S. RES. 222

Designating October 17, 2003, as "National Mammography Day".

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

September 10, 2003

Mr. Biden (for himself, Mr. Akaka, Mr. Allen, Mr. Bayh, Mr. Bingaman, Mrs. Boxer, Mr. Breaux, Mr. Brownback, Mr. Campbell, Ms. Cantwell, Mr. Carper, Mr. Chambliss, Mrs. Clinton, Mr. Cochran, Ms. Collins, Mr. Craig, Mr. Dewine, Mr. Dodd, Mrs. Dole, Mr. Domenici, Mr. Dorgan, Mr. Edwards, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Hagel, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Hollings, Mrs. Hutchison, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Inouye, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Kerry, Ms. Landrieu, Mr. Lautenberg, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Lieberman, Mrs. Lincoln, Mr. Lugar, Ms. Mikulski, Mr. Miller, Mrs. Murray, Mr. Nelson of Nebraska, Mr. Reid, Mr. Rockefeller, Mr. Sarbanes, Mr. Schumer, Mr. Smith, Ms. Snowe, Mr. Specter, Ms. Stabenow, Mr. Talent, and Mr. Voinovich) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

RESOLUTION

Designating October 17, 2003, as "National Mammography Day".

Whereas according to the American Cancer Society, in 2003, 211,300 women will be diagnosed with breast cancer and 39,800 women will die from this disease;

Whereas it is estimated that about 2,000,000 women were diagnosed with breast cancer in the 1990s, and that in

- nearly 500,000 of those cases, the cancer resulted in death;
- Whereas African-American women suffer a 30 percent greater mortality from breast cancer than White women and more than a 100 percent greater mortality from breast cancer than women from Hispanic, Asian, and American Indian populations;
- Whereas the risk of breast cancer increases with age, with a woman at age 70 years having twice as much of a chance of developing the disease as a woman at age 50 years;
- Whereas at least 80 percent of the women who get breast cancer have no family history of the disease;
- Whereas mammograms, when operated professionally at a certified facility, can provide safe screening and early detection of breast cancer in many women;
- Whereas mammography is an excellent method for early detection of localized breast cancer, which has a 5-year survival rate of more than 97 percent;
- Whereas the National Cancer Institute and the American Cancer Society continue to recommend periodic mammograms; and
- Whereas the National Breast Cancer Coalition recommends that each woman and her health care provider make an individual decision about mammography: Now, therefore, be it
 - 1 Resolved, That the Senate—
 - 2 (1) designates October 17, 2003, as "National
 - 3 Mammography Day"; and

1 (2) requests that the President issue a procla-2 mation calling upon the people of the United States 3 to observe the day with appropriate programs and 4 activities.

 \bigcirc