor-
5	mal operation on a combination of an al-
6	ternative fuel and a petroleum-based fuel,
7	"(ii) either—
8	"(I) has received a certificate of
9	conformity under the Clean Air Act,
10	or
11	"(II) has received an order certi-
12	fying the vehicle as meeting the same
13	requirements as vehicles which may be
14	sold or leased in California and meets
15	or exceeds the low emission vehicle
16	standard under section 88.105–94 of
17	title 40, Code of Federal Regulations,
18	for that make and model year vehicle,
19	"(iii) the original use of which com-
20	mences with the taxpayer,
21	"(iv) which is acquired by the tax-
22	payer for use or lease, but not for resale,
23	and
24	"(v) which is made by a manufac-
25	turer.

1	"(C) 75/25 MIXED-FUEL VEHICLE.—For
2	purposes of this subsection, the term $'75/25$
3	mixed-fuel vehicle' means a mixed-fuel vehicle
4	which operates using at least 75 percent alter-
5	native fuel and not more than 25 percent petro-
6	leum-based fuel.
7	"(D) 90/10 MIXED-FUEL VEHICLE.—For
8	purposes of this subsection, the term $90/10$
9	mixed-fuel vehicle' means a mixed-fuel vehicle
10	which operates using at least 90 percent alter-
11	native fuel and not more than 10 percent petro-
12	leum-based fuel.
13	"(e) Application With Other Credits.—The
14	credit allowed under subsection (a) for any taxable year
15	shall not exceed the excess (if any) of—
16	((1) the regular tax for the taxable year re-
17	duced by the sum of the credits allowable under sub-
18	part A and sections 27, 29, and 30, over
19	((2) the tentative minimum tax for the taxable
20	year.
21	"(f) Other Definitions and Special Rules.—
22	For purposes of this section—
23	"(1) Consumable fuel.—The term
24	'consumable fuel' means any solid, liquid, or gaseous

matter which releases energy when consumed by an
 auxiliary power unit.

3 "(2) MOTOR VEHICLE.—The term 'motor vehi4 cle' has the meaning given such term by section
5 30(c)(2).

6 "(3) CITY FUEL ECONOMY.—The city fuel econ-7 omy with respect to any vehicle shall be measured in 8 a manner which is substantially similar to the man-9 ner city fuel economy is measured in accordance 10 with procedures under part 600 of subchapter Q of 11 chapter I of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, 12 as in effect on the date of the enactment of this 13 section.

14 "(4) OTHER TERMS.—The terms 'automobile', 15 'passenger automobile', 'medium duty passenger vehicle', 'light truck', and 'manufacturer' have the 16 17 meanings given such terms in regulations prescribed 18 by the Administrator of the Environmental Protec-19 tion Agency for purposes of the administration of 20 title II of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7521 et 21 seq.).

"(5) REDUCTION IN BASIS.—For purposes of
this subtitle, the basis of any property for which a
credit is allowable under subsection (a) shall be re-

1	duced by the amount of such credit so allowed (de-
2	termined without regard to subsection (e)).
3	"(6) NO DOUBLE BENEFIT.—The amount of
4	any deduction or other credit allowable under this
5	chapter—
6	"(A) for any incremental cost taken into
7	account in computing the amount of the credit
8	determined under subsection (d) shall be re-
9	duced by the amount of such credit attributable
10	to such cost, and
11	"(B) with respect to a vehicle described
12	under subsection (b) or (c), shall be reduced by
13	the amount of credit allowed under subsection
14	(a) for such vehicle for the taxable year.
15	"(7) Property used by tax-exempt enti-
16	TIES.—In the case of a credit amount which is al-
17	lowable with respect to a motor vehicle which is ac-
18	quired by an entity exempt from tax under this
19	chapter, the person which sells or leases such vehicle
20	to the entity shall be treated as the taxpayer with
21	respect to the vehicle for purposes of this section
22	and the credit shall be allowed to such person, but
23	only if the person clearly discloses to the entity at
24	the time of any sale or lease the specific amount of

any credit otherwise allowable to the entity under
 this section.

3 "(8) RECAPTURE.—The Secretary shall, by reg4 ulations, provide for recapturing the benefit of any
5 credit allowable under subsection (a) with respect to
6 any property which ceases to be property eligible for
7 such credit (including recapture in the case of a
8 lease period of less than the economic life of a vehi9 cle).

