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H. R. 29

[Report No. 109-32]

To protect users of the Internet from unknowing transmission of their personally identifiable information through spyware programs, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 4, 2005

Mrs. Bono (for herself, Mr. Towns, Mr. Barton of Texas, Mr. Buyer, Mr. Gillmor, Mr. Hall, Mr. Radanovich, Mr. Walden of Oregon, Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Whitfield, Mrs. Cubin, Mr. Stearns, Mr. Bilirakis, Mr. Terry, and Mr. Otter) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

April 12, 2005

Additional sponsors: Mr. Upton, Mr. Gene Green of Texas, Mr. Baker, Ms. Jackson-Lee of Texas, Mr. Butterfield, Mr. Gordon, Ms. Schakowsky, Mr. Wamp, Mr. Hayworth, Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Calvert, Mr. Ehlers, Mr. Putnam, Mr. Markey, Mr. Israel, Mr. Gonzalez, Ms. Solis, Ms. Watson, Mr. Engel, Mr. Wynn, Mr. Abercrombie, Mr. Doolittle, Ms. Eshoo, Mrs. Davis of California, Mr. Stupak, Mr. Rush, Mr. Ryan of Ohio, Mr. Lincoln Diaz-Balart of Florida, Mr. Boucher, Mr. Bass, Mr. Sam Johnson of Texas, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Mr. Duncan, Mr. Bachus, Mr. Inslee, Mr. Shaw, Mr. Dingell, Mr. Doyle, Mrs. Myrick, Mr. Murphy, Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Ross, Mr. Rothman, Mr. Shadegg, Mr. Edwards, Mr. Moore of Kansas, and Mr. McCaul of Texas

April 12, 2005

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic] [For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on January 4, 2005]

A BILL

To protect users of the Internet from unknowing transmission of their personally identifiable information through spyware programs, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Securely Protect Yourself
5	Against Cyber Trespass Act" or the "Spy Act".
6	SEC. 2. PROHIBITION OF DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRACTICES
7	RELATING TO SPYWARE.
8	(a) Prohibition.—It is unlawful for any person, who
9	is not the owner or authorized user of a protected computer,
10	to engage in deceptive acts or practices that involve any
11	of the following conduct with respect to the protected com-
12	puter:
13	(1) Taking control of the computer by—
14	(A) utilizing such computer to send unsolic-
15	ited information or material from the computer
16	$to\ others;$

1	(B) diverting the Internet browser of the
2	computer, or similar program of the computer
3	used to access and navigate the Internet—
4	(i) without authorization of the owner
5	or authorized user of the computer; and
6	(ii) away from the site the user in-
7	tended to view, to one or more other Web
8	pages, such that the user is prevented from
9	viewing the content at the intended Web
10	page, unless such diverting is otherwise au-
11	thorized;
12	(C) accessing, hijacking, or otherwise using
13	the modem, or Internet connection or service, for
14	the computer and thereby causing damage to the
15	computer or causing the owner or authorized
16	user or a third party defrauded by such conduct
17	to incur charges or other costs for a service that
18	is not authorized by such owner or authorized
19	user;
20	(D) using the computer as part of an activ-
21	ity performed by a group of computers that
22	causes damage to another computer; or
23	(E) delivering advertisements that a user of
24	the computer cannot close without turning off the

1	computer or closing all sessions of the Internet
2	browser for the computer.
3	(2) Modifying settings related to use of the com-
4	puter or to the computer's access to or use of the
5	Internet by altering—
6	(A) the Web page that appears when the
7	owner or authorized user launches an Internet
8	browser or similar program used to access and
9	navigate the Internet;
10	(B) the default provider used to access or
11	search the Internet, or other existing Internet
12	$connections\ settings;$
13	(C) a list of bookmarks used by the com-
14	puter to access Web pages; or
15	(D) security or other settings of the com-
16	puter that protect information about the owner
17	or authorized user for the purposes of causing
18	damage or harm to the computer or owner or
19	user.
20	(3) Collecting personally identifiable information
21	through the use of a keystroke logging function.
22	(4) Inducing the owner or authorized user of the
23	computer to disclose personally identifiable informa-
24	tion by means of a Web page that—

