S. 571

To establish the Millennium Challenge Account and the Millennium Challenge Corporation in order to reduce global poverty through increased economic growth by supporting a new compact for global development.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 6, 2003

Mr. Lugar (by request) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

To establish the Millennium Challenge Account and the Millennium Challenge Corporation in order to reduce global poverty through increased economic growth by supporting a new compact for global development.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Millennium Challenge
- 5 Act of 2003".

1 TITLE I—THE MILLENNIUM 2 CHALLENGE ACCOUNT

3	SEC. 101. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
4	It is the policy of the United States to reduce global
5	poverty through increased economic growth by supporting
6	a new compact for global development in which increased

7 support is provided by developed countries to those devel-

8 oping countries that are ruling justly, fostering economic

9 freedom, and investing in their citizens.

10 SEC. 102. ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.

- 11 To be eligible for assistance under this Act, a country 12 ("eligible country")—
- 13 (1) must suffer from significant poverty;
- 14 (2) must have a demonstrated commitment

15 to—

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- (A) just and democratic governance, including political pluralism and the rule of law,
 and respect for human and civil rights of all
 citizens, protect private property rights, encourage transparency and accountability of governance, and limit corruption;
 - (B) economic freedom, including economic policies that encourage citizens and firms to participate in the global product and capital markets, promote private sector growth, and

1	avoid direct government participation in the
2	economy; and
3	(C) investing in its own people, including
4	improving the availability of educational oppor-
5	tunities and health care for all citizens; and
6	(3) must have entered into a Millennium Chal-
7	lenge Contract, as defined in section 103, with the
8	United States.
9	SEC. 103. MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE CONTRACT.
10	(a) In General.—A Millennium Challenge Contract
11	is an agreement between the United States and an eligible
12	country that establishes a multi-year plan of partnership
13	for achieving shared development objectives in furtherance
14	of the purposes of this Act.
15	(b) Elements.—The Millennium Challenge Contract
16	shall contain—
17	(1) the specific objectives that the eligible coun-
18	try and the United States expect to achieve;
19	(2) the responsibilities of the eligible country
20	and the United States in the achievement of those
21	objectives;
22	(3) regular benchmarks to measure progress to-
23	wards achieving the agreed upon objectives and a
24	description of how the objectives will be sustained

- once assistance under this Millennium Challenge
 Contract ends;
 - (4) a plan and a timeframe that describes how and when those objectives will be met;
 - (5) the role and contribution of the business community, private and voluntary organizations, and other members of civil society in designing that plan and achieving the objectives;
- 9 (6) where appropriate, the contribution of other 10 donors in the achievement of those objectives; and
- 11 (7) a plan to ensure financial accountability of 12 funds used to achieve those objectives.
- 13 (c) Local Input.—The Millennium Challenge Con-
- 14 tract should take into account the perspectives of the rural
- 15 and urban poor in an eligible country, and should reflect
- 16 consultation with private and voluntary organizations, and
- 17 the business community in the country.
- 18 (d) Other Donors.—To the maximum extent fea-
- 19 sible, activities undertaken to achieve the objectives of the
- 20 Millennium Challenge Contract should be undertaken in
- 21 coordination with the assistance activities of other donors.

22 SEC. 104. MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE ASSISTANCE.

- The President is authorized to provide assistance for
- 24 eligible countries to support policies and programs that
- 25 are in furtherance of the purposes of this Act. The goal

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- of the Millennium Challenge Account is to reduce poverty by signficiantly increasing the economic growth trajectory 3 of recipient countries. This requires an emphasis on investments that raise the productive potential of a country's citizens and firms and help integrate its economy into the global product and capital markets. Key areas of focus 7 for Millennium Challenge Assistance will include: 8 (1) Agricultural development. 9 (2) Education. 10 (3) Enterprise and private sector development. 11 (4) Governance. 12 (5) Health. 13 (6) Trade and investment capacity building. 14 SEC. 105. AUTHORIZATION OF THE MILLENNIUM CHAL-15 LENGE ACCOUNT AND AUTHORITIES. 16 (a) AUTHORIZATION OF MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE
- 18 (1) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to
 19 be appropriated to the President to carry out this
 20 Act \$1,300,000,000 for fiscal year 2004, and such
 21 sums as may be necessary for subsequent fiscal
- 23 (2) AVAILABILITY.—Funds appropriated under 24 paragraph (1)—

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ACCOUNT.—

years.