**(**(9) 10 PROPERTY USED OUTSIDE UNITED 11 STATES, ETC., NOT QUALIFIED.—No credit shall be 12 allowed under subsection (a) with respect to any 13 property referred to in section 50(b) or with respect 14 to the portion of the cost of any property taken into 15 account under section 179.

16 "(10) ELECTION TO NOT TAKE CREDIT.—No
17 credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) for any
18 vehicle if the taxpayer elects to not have this section
19 apply to such vehicle.

20 "(11) CARRYBACK AND CARRYFORWARD AL21 LOWED.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the credit amount
allowable under subsection (a) for a taxable
year exceeds the amount of the limitation under
subsection (e) for such taxable year (in this

paragraph referred to as the 'unused credit 1 2 year'), such excess shall be allowed as a credit 3 carryback for each of the 3 taxable years begin-4 ning after the date of the enactment of this sec-5 tion, which precede the unused credit year and 6 a credit carryforward for each of the 20 taxable 7 years which succeed the unused credit year. 8 "(B) RULES.—Rules similar to the rules of 9 section 39 shall apply with respect to the credit 10 carryback and credit carryforward under sub-11 paragraph (A). 12 "(12) INTERACTION WITH AIR QUALITY AND 13 MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARDS.—Unless oth-14 erwise provided in this section, a motor vehicle shall 15 not be considered eligible for a credit under this sec-16 tion unless such vehicle is in compliance with— 17 "(A) the applicable provisions of the Clean 18 Air Act for the applicable make and model year 19 of the vehicle (or applicable air quality provi-20 sions of State law in the case of a State which 21 has adopted such provision under a waiver 22 under section 209(b) of the Clean Air Act), and 23 "(B) the motor vehicle safety provisions of 24 sections 30101 through 30169 of title 49, 25 United States Code.

30 1 "(g) Regulations.—

1	(g) fundominions.
2	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
3	graph (2), the Secretary shall promulgate such regu-
4	lations as necessary to carry out the provisions of
5	this section.
6	"(2) Coordination in prescription of cer-
7	TAIN REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of the Treas-
8	ury, in coordination with the Secretary of Transpor-
9	tation and the Administrator of the Environmental
10	Protection Agency, shall prescribe such regulations
11	as necessary to determine whether a motor vehicle
12	meets the requirements to be eligible for a credit
13	under this section.
14	"(h) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to
15	any property purchased after—
16	((1) in the case of a new qualified fuel cell
17	motor vehicle (as described in subsection (b)), De-
18	cember 31, 2013, and
19	"(2) in the case of any other property, Decem-
20	ber 31, 2009.".
21	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
22	(1) Section $1016(a)$ is amended by striking
23	"and" at the end of paragraph (27), by striking the
24	period at the end of paragraph (28) and inserting ",

1	and", and by adding at the end the following new
2	paragraph:
3	"(29) to the extent provided in section
4	30B(f)(5).".
5	(2) Section $55(c)(2)$ is amended by inserting
6	"30B(e)," after "30(b)(3)".
7	(3) Section 6501(m) is amended by inserting
8	"30B(f)(10)," after "30(d)(4),".
9	(4) The table of sections for subpart B of part
10	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by in-
11	serting after the item relating to section 30A the fol-
12	lowing new item:
	"Sec. 30B. Alternative motor vehicle credit.".
13	(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
14	this section shall apply to property placed in service after
15	the date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years
16	ending after such date.
17	SEC. 4. MODIFICATION OF CREDIT FOR QUALIFIED ELEC-
18	TRIC VEHICLES.
19	(a) Amount of Credit.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 30(a) (relating to al-
21	lowance of credit) is amended by striking "10 per-
22	cent of".
23	(2) LIMITATION OF CREDIT ACCORDING TO
24	TYPE OF VEHICLE.—Section 30(b) (relating to limi-
25	tations) is amended—