1	(A) is substantially similar to a Web page
2	established or provided by another person; and
3	(B) misleads the owner or authorized user
4	that such Web page is provided by such other
5	person.
6	(5) Inducing the owner or authorized user to in-
7	stall a component of computer software onto the com-
8	puter, or preventing reasonable efforts to block the in-
9	stallation or execution of, or to disable, a component
10	of computer software by—
11	(A) presenting the owner or authorized user
12	with an option to decline installation of such a
13	component such that, when the option is selected
14	by the owner or authorized user or when the
15	owner or authorized user reasonably attempts to
16	decline the installation, the installation neverthe-
17	less proceeds; or
18	(B) causing such a component that the
19	owner or authorized user has properly removed
20	or disabled to automatically reinstall or reac-
21	tivate on the computer.
22	(6) Misrepresenting that installing a separate
23	component of computer software or providing log-in
24	and password information is necessary for security or
25	privacy reasons, or that installing a separate compo-

1	nent of computer software is necessary to open, view,
2	or play a particular type of content.
3	(7) Inducing the owner or authorized user to in-
4	stall or execute computer software by misrepresenting
5	the identity or authority of the person or entity pro-
6	viding the computer software to the owner or user.
7	(8) Inducing the owner or authorized user to
8	provide personally identifiable, password, or account
9	information to another person—
10	(A) by misrepresenting the identity of the
11	person seeking the information; or
12	(B) without the authority of the intended
13	recipient of the information.
14	(9) Removing, disabling, or rendering inoper-
15	ative a security, anti-spyware, or anti-virus tech-
16	nology installed on the computer.
17	(10) Installing or executing on the computer one
18	or more additional components of computer software
19	with the intent of causing a person to use such com-
20	ponents in a way that violates any other provision of
21	this section.
22	(b) Guidance.—The Commission shall issue guidance
23	regarding compliance with and violations of this section.
24	This subsection shall take effect upon the date of the enact-

 $25 \quad \textit{ment of this Act.}$

1	(c) Effective Date.—Except as provided in sub-
2	section (b), this section shall take effect upon the expiration
3	of the 6-month period that begins on the date of the enact-
4	ment of this Act.
5	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION OF COLLECTION OF CERTAIN INFOR-
6	MATION WITHOUT NOTICE AND CONSENT.
7	(a) Opt-in Requirement.—Except as provided in
8	subsection (e), it is unlawful for any person—
9	(1) to transmit to a protected computer, which
10	is not owned by such person and for which such per-
11	son is not an authorized user, any information collec-
12	tion program, unless—
13	(A) such information collection program
14	provides notice in accordance with subsection (c)
15	before execution of any of the information collec-
16	tion functions of the program; and
17	(B) such information collection program in-
18	cludes the functions required under subsection
19	(d); or
20	(2) to execute any information collection pro-
21	gram installed on such a protected computer unless—
22	(A) before execution of any of the informa-
23	tion collection functions of the program, the
24	owner or an authorized user of the protected
25	computer has consented to such execution pursu-

1	ant to notice in accordance with subsection (c),
2	and
3	(B) such information collection program in-
4	cludes the functions required under subsection
5	(d).
6	(b) Information Collection Program.—
7	(1) In general.—For purposes of this section,
8	the term "information collection program" means
9	computer software that performs either of the fol-
10	lowing functions:
11	(A) Collection of Personally Identifi-
12	ABLE INFORMATION.—The computer software—
13	(i) collects personally identifiable in-
14	formation; and
15	(ii)(I) sends such information to a per-
16	son other than the owner or authorized user
17	of the computer, or
18	(II) uses such information to deliver
19	advertising to, or display advertising on,
20	the computer.
21	(B) Collection of information regard-
22	ING WEB PAGES VISITED TO DELIVER ADVER-
23	TISING.—The computer software—
24	(i) collects information regarding the
25	Web pages accessed using the computer; and

