REPORT ON THE ACTIVITIES
OF THE
COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES
UNITED STATES SENATE
107TH CONGRESS
FIRST AND SECOND SESSIONS

MARCH 31, 2003.—Ordered to be printed

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON : 2003
JUDITH A. ANSLEY, Republican Staff Director

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES
(107th Congress, 2nd Session)

CARL LEVIN, Michigan, Chairman

EDWARD M. KENNEDY, Massachusetts
ROBERT C. BYRD, West Virginia
JOSEPH I. LIEBERMAN, Connecticut
MAX CLELAND, Georgia
MARY L. LANDRIEU, Louisiana
JACK REED, Rhode Island
DANIEL K. AKAKA, Hawaii
BILL NELSON, Florida
E. BENJAMIN NELSON, Nebraska
JEAN CARNAHAN, Missouri
MARK DAYTON, Minnesota
JEFF BINGAMAN, New Mexico

JOHN W. WARNER, Virginia
STROM THURMOND, South Carolina
JOHN McCAIN, Arizona
BOB SMITH, New Hampshire
JAMES M. INHOFE, Oklahoma
RICK SANTORUM, Pennsylvania
PAT ROBERTS, Kansas
WAYNE ALLARD, Colorado
TIM HUTCHINSON, Arkansas
JEFF SESSIONS, Alabama
SUSAN COLLINS, Maine
JIM BUNNING, Kentucky

DAVID S. LYLES, Staff Director

JUDITH A. ANSLEY, Republican Staff Director
LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

U.S. Senate,
Committee on Armed Services,

Hon. Richard B. Cheney,
President of the Senate,
Washington, DC.

Dear Mr. President: Senate Rule XXVI.8(b) requires the submission of a report of the activities of the Senate Committee on Armed Services for the previous Congress.

In accordance with the requirements, I am submitting the report of the activities of the Committee during the 107th Congress. This report outlines the most noteworthy legislative achievements and other achievements and activities of our Committee.

Sincerely,

John Warner,
Chairman.
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JURISDICTION

Part 1 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 (Public Law 601 of the Seventy-ninth Congress, approved August 2, 1946, as amended by Public Law 510 of the Ninety-first Congress, approved October 26, 1970) created the standing committees of the Senate and provided that the Committee on Armed Services should consist of 13 Senators. The history of changes in the Committee on Armed Services membership since 1946 is displayed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Congress</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Under Authority of</th>
<th>Number of Senators</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>82nd</td>
<td>1953</td>
<td>S. Res. 18</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86th</td>
<td>1959</td>
<td>S. Res. 11</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90th</td>
<td>1967</td>
<td>S. Res. 11</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91st</td>
<td>1970</td>
<td>H.R. 17654</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92nd</td>
<td>1971</td>
<td>S. Res. 15</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93rd</td>
<td>1973</td>
<td>S. Res. 10</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94th</td>
<td>1975</td>
<td>S. Res. 17</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95th</td>
<td>1977</td>
<td>S. Res. 4 &amp; S. Res. 82</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100th</td>
<td>1987</td>
<td>S. Res. 14</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>103rd</td>
<td>1993</td>
<td>S. Res. 130</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>104th</td>
<td>1995</td>
<td>S. Res. 14</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>105th</td>
<td>1997</td>
<td>S. Res. 9</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>107th</td>
<td>2001</td>
<td>In part by S. Res. 8</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Committee on Armed Services’ jurisdiction is set forth in Rule XXV(c) (1) and (2) of the Standing Rules of the Senate. It states that the Committee shall be referred all proposed legislation, messages, petition, memorials and other matters related to the following subjects:

1. Aeronautical and space activities peculiar to or primarily associated with the development of weapons systems or military operations.
2. Common defense.
3. Department of Defense, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force, generally.
4. Maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal, including administration, sanitation, and government of the Canal Zone.
5. Military research and development.
7. Naval petroleum reserves, except those in Alaska.
8. Pay, promotion, retirement, and other benefits and privileges of members of the Armed Forces, including overseas education of civilian and military dependents.
9. Selective service system.
10. Strategic and critical materials necessary for the common defense.

(2) Such committee shall also study and review, on a comprehensive basis, matters relating to the common defense policy of the United States, and report thereon from time to time.
COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES
MEMBERSHIP FROM JANUARY 3, 2001 UNTIL NOON ON JANUARY 20, 2001

CARL LEVIN, Michigan, Chairman  
January 23, 1979*  
EDWARD M. KENNEDY, Massachusetts  
January 3, 1983*  
JEFF BINGAMAN, New Mexico  
January 3, 1983*  
ROBERT C. BYRD, West Virginia  
February 2, 1989*  
JOSEPH I. LIEBERMAN, Connecticut  
January 7, 1993*  
MAX CLELAND, Georgia  
January 9, 1997*  
MARY L. LANDRIEU, Louisiana  
January 7, 1999*  
JACK REED, Rhode Island  
January 7, 1999*  
JOHN W. WARNER, Virginia  
January 23, 1979*  
STROM THURMOND, South Carolina  
January 14, 1959*  
JOHN McCAIN, Arizona  
January 6, 1987*  
BOB SMITH, New Hampshire  
February 5, 1991*  
JAMES M. INHOFE, Oklahoma  
January 4, 1995*  
RICK SANTORUM, Pennsylvania  
January 4, 1995*  
OLYMPIA J. SNOWE, Maine  
January 9, 1997*  
PAT ROBERTS, Kansas  
January 9, 1997*  
WAYNE ALLARD, Colorado  
January 7, 1999*  
TIM HUTCHINSON, Arkansas  
January 7, 1999*  
JEFF SESSIONS, Alabama  
January 7, 1999*

* Date of appointment to Senate Committee on Armed Services.

Note: On January 3, 2001, the Senate passed S. Res. 7, designating Chairmen of the Senate Committees under the so-called “50/50 split” of the Senate. Senator Levin was designated Chairman of the Committee on Armed Services for the period January 3 until noon on January 20 for the remainder of the 107th Congress. Additionally, on January 5, 2001 the Senate passed S. Res. 8 relative to Senate procedure under the so-called “50/50 split” during the 107th Congress. [See next pages for further changes in Committee memberships on January 20, June 6 and July 10, 2001.]

The Senate Committees on Military Affairs; on the Militia; and Naval Affairs were established on December 10, 1816. The Committee on the Militia was merged with the Committee on Military Affairs in 1858 to form the Military Affairs and Militia Committee. However, in 1872 the Committee dropped “Militia” from its name. The Military Affairs and Naval Affairs Committees existed until 1947 when they were combined by the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 into a new standing committee, the current Armed Services Committee.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Date of Appointment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JOHN W. WARNER</td>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>January 23, 1979</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STROM THURMOND</td>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>January 14, 1959</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JOHN McCain</td>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>January 6, 1987</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOB SMITH, New Hampshire</td>
<td></td>
<td>February 5, 1991</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAMES M. INHOFE</td>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
<td>January 4, 1995</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RICK SANTORUM</td>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>January 4, 1995</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAT ROBERTS, Kansas</td>
<td></td>
<td>January 9, 1997</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WAYNE ALLARD, Colorado</td>
<td></td>
<td>January 7, 1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIM HUTCHINSON</td>
<td>Arkansas</td>
<td>January 7, 1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEFF SESSIONS, Alabama</td>
<td></td>
<td>January 7, 1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUSAN M. COLLINS</td>
<td>Maine</td>
<td>January 25, 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JIM BUNNING, Kentucky</td>
<td></td>
<td>January 25, 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARL LEVIN, Michigan</td>
<td></td>
<td>January 23, 1979</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDWARD M. KENNEDY</td>
<td>Massachusetts</td>
<td>January 3, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROBERT C. BYRD</td>
<td>West Virginia</td>
<td>February 2, 1989</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JOSEPH I. LIEBERMAN</td>
<td>Connecticut</td>
<td>January 7, 1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX CLELAND, Georgia</td>
<td></td>
<td>January 9, 1997</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARY L. LANDRIEU</td>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>January 7, 1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JACK REED, Rhode Island</td>
<td></td>
<td>January 7, 1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DANIEL K. AKAKA</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>January 25, 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BILL NELSON, Florida</td>
<td></td>
<td>January 25, 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E. BENJAMIN NELSON</td>
<td>Nebraska</td>
<td>January 25, 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEAN CARNAHAN</td>
<td>Missouri</td>
<td>January 25, 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARK DAYTON, Minnesota</td>
<td></td>
<td>January 25, 2001</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Date of appointment to Senate Committee on Armed Services.

