108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 690

To prevent publicly traded corporations from issuing stock options to top management in a manner that is detrimental to the long-term interests of shareholders.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 21, 2003

Mr. Wyden introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

A BILL

To prevent publicly traded corporations from issuing stock options to top management in a manner that is detrimental to the long-term interests of shareholders.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Prevention of Stock
- 5 Option Abuse Act of 2003".
- 6 SEC. 2. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- 8 (1) granting stock options to corporate direc-
- 9 tors and executive officers can promote the interests

- of shareholders, by enabling corporations to attract and retain top managerial talent and by giving management a strong personal interest in improving the corporation's performance; and
- (2) recent corporate accounting scandals suggest that, in some instances, grants of stock options to directors and executive officers may have failed to serve their intended purpose of aligning the interests of management with the long-term interests of the corporation, and instead, stock options grants in some instances may have created perverse incentives for directors and executive officers to pump up the corporation's short term share price, without regard to the corporation's long-term financial health.

(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—

- (1) to increase shareholder input and oversight with respect to stock option compensation plans by requiring shareholder approval;
- (2) to ensure that stock options provide incentives for corporate directors and executive officers to act in the best long term interests of their corporations, rather than to stimulate short term run-ups in the stock price, by establishing substantial vesting periods for options and holding periods for stock shares; and

1	(3) to improve the transparency of stock option
2	grants to corporate directors and executive officers
3	by providing better and more frequent information
4	to shareholders and investors.
5	SEC. 3. RULEMAKING.
6	Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
7	of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission
8	(hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Commission")
9	shall issue final rules that—
10	(1) require any publicly traded corporation to
11	obtain prior shareholder approval of stock option
12	compensation plans;
13	(2) require that any stock options issued by a
14	publicly traded corporation to any of its directors or
15	executive officers have a vesting period of not less
16	than 5 years;
17	(3) prohibit any person who acquires stock,
18	whether through the exercise of stock options or by
19	any other means, in a publicly traded corporation for
20	which such person serves as a director or executive
21	officer from selling—
22	(A) any of such stock until 180 days after
23	the date of acquisition;
24	(B) more than 25 percent of such stock
25	until 3 years after the date of acquisition; and

1	(C) more than 75 percent of such stock
2	until 180 days after such person ceases to serve
3	as a director or executive officer of such cor-
4	poration; and
5	(4) require each publicly traded corporation to
6	include, in each regular quarterly filing with the
7	Commission, a separately headed section or sub-
8	section on stock options that includes—
9	(A) information on the total quantity of
10	outstanding stock options held by directors, ex-
11	ecutive officers, and other employees of such
12	corporation;
13	(B) information on the number, terms, and
14	status of stock options that have been issued or
15	that the corporation has committed to issue to
16	individual directors and executive officers of
17	such corporation; and
18	(C) such other information as the Commis-
19	sion determines may be useful in ensuring that
20	investors fully understand the potential impact
21	of the corporation's stock option practices on
22	shareholder value and on the incentives of cor-
23	porate directors, executive officers, and employ-

ees.

24