1	(ii) uses such information to deliver
2	advertising to, or display advertising on,
3	$the\ computer.$
4	(2) Exception for software collecting in-
5	FORMATION REGARDING WEB PAGES VISITED WITHIN
6	A PARTICULAR WEB SITE.—Computer software that
7	otherwise would be considered an information collec-
8	tion program by reason of paragraph (1)(B) shall not
9	be considered such a program if—
10	(A) the only information collected by the
11	software regarding Web pages that are accessed
12	using the computer is information regarding
13	Web pages within a particular Web site;
14	(B) such information collected is not sent to
15	a person other than—
16	(i) the provider of the Web site
17	accessed; or
18	(ii) a party authorized to facilitate the
19	display or functionality of Web pages with-
20	in the Web site accessed; and
21	(C) the only advertising delivered to or dis-
22	played on the computer using such information
23	is advertising on Web pages within that par-
24	ticular Web site.
25	(c) Notice and Consent.—

1	(1) In general.—Notice in accordance with this
2	subsection with respect to an information collection
3	program is clear and conspicuous notice in plain lan-
4	guage, set forth as the Commission shall provide, that
5	meets all of the following requirements:
6	(A) The notice clearly distinguishes such no-
7	tice from any other information visually pre-
8	sented contemporaneously on the computer.
9	(B) The notice contains one of the following
10	statements, as applicable, or a substantially
11	similar statement:
12	(i) With respect to an information col-
13	lection program described in subsection
14	(b)(1)(A): "This program will collect and
15	transmit information about you. Do you ac-
16	cept?".
17	(ii) With respect to an information col-
18	lection program described in subsection
19	(b)(1)(B): "This program will collect infor-
20	mation about Web pages you access and
21	will use that information to display adver-
22	tising on your computer. Do you accept?".
23	(iii) With respect to an information
24	collection program that performs the actions
25	described in both subparagraphs (A) and

1	(B) of subsection (b)(1): "This program will
2	collect and transmit information about you
3	and will collect information about Web
4	pages you access and use that information
5	to display advertising on your computer.
6	Do you accept?".
7	(C) The notice provides for the user—
8	(i) to grant or deny consent referred to
9	in subsection (a) by selecting an option to
10	grant or deny such consent; and
11	(ii) to abandon or cancel the trans-
12	mission or execution referred to in sub-
13	section (a) without granting or denying
14	such consent.
15	(D) The notice provides an option for the
16	user to select to display on the computer, before
17	granting or denying consent using the option re-
18	quired under subparagraph (C), a clear descrip-
19	tion of—
20	(i) the types of information to be col-
21	lected and sent (if any) by the information
22	$collection\ program;$
23	(ii) the purpose for which such infor-
24	mation is to be collected and sent: and

1	(iii) in the case of an information col-
2	lection program that first executes any of
3	the information collection functions of the
4	program together with the first execution of
5	other computer software, the identity of any
6	such software that is an information collec-
7	tion program.
8	(E) The notice provides for concurrent dis-
9	play of the information required under subpara-
10	graphs (B) and (C) and the option required
11	under subparagraph (D) until the user—
12	(i) grants or denies consent using the
13	$option\ required\ under\ subparagraph\ (C)(i);$
14	(ii) abandons or cancels the trans-
15	mission or execution pursuant to subpara-
16	$graph\ (C)(ii);\ or$
17	(iii) selects the option required under
18	$subparagraph\ (D).$
19	(2) Single notice.—The Commission shall pro-
20	vide that, in the case in which multiple information
21	collection programs are provided to the protected com-
22	puter together, or as part of a suite of functionally re-
23	lated software, the notice requirements of paragraphs
24	(1)(A) and $(2)(A)$ of subsection (a) may be met by
25	providing, before execution of any of the information

collection functions of the programs, clear and conspicuous notice in plain language in accordance with paragraph (1) of this subsection by means of a single notice that applies to all such information collection programs, except that such notice shall provide the option under subparagraph (D) of paragraph (1) of this subsection with respect to each such information collection program.