Note: On January 3, 2001, the Senate passed S. Res. 7, designating Chairmen of the Senate Committees under the so-called “50/50 split” of the Senate. Senator Levin was designated Chairman of the Committee on Armed Services for the period January 3 until noon on January 20. Senator Warner was designated Chairman of the Committee on Armed Services effective noon on January 20 for the remainder of the 107th Congress. Additionally, on January 5, 2001 the Senate passed S. Res. 8 relative to Senate procedure under the so-called “50/50 split” during the 107th Congress. [See next pages for further changes in Committee memberships on June 6 and July 10, 2001.]
## COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

### MEMBERSHIP FROM JUNE 6, 2001 UNTIL JULY 9, 2001

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Date of Appointment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CARL LEVIN, Michigan</td>
<td>Michigan</td>
<td>January 23, 1979</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDWARD M. KENNEDY, Massachusetts</td>
<td>Massachusetts</td>
<td>January 3, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEFF BINGAMAN, New Mexico</td>
<td>New Mexico</td>
<td>January 3, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROBERT C. BYRD, West Virginia</td>
<td>West Virginia</td>
<td>February 2, 1989</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JOSEPH I. LIEBERMAN, Connecticut</td>
<td>Connecticut</td>
<td>January 7, 1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX CLELAND, Georgia</td>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>January 9, 1997</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARY L. LANDRIEU, Louisiana</td>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>January 7, 1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JACK REED, Rhode Island</td>
<td>Rhode Island</td>
<td>January 7, 1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JOHN W. WARNER, Virginia</td>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>January 23, 1979</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STROM THURMOND, South Carolina</td>
<td></td>
<td>January 14, 1959</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JOHN McCAIN, Arizona</td>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>January 6, 1987</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOB SMITH, New Hampshire</td>
<td>New Hampshire</td>
<td>February 5, 1991</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAMES M. INHOFE, Oklahoma</td>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
<td>January 4, 1995</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RICK SANTORUM, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>January 4, 1995</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OLYMPIA J. SNOWE, Maine</td>
<td>Maine</td>
<td>January 9, 1997</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAT ROBERTS, Kansas</td>
<td>Kansas</td>
<td>January 9, 1997</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WAYNE ALLARD, Colorado</td>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>January 7, 1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIM HUTCHINSON, Arkansas</td>
<td>Arkansas</td>
<td>January 7, 1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEFF SESSIONS, Alabama</td>
<td>Alabama</td>
<td>January 7, 1999</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Date of appointment to Senate Committee on Armed Services.

Note: As noted on the previous page, at the close of business on June 5, 2001 the Democrats became the majority party in the Senate when Senator James M. Jeffords switched his party affiliation from Republican to Independent. On June 6, 2001 Senator Levin was designated Chairman of the Committee on Armed Services. Under the provisions of S. Res. 8, agreed to January 5, 2001, in the event of a change in the so-called "50/50 split", committee memberships reverted back to their composition at the end of the 106th Congress, except that the top serving Democrat on each committee was immediately recognized as chairman. This third change in committee membership for the 107th Congress was in effect until July 9, 2001. On July 10, 2001, the Majority Leader announced new Committee assignments. [See next page for changes in Committee membership on July 10, 2001.]
CARL LEVIN, Michigan, Chairman
January 23, 1979

EDWARD M. KENNEDY, Massachusetts
January 3, 1983

ROBERT C. BYRD, West Virginia
February 2, 1989

JOSEPH I. LIEBERMAN, Connecticut
January 7, 1993

MAX CLELAND, Georgia
January 9, 1997

MARY L. LANDRIEU, Louisiana
January 7, 1999

JACK REED, Rhode Island
January 7, 1999

DANIEL K. AKAKA, Hawaii
January 25, 2001

BILL NELSON, Florida
January 25, 2001

E. BENJAMIN NELSON, Nebraska
January 25, 2001

JEAN CARNAHAN, Missouri
January 25, 2001

MÄRK DAYTON, Minnesota
January 25, 2001

JEFF BINGAMAN, New Mexico
July 10, 2001

JOHN W. WARNER, Virginia
January 23, 1979

STROM THURMOND, South Carolina
January 14, 1959

JOHN McCAIN, Arizona
January 6, 1987

BOB SMITH, New Hampshire
February 5, 1991

JAMES M. INHOFE, Oklahoma
January 4, 1995

RICK SANTORUM, Pennsylvania
January 4, 1995

PAT ROBERTS, Kansas
January 9, 1997

WAYNE ALLARD, Colorado
January 7, 1999

TIM HUTCHINSON, Arkansas
January 7, 1999

JEFF SESSIONS, Alabama
January 7, 1999

SUSAN M. COLLINS, Maine
January 25, 2001

JIM BUNNING, Kentucky
January 25, 2001

* Date of appointment to Senate Committee on Armed Services.

Note: See previous pages for listings of the other Committee memberships from the periods January 3, 2001 until noon on January 20, 2001; noon on January 20 until June 5, 2001; and June 6, 2001 until July 9, 2001.
COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES
MEMBERSHIP FROM JANUARY 23, 2002 UNTIL NOVEMBER 20, 2002

CARL LEVIN, Michigan, Chairman
January 23, 1979
EDWARD M. KENNEDY, Massachusetts
January 3, 1983*
ROBERT C. BYRD, West Virginia
February 2, 1989
JOSEPH I. LIEBERMAN, Connecticut
January 7, 1993*
MAX CLELAND, Georgia
January 9, 1997*
MARY L. LANDRIEU, Louisiana
January 7, 1999*
JACK REED, Rhode Island
January 7, 1999*
DANIEL K. AKAKA, Hawaii
January 25, 2001*
BILL NELSON, Florida
January 25, 2001*
E. BENJAMIN NELSON, Nebraska
January 25, 2001*
JEAN CARNAHAN, Missouri
January 25, 2001*
MARK DAYTON, Minnesota
January 25, 2001*
JEFF BINGAMAN, New Mexico
July 10, 2001*
JOHN W. WARNER, Virginia
January 23, 1979
STROM THURMOND, South Carolina
January 14, 1959*
JOHN MCCAIN, Arizona
January 6, 1987*
BOB SMITH, New Hampshire
February 5, 1991*
JAMES M. INHOFE, Oklahoma
January 4, 1995*
RICK SANTORUM, Pennsylvania
January 4, 1995*
PAT ROBERTS, Kansas
January 9, 1997*
WAYNE ALLARD, Colorado
January 7, 1999*
TIM HUTCHINSON, Arkansas
January 7, 1999*
JEFF SESSIONS, Alabama
January 7, 1999*
SUSAN M. COLLINS, Maine
January 25, 2001*
JIM BUNNING, Kentucky
January 25, 2001*

* Date of appointment to Senate Committee on Armed Services.
ONE HUNDRED SEVENTH CONGRESS

SUBCOMMITTEES OF COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES
FROM JANUARY 31, 2001 UNTIL JULY 12, 2001

Subcommittee on Airland

Senator Santorum, Chairman  
Senator Lieberman, Ranking Member
Senator Inhofe  
Senator Cleland
Senator Roberts  
Senator Nelson (Florida)
Senator Hutchinson  
Senator Nelson (Nebraska)
Senator Sessions  
Senator Carnahan
Senator Bunning

Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities

Senator Roberts, Chairman  
Senator Landrieu, Ranking Member
Senator Smith  
Senator Kennedy
Senator Santorum  
Senator Byrd
Senator Allard  
Senator Lieberman
Senator Hutchinson  
Senator Nelson (Florida)
Senator Collins  
Senator Dayton

Subcommittee on Personnel

Senator Hutchinson, Chairman  
Senator Cleland, Ranking Member
Senator Thurmond  
Senator Kennedy
Senator McCain  
Senator Reed
Senator Allard  
Senator Akaka
Senator Collins  
Senator Carnahan

Subcommittee on Readiness and Management Support

Senator Inhofe, Chairman  
Senator Akaka, Ranking Member
Senator Thurmond  
Senator Byrd
Senator McCain  
Senator Cleland
Senator Santorum  
Senator Landrieu
Senator Roberts  
Senator Nelson (Nebraska)
Senator Bunning  
Senator Dayton

Subcommittee on Seapower

Senator Sessions, Chairman  
Senator Kennedy, Ranking Member
Senator McCain  
Senator Lieberman
Senator Smith  
Senator Landrieu
Senator Bunning  
Senator Akaka

Subcommittee on Strategic

Senator Allard, Chairman  
Senator Reed, Ranking Member
Senator Thurmond  
Senator Byrd
Senator Smith  
Senator Akaka
Senator Inhofe  
Senator Nelson (Florida)
Senator Sessions  
Senator Nelson (Nebraska)

NOTE: Senator Warner and Senator Levin, as Chairman and Ranking Member of the Armed Services Committee, serve as ex officio (non-voting) members of all Subcommittees.
ONE HUNDRED SEVENTH CONGRESS

SUBCOMMITTEES OF COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES
FROM JULY 13, 2001 UNTIL NOVEMBER 20, 2002

Subcommittee on Airland

Senator Lieberman, Chairman
Senator Cleland
Senator Akaka
Senator Nelson (Florida)
Senator Nelson (Nebraska)
Senator Carnahan
Senator Dayton

Senator Santorum, Ranking Member
Senator Inhofe
Senator Roberts
Senator Hutchinson
Senator Sessions
Senator Bunning

Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities

Senator Landrieu, Chairman
Senator Kennedy
Senator Byrd
Senator Lieberman
Senator Nelson (Florida)
Senator Carnahan
Senator Dayton
Senator Bingaman

Senator Roberts, Ranking Member
Senator Smith
Senator Santorum
Senator Allard
Senator Hutchinson
Senator Collins
Senator Bunning

Subcommittee on Personnel

Senator Cleland, Chairman
Senator Kennedy
Senator Reed
Senator Akaka
Senator Nelson (Nebraska)
Senator Carnahan

Senator Hutchinson, Ranking Member
Senator Thurmond
Senator McCain
Senator Allard
Senator Collins