1	(A) may be referred to as the "Millennium
2	Challenge Account'';
3	(B) are authorized to remain available
4	until expended; and
5	(C) are in addition to funds otherwise
6	available for such purposes.
7	(b) Applicability of Provisions of Law.—
8	(1) Funds made available to carry out the pur-
9	poses of this Act may be made available notwith-
10	standing any other provision of law, except the pro-
11	visions of the Anti-Deficiency Act.
12	(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a country,
13	including the government of a country, that is ineli-
14	gible to receive assistance under provisions of law
15	that would prohibit assistance under Part I of the
16	Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall not be eligible
17	to receive assistance under this Act. If the President
18	waives the provisions of Part I of the Foreign As-
19	sistance Act of 1961, such country could receive as-
20	sistance under this Act.
21	(c) Use of Other Funds.—Any funds allocated
22	from funds appropriated to carry out any other Act may
23	be made available, if used in conjunction with funds appro-
24	priated to carry out this Act, under the authority and sub-

- 1 ject to the limitations applicable to funds made available
- 2 to carry out this Act.
- 3 SEC. 106. EVALUATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY.
- 4 All concluded Millennium Challenge Contracts and
- 5 performance evaluations of activities under these contracts
- 6 shall be made available to the public on the Internet, un-
- 7 less the Board makes a specific finding that a performance
- 8 evaluation or contract should not be posted.
- 9 SEC. 107. GRADUATION.
- The Millennium Challenge Contract will provide
- 11 funds for limited purposes, projects, and terms.
- 12 TITLE II—THE MILLENNIUM
- 13 **CHALLENGE CORPORATION**
- 14 SEC. 201. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MILLENNIUM CHAL-
- 15 **LENGE CORPORATION.**
- 16 (a) Establishment of the Millennium Chal-
- 17 LENGE CORPORATION.—There is hereby established in the
- 18 executive branch, a corporation to be known as the Millen-
- 19 nium Challenge Corporation (hereinafter in this Act re-
- 20 ferred to as the "Corporation").
- 21 (b) Responsibility of the Corporation.—It
- 22 shall be the responsibility of the Corporation to implement
- 23 title I of this Act, consistent with the direction of the
- 24 President.

SEC. 202. MANAGEMENT OF THE CORPORATION.

- 2 (a) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—The management of the
- 3 Corporation shall be vested in a board of directors (herein-
- 4 after in this title referred to as the "Board" composed
- 5 of the Secretary of State, who shall Chair, the Secretary
- 6 of the Treasury, and the Director of the Office of Manage-
- 7 ment and Budget, and may include individuals serving in
- 8 such positions in an acting capacity.
- 9 (b) Functions of the Board.—

bility of countries for assistance.

- 10 (1) The Board shall direct the exercise of all 11 the functions and powers of the Corporation, includ-12 ing the authority to review and approve the eligi-
- 14 (2) The Board may prescribe, amend, and re-15 peal bylaws, rules, regulations, and procedures gov-16 erning the manner in which the business of the Cor-17 poration may be conducted and in which the powers
- granted to it by law may be exercised and enjoyed.
- 19 (3) Members of the Board shall serve without
- additional compensation, but may be reimbursed for
- 21 travel expenses, including per diem, in lieu of sub-
- sistence, while engaged in their duties on behalf of
- the Corporation.
- (c) Chief Executive Officer of the Corpora-
- 25 TION.—

- 1 (1) The chief executive officer of the Corpora-2 tion (hereafter referred to in this title as the 3 "CEO") shall be appointed by the President, by and 4 with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall 5 exercise the functions and powers vested in the CEO
- 7 (2) The CEO shall receive compensation at the 8 rate provided for level II of the Executive Schedule 9 under section 5313 of title 5, United States Code.
- (d) Functions of, and actions by, the Corporation,
 Board, CEO, or an officer of the United States under this
 act are vested in their discretion.

13 SEC. 203. FUNCTIONS OF THE CORPORATION.

by the President and the Board.

- 14 In order to carry out programs in furtherance of the 15 purposes and policies of this Act, and in accordance with the provisions of Title I of this Act, the Corporation may 16 17 make grants for any eligible country, including to any private or public entity, and including for the purpose of pro-18 19 viding technical assistance to any such country for the development of the Millennium Challenge Contract and the 21 management, including financial management, and eval-22 uation of programs for which assistance is provided pursu-
- 24 SEC. 204. POWERS OF THE CORPORATION.
- 25 (a) Powers.—The Corporation—

ant to this Act.