1	(A) by striking paragraphs $(1)$ and $(2)$ and
2	inserting the following new paragraph:
3	"(1) Limitation according to type of ve-
4	HICLE.—The amount of the credit allowed under
5	subsection (a) for any vehicle shall not exceed the
6	greatest of the following amounts applicable to such
7	vehicle:
8	"(A) In the case of a vehicle which con-
9	forms to the Motor Vehicle Safety Standard
10	500 prescribed by the Secretary of Transpor-
11	tation, as in effect on the date of the enactment
12	of the Clean Efficient Automobiles Resulting
13	From Advanced Car Technologies (CLEAR
14	ACT) Act of 2003, the lesser of—
15	"(i) 10 percent of the manufacturer's
16	suggested retail price of the vehicle, or
17	"(ii) \$1,500.
18	"(B) In the case of a vehicle not described
19	in subparagraph (A) with a gross vehicle weight
20	rating not exceeding 8,500 pounds—
21	"(i) \$4,000, or
22	"(ii) \$6,000, if such vehicle is—
23	"(I) capable of a driving range of
24	at least 100 miles on a single charge
25	of the vehicle's rechargeable batteries

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1	as measured pursuant to the urban
2	dynamometer schedules under appen-
3	dix I to part 86 of title 40, Code of
4	Federal Regulations, or
5	"(II) capable of a payload capac-
6	ity of at least 1,000 pounds.
7	"(C) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
8	vehicle weight rating exceeding 8,500 but not
9	exceeding 14,000 pounds, \$10,000.
10	"(D) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
11	vehicle weight rating exceeding 14,000 but not
12	exceeding 26,000 pounds, \$20,000.
13	"(E) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
14	vehicle weight rating exceeding 26,000 pounds,
15	\$40,000.", and
16	(B) by redesignating paragraph $(3)$ as
17	paragraph (2).
18	(3) Conforming Amendments.—
19	(A) Section 53(d)(1)(B)(iii) is amended by
20	striking "section $30(b)(3)(B)$ " and inserting
21	"section 30(b)(2)(B)".
22	(B) Section $55(c)(2)$ , as amended by this
23	Act, is amended by striking " $30(b)(3)$ " and in-
24	serting ''30(b)(2)''.
25	(b) QUALIFIED BATTERY ELECTRIC VEHICLE.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section $30(c)(1)(A)$ (defin-
2	ing qualified electric vehicle) is amended to read as
3	follows:
4	"(A) which is—
5	"(i) operated solely by use of a bat-
6	tery or battery pack, or
7	"(ii) powered primarily through the
8	use of an electric battery or battery pack
9	using a flywheel or capacitor which stores
10	energy produced by an electric motor
11	through regenerative braking to assist in
12	vehicle operation,".
13	(2) Leased vehicles.—Section $30(c)(1)(C)$ is
14	amended by inserting "or lease" after "use".
15	(3) Conforming Amendments.—
16	(A) Subsections (a), (b)(2), and (c) of sec-
17	tion 30 are each amended by inserting "bat-
18	tery" after "qualified" each place it appears.
19	(B) The heading of subsection (c) of sec-
20	tion 30 is amended by inserting "BATTERY"
21	after "QUALIFIED".
22	(C) The heading of section 30 is amended
23	by inserting " <b>BATTERY</b> " after " <b>QUALIFIED</b> ".
24	(D) The item relating to section 30 in the
25	table of sections for subpart B of part IV of

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1	subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by in-
2	serting "battery" after "qualified".
3	(E) Section $179A(c)(3)$ is amended by in-
4	serting "battery" before "electric".
5	(F) The heading of paragraph (3) of sec-
6	tion 179A(c) is amended by inserting "BAT-
7	TERY" before "ELECTRIC".
8	(c) Additional Special Rules.—Section 30(d)
9	(relating to special rules) is amended by adding at the end
10	the following new paragraphs:
11	"(5) No double benefit.—The amount of
12	any deduction or other credit allowable under this
13	chapter for any cost taken into account in com-
14	puting the amount of the credit determined under
15	subsection (a) shall be reduced by the amount of
16	such credit attributable to such cost.
17	"(6) PROPERTY USED BY TAX-EXEMPT ENTI-
18	TIES.—In the case of a credit amount which is al-
19	lowable with respect to a vehicle which is acquired
20	by an entity exempt from tax under this chapter, the
21	person which sells or leases such vehicle to the entity
22	shall be treated as the taxpayer with respect to the
23	vehicle for purposes of this section and the credit
24	shall be allowed to such person, but only if the per-
25	son clearly discloses to the entity at the time of any

