108th CONGRESS 1st Session S. RES. 96

To express the sense of the Senate that the Federal investment in programs that provide health care services to uninsured and low-income individuals in medically underserved areas be increased in order to double access to health care over the next 5 years.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 20, 2003

Mr. BOND (for himself and Mr. HOLLINGS) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations

RESOLUTION

- To express the sense of the Senate that the Federal investment in programs that provide health care services to uninsured and low-income individuals in medically underserved areas be increased in order to double access to health care over the next 5 years.
- Whereas the uninsured population in the United States is approximately 43,000,000 and is estimated to reach over 53,000,000 people by 2007;
- Whereas nearly 80 percent of the uninsured population are members of working families who cannot afford health insurance or cannot access employer-provided health insurance plans;

- Whereas minority populations, rural residents, and singleparent families represent a disproportionate number of the uninsured population;
- Whereas the problem of health care access for the uninsured population is compounded in many urban and rural communities by a lack of providers who are available to serve both insured and uninsured populations;
- Whereas community, migrant, homeless, and public housing health centers have proven uniquely qualified to address the lack of adequate health care services for uninsured populations, serving more than 5,000,000 uninsured patients in 2002;
- Whereas health centers care for nearly 14,000,000 patients, including nearly 9,000,000 minorities, nearly 850,000 farmworkers, and almost 750,000 homeless individuals each year;
- Whereas health centers provide cost-effective comprehensive primary and preventive care to uninsured individuals for nearly \$1.00 per day, or \$425 annually, and help to reduce the inappropriate use of costly emergency rooms and inpatient hospital care;
- Whereas current resources only allow health centers to serve 12 percent of the Nation's 43,000,000 uninsured individuals;
- Whereas past investments to increase health center access have resulted in better health, an improved quality of life for all Americans, and a reduction in national health care expenditures;
- Whereas Congress has already begun to increase access to health care services for uninsured and low-income people in advance of health care coverage proposals by expand-

ing the availability of services at community, migrant, homeless, and public housing health centers; and

- Whereas the President has proposed to double the number of people served by health centers: Now, therefore, be it
 - 1 Resolved,

2 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

3 This resolution may be cited as the "Resolution to
4 Expand Access to Community Health Centers (REACH)
5 Initiative".

6 SEC. 2. SENSE OF THE SENATE.

7 It is the sense of the Senate that appropriations for 8 consolidated health centers under section 330 of the Pub-9 lic Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b) should be in-10 creased by 100 percent over 5 fiscal years, ending in 2006, 11 in order to double the number of individuals who receive 12 health care services at community, migrant, homeless, and 13 public housing health centers.