- (3) Change in information collection.—If an owner or authorized user has granted consent to execution of an information collection program pursuant to a notice in accordance with this subsection:
 - (A) In general.—No subsequent such notice is required, except as provided in subparagraph (B).
 - (B) Subsequent notice.—The person who transmitted the program shall provide another notice in accordance with this subsection and obtain consent before such program may be used to collect or send information of a type or for a purpose that is materially different from, and outside the scope of, the type or purpose set forth in the initial or any previous notice.
- (4) Regulations.—The Commission shall issue regulations to carry out this subsection.

1	(d) Required Functions.—The functions required
2	under this subsection to be included in an information col-
3	lection program that executes any information collection
4	functions with respect to a protected computer are as fol-
5	lows:
6	(1) Disabling function.—With respect to any
7	information collection program, a function of the pro-
8	gram that allows a user of the program to remove the
9	program or disable operation of the program with re-
10	spect to such protected computer by a function that—
11	(A) is easily identifiable to a user of the
12	$computer;\ and$
13	(B) can be performed without undue effort
14	or knowledge by the user of the protected com-
15	puter.
16	(2) Identity function.—
17	(A) In general.—With respect only to an
18	information collection program that uses infor-
19	mation collected in the manner described in sub-
20	$paragraph \ (A)(ii)(II) \ or \ (B)(ii) \ of \ subsection$
21	(b)(1) and subject to subparagraph (B) of this
22	paragraph, a function of the program that pro-

vides that each display of an advertisement di-

rected or displayed using such information, when

the owner or authorized user is accessing a Web

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page or online location other than of the provider
of the computer software, is accompanied by the
name of the information collection program, a
logogram or trademark used for the exclusive
purpose of identifying the program, or a statement or other information sufficient to clearly
identify the program.

- (B) Exemption for embedded advertisement on a Web page that contemporaneously displays other information.
- 14 (3) RULEMAKING.—The Commission may issue 15 regulations to carry out this subsection.
- 16 (e) Limitation on Liability.—A telecommunications
 17 carrier, a provider of information service or interactive
 18 computer service, a cable operator, or a provider of trans19 mission capability shall not be liable under this section to
 20 the extent that the carrier, operator, or provider—
- 21 (1) transmits, routes, hosts, stores, or provides 22 connections for an information collection program 23 through a system or network controlled or operated by 24 or for the carrier, operator, or provider; or

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1	(2) provides an information location tool, such
2	as a directory, index, reference, pointer, or hypertext
3	link, through which the owner or user of a protected
4	computer locates an information collection program.
5	SEC. 4. ENFORCEMENT.
6	(a) Unfair or Deceptive Act or Practice.—This
7	Act shall be enforced by the Commission under the Federal
8	Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.). A violation
9	of any provision of this Act or of a regulation issued under
10	this Act shall be treated as an unfair or deceptive act or
11	practice violating a rule promulgated under section 18 of
12	the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57a).
13	(b) Penalty for Pattern or Practice Viola-
14	TIONS.—
15	(1) In General.—Notwithstanding subsection
16	(a) and the Federal Trade Commission Act, in the
17	case of a person who engages in a pattern or practice
18	that violates section 2 or 3, the Commission may, in
19	its discretion, seek a civil penalty for such pattern or
20	practice of violations in an amount, as determined by
21	the Commission, of not more than—
22	(A) \$3,000,000 for each violation of section
23	2; and
24	(B) \$1,000,000 for each violation of section
25	3

1	(2) Treatment of single action or con-
2	DUCT.—In applying paragraph (1)—
3	(A) any single action or conduct that vio-
4	lates section 2 or 3 with respect to multiple pro-
5	tected computers shall be treated as a single vio-
6	lation; and
7	(B) any single action or conduct that vio-
8	lates more than one paragraph of section 2(a)
9	shall be considered multiple violations, based on
10	the number of such paragraphs violated.
11	(c) Required Scienter.—Civil penalties sought
12	under this section for any action may not be granted by
13	the Commission or any court unless the Commission or
14	court, respectively, establishes that the action was com-
15	mitted with actual knowledge or knowledge fairly implied
16	on the basis of objective circumstances that such act is un-
17	fair or deceptive or violates this Act.
18	(d) Factors in Amount of Penalty.—In deter-
19	mining the amount of any penalty pursuant to subsection
20	(a) or (b), the court shall take into account the degree of
21	culpability, any history of prior such conduct, ability to
22	pay, effect on ability to continue to do business, and such
23	other matters as justice may require.
24	(e) Exclusiveness of Remedies.—The remedies in
25	this section (including remedies available to the Commis-