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1	sale or lease the specific amount of any credit other-
2	wise allowable to the entity under this section.
3	"(7) CARRYBACK AND CARRYFORWARD AL-
4	LOWED.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the credit amount
6	allowable under subsection (a) for a taxable
7	year exceeds the amount of the limitation under
8	subsection $(b)(2)$ for such taxable year (in this
9	paragraph referred to as the 'unused credit
10	year'), such excess shall be allowed as a credit
11	carryback for each of the 3 taxable years begin-
12	ning after the date of the enactment of this
13	paragraph, which precede the unused credit
14	year and a credit carryforward for each of the
15	20 taxable years which succeed the unused
16	credit year.
17	"(B) RULES.—Rules similar to the rules of
18	section 39 shall apply with respect to the credit
19	carryback and credit carryforward under sub-
20	paragraph (A).".
21	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
22	this section shall apply to property placed in service after
23	the date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years
24	ending after such date.

## 1 SEC. 5. CREDIT FOR INSTALLATION OF ALTERNATIVE2FUELING STATIONS.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart B of part IV of sub4 chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to foreign tax credit, etc.),
5 as amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end
6 the following new section:

## 7 "SEC. 30C. CLEAN-FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY 8 CREDIT.

9 "(a) CREDIT ALLOWED.—There shall be allowed as 10 a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the 11 taxable year an amount equal to 50 percent of the amount 12 paid or incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year 13 for the installation of qualified clean-fuel vehicle refueling 14 property.

15 "(b) LIMITATION.—

16 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The credit allowed under
17 subsection (a)—

18 "(A) with respect to any retail clean-fuel
19 vehicle refueling property, shall not exceed
20 \$30,000, and

21 "(B) with respect to any residential clean22 fuel vehicle refueling property, shall not exceed
23 \$1,000.

24 "(2) Phaseout.—

25 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
26 subparagraph (B), in the case of any qualified

1	clean-fuel vehicle refueling property placed in
2	service after December 31, 2007, the limit oth-
3	erwise applicable under paragraph (1) shall be
4	reduced by—
5	"(i) 25 percent in the case of any ve-
6	hicle placed in service in calendar year
7	2008, and
8	"(ii) 50 percent in the case of any ve-
9	hicle placed in service in calendar year
10	2009.
11	"(B) Hydrogen property.—In the case
12	of any qualified clean-fuel vehicle refueling
13	property relating to hydrogen placed in service
14	after December 31, 2011, the limit otherwise
15	applicable under paragraph (1) shall be reduced
16	by—
17	"(i) 25 percent in the case of any ve-
18	hicle placed in service in calendar year
19	2012, and
20	"(ii) 50 percent in the case of any ve-
21	hicle placed in service in calendar year
22	2013.
23	"(c) YEAR CREDIT ALLOWED.—The credit allowed
24	under subsection (a) shall be allowed in the taxable year

in which the qualified clean-fuel vehicle refueling property
 is placed in service by the taxpayer.

3 "(d) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—
4 "(1) QUALIFIED CLEAN-FUEL VEHICLE RE5 FUELING PROPERTY.—The term 'qualified clean-fuel
6 vehicle refueling property' has the same meaning
7 given such term by section 179A(d).

8 "(2) RESIDENTIAL CLEAN-FUEL VEHICLE RE-9 FUELING PROPERTY.—The term 'residential clean-10 fuel vehicle refueling property' means qualified 11 clean-fuel vehicle refueling property which is in-12 stalled on property which is used as the principal 13 residence (within the meaning of section 121) of the 14 taxpayer.

15 "(3) RETAIL CLEAN-FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING
16 PROPERTY.—The term 'retail clean-fuel vehicle re17 fueling property' means qualified clean-fuel vehicle
18 refueling property which is installed on property
19 (other than property described in paragraph (2))
20 used in a trade or business of the taxpayer.

21 "(e) APPLICATION WITH OTHER CREDITS.—The
22 credit allowed under subsection (a) for any taxable year
23 shall not exceed the excess (if any) of—

"(1) the regular tax for the taxable year re duced by the sum of the credits allowable under sub part A and sections 27, 29, 30, and 30B, over

4 "(2) the tentative minimum tax for the taxable5 year.

6 "(f) BASIS REDUCTION.—For purposes of this title,
7 the basis of any property shall be reduced by the portion
8 of the cost of such property taken into account under sub9 section (a).