Subcommittee on Readiness and Management Support

Senator Akaka, Chairman
Senator Byrd
Senator Cleland
Senator Landrieu
Senator Nelson (Nebraska)
Senator Dayton
Senator Bingaman

Senator Inhofe, Ranking Member
Senator Thurmond
Senator McCain
Senator Santorum
Senator Roberts
Senator Bunning

Subcommittee on Seapower

Senator Kennedy, Chairman
Senator Lieberman
Senator Cleland
Senator Landrieu
Senator Reed
Senator Carnahan

Senator Sessions, Ranking Member
Senator McCain
Senator Smith
Senator Collins
Senator Bunning
Subcommittee on Strategic

Senator Reed, Chairman
Senator Byrd
Senator Akaka
Senator Nelson (Florida)
Senator Nelson (Nebraska)
Senator Bingaman

Senator Allard, Ranking Member
Senator Thurmond
Senator Smith
Senator Inhofe
Senator Sessions

NOTE: Senator Levin and Senator Warner, as Chairman and Ranking Member of the Armed Services Committee, serve as ex officio (non-voting) members of all subcommittees.
RELATIONSHIP OF ANNUAL AUTHORIZATION TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROPRIATIONS

History of Section 114, Title 10, United States Code

The jurisdiction of the committee so far as specific annual authorizations are concerned was increased significantly in 1959 by the enactment of section 412(b) of Public Law 86–149 which required annual congressional authorization of appropriations for the procurement of aircraft, missiles and naval vessels. That law was amended and expanded as follows:

In 1962 (Public Law 88–436) to require similar authorization of appropriations for research, development, test or evaluation associated with aircraft, missiles and naval vessels;

In 1963 (Public Law 88–174) to require similar authorization of appropriations for all research, development, test, or evaluation carried on by the Department of Defense;

In 1965 (Public Law 89–37) to require authorization of appropriations for the procurement of tracked combat vehicles;

In 1967 (Public Law 90–168) to require annual authorization of the personnel strengths of each of the Selected Reserves of the Reserve components as a prior condition for the appropriation of funds for the pay and allowances for the Reserve components;

In 1969 (Public Law 91–121) to require authorization of appropriations for the procurement of other weapons to or for the use of any armed force of the United States. (Essentially, heavy, medium, and light artillery, anti-aircraft artillery, rifles, machine-guns, mortars, small arms weapons, and any crew-fired piece using fixed ammunition);

In 1970 (Public Law 91–441) to require authorization of appropriations to or for the use of the Navy for the procurement of torpedoes and related support equipment; and to require authorization of the average annual active duty personnel strength for each component of the Armed Forces as a condition precedent to the appropriation of funds for this purpose;

In 1971 (Public Law 92–436) to require annual authorization for the average military training student loads for each component of the Armed Forces, and modified the provision relating to authorization for active duty personnel strength;

In 1973 (Public Law 93–155) to require authorization for end strength civilian employment for each component of the Defense Department in each fiscal year;

In 1975 (Public Law 94–106) to require the annual authorization of military construction of ammunition facilities;

In 1980 (Public Law 96–342) to require the annual authorization of appropriations of funds for the operation and maintenance of any armed force of the activities and agencies of the Department of De-
fense (other than the military departments) for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1981; and

In 1982 (Public law 97–86) to require the annual authorization of appropriations of funds for procurement of ammunition or other procurement for any armed force or for agencies of the Department of Defense (other than military departments).

Also, in 1973 these enactments were codified by section 803(a) of Public Law 93–155 into Title 10, United States Code, as section 138. Section 138 was amended on several occasions and, in 1986, was divided into two sections redesignated as sections 114 and 115 of title 10, United States Code, by the Goldwater-Nichols Department of Defense Reorganization Act of 1986 (Public Law 99–433). Both sections have subsequently been amended several times. The law today reads as follows:

§ 114. Annual authorization of appropriations

(a) No funds may be appropriated for any fiscal year to or for the use of any armed force or obligated or expended for—

(1) procurement of aircraft, missiles, or naval vessels;
(2) any research, development, test, or evaluation, or procurement or production related thereto;
(3) procurement of tracked combat vehicles;
(4) procurement of other weapons;
(5) procurement of naval torpedoes and related support equipment;
(6) military construction;
(7) the operation and maintenance of any armed force or of the activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments);
(8) procurement of ammunition; or
(9) other procurement by any armed force or by the activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments); unless funds therefor have been specifically authorized by law.

(b) In subsection (a)(6), the term “military construction” includes any construction, development, conversion, or extension of any kind which is carried out with respect to any military facility or installation (including any Government-owned or Government-leased industrial facility used for the production of defense articles and any facility to which section 2353 of this title applies), any activity to which section 2807 of this title applies, any activity to which chapter 1803 of this title applies, and advances to the Secretary of Transportation for the construction of defense access roads under section 210 of title 23. Such term does not include any activity to which section 2821 or 2854 of this title applies.

(c)(1) The size of the Special Defense Acquisition Fund established pursuant to chapter 5 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2795 et seq.) may not exceed $1,070,000,000.
(2) Notwithstanding section 37(a) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2777(a)), amounts received by the United States pursuant to subparagraph (A) of section 21(a)(1) of that Act (22 U.S.C. 2761(a)(1))—

(A) shall be credited to the Special Defense Acquisition Fund established pursuant to chapter 5 of that Act (22 U.S.C.
2795(b)(1)), but subject to the limitation in paragraph (1) and other applicable law, and
(B) to the extent not so credited, shall be deposited in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts as provided in section 3302(b) of title 31.
(d) Funds may be appropriated for the armed forces for use as an emergency fund for research, development, test, and evaluation, or related procurement or production only if the appropriation of the funds is authorized by law after June 30, 1966.
(e) In each budget submitted by the President to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, amounts requested for procurement of equipment for the reserve components of the armed forces (including the National Guard) shall be set forth separately from other amounts requested for procurement for the armed forces.
(f) In each budget submitted by the President to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, amounts requested for procurement of ammunition for the Navy and Marine Corps, and for procurement of ammunition for the Air Force, shall be set forth separately from other amounts requested for procurement.
§ 115. Personnel strengths: requirement for annual authorization
(a) Congress shall authorize personnel strength levels for each fiscal year for each of the following:
(1) The end strength for each of the armed forces (other than the Coast Guard) for (A) active-duty personnel who are to be paid from funds appropriated for active-duty personnel, and (B) active-duty personnel and full-time National Guard duty personnel who are to be paid from funds appropriated for reserve personnel.
(2) The end strength for the Selected Reserve of each reserve component of the armed forces.
(b) No funds may be appropriated for any fiscal year to or for—
(1) the use of active-duty personnel or full-time National Guard duty personnel of any of the armed forces (other than the Coast Guard) unless the end strength for such personnel of that armed force for that fiscal year has been authorized by law; or
(2) the use of the Selected Reserve of any reserve component of the armed forces unless the end strength for the Selected Reserve of that component for that fiscal year has been authorized by law.
(c) Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is in the national interest, the Secretary may—
(1) increase the end strength authorized pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(A) for a fiscal year for any of the armed forces by a number to not more than 2 percent of that end strength; and
(2) increase the end strength authorized pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(B) for a fiscal year for any of the armed forces by a number equal to not more than 2 percent of that end strength; and
(3) vary the end strength authorized pursuant to subsection (a)(2) for a fiscal year for the Selected Reserve of any of the
reserve components by a number equal to not more than 2 percent of that end strength.

(d) In counting active-duty personnel for the purpose of the end-strengths authorized pursuant to subsection (a)(1), persons in the following categories shall be excluded;

(1) Members of the Ready Reserve ordered to active duty under section 12302 of this title.
(2) Members of the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve ordered to active duty under section 12304 of this title.
(3) Members of the National Guard called into Federal service under section 12406 of this title.
(4) Members of the militia called into Federal service under chapter 15 of this title.
(5) Members of reserve components on active duty for training.
(6) Members of reserve components on active duty for 180 days or less to perform special work.
(7) Members on full-time National Guard duty for 180 days or less.
(8) Members of the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve on active duty for more than 180 days to support programs described in section 1203(b) of the Cooperative Threat Reduction Act of 1993 (title XII of Public Law 103–160; 22 U.S.C. 5952(b)).

(9) Members of reserve components (not described in paragraph (8)) on active duty for more than 180 days but less than 271 days to perform special work in support of the combatant commands, except that—

(A) general flag officers may not be excluded under this paragraph; and

(B) the number of members of any of the armed forces excluded under this paragraph may not exceed the number equal to 0.2 percent of the end strength authorized for active-duty personnel of that armed force under subsection (a)(1)(A).

(10) Members of reserve components on active duty to prepare for and perform funeral honors functions for funerals of veterans in accordance with section 1491 of this title.

(e) The authorized strength of the Navy under subsection (a)(1) is increased by the authorized strength of the Coast Guard during any period when the Coast Guard is operating as a service in the Navy.


