109TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION H.R. 5587

To establish a bipartisan commission on insurance reform.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 12, 2006

Mr. MEEK of Florida (for himself and Mr. DAVIS of Florida) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

To establish a bipartisan commission on insurance reform.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Commission on Cata-

5 strophic Disaster Risk and Insurance Act of 2006".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 7 Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma,
 9 which struck the United States in 2005, caused over
 10 \$200 billion in total economic losses, including in11 sured and uninsured losses.

1 (2) Although private sector insurance is cur-2 rently available to spread some catastrophe-related 3 losses throughout the Nation and internationally, 4 most experts believe there will be significant insur-5 ance and reinsurance shortages, resulting in dra-6 matic rate increases for consumers and businesses, 7 and the unavailability of catastrophe insurance.

8 (3) The Federal Government has provided and 9 will continue to provide billions of dollars and re-10 sources to pay for losses from catastrophes, includ-11 ing hurricanes, volcanic eruptions, tsunamis, tor-12 nados, and other disasters, at huge costs to Amer-13 ican taxpayers.

14 (4) The Federal Government has a critical in-15 terest in ensuring appropriate and fiscally respon-16 sible risk management of catastrophes. Mortgages 17 require reliable property insurance, and the unavail-18 ability of reliable property insurance would make 19 most real estate transactions impossible. In addition, 20 the public health, safety, and welfare demand that 21 structures damaged or destroyed in a catastrophe be 22 reconstructed as soon as possible. Therefore, the in-23 ability of the private sector insurance and reinsur-24 ance markets to maintain sufficient capacity to en-25 able Americans to obtain property insurance cov-

1	erage in the private sector endangers the national
2	economy and the public health, safety, and welfare.
3	(5) Multiple proposals have been introduced in
4	the United States Congress over the past decade to
5	address catastrophic risk insurance, including the
6	creation of a national catastrophic reinsurance fund
7	and the revision of the Federal tax code to allow in-
8	surers to use tax-deferred catastrophe funds, yet
9	Congress has failed to act on any of these proposals.
10	(6) To the extent the United States faces high
11	risks from catastrophe exposure, essential technical
12	information on financial structures and innovations
13	in the catastrophe insurance market is needed.
14	(7) The most efficient and effective approach to
15	assessing the catastrophe insurance problem in the
16	public policy context is to establish a bipartisan com-
17	mission of experts to study the management of cata-
18	strophic disaster risk, and to require such commis-
19	sion to timely report its recommendations to Con-
20	gress so that Congress can quickly craft a solution
21	to protect the American people.
22	SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT.

There is established a bipartisan Commission on Catastrophic Disaster Risk and Insurance (in this Act referred to as the "Commission").

1 SEC. 4. MEMBERSHIP.

2	(a) Members.—The Commission shall be composed
3	of the following:
4	(1) The Director of the Federal Emergency
5	Management Agency or a designee of the Director.
6	(2) The Administrator of the National Oceanic
7	and Atmospheric Administration or a designee of the
8	Administrator.
9	(3) 12 additional members or their designees of
10	whom one shall be—
11	(A) a representative of a consumer group;
12	(B) a representative of a primary insur-
13	ance company;
14	(C) a representative of a reinsurance com-
15	pany;
16	(D) an independent insurance agent with
17	experience in writing property and casualty in-
18	surance policies;
19	(E) a State insurance regulator;
20	(F) a State emergency operations official;
21	(G) a scientist;
22	(H) a faculty member of an accredited uni-
23	versity with experience in risk management;
24	(I) a member of nationally recognized
25	think tank with experience in risk management;

1	(J) a homebuilder