"(g) NO DOUBLE BENEFIT.—No deduction shall be
allowed under section 179A with respect to any property
with respect to which a credit is allowed under subsection
(a).

"(h) Refueling Property Installed for Tax-14 15 EXEMPT ENTITIES.—In the case of qualified clean-fuel vehicle refueling property installed on property owned or 16 used by an entity exempt from tax under this chapter, the 17 person which installs such refueling property for the entity 18 shall be treated as the taxpayer with respect to the refuel-19 20 ing property for purposes of this section (and such refuel-21 ing property shall be treated as retail clean-fuel vehicle 22 refueling property) and the credit shall be allowed to such 23 person, but only if the person clearly discloses to the entity 24 in any installation contract the specific amount of the credit allowable under this section. 25

1	"(i) Carryforward Allowed.—
2	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the credit amount allow-
3	able under subsection (a) for a taxable year exceeds
4	the amount of the limitation under subsection (e) for
5	such taxable year (referred to as the 'unused credit
6	year' in this subsection), such excess shall be allowed
7	as a credit carryforward for each of the 20 taxable
8	years following the unused credit year.
9	"(2) RULES.—Rules similar to the rules of sec-
10	tion 39 shall apply with respect to the credit
11	carryforward under paragraph (1).
12	"(j) Special Rules.—Rules similar to the rules of
13	paragraphs $(4)$ and $(5)$ of section $179A(e)$ shall apply.
14	"(k) Regulations.—The Secretary shall prescribe
15	such regulations as necessary to carry out the provisions
16	of this section.
17	"(1) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to
18	any property placed in service—
19	"(1) in the case of property relating to hydro-
20	gen, after December 31, 2013, and
21	((2) in the case of any other property, after
22	December 31, 2009.".
23	(b) Incentive for Production of Hydrogen at
24	QUALIFIED CLEAN-FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROP-
25	ERTY.—Section 179A(d) (defining qualified clean-fuel ve-

1 hicle refueling property) is amended by adding at the end2 the following new flush sentence:

3 "In the case of clean-burning fuel which is hydrogen pro4 duced from another clean-burning fuel, paragraph (3)(A)
5 shall be applied by substituting 'production, storage, or
6 dispensing' for 'storage or dispensing' both places it ap7 pears.".

8 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 9 1016(a), as amended by this Act, is amended by striking 10 "and" at the end of paragraph (28), by striking the period 11 at the end of paragraph (29) and inserting ", and", and 12 by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

13 "(30) to the extent provided in section14 30C(f).".

15 (2) Section 55(c)(2), as amended by this Act, is
16 amended by inserting "30C(e)," after "30B(e)".

17 (3) The table of sections for subpart B of part IV
18 of subchapter A of chapter 1, as amended by this Act,
19 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section
20 30B the following new item:

"Sec. 30C. Clean-fuel vehicle refueling property credit.".

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall apply to property placed in service after
the date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years
ending after such date.

## SEC. 6. CREDIT FOR RETAIL SALE OF ALTERNATIVE FUELS AS MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart D of part IV of sub4 chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to business related cred5 its) is amended by inserting after section 40 the following
6 new section:

## 7 "SEC. 40A. CREDIT FOR RETAIL SALE OF ALTERNATIVE 8 FUELS AS MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL.

"(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38, 9 the alternative fuel retail sales credit for any taxable year 10 is the applicable amount for each gasoline gallon equiva-11 lent of alternative fuel sold at retail by the taxpayer during 12 such year as a fuel to propel any qualified motor vehicle. 13 14 "(b) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section— "(1) APPLICABLE AMOUNT.—The term 'applica-15 16 ble amount' means as follows: 17 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in 18 subparagraph (B), the amount determined in 19 accordance with the following table: "In the case of any taxable year

	ending in— The apj	plicable amount is—	
	2003		
	2004		
	2005 and 2006	50 cents	
	2007		
	2008	30 cents.	
20	"(B) Hydrogen fuel.—	-In the case of an	
21	alternative fuel which is hy	drogen fuel, the	