(g) Congress shall authorize for each fiscal year the end strength for military technicians for each reserve component of the Army and Air Force. Funds available to the Department of Defense for any fiscal year may not be used for the pay of a military technician during that fiscal year unless the technician fills a position that is within the number of such positions authorized by law for that fiscal year for the reserve component of that technician. This sub-
section applies without regard to section 129 of this title. In each budget submitted by the President to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, the end strength requested for military technicians (dual status) for each reserve component of the Army and Air Force shall be specifically set forth.
The following is a summary of activities of the Committee on Armed Services during the 107th Congress:

**National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2002**

The committee began the 107th Congress with a series of in-depth hearings and briefings on the global threats to the national security of the United States and the priorities and plans for both the Department of Defense and the Department of Energy to meet the challenges of the 21st Century threat environment. Witnesses from the Department of Defense, Department of Energy, and various intelligence agencies provided the committee with updated information on the full spectrum of issues relevant to the defense of the Nation and U.S. national security interests worldwide. These discussions framed the context for consideration of the President's fiscal year 2002 budget proposal.

The new Bush administration first submitted its initial blueprint for the budget request for fiscal year 2002 to the committee in February 2001. The committee then received the President's final, amended budget request on June 29, 2001. The committee conducted a total of 24 hearings in review of the defense authorization request. Senior officials from the Department of Defense, including Secretary of Defense Donald Rumsfeld, Deputy Secretary of Defense Paul Wolfowitz, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff General Henry Shelton, USA, the service secretaries, the service chiefs, the unified and specified combatant commanders, and other civilian government officials testified before the committee on the budget proposal. By September 5, 2001, when the committee met to mark up the National Defense Authorization Bill for Fiscal Year 2002, a total of 105 witnesses had testified before the committee on the budget request.

During the course of these hearings, the committee identified five priorities for the development of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2002:

- Continuing improvements in the compensation and quality of life of the men and women of the Armed Forces and their families;
- Sustaining the readiness of the military services to carry out their assigned missions;
- Encouraging the transformation of the military services to lighter, more lethal and more capable forces;
- Improving the capability of the Armed Forces to meet non-traditional threats, including terrorism and unconventional means of delivering weapons of mass destruction; and
- Improving the efficiency of DOD programs and operations.
The subcommittees and full committee met from September 5 through September 7, 2001 to mark up the National Defense Authorization Bill for Fiscal Year 2002. The bill, S. 1416, was reported to the Senate on September 12, 2001. The bill authorized $343.3 billion in budget authority for defense programs which was consistent with the level requested by the administration in the fiscal year 2002 budget request.

The Senate began consideration of the bill on September 21, 2001. During the Senate debate on the measure, 84 amendments were offered and 3 roll call votes were recorded. The measure passed the Senate, with amendments, on October 2, 2001, by a vote of 99–0.

Following the passage of the House companion measure (H.R. 2586), conferees from the Senate and House began conference on October 10, 2001, to reconcile the differences between the two versions of the bill. Conference negotiations were concluded and the conference report (H. Rept. 107–333) was filed on December 12, 2001. The House approved the conference report on December 13, 2001 by a vote of 382–40.

On December 13, 2001, the Senate agreed to the conference report by a vote of 96–2 and forwarded the measure to the President. The President signed the bill into law on December 28, 2001 (Public Law 107–107).


The committee received the President’s budget request for fiscal year 2003 on February 4, 2002. On February 5, Secretary of Defense Donald Rumsfeld and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, General Richard Myers, USAF testified before the full committee at the first of 25 hearings conducted to specifically address the defense authorization request. During these hearings, 104 witnesses, including the Secretary and Deputy Secretary of Defense, the service secretaries, the service chiefs, the unified and specified combatant commanders, and other civilian government officials, provided the committee with expert analysis and assessments of the President’s budget request. Overall, the committee held 41 hearings during the first 41 days of congressional session to consider the budget request and other related issues. Over the course of these hearings, the committee identified five priorities for its development of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003:

- Continuing the improvements in the compensation and quality of life of the men and women in the Armed Forces, retirees, and their families;
- Sustaining the readiness of the military services to conduct the full range of their assigned missions, including current and future operations against international terrorism;
- Improving the efficiency of Department of Defense programs and operations and apply the savings toward high priority programs;
- Improving the ability of the Armed Forces to meet non-traditional threats, including terrorism and weapons of mass destruction; and
• Promoting the transformation of the Armed Forces to meet the threats of the 21st century.

The subcommittees and full committee met from May 7 through May 9, 2002, to mark up the National Defense Authorization Bill for Fiscal Year 2003 (S. 2514). Upon completion, the committee agreed to authorize $393.3 billion for defense spending for fiscal year 2003. Through this legislation, the committee sought to build on the considerable strengths of our military forces and their record of success by preserving a high quality of life for U.S. servicemen and women and their families, sustaining readiness, and transforming the Armed Forces to meet the threats and challenges of tomorrow.

The events following September 11, 2001, once again demonstrated that the U.S. military is the most capable fighting force in the world. The success of our forces in Afghanistan is a tribute to the men and women of the Armed Forces and the significance of the investments in national defense made by the Congress and the Department of Defense over the years. With this bill, the committee aimed to continue to support the success of our forces with the resources, tools, and technologies that they would need to deter and, if necessary, prevail in future conflicts, in both the traditional and non-traditional threat environments of the 21st century.

The committee reported S. 2514 to the Senate on May 15, 2002. On June 18, 2002, the Senate began its consideration of the bill. After the consideration of 115 amendments and 7 roll call votes, the Senate passed S. 2514 by a vote of 97–2 on June 27, 2002.

On July 28, 2002, conferees from the House and Senate began meetings to resolve the differences between the Senate and House defense authorization bills.

On November 12, 2002, the conferees concluded negotiations and filed the conference report to accompany the House-passed bill, H.R. 4546 (H. Rept. 107–772). The House considered the conference report the same day under a suspension of the rules and passed it by a voice vote. Senate action on the conference report followed the next day with passage by voice vote.

On December 2, 2002, the measure was signed by the President and became Public Law 107–314.

Military Operations and the War on Terrorism

During the 107th Congress, the United States military was actively engaged in fighting the continuing global war on terrorism. In addition to its review of the annual defense authorization request, the Committee held 36 hearings and briefings specifically focused on military operations and policies in our fight against terrorist threats both at home and abroad, worldwide threats to United States security interests overall, and U.S. policies with regard to the new security environment of the 21st Century.

During the first session of the Congress, the Committee continued its series of hearings and briefings on the October 12, 2000 terrorist attack on the USS Cole. The committee received the report of the Crouch-Gehman Commission, which was created to review the existing force protection program within the Department of Defense and to make recommendations on the prevention of such attacks in the future. It was the committee's goal to uncover the les-
sons learned from the attack in order to determine what steps could be taken to improve force protection for the future safety of our men and women in uniform.

Following the tragic events of September 11, 2001, the United States entered into a new era, waging an ongoing war against global terrorism both at home and abroad. The United States responded to the terrorist attacks on the World Trade Center and the Pentagon with the deployment of U.S. troops to Afghanistan on October 7, 2001, as part of Operation Enduring Freedom (OEF). The OEF campaign focused on eliminating the use of Afghanistan as a base of operations for al Qaeda and other terrorist groups, overturning the Taliban regime, and providing humanitarian assistance to the Afghan civilian population. The committee held 13 hearings and briefings on military operations in Afghanistan and other U.S. operations around the globe, bringing to the forefront significant issues such as:

- Joint operations represented by unprecedented levels of cooperation between the military services;
- The importance of international cooperation in the war on terrorism through intelligence—sharing and granting of over-flight rights and airstrip use;
- The conduct of humanitarian missions as U.S. troops not only carry out combat missions but also humanitarian assistance;
- The effectiveness of new battlefield technology with the increased use of precision-guided munitions and unmanned combat aerial vehicles (UCAVs) such as Global Hawk and the Predator; and
- The safety and protection of our troops overseas.

In a September 12, 2002 speech to the United Nations General Assembly, President Bush called upon the world community to take action against the Saddam Hussein regime and enforce the U.N. resolutions passed since 1991 requiring the unconditional disarmament of Iraq. During the ensuing month of debate in Congress over the authorization of the possible use of force against Iraq, the committee held four hearings on U.S. policy toward Iraq. The purpose of the hearings was to give the Administration the opportunity to present its position on Iraq and to allow the committee to examine the Administration's proposal through testimony from Administration witnesses, former senior military officials, and expert witnesses from outside the government. The series of hearings focused on a number of key questions including:

- The continuing threat posed by Saddam Hussein, Iraqi capabilities, and the possible use of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) against Iraqi neighbors and U.S. forces;
- The consequences of unilateral military action by the United States against Iraq;
- The impact on the overall war on terrorism should there be military conflict in Iraq; and
- The possible aftermath of war and the resulting regime change, not only in Iraq, but also on a broader regional level.

After a month of debate in Congress, on October 11 and 12, 2002, respectively, the House and Senate passed a joint resolution (H.J. Res. 114) authorizing the President to use force if necessary to
eliminate threats posed by Saddam Hussein’s regime in Iraq. Following the passage of the joint resolution, the committee continued to receive briefings on developments in Iraq through the end of the 107th Congress.