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- 1 (1) shall have perpetual succession unless dis-2 solved by an Act of Congress;
 - (2) may adopt, alter, and use a seal, which shall be judicially noticed;
 - (3) may prescribe, amend, and repeal such rules, regulations, and procedures as may be necessary for carrying out the functions of the Corporation;
 - (4) may make and perform such contracts, grants, and other agreements with any individual, corporation, or other private or public entity however designated and wherever situated, as may be necessary for carrying out the functions of the Corporation and all Millennium Challenge Contracts;
 - (5) may determine and prescribe the manner in which its obligations shall be incurred and its expenses allowed and paid, including expenses for representation not exceeding \$95,000 in any fiscal year;
 - (6) may lease, purchase, or otherwise acquire, improve, and use such real property wherever situated, as may be necessary for carrying out the functions of the Corporation;
 - (7) may accept cash gifts or donations of services or of property (real, personal, or mixed), tan-

1	gible or intangible, in furtherance of the purposes of
2	this Act;
3	(8) may use the United States mails in the
4	same manner and on the same conditions as the ex-
5	ecutive departments of Government;
6	(9) may, with the consent of any agency of the
7	United States, use the information, services, facili-
8	ties, and personnel of that agency on a full or par-
9	tial reimbursement or on a non-reimbursable basis
10	in carrying out the purposes of this Act;
11	(10) may contract with individuals for personal
12	services, who shall not be considered federal employ-
13	ees for any provision of law administered by the Of-
14	fice of Personnel Management;
15	(11) hire or obtain passenger motor vehicles;
16	and
17	(12) shall have such other powers as may be
18	necessary and incident to carrying out this Act.
19	(b) Principal Office.—
20	(1) The Corporation shall maintain its principal
21	office in the metropolitan Washington, D.C. area.
22	(2) The Corporation may establish other offices
23	in any place including places outside the United
24	States, in which the Corporation may carry on all or

any of its operations and business.

- 1 (c) Positions with Foreign Governments.—
- 2 When approved by the Corporation, in furtherance of its
- 3 purposes, employees of the Corporation (including individ-
- 4 uals detailed to the Corporation) may accept and hold of-
- 5 fices or positions to which no compensation is attached
- 6 with governments or governmental agencies of foreign
- 7 countries or international organizations.
- 8 (d) Commitment Authority.—Subject to the provi-
- 9 sions of the Anti-Deficiency Act, a contract, grant, or
- 10 other agreement which entails commitments for the ex-
- 11 penditure of funds available under this Act may commit
- 12 such expenditures for such period of time as is deemed
- 13 necessary to carrying out this Act.
- (e) Contracting Authority.—In furtherance of
- 15 the purposes of this Act, functions and powers authorized
- 16 by this Act may be performed without regard to any provi-
- 17 sion of law regulating the making, performance, amend-
- 18 ment, or modification of contracts, grants, and other
- 19 agreements.
- 20 (f) Taxation of the Corporation.—The Corpora-
- 21 tion, including all its assets and property, shall be exempt
- 22 from taxation now or hereafter imposed by the United
- 23 States, or any territory or possession thereof, or by any
- 24 State, county, municipality, or local taxing authority.

1	SEC. 205. PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORI-
2	TIES.
3	(a) Personnel Authorities.—Notwithstanding
4	any provision of title 5, United States Code or of the For-
5	eign Service Act of 1980, as amended, the CEO of the
6	Millennium Challenge Corporation may, in regulations
7	prescribed jointly with the Director of the Office of Per-
8	sonnel Management, establish, and from time to time ad-
9	just, a human resources management system, including a
10	retirement benefits program.
11	(1) Any system established under this sub-
12	section shall not waive, modify, or otherwise affect,
13	with respect to Civil Service and Foreign Service
14	employees—
15	(A) the public employment principles of
16	merit and fitness set forth in section 2301 of
17	title 5, including the principles of hiring based
18	on merit, fair treatment without regard to polit-
19	ical affiliation or other non-merit consider-
20	ations, equal pay for equal work, and protection
21	of employees against reprisal for whistle blow-
22	ing,
23	(B) section 2302(b) of title 5,
24	(C) chapters 72 and 73 of title 5, and
25	(D) the conflict of interest provisions in
26	title 18, chapter 11 of the United States Code.