	11
1	amount determined in accordance with the fol-
2	lowing table:
	"In the case of any taxable year ending in—       The applicable amount is—         2003       30 cents         2004       40 cents         2005 through 2011       50 cents         2012       40 cents         2013       30 cents
3	"(2) Alternative fuel.—The term 'alter-
4	native fuel' means compressed natural gas, liquefied
5	natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, hydrogen, and
6	any liquid at least 85 percent of the volume of which
7	consists of methanol or ethanol.
8	"(3) GASOLINE GALLON EQUIVALENT.—The
9	term 'gasoline gallon equivalent' means, with respect
10	to any alternative fuel, the amount (determined by
11	the Secretary) of such fuel having a Btu content of
12	114,000.
13	"(4) QUALIFIED MOTOR VEHICLE.—The term
14	'qualified motor vehicle' means any motor vehicle (as
15	defined in section $30(c)(2)$ ) which meets any appli-
16	cable Federal or State emissions standards with re-
17	spect to each fuel by which such vehicle is designed
18	to be propelled.
19	"(5) Sold at retail.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'sold at re-
21	tail' means the sale, for a purpose other than

resale, after manufacture, production, or importation.

"(B) USE TREATED AS SALE.—If any per-3 4 son uses alternative fuel (including any use 5 after importation) as a fuel to propel any quali-6 fied alternative fuel motor vehicle (as defined in 7 section 30B(d)(4)) before such fuel is sold at 8 retail, then such use shall be treated in the 9 same manner as if such fuel were sold at retail 10 as a fuel to propel such a vehicle by such per-11 son.

12 "(c) ELECTION TO PASS CREDIT.—A person which 13 sells alternative fuel at retail may elect to pass the credit 14 allowable under this section to the purchaser of such fuel 15 or, in the event the purchaser is a tax-exempt entity or 16 otherwise declines to accept such credit, to the person 17 which supplied such fuel, under rules established by the 18 Secretary.

19 "(d) NO DOUBLE BENEFIT.—The amount of any de-20 duction or other credit allowable under this chapter for 21 any fuel taken into account in computing the amount of 22 the credit determined under subsection (a) shall be re-23 duced by the amount of such credit attributable to such 24 fuel.

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"(e) PASS-THRU IN THE CASE OF ESTATES AND
 TRUSTS.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary,
 rules similar to the rules of subsection (d) of section 52
 shall apply.

5 "(f) TERMINATION.—

6 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para7 graph (2), this section shall not apply to any fuel
8 sold at retail after December 31, 2008.

9 "(2) HYDROGEN FUEL.—In the case of an al-10 ternative fuel which is hydrogen fuel, this section 11 shall not apply to any fuel sold at retail after De-12 cember 31, 2013.".

(b) CREDIT TREATED AS BUSINESS CREDIT.—Sec14 tion 38(b) (relating to current year business credit) is
15 amended by striking "plus" at the end of paragraph (14),
16 by striking the period at the end of paragraph (15) and
17 inserting ", plus", and by adding at the end the following
18 new paragraph:

19 "(16) the alternative fuel retail sales credit de-20 termined under section 40A(a).".

(c) TRANSITIONAL RULE.—Section 39(d) (relating to
transitional rules) is amended by adding at the end the
following new paragraph:

24 "(11) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 40A CREDIT
25 BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un-

used business credit for any taxable year which is
 attributable to the alternative fuel retail sales credit
 determined under section 40A(a) may be carried
 back to a taxable year ending before the date of the
 enactment of such section.".

6 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
7 for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
8 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section
9 40 the following new item:

"Sec. 40A. Credit for retail sale of alternative fuels as motor vehicle fuel.".

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall apply to fuel sold at retail after the date
of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending after
such date.

14SEC. 7. STUDY OF EFFECTIVENESS OF CERTAIN PROVI-15SIONS BY GAO.

16 (a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the United
17 States shall undertake an ongoing analysis of—

18 (1) the effectiveness of the alternative motor ve19 hicles and fuel incentives provisions under this Act,
20 and

(2) the recipients of the tax benefits contained
in such provisions, including an identification of
such recipients by income and other appropriate
measurements.

Such analysis shall quantify the effectiveness of such pro visions by examining and comparing the Federal Govern ment's forgone revenue to the aggregate amount of energy
 actually conserved and tangible environmental benefits
 gained as a result of such provisions.

6 (b) REPORTS.—The Comptroller General of the
7 United States shall report the analysis required under sub8 section (a) to Congress not later than December 31, 2004,
9 and annually thereafter.

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