**Other Oversight Activities**

Throughout each Congress, the committee is involved in the oversight of many Department of Defense activities as well as the review of the national security implications of international treaties, a jurisdiction it shares with other congressional committees. During the 107th Congress, the committee received the submission of the 2001 Quadrennial Defense Review (QDR), a congressionally-mandated review of the national defense strategy. In October 2001, the committee met to receive testimony on the QDR from Deputy Secretary of Defense Paul Wolfowitz and the Director of the Joint Staff, Lieutenant General Bruce Carlson, USAF. In January 2002, the Administration released to Congress the results of its Nuclear Posture Review (NPR), conducted by the Bush Administration as a broad review and future guideline for U.S. nuclear weapons policy, doctrine, force structure, and infrastructure. The committee held two hearings and several briefings in review of the NPR and its implications for Department of Defense and Department of Energy policies for the future. Additionally, following the May 2002 signing of the Strategic Offensive Reduction Treaty (SORT) by President Bush and Russian President Vladimir Putin in Moscow, the committee held two hearings to consider the military implications of the Treaty, which seeks to reduce strategic nuclear weapons in each country to between 1,700 and 2,200 warheads by December 2012. The committee heard testimony from the Secretary of Defense, the Commander of the United States Strategic Command, the National Nuclear Security Administration, and several expert witnesses from outside the government.

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<td>Airland Subcommittee</td>
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## 2001 Action on Nominations Referred to Committee—Continued

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<tr>
<td>May 10, 2001</td>
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<td>May 22, 2001</td>
<td>Rascon, Alfred, of California, to be Director of Selective Service, vice Gil Coronado, resigned.</td>
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<td>June 7, 2001</td>
<td>July 11, 2001</td>
<td>July 12, 2001</td>
<td>Christie, Thomas P., of Virginia, to be Director of Operational Test and Evaluation, Department of Defense, vice Philip E. Coyle, III.</td>
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<td>June 7, 2001</td>
<td>July 11, 2001</td>
<td>July 19, 2001</td>
<td>Mora, Alberto Jose, of Virginia, to be General Counsel of the Department of the Navy, vice Stephen W. Preston.</td>
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<td>July 11, 2001</td>
<td>July 12, 2001</td>
<td>Morello, Sr., Steven John, of Michigan, to be General Counsel of the Department of the Army, vice Charles A. Blanchard, resigned.</td>
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<td>June 22, 2001</td>
<td>July 11, 2001</td>
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<td>Navas, Jr., William A., of Virginia, to be Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Manpower and Reserve Affairs.</td>
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<td>June 22, 2001</td>
<td>July 11, 2001</td>
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<td>Wynne, Michael W., of Florida, to be Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Technology.</td>
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<td>June 27, 2001</td>
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<td>July 12, 2001</td>
<td>Aviles, Dionel M., of Maryland, to be Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Financial Management and Comptroller), vice Deborah P. Christie, resigned.</td>
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<td>Brown, Reginald Jude, of Virginia, to be Assistant Secretary of the Army (Manpower and Reserve Affairs), vice Patrick T. Henry.</td>
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<td>June 27, 2001</td>
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<td>July 12, 2001</td>
<td>Young, Jr., John J., of Virginia, to be Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Research, Development and Acquisition), vice Herbert Lee Buchanan III.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Date(s) of Committee Hearing(s)</td>
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<td>July 31, 2001</td>
<td>Aug. 2, 2001</td>
<td>Aug. 3, 2001</td>
<td>Parker, Michael, of Mississippi, to be Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works, vice Joseph W. Westphal. [Note: On August 2, 2001 the Senate agreed to a unanimous consent agreement which provided that once this nomination was reported from the Senate Armed Services Committee that it be referred to the Senate Environment and Public Works Committee for a period of 20 days of session. On August 3, 2001 the Senate agreed to a unanimous consent agreement, which provided that all nominations be returned to the President on August 3, 2001, pursuant to Rule XXI paragraph 6 of the Standing Rules of the Senate. The nomination of Michael Parker was resubmitted to the Senate by the President on September 4, 2001. See further action on the Parker nomination listed below.]</td>
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<td>July 31, 2001</td>
<td>Aug. 2, 2001</td>
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<td>Fiori, Mario P., of Georgia to be Assistant Secretary of the Army for Installations and Environment, vice Mahlon Apgar, IV.</td>
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<td>July 31, 2001</td>
<td>Sept. 6, 2001</td>
<td>Sept. 26, 2001</td>
<td>Parker, Michael, of Mississippi, to be Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works, vice Joseph W. Westphal. [Note: See earlier Committee action on this nomination above. On August 2, 2001 and September 5, 2001 the Senate agreed to unanimous consent agreements which provided that once this nomination was reported from the Senate Armed Services Committee that it be referred to the Senate Environment and Public Works Committee for a period of 20 days of session.]</td>
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<td>Sept. 25, 2001</td>
<td>Sept. 26, 2001</td>
<td>Sept. 26, 2001</td>
<td>Pace, General Peter, USMC, for appointment as the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and reappointment in the grade of general.</td>
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<td>Handy, General John W., USAF, for appointment as Commander in Chief, United States Transportation Command and Commander, Air Mobility Command and reappointment in the grade of general.</td>
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<td>Oct. 11, 2001</td>
<td>Nov. 8, 2001</td>
<td>Nov. 8, 2001</td>
<td>Sambur, Marvin R., of Indiana, to be Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Acquisition, vice Lawrence J. DeLaney.</td>
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### 2001 Action on Nominations Referred to Committee—Continued

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<th>Date(s) of Committee Hearing(s)</th>
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<th>Date of Senate Confirmation</th>
<th>Nominee/Position</th>
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<td>Oct. 11, 2001</td>
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<td>Walker, Mary L., of California, to be General Counsel of the Department of the Air Force, vice Jeh Charles Johnson.</td>
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<td>Oct. 23, 2001</td>
<td>Dec. 20, 2001</td>
<td>Mar. 21, 2002</td>
<td>Schmitz, Joseph E., of Maryland, to be Inspector General, Department of Defense, vice Eleanor Hill. (Note: On Dec. 20, 2001 the Committee reported the nomination to the Senate. By unanimous consent, the nomination was then to be referred, on Jan. 23, 2002, to the Committee on Governmental Affairs for a 20 calendar day period. On Feb. 11, 2002, the Committee on Governmental Affairs was discharged from further consideration of the nomination.)</td>
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<td>Pack, Sandra L., of Maryland, to be Assistant Secretary of the Army for Financial Management and Comptroller, vice Helen Thomas McCoy.</td>
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<td>Nov. 8, 2001</td>
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<td>Nov. 8, 2001</td>
<td>Brownlee, R.L., of Virginia, to be Under Secretary of the Army, vice Gregory Robert Dahlberg, resigned.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nov. 8, 2001</td>
<td>Nov. 8, 2001</td>
<td>Nov. 8, 2001</td>
<td>Klein, Dale, of Texas, to be Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Nuclear and Chemical and Biological Defense Programs, vice Harold P. Smith, resigned.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date(s) of Committee Hearing(s)</td>
<td>Date(s) of Committee Action</td>
<td>Date of Senate Confirmation</td>
<td>Nominee/Position</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apr. 26, 2002 ..................</td>
<td>Apr. 29, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Apr. 29, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Fargo, Admiral Thomas B., USN, for reappointment to the grade of admiral and to be Commander in Chief, United States Pacific Command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 26, 2002 ..................</td>
<td>July 31, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>July 31, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Hill, Lieutenant General James T., USA, for appointment to the grade of general and assignment as Commander in Chief, United States Southern Command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 26, 2002 ..................</td>
<td>July 31, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>July 31, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Giambastiani, Vice Admiral Edmund P., Jr., USN, for appointment to the grade of admiral and assignment as Commander in Chief, United States Joint Forces Command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 31, 2002 ..................</td>
<td>Aug. 1, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Aug. 1, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Madrigal, Vinicio E., of Louisiana, to be a Member of the Board of Regents of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences for a term expiring June 20, 2003, vice Carol Johnson Johns.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 31, 2002 ..................</td>
<td>Aug. 1, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Aug. 1, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Britt, L.D., of Virginia, to be a Member of the Board of Regents of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences for the remainder of the term expiring May 1, 2005, vice John F. Potter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 31, 2002 ..................</td>
<td>Aug. 1, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Aug. 1, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Stierle, Linda J., of Maryland, to be a Member of the Board of Regents of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences for a term expiring May 1, 2007, vice Shirley Ledbetter Jones.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 31, 2002 ..................</td>
<td>Aug. 1, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Aug. 1, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>De La Pena, William C., of California, to be a Member of Board of Regents of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences for a term expiring June 20, 2007, vice Robert E. Anderson, term expired.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sept. 27, 2002 ..................</td>
<td>Oct. 1, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Oct. 1, 2002 ..............</td>
<td>Ellis, Admiral James O., Jr., USN, for reappointment to the grade of admiral and to be Commander, United States Strategic Command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date(s) of Committee Hearing(s)</td>
<td>Date(s) of Committee Action</td>
<td>Date of Senate Confirmation</td>
<td>Nominee/Position</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct. 16, 2002</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Clark, Major General Robert T., USA, for appointment to the grade of lieutenant general and to be Commanding General, Fifth United States Army. (Nominee appeared in executive session only.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct. 16, 2002</td>
<td>Nov. 14, 2002</td>
<td></td>
<td>Brawley, Otis Webb Jr., of Georgia, to be a Member of the Board of Regents of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences for a term expiring June 20, 2003, vice William D. Shelton, term expired.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nov. 19, 2002</td>
<td>Nov. 19, 2002</td>
<td></td>
<td>Collingsworth, Arthur James, of California, to be a Member of the National Security Education Board for a term of four years, vice John W. Hechinger, Sr., term expired.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOMINATIONS FOR PROMOTIONS IN THE ARMED SERVICES

The Committee considered nominations for promotions in the Armed Services. Nominations submitted to the Senate by the President for confirmation resulted in the following:

First Session
January 3, 2001 through December 20, 2001

Air Force nominations, totaling 6,801, disposed of as follows:
- Confirmed: 6,750
- Unconfirmed: 4
- Returned to White House: 47

Army nominations, totaling 7,142, disposed of as follows:
- Confirmed: 6,981
- Unconfirmed: 53
- Returned to White House: 108

Navy nominations, totaling 5,593, disposed of as follows:
- Confirmed: 5,564
- Returned to White House: 29

Marine Corps nominations, totaling 3,625, disposed of as follows:
- Confirmed: 3,571
- Unconfirmed: 33
- Returned to White House: 21

Second Session
January 23, 2002 through November 20, 2002

Air Force nominations, totaling 5,817 (including 4 nominations carried over from the First Session), disposed of as follows:
- Confirmed: 5,811
- Unconfirmed: 0
- Returned to White House: 6

Army nominations, totaling 6,235 (including 53 nominations carried over from the First Session), disposed of as follows:
- Confirmed: 6,225
- Unconfirmed: 0
- Returned to White House: 10

Navy nominations, totaling 6,044, disposed of as follows:
- Confirmed: 6,030
- Unconfirmed: 0
- Returned to White House: 14

Marine Corps nominations, totaling 3,011 (including 33 nominations carried over from the First Session), disposed of as follows:
- Confirmed: 3,003
- Unconfirmed: 0
- Returned to White House: 8
INVESTIGATIONS, HEARINGS, AND OTHER MATTERS NOT DIRECTLY PERTAINING TO LEGISLATION BEFORE THE COMMITTEE

(Date of Hearing and Person or Subject)

January 9, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing on the Report to the Secretary of Defense on the findings of the Department of Defense USS Cole Commission. (Witnesses: Admiral Harold W. Gehman, Jr., USN (Ret.) and General William W. Crouch, USA (Ret.)). Closed; not printed.

January 19, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing by the Secretary of the Navy and the Chief of Naval Operations on the results of the Navy’s Judge Advocate General Manual Investigation into the attack on the USS Cole. Closed; not recorded.

February 6, 2001
Committee met informally with The Right Honorable Robin Cook, M.P., British Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs. Executive; not recorded.

February 8, 2001
Committee met to receive testimony on the Secretary of Energy’s priorities and plans for Department of Energy national security programs. (Witness: Honorable Spencer Abraham). Open. Printed.

February 14, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing on the Navy submarine and Japanese fishing vessel accident which occurred near Hawaii. (Witness: Admiral Thomas B. Fargo, USN). Executive; not printed.

February 28, 2001
Committee met informally with the Honorable Luis Fernando Ramirez, Minister of Defense of Colombia. Executive; not recorded.

March 1, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing on current military operations. (Witnesses: Rear Admiral Lowell E. Jacoby, USN; Lieutenant General Gregory S. Newbold, USMC; and Lieutenant General John P. Abizaid, USA). Closed; not printed.
March 8, 2001
Committee met to receive testimony on current and future worldwide threats to the national security of the United States. (Witnesses: Honorable George J. Tenet and Vice Admiral Thomas R. Wilson, USN). Closed; not printed.

March 21, 2001
Committee met informally with Right Honorable Sir Geoffrey Hoon, British Secretary of State for Defence. Executive; not recorded.

March 26, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing on Taiwan’s current request for purchases of defense articles and defense services from the United States. (Witness: Mr. Frederick C. Smith). Closed; not recorded.

March 28, 2001
Committee met informally with the Secretary of Defense to discuss defense issues. Executive; not recorded.

April 3, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing from representatives of the intelligence community on Russian weapons developments. Closed; not printed.

April 6, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing on the collision of a United States P–3 surveillance aircraft with a Chinese military jet off the southern coast of China. (Witnesses: Mr. Frederick C. Smith; Mr. Darryl Johnson; representatives from the Department of Defense, Department of State, Department of the Navy and the Office of the Joint Chiefs of Staff). Closed; not recorded.

May 1, 2001

May 3, 2001
Committee met to receive testimony on the lessons learned from the attack on USS Cole, on the report of the Crouch/Gehman Commission and on the Navy’s Judge Advocate General Manual investigation into the attack, including a review of appropriate standards of accountability for U.S. military services. (Witnesses: General Henry H. Shelton, USA; Admiral Vernon E. Clark, USN; and General Charles T. Robertson, Jr., USAF). Open and Closed. Open portion printed; closed portion not printed.
May 3, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing on consultations with allies regarding missile defense. (Witnesses: Honorable Paul D. Wolfowitz; Lieutenant General Ronald T. Kadish, USAF; and Mr. Stephen Cambone). Closed; not recorded.

May 17, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing on recent consultations on missile defense. (Witnesses: Honorable Paul D. Wolfowitz and Mr. Richard Falkenrath). Closed; not recorded.

May 24, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing on the strategic review and other defense issues. (Witnesses: Honorable Donald H. Rumsfeld and General Henry H. Shelton, USA). Closed; not recorded.

June 20, 2001
Committee met informally with The Right Honorable Lord George Robertson, NATO Secretary General. Executive; not recorded.

June 21, 2001

July 11, 2001
Committee met informally with The Right Honorable Jack Straw, British Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs. Executive; not recorded.

September 13, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing from Department of Defense officials regarding events that occurred in relation to the terrorist attacks on America on September 11, 2001. (Witnesses: Honorable Paul D. Wolfowitz and General Richard B. Myers, USAF). Closed; not printed.

September 21, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing from Department of Defense officials regarding current Department of Defense activities. (Witnesses: Honorable Douglas J. Feith, Rear Admiral Lowell E. Jacoby, USN and Lieutenant General Gregory S. Newbold, USMC). Closed; not printed.

October 4, 2001

October 12, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing from Department of Defense officials on the on-going military operations in Afghanistan. (Witnesses: Honorable Peter W. Rodman; Major General Henry P.
Osman, USMC; and Colonel Jeffrey Burton, USA). Closed; not printed.

October 18, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing from Department of Defense and Central Intelligence Agency officials on the on-going situation in Afghanistan. (Witnesses: Major General Henry P. Osman, USMC; Colonel Jeffrey Burton, USA; Mr. Peter C. W. Flory; Mr. A.B. Krongard; and Mr. Matt Barazia). Closed; not printed.

October 25, 2001
Committee met to receive testimony on the role of the Department of Defense in homeland security. (Witnesses: Honorable Thomas E. White; General Peter Pace, USMC; General William F. Kernan, USA; and General Ralph E. Eberhart, USAF). Open. Printed.

October 26, 2001
Committee met to receive a briefing from Department of Defense officials on the current military operations in Afghanistan. (Witnesses: Honorable Peter W. Rodman; Major General Henry P. Osman, USMC; and Colonel Dwight E. Trafton, USMC). Closed; not printed.

December 4, 2001
Committee met to discuss certain pending military nominations. Executive; not printed.

December 12, 2001
Committee met to receive testimony on the Department of Defense’s implementation of the President’s Military Order on detention, treatment, and trial by military commission of certain non-citizens in the war on terrorism. (Witnesses: Honorable Paul D. Wolfowitz and Honorable William J. Haynes II). Open. Printed.

February 5, 2002
Committee met with Members of the Canadian Senate Committee on National Security and Defence. Executive; not recorded.

February 7, 2002
Committee met to receive testimony on the conduct of OPERATION ENDURING FREEDOM. (Witness: General Tommy R. Franks, USA). Open and closed. Open session printed; closed session not printed.

February 7, 2002
Committee met with Members of the United Kingdom’s House of Commons Defence Committee. Executive; not recorded.

February 28, 2002
Committee met to receive testimony on the future of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO). (Witnesses: Honorable Mark
March 12, 2002

Committee met to receive a briefing from Department of Defense officials on current military operations. (Witnesses: Honorable Peter W. Rodman; Rear Admiral Lowell E. Jacoby, USN; and Lieutenant General Gregory S. Newbold, USMC). Closed; not printed.

March 19, 2002

Committee met to receive testimony on the worldwide threat to United States' interests. (Witnesses: Honorable George J. Tenet and Vice Admiral Thomas R. Wilson, USN). Open and closed. Open session printed; closed session not printed.

April 9, 2002

Committee met to receive testimony on Department of Defense policies and programs to transform the Armed Forces to meet the challenges of the twenty-first century. (Witnesses: Honorable Paul D. Wolfowitz; General Peter Pace, USMC; Vice Admiral Arthur K. Cebrowski, USN (Ret.); General William F. Kernan, USA; Dr. Andrew F. Krepinevich; and Dr. Loren B. Thompson). Open. Printed.

April 25, 2002

Committee met to receive a briefing on the Administration’s request for a waiver in the certifications required for the Cooperative Threat Reduction Program and on a recent report from the Joint Atomic Energy Intelligence Committee. (Witnesses: Honorable Douglas J. Feith; Honorable J.D. Crouch; Honorable Linton F. Brooks; Honorable Everet Beckner; Honorable John Bolton; Mr. Alan Foley; Mr. Robert Walpole; Mr. Michael Lekson; Mr. Lawrence Turnbull; and Mr. John Harvey). Closed; not printed.