- sion under the Federal Trade Commission Act) are the exclusive remedies for violations of this Act. 3 (f) Effective Date.—To the extent only that this section applies to violations of section 2(a), this section shall take effect upon the expiration of the 6-month period that 5 begins on the date of the enactment of this Act. 6 7 SEC. 5. LIMITATIONS. 8 (a) Law Enforcement Authority.—Sections 2 and 3 shall not apply to— 10 (1) any act taken by a law enforcement agent in 11 the performance of official duties; or 12 (2) the transmission or execution of an informa-13 tion collection program in compliance with a law en-14 forcement, investigatory, national security, or requ-15 latory agency or department of the United States or 16 any State in response to a request or demand made 17 under authority granted to that agency or depart-18 ment, including a warrant issued under the Federal 19 Rules of Criminal Procedure, an equivalent State 20 warrant, a court order, or other lawful process. 21 (b) Exception Relating to Security.—Nothing in 22 this Act shall apply to—
- 23 (1) any monitoring of, or interaction with, a 24 subscriber's Internet or other network connection or 25 service, or a protected computer, by a telecommuni-

cations carrier, cable operator, computer hardware or software provider, or provider of information service or interactive computer service, to the extent that such monitoring or interaction is for network or computer security purposes, diagnostics, technical support, or repair, or for the detection or prevention of fraudulent activities; or

- (2) a discrete interaction with a protected computer by a provider of computer software solely to determine whether the user of the computer is authorized to use such software, that occurs upon—
- 12 (A) initialization of the software; or
- 13 (B) an affirmative request by the owner or 14 authorized user for an update of, addition to, or 15 technical service for, the software.
- 16 (c) Good Samaritan Protection.—No provider of
 17 computer software or of interactive computer service may
 18 be held liable under this Act on account of any action volun19 tarily taken, or service provided, in good faith to remove
 20 or disable a program used to violate section 2 or 3 that
 21 is installed on a computer of a customer of such provider,
 22 if such provider notifies the customer and obtains the con23 sent of the customer before undertaking such action or pro24 viding such service.

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1	(d) Limitation on Liability.—A manufacturer or re-
2	tailer of computer equipment shall not be liable under this
3	Act to the extent that the manufacturer or retailer is pro-
4	viding third party branded computer software that is in-
5	stalled on the equipment the manufacturer or retailer is
6	manufacturing or selling.
7	SEC. 6. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.
8	(a) Preemption of State Law.—
9	(1) Preemption of Spyware Laws.—This Act
10	supersedes any provision of a statute, regulation, or
11	rule of a State or political subdivision of a State that
12	expressly regulates—
13	(A) deceptive conduct with respect to com-
14	puters similar to that described in section 2(a);
15	(B) the transmission or execution of a com-
16	puter program similar to that described in sec-
17	tion 3; or
18	(C) the use of computer software that dis-
19	plays advertising content based on the Web pages
20	accessed using a computer.
21	(2) Additional preemption.—
22	(A) In general.—No person other than the
23	Attorney General of a State may bring a civil
24	action under the law of any State if such action

1	is premised in whole or in part upon the defend-
2	ant violating any provision of this Act.
3	(B) Protection of consumer protec-
4	TION LAWS.—This paragraph shall not be con-
5	strued to limit the enforcement of any State con-
6	sumer protection law by an Attorney General of
7	$a\ State.$
8	(3) Protection of certain state laws.—
9	This Act shall not be construed to preempt the appli-
10	cability of—
11	(A) State trespass, contract, or tort law; or
12	(B) other State laws to the extent that those
13	laws relate to acts of fraud.
14	(b) Preservation of FTC Authority.—Nothing in
15	this Act may be construed in any way to limit or affect
16	the Commission's authority under any other provision of
17	law, including the authority to issue advisory opinions
18	(under part 1 of volume 16 of the Code of Federal Regula-
19	tions), policy statements, or guidance regarding this Act.
20	SEC. 7. ANNUAL FTC REPORT.
21	For the 12-month period that begins upon the effective
22	date under section 11(a) and for each 12-month period
23	thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report to the Con-
24	gress that—

