109TH CONGRESS H. R. 5057

AN ACT

To authorize the Marion Park Project, a committee of the Palmetto Conservation Foundation, to establish a commemorative work on Federal land in the District of Columbia, and its environs to honor Brigadier General Francis Marion.

109TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

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1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. COMMEMORATIVE WORK TO HONOR BRIGA-
4	DIER GENERAL FRANCIS MARION AND HIS
5	FAMILY.
6	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that:
7	(1) Francis Marion was born in 1732 in St.
8	John's Parish, Berkeley County, South Carolina. He
9	married Mary Esther Videau on April 20th, 1786.
10	Francis and Mary Esther Marion had no children,
11	but raised a son of a relative as their own, and gave
12	the child Francis Marion's name.
13	(2) Brigadier General Marion commanded the
14	Williamsburg Militia Revolutionary force in South
15	Carolina and was instrumental in delaying the ad-
16	vance of British forces by leading his troops in dis-
17	rupting supply lines.
18	(3) Brigadier General Marion's tactics, which
19	were unheard of in rules of warfare at the time, in-
20	cluded lightning raids on British convoys, after
21	which he and his forces would retreat into the
22	swamps to avoid capture. British Lieutenant Colonel
23	Tarleton stated that "as for this damned old swamp

fox, the devil himself could not catch him". Thus,

the legend of the "Swamp Fox" was born.

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- 1 (4) His victory at the Battle of Eutaw Springs 2 in September of 1781 was officially recognized by 3 Congress.
 - (5) Brigadier General Marion's troops are believed to be the first racially integrated force fighting for the United States, as his band was a mix of Whites, Blacks, both free and slave, and Native Americans.
 - (6) As a statesman, he represented his parish in the South Carolina senate as well as his State at the Constitutional Convention.
 - (7) Although the Congress has authorized the establishment of commemorative works on Federal lands in the District of Columbia honoring such celebrated Americans as George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, and Abraham Lincoln, the National Capital has no comparable memorial to Brigadier General Francis Marion for his bravery and leadership during the Revolutionary War, without which the United States would not exist.
 - (8) Brigadier General Marion's legacy must live on. At present, and since 1878, United States Reservation 18 has been officially referred to as Marion Park. Located between 4th and 6th Streets, S.E., at the intersection of E Street and South Carolina Ave-

- 1 nue, S.E., in Washington, DC, the park lacks a for-
- 2 mal commemoration to this South Carolina hero who
- 3 was important to the initiation of the Nation's herit-
- 4 age.
- 5 (9) The time has come to correct this oversight
- 6 so that future generations of Americans will know
- 7 and understand the preeminent historical and last-
- 8 ing significance to the Nation of Brigadier General
- 9 Marion's contributions. Such a South Carolina hero
- deserves to be given the proper recognition.
- 11 (b) Authority to Establish Commemorative
- 12 Work.—The Marion Park Project, a committee of the
- 13 Palmetto Conservation Foundation, may establish a com-
- 14 memorative work on Federal land in the District of Co-
- 15 lumbia and its environs to honor Brigadier General
- 16 Francis Marion and his service.
- 17 (c) Compliance With Standards for Commemo-
- 18 RATIVE WORKS.—The commemorative work authorized by
- 19 subsection (b) shall be established in accordance with
- 20 chapter 89 of title 40, United States Code (commonly
- 21 known as the Commemorative Works Act).
- 22 (d) Use of Federal Funds Prohibited.—Fed-
- 23 eral funds may not be used to pay any expense of the es-
- 24 tablishment of the commemorative work authorized by
- 25 subsection (b). The Marion Park Project, a committee of

- 1 the Palmetto Conservation Foundation, shall be solely re-
- 2 sponsible for acceptance of contributions for, and payment
- 3 of the expenses of, the establishment of that commemora-
- 4 tive work.
- 5 (e) Deposit of Excess Funds.—If, upon payment
- 6 of all expenses of the establishment of the commemorative
- 7 work authorized by subsection (b) (including the mainte-
- 8 nance and preservation amount provided for in section
- 9 8906(b) of title 40, United States Code), or upon expira-
- 10 tion of the authority for the commemorative work under
- 11 chapter 89 of title 40, United States Code, there remains
- 12 a balance of funds received for the establishment of that
- 13 commemorative work, the Marion Park Project, a com-
- 14 mittee of the Palmetto Conservation Foundation, shall
- 15 transmit the amount of the balance to the Secretary of
- 16 the Treasury for deposit in the account provided for in
- 17 section 8906(b)(1) of such title.
- 18 (f) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section,
- 19 the terms "commemorative work" and "the District of Co-

- 1 lumbia and its environs" have the meanings given to such
- 2 terms in section 8902(a) of title 40, United States Code.
 Passed the House of Representatives July 24, 2006.
 Attest:

Clerk.