May 16, 2002

Committee met to receive testimony on the Crusader artillery system. (Witnesses: Honorable Donald H. Rumsfeld; Honorable Paul D. Wolfowitz; Honorable Edward C. Aldridge; and General Eric K. Shinseki, USA). Open. Printed.

June 21, 2002


July 25, 2002

July 31, 2002
Committee met to receive testimony on OPERATION ENDURING FREEDOM. (Witnesses: Honorable Donald H. Rumsfeld and General Tommy R. Franks, USA). Open and closed. Open session printed; closed session not printed.

August 1, 2002
Committee met to continue to receive testimony on the national security implications of the Strategic Offensive Reductions Treaty. (Witnesses: Honorable Charles B. Curtis and Honorable Ashton B. Carter). Open. Printed.

August 1, 2002
Committee met to continue to receive testimony on the national security implications of the Strategic Offensive Reductions Treaty. (Witnesses: Admiral James O. Ellis, Jr., USN and Dr. Everet H. Beckner). Closed; not printed.

August 1, 2002
Committee met to discuss the pending reprogramming request of the Department of Defense relating to the proposed lease of Boeing 737 transport aircraft. Executive; not printed.

September 17, 2002

September 19, 2002

September 23, 2002
Committee met to continue to receive testimony on U.S. policy on Iraq. (Witnesses: General John M. Shalikashvili, USA (Ret.); General Wesley K. Clark, USA (Ret.); General Joseph P. Hoar, USMC (Ret); and Lieutenant General Thomas G. McInerney, USAF (Ret.)). Open. Printed.

September 25, 2002
Committee met to continue to receive testimony on U.S. policy on Iraq. (Witnesses: Dr. James R. Schlesinger and Mr. Samuel R. Berger). Open. Printed.

October 11, 2002
Committee met to discuss pending military nominations. Executive; not printed.

December 10, 2002
Committee met to receive a briefing on developments in Afghanistan and Iraq. (Witnesses: Honorable Paul D. Wolfowitz and General Peter Pace, USMC.) Closed; not printed.
STAFF OF THE COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

David S. Lyles, Staff Director
Judith A. Ansley, Republican Staff Director
Charles W. Alsup, Professional Staff Member
Kenneth Barbee, Security Clerk
Michael N. Berger, Receptionist
June M. Borawski, Printing and Documents Clerk
Leah C. Brewer, Staff Assistant
Jennifer D. Cave, Special Assistant
L. David Cherington, Minority Counsel
Christine E. Cowart, Chief Clerk
Daniel J. Cox, Jr., Professional Staff Member
Madelyn R. Creedon, Counsel
Kenneth M. Crosswait, Professional Staff Member
Richard D. DeBoses, Counsel
Marie Fabrizio Dickinson, Administrative Assistant
Edward H. Edens IV, Professional Staff Member
Gabriella Eisen, Nominations Clerk
Evelyn N. Farkas, Professional Staff Member
Richard W. Fieldhouse, Professional Staff Member
Daniel K. Goldsmith, Staff Assistant
Brian R. Green, Professional Staff Member
Creighton Greene, Professional Staff Member
William C. Greenwalt, Professional Staff Member
Carolyn M. Hanna, Professional Staff Member
Mary Alice A. Hayward, Professional Staff Member
Jeremy L. Hekhuis, Professional Staff Member
Ambrose R. Hock, Professional Staff Member
Gary J. Howard, Systems Administrator
R. Andrew Kent, Staff Assistant
Jennifer Key, Staff Assistant
Maren R. Leed, Professional Staff Member
Gerald J. Leeling, Counsel
Peter K. Levine, General Counsel
Patricia L. Lewis, Professional Staff Member
Thomas L. MacKenzie, Professional Staff Member
Michael J. McCord, Professional Staff Member
Ann M. Mittermeyer, Minority Counsel
Thomas C. Moore, Staff Assistant
Cindy Pearson, Assistant Chief Clerk and Security Manager
Arun A. Seraphin, Professional Staff Member
Joseph T. Sixeas, Professional Staff Member
Christina D. Still, Professional Staff Member
Scott W. Stucky, Minority Counsel
Mary Louise Wagner, Professional Staff Member
Richard F. Walsh, Minority Counsel
Nicholas W. West, Staff Assistant
Bridget M. Whalan, Special Assistant

nations Clerk, effective December 1, 2001. Leah C. Brewer, from Receptionist to Staff Assistant, effective March 1, 2002.
1. **Regular Meeting Day.** The Committee shall meet at least once a month when Congress is in session. The regular meeting days of the Committee shall be Tuesday and Thursday, unless the Chairman, after consultation with the Ranking Minority Member, directs otherwise.

2. **Additional Meetings.** The Chairman, after consultation with the Ranking Minority Member, may call such additional meetings as he deems necessary.

3. **Special Meetings.** Special meetings of the Committee may be called by a majority of the members of the Committee in accordance with paragraph 3 of Rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the Senate.

4. **Open Meetings.** Each meeting of the Committee, or any subcommittee thereof, including meetings to conduct hearings, shall be open to the public, except that a meeting or series of meetings by the Committee or a subcommittee thereof on the same subject for a period of no more than fourteen (14) calendar days may be closed to the public on a motion made and seconded to go into closed session to discuss only whether the matters enumerated below in clauses (a) through (f) would require the meeting to be closed, followed immediately by a record vote in open session by a majority of the members of the Committee or subcommittee when it is determined that the matters to be discussed or the testimony to be taken at such meeting or meetings—

   (a) will disclose matters necessary to be kept secret in the interests of national defense or the confidential conduct of the foreign relations of the United States;
   (b) will relate solely to matters of Committee staff personnel or internal staff management or procedure;
   (c) will tend to charge an individual with a crime or misconduct, to disgrace or injure the professional standing of an individual, or otherwise to expose an individual to public contempt or obloquy or will represent a clearly unwarranted invasion of the privacy of an individual;
   (d) will disclose the identity of any informer or law enforcement agent or will disclose any information relating to the investigation or prosecution of a criminal offense that is required to be kept secret in the interests of effective law enforcement;
   (e) will disclose information relating to the trade secrets or financial or commercial information pertaining specifically to a given person if—

   (1) an Act of Congress requires the information to be kept confidential by Government officers and employees; or
(2) the information has been obtained by the Government on a confidential basis, other than through an application by such person for a specific Government financial or other benefit, and is required to be kept secret in order to prevent undue injury to the competitive position of such person; or

(f) may divulge matters required to be kept confidential under other provisions of law or Government regulations.

5. **Presiding Officer.** The Chairman shall preside at all meetings and hearings of the Committee except that in his absence the Ranking Majority Member present at the meeting or hearing shall preside unless by majority vote the Committee provides otherwise.

6. **Quorum.** (a) A majority of the members of the Committee are required to be actually present to report a matter or measure from the committee. (See Standing Rules of the Senate 26.7(a)(1).)

(b) Except as provided in subsections (a) and (c), and other than for the conduct of hearings, eight members of the Committee, including one member of the minority party; or a majority of the members of the Committee, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of such business as may be considered by the Committee.

(c) Three members of the Committee, one of whom shall be a member of the minority party, shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of taking sworn testimony, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the full Committee.

(d) Proxy votes may not be considered for the purpose of establishing a quorum.

7. **Proxy Voting.** Proxy voting shall be allowed on all measures and matters before the Committee. The vote by proxy of any member of the Committee may be counted for the purpose of reporting any measure or matter to the Senate if the absent member casting such vote has been informed of the matter on which he is being recorded and has affirmatively requested that he be so recorded. Proxy must be given in writing.

8. **Announcement of Votes.** The results of all roll call votes taken in any meeting of the Committee on any measure, or amendment thereto, shall be announced in the Committee report, unless previously announced by the Committee. The announcement shall include a tabulation of the votes cast in favor and votes cast in opposition to each such measure and amendment by each member of the Committee who was present at such meeting. The Chairman, after consultation with the Ranking Minority Member, may hold open a roll call vote on any measure or matter which is before the Committee until no later than midnight of the day on which the Committee votes on such measure or matter.

9. **Subpoenas.** Subpoenas for attendance of witnesses and for the production of memoranda, documents, records, and the like may be issued, after consultation with the Ranking Minority Member, by the Chairman or any other member designated by him, but only when authorized by a majority of the members of the Committee. The subpoena shall briefly state the matter to which the witness is expected to testify or the documents to be produced.

10. **Hearings.** (a) Public notice shall be given of the date, place, and subject matter of any hearing to be held by the Committee, or
any subcommittee thereof, at least 1 week in advance of such hearing, unless the Committee or subcommittee determines that good cause exists for beginning such hearings at an earlier time.

(b) Hearings may be initiated only by the specified authorization of the Committee or subcommittee.

(c) Hearings shall be held only in the District of Columbia unless specifically authorized to be held elsewhere by a majority vote of the Committee or subcommittee conducting such hearings.

(d) The Chairman of the Committee or subcommittee shall consult with the Ranking Minority Member thereof before naming witnesses for a hearing.

(e) Witnesses appearing before the Committee shall file with the clerk of the Committee a written statement of their proposed testimony prior to the hearing at which they are to appear unless the Chairman and the Ranking Minority Member determine that there is good cause not to file such a statement. Witnesses testifying on behalf of the Administration shall furnish an additional 50 copies of their statement to the Committee. All statements must be received by the Committee at least 48 hours (not including weekends or holidays) before the hearing.