- 1 (1) specifies the number and types of actions 2 taken during such period to enforce sections 2(a) and 3 section 3, the disposition of each such action, any 4 penalties levied in connection with such actions, and 5 any penalties collected in connection with such ac-6 tions; and
- 7 (2) describes the administrative structure and 8 personnel and other resources committed by the Com-9 mission for enforcement of this Act during such pe-10 riod.
- 11 Each report under this subsection for a 12-month period
- 12 shall be submitted not later than 90 days after the expira-
- 13 tion of such period.

14 SEC. 8. FTC REPORT ON COOKIES.

- 15 (a) In General.—Not later than the expiration of the
- 16 6-month period that begins on the date of the enactment
- 17 of this Act, the Commission shall submit a report to the
- 18 Congress regarding the use of cookies, including tracking
- 19 cookies, in the delivery or display of advertising to the own-
- 20 ers and users of computers. The report shall examine and
- 21 describe the methods by which cookies and the Web sites that
- 22 place them on computers function separately and together,
- 23 and shall compare the use of cookies with the use of infor-
- 24 mation collection programs (as such term is defined in sec-
- 25 tion 3) to determine the extent to which such uses are simi-

- 1 lar or different. The report may include such recommenda-
- 2 tions as the Commission considers necessary and appro-
- 3 priate, including treatment of cookies under this Act or
- 4 other laws.
- 5 (b) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
- 6 term "tracking cookie" means a cookie or similar text or
- 7 data file used alone or in conjunction with one or more
- 8 Web sites to transmit or convey personally identifiable in-
- 9 formation of a computer owner or user, or information re-
- 10 garding Web pages accessed by the owner or user, to a party
- 11 other than the intended recipient, for the purpose of—
- 12 (1) delivering or displaying advertising to the
- 13 owner or user; or
- 14 (2) assisting the intended recipient to deliver or
- 15 display advertising to the owner, user, or others.
- 16 (c) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
- 17 on the date of the enactment of this Act.
- 18 SEC. 9. REGULATIONS.
- 19 (a) In General.—The Commission shall issue the reg-
- 20 ulations required by this Act not later than the expiration
- 21 of the 6-month period beginning on the date of the enact-
- 22 ment of this Act. In exercising its authority to issue any
- 23 regulation under this Act, the Commission shall determine
- 24 that the regulation is consistent with the public interest and
- 25 the purposes of this Act. Any regulations issued pursuant

1	to this Act shall be issued in accordance with section 555
2	of title 5, United States Code.
3	(b) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
4	on the date of the enactment of this Act.
5	SEC. 10. DEFINITIONS.
6	For purposes of this Act:
7	(1) Cable operator.—The term "cable oper-
8	ator" has the meaning given such term in section 602
9	of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 522).
10	(2) Collect.—The term "collect", when used
11	with respect to information and for purposes only of
12	section 3(b)(1)(A), does not include obtaining of the
13	information by a party who is intended by the owner
14	or authorized user of a protected computer to receive
15	the information pursuant to the owner or authorized
16	user—
17	(A) transferring the information to such in-
18	tended recipient using the protected computer; or
19	(B) storing the information on the protected
20	computer in a manner so that it is accessible by
21	such intended recipient.
22	(3) Computer; protected computer.—The
23	terms "computer" and "protected computer" have the
24	meanings given such terms in section 1030(e) of title
25	18, United States Code.