- (2) The CEO of the Corporation may, without regard to the civil service and foreign service laws and regulations, appoint and terminate personnel as may be necessary to enable the Corporation to perform its duties.
 - (3) The CEO may fix the compensation of the Corporation personnel without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relating to the classification of positions and General Schedule pay rates, and without regard to the provisions of chapters 4 and 5 of the Foreign Service Act, relating to the classification of positions and Foreign Service pay rates.
 - (4) The Corporation may utilize such authority contained in the Foreign Service Act of 1980, as amended, as the Corporation deems appropriate.
 - (5) The CEO and other personnel who are employees of the Corporation shall be employees under section 2105 of title 5, United States Code, for purposes of chapters 63 (relating to leave), 81 (relating to compensation for work injuries), 85 (relating to unemployment benefits), 87 (relating to life insurance benefits), 89 (relating to health insurance benefits), and 90 (relating to long-term care insurance)

of that title. If the CEO chooses not to waive chapters 83 and 84 (relating to retirement benefits) of title 5, or chapter 8 of the Foreign Service Act (relating to Foreign Service retirement systems), employees of the Corporation shall be eligible for bene-

fits under those chapters as otherwise applicable.

- (6) No individual, except for the officers of the Corporation, may be employed by the Corporation for a period in excess of 5 years: *Provided*, That the CEO, under special circumstances, may approve an extension of the length of employment on an individual basis.
- (7) Individuals employed by the Corporation, including individuals detailed to or contracted by the Corporation, while performing duties in any country or place outside the United States, and their families shall, if they are not nationals of or permanently resident in such country or place, enjoy the privileges and immunities of at least the administrative and technical staff of the Mission of the United States to such country and shall be subject to 22 U.S.C. 3927 in the same manner as United States Government employees.
- (8) The CEO may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5,

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1	United States Code, at rates for individuals which
2	do not exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate
3	of basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive
4	Schedule under section 5316 of such title.
5	(b) Detail of Personnel to the Corpora-
6	TION.—
7	(1) Any Federal Government employee may be
8	detailed to the Corporation on a fully or partially re-
9	imbursable or on a nonreimbursable basis, and such
10	detail shall be without interruption or loss of civil
11	service or Foreign Service status or privilege.
12	(2) Alternatively, an employee serving under a
13	career or career conditional appointment or the
14	equivalent in an agency who transfers to or converts
15	to an appointment in the Corporation with the con-
16	sent of the head of the agency is entitled to be re-
17	turned to the employee's former position or a posi-
18	tion of like seniority, status, and pay without grade
19	or pay reduction in the agency if the employee—
20	(A) is being separated from the Corpora-
21	tion for reasons other than misconduct, neglect
22	of duty, or malfeasance; and
23	(B) applies for return not later than 30
24	days before the date of the termination of the

employment in the Corporation.

1	(3) An employee of a private sector organiza-
2	tion assigned to the Corporation under this section
3	is deemed, during the period of assignment, to be on
4	detail to such agency. Such employee—
5	(A) may continue to receive pay and bene-
6	fits from the private sector organization from
7	which he is assigned;
8	(B) is deemed to be an employee of the
9	Corporation as specified in (a)(5) of this sec-
10	tion, for the purposes of chapters 81 and 85 of
11	title 5 U.S.C.;
12	(C) may not have access to any trade se-
13	crets or to any other non-public information
14	which is of commercial value to the private sec-
15	tor organization from which he is assigned; and
16	(D) is subject to such regulations as the
17	President may prescribe.
18	Such assignment may be made with or without reim-
19	bursement by the Corporation for the pay, or a part
20	thereof, of the employee during the period of assign-
21	ment, or for any contribution of the private sector
22	organization to its employee benefit system. A pri-
23	vate sector organization may not charge the Federal
24	Government, as direct or indirect costs under a Fed-

eral contract, the costs of pay or benefits paid by the

organization to an employee assigned to the Corporation.

(c) Allocation of Funds.—

- (1) Transfer or Allocation.—The Corporation may allocate or transfer to any agency of the United States Government any part of any funds available for carrying out the purposes of this Act. Such funds shall be available for obligation and expenditure for the purposes for which authorized, in accordance with authority granted in this Act or under authority governing the activities of the agencies of the United States Government to which such funds are allocated or transferred.
- (2) USE OF SERVICES.—For carrying out the purposes of this Act, the Corporation may utilize the services and facilities of, or procure commodities from, any agency of the United States Government under such terms and conditions as may be agreed to by the head of such agency and the Corporation.
- 20 (d) OTHER AUTHORITIES.—Except where incon-21 sistent with the provisions of this Act, the Corporation is 22 authorized to use any of the administrative authorities 23 contained in the State Department Basic Authorities Act 24 of 1956 and the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

- 1 (e) GOVERNMENT CORPORATION CONTROL ACT.—
- 2 The Corporation shall be subject to the provisions of the
- 3 Government Corporation Control Act, title 31, United

4 States Code.

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