(f) Confidential testimony taken or confidential material presented in a closed hearing of the Committee or subcommittee or any report of the proceedings of such hearing shall not be made public in whole or in part or by way of summary unless authorized by a majority vote of the Committee or subcommittee.

(g) Any witness summoned to give testimony or evidence at a public or closed hearing of the Committee or subcommittee may be accompanied by counsel of his own choosing who shall be permitted at all times during such hearing to advise such witness of his legal rights.

(h) Witnesses providing unsworn testimony to the Committee may be given a transcript of such testimony for the purpose of making minor grammatical corrections. Such witnesses will not, however, be permitted to alter the substance of their testimony. Any question involving such corrections shall be decided by the Chairman.

11. Nominations. Unless otherwise ordered by the Committee, nominations referred to the Committee shall be held for at least seven (7) days before being voted on by the Committee. Each member of the Committee shall be furnished a copy of all nominations referred to the Committee.

12. Real Property Transactions. Each member of the Committee shall be furnished with a copy of the proposals of the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, submitted pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2662 and with a copy of the proposals of the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, submitted pursuant to 50 U.S.C. App. 2285, regarding the proposed acquisition or disposition of property of an estimated price or rental of more than $50,000. Any member of the Committee objecting to or requesting information on a proposed acquisition or disposal shall communicate his objection or request to the Chairman of the Committee within thirty (30) days from the date of submission.

13. Legislative Calendar. (a) The clerk of the Committee shall keep a printed calendar for the information of each Committee
member showing the bills introduced and referred to the Committee and the status of such bills. Such calendar shall be revised from time to time to show pertinent changes in such bills, the current status thereof, and new bills introduced and referred to the Committee. A copy of each new revision shall be furnished to each member of the Committee.

(b) Unless otherwise ordered, measures referred to the Committee shall be referred by the clerk of the Committee to the appropriate department or agency of the Government for reports thereon.

14. Except as otherwise specified herein, the Standing Rules of the Senate shall govern the actions of the Committee. Each subcommittee of the Committee is part of the Committee, and is therefore subject to the Committee’s rules so far as applicable.

15. Powers and Duties of Subcommittees. Each subcommittee is authorized to meet, hold hearings, receive evidence, and report to the full Committee on all matters referred to it. Subcommittee chairmen, after consultation with Ranking Minority Members of the subcommittees, shall set dates for hearings and meetings of their respective subcommittees after consultation with the chairman and other subcommittee chairmen with a view toward avoiding simultaneous scheduling of full Committee and subcommittee meetings or hearings whenever possible.
PUBLICATIONS

107th Congress—1st Session

Hearings


   Part 1: Unified Commands; Military Posture/Fiscal Year 2002 Budget Amendment; Service Secretaries/Service Chiefs; and Ballistic Missile Defense Policies and Programs. March 22, 27; June 28; July 10, 12, 17 and 19, 2001; pages 1–758.
   Part 2: Seapower. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Seapower.) April 4, 26; June 7; and July 31, 2001; pages 1–255.
   Part 3: Readiness and Management Support. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Readiness and Management Support.) March 21; July 11; and August 2, 2001; pages 1–211.
   Part 4: Airland. (Hearings before the Airland Subcommittee.) July 10 and 19, 2001; pages 1–74.
   Part 5: Emerging Threats and Capabilities. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities.) May 15 and July 12, 2001; pages 1–309.
   Part 7: Strategic. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Strategic.) April 25; June 26; July 11 and 25, 2001; pages 1–314.


29. Department of Defense Acquisition Policy. (S. Hrg. 107–718) (Hearing before the Subcommittee on Readiness and Management Support.) February 27, 2002; pages 1–79.


   Part 1: Military Posture; Service Secretaries; Nuclear Posture Review; Unified and Regional Commanders; Service Chiefs; and Atomic Energy Defense Activities of the Department of Energy. February 5, 12, and 14; March 5, 7 and 14, 2002; pages 1–744.
   Part 2: Seapower. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Seapower.) March 5 and 19 and April 19, 2002; pages 1–234.
   Part 4: Airland. (Hearings before the Airland Subcommittee.) March 14, 2002; pages 1–50.
   Part 5: Emerging Threats and Capabilities. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities.) March 6 and 12 and April 10, 2002; pages 1–223.
   Part 6: Personnel. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Personnel.) February 13; March 13 and 20; and April 11, 2002; pages 1–380.
   Part 7: Strategic. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Strategic.) March 7, 13, and 20; April 10 and 11, 2002; pages 1–347.

107th Congress—1st Session

Hearings on Nominations

32. Nominations Before the Senate Armed Services Committee, First Session, 107th Congress. (S. Hrg. 107–749) January 11; February 27; April 24, 26; May 1 and 10; June 5, 7, 22, and 27; July 31; August 1; September 13 and 25; October 11 and 23; November 8; and December 4, 2001; pages 1–1869.

   Donald H. Rumsfeld (January 11); Dr. Paul D. Wolfowitz (February 27); Dr. Dov S. Zakheim; Charles S. Abell; and
Victoria Clarke (April 24); Edward C. Aldridge; William J. Haynes II; and Powell A. Moore (April 26); Dr. David S.C. Chu; Thomas E. White, Jr.; Gordon R. England; Dr. James G. Roche; and Alfred V. Rascon (May 10); Douglas Jay Feith; Dr. Jack Dyer Crouch II; and Peter W. Rodman (June 5); Susan Morrisey Livingstone; Jessie Hill Roberson; and Thomas P. Christie (June 7); Alberto J. Mora; Diane K. Morales; Steven J. Morello, Sr.; William A. Navas, Jr.; and Michael W. Wynne (June 22); Dionel M. Aviles; Reginald Jude Brown; Dr. Steven A. Cambone; Michael Montelongo; and John J. Young, Jr. (June 27); John P. Stenbit; Dr. Ronald M. Sega; Michael L. Dominguez; Paul Michael Parker; Dr. Mario P. Fiori; H.T. Johnson; and Nelson F. Gibbs (July 31); Gen. John P. Jumper, USAF (August 1); General Richard B. Myers, USAF (September 13); General Peter Pace, USMC; General John W. Handy, USAF; and Admiral James O. Ellis, Jr. (September 25), USN; Linton F. Brooks; Marvin R. Sambur; William Winkenwerder, Jr.; Evert Beckner; and Mary L. Walker (October 11); Joseph E. Schmitz and Sandra L. Pack (October 23); R.L. Brownlee; Dr. Dale Klein; and Peter B. Teets (November 8); and Major General Claude M. Bolton, Jr., USAF (December 4).

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Hearings on Nominations

33. Nominations Before the Senate Armed Services Committee, Second Session, 107th Congress. (S. Hrg. 107–810) April 26; June 20; July 26; and September 27, 2002; pages 1–297.

Admiral Thomas B. Fargo, USN and Lieutenant General Leon J. LaPorte, USA (April 26); General Ralph E. Eberhart, USAF (June 20); Lieutenant General James T. Hill, USA and Vice Admiral Edmund P. Giambastiani, Jr., USN (July 26); General James L. Jones, Jr., USMC; Admiral James O. Ellis, Jr., USN; Lieutenant General Michael W. Hagee, USMC; Charles S. Abell; Rear Admiral Thomas F. Hall, USN (Ret.); and Charles E. Erdmann (September 27).

107th Congress—1st Session

Reports

107–32 ... Report on the Activities of the Committee on Armed Services, United States Senate, 106th Congress, First and Second Sessions; June 5, 2001; 41 pages.


107th Congress—2nd Session

Reports

2003; May 15, 2002; 499 pages.

July 9, 2002; 4 pages.
INFORMATION ON APPOINTMENT OF BOARDS OF VISITORS TO THE UNITED STATES MILITARY, NAVAL AND AIR FORCE ACADEMIES

Public Law 816 of the 80th Congress, now codified in Title 10, U.S.C., provides a uniform procedure for the appointment of members of the Boards of Visitors of the Military and Naval Academies, and provides that there shall be appointed on or before the last day of every year Boards of Visitors to each of the Academies to be constituted as follows:

**Senate:**
Chairman of the Armed Services Committee or his designee.
*1 Senator.
*2 members of the Senate Appropriations Committee.
*(To be appointed by the Vice President)*

**House:**
Chairman of the Armed Services Committee or his designee.
**2 Congressmen.
**2 members of the House Appropriations Committee.
**(To be appointed by the Speaker of the House)**

**Presidential:**
6 persons, to serve for a 3-year term, 2 new members appointed each year. Each Board to visit respective Academy once annually.

**Boards of Visitors to the:**
Military Academy: (Title 10, U.S.C., sec 4355(a).)
2001.—Santorum (Armed Services); Landrieu and DeWine (Appropriations); Reed (At Large).
2002.—Reed (Armed Services); Landrieu and DeWine (Appropriations); Santorum (At Large).
Naval Academy: (Title 10, U.S.C., sec. 6968(a).)
2001.—McCain (Armed Services); Mikulski and Cochran (Appropriations); Sarbanes (At Large).
2002.—McCain (Armed Services); Mikulski and Cochran (Appropriations); Sarbanes (At Large).
Air Force Academy: (Title 10, U.S.C., sec. 9355(a).)
2001.—Allard (Armed Services); Hollings and Craig (Appropriations); Cleland (At Large).
2002.—Cleland (Armed Services); Hollings and Craig (Appropriations); Allard (At Large).