1	(4) Computer software.—
2	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
3	subparagraph (B), the term "computer software"
4	means a set of statements or instructions that
5	can be installed and executed on a computer for
6	the purpose of bringing about a certain result.
7	(B) Exception.—Such term does not in-
8	clude computer software that is placed on the
9	computer system of a user by an Internet service
10	provider, interactive computer service, or Inter-
11	net Web site solely to enable the user subse-
12	quently to use such provider or service or to ac-
13	cess such Web site.
14	(C) Rule of construction regarding
15	COOKIES.—This paragraph may not be con-
16	strued to include, as computer software—
17	(i) a cookie; or
18	(ii) any other type of text or data file
19	that solely may be read or transferred by a
20	computer.
21	(5) Commission.—The term "Commission"
22	means the Federal Trade Commission.
23	(6) Damage.—The term "damage" has the
24	meaning given such term in section 1030(e) of title
25	18, United States Code.

- 1 (7) DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRACTICES.—The term
 2 "deceptive acts or practices" has the meaning appli3 cable to such term for purposes of section 5 of the
 4 Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45).
 - (8) DISABLE.—The term "disable" means, with respect to an information collection program, to permanently prevent such program from executing any of the functions described in section 3(b)(1) that such program is otherwise capable of executing (including by removing, deleting, or disabling the program), unless the owner or operator of a protected computer takes a subsequent affirmative action to enable the execution of such functions.
 - (9) Information collection functions.—The term "information collection functions" means, with respect to an information collection program, the functions of the program described in subsection (b)(1) of section 3.
 - (10) Information service.—The term "information service" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153).
 - (11) Interactive computer service" has the meaning

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(v) A social security number, tax iden-
tification number, passport number, driver's
license number, or any other government-
issued identification number.
(vi) A credit card number.
(vii) Any access code, password, or ac-
count number, other than an access code or
password transmitted by an owner or au-
thorized user of a protected computer to the
intended recipient to register for, or log
onto, a Web page or other Internet service
or a network connection or service of a sub-
scriber that is protected by an access code or
password.
(viii) Date of birth, birth certificate
number, or place of birth of an individual,
except in the case of a date of birth trans-
mitted or collected for the purpose of com-
pliance with the law.
(B) Rulemaking.—The Commission may,
by regulation, add to the types of information
described in subparagraph (A) that shall be con-
sidered personally identifiable information for
purposes of this Act, except that such additional

types of information shall be considered person-

- ally identifiable information only to the extent
 that such information allows living individuals,
 particular computers, particular users of computers, or particular email addresses or other locations of computers to be identified from that
 information.
 - (14) SUITE OF FUNCTIONALLY RELATED SOFT-WARE.—The term suite of "functionally related software" means a group of computer software programs distributed to an end user by a single provider, which programs are necessary to enable features or functionalities of an integrated service offered by the provider.
 - (15) Telecommunications carrier" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153).
 - (16) Transmit.—The term "transmit" means, with respect to an information collection program, transmission by any means.
 - (17) Web Page.—The term "Web page" means a location, with respect to the World Wide Web, that has a single Uniform Resource Locator or another single location with respect to the Internet, as the Federal Trade Commission may prescribe.

(18) Web site.—The term "web site" means a 1 2 collection of Web pages that are presented and made 3 available by means of the World Wide Web as a single 4 Web site (or a single Web page so presented and made available), which Web pages have such characteristics 5 6 in relation to each other as the Commission may prescribe, which may include— 7 8 (A) a common domain name; 9 (B) a common theme or topic; 10 (C) common ownership, management, or 11 registration; and 12 (D) relationship to a common intended be-13 ginning file or home page or other means of ac-14 cessing or linking the pages together. 15 SEC. 11. APPLICABILITY AND SUNSET. 16 (a) Effective Date.—Except as specifically provided otherwise in this Act, this Act shall take effect upon the expiration of the 12-month period that begins on the 18 date of the enactment of this Act. 19 20 (b) Applicability.—Section 3 shall not apply to an 21 information collection program installed on a protected computer before the effective date under subsection (a) of this section. 23 24 (c) Sunset.—This Act shall not apply after December 25 *31*, *2010*.

Union Calendar No. 15

109TH CONGRESS H. R. 29

[Report No. 109-32]

A BILL

To protect users of the Internet from unknowing transmission of their personally identifiable information through spyware programs, and for other

 Λ PRIL 12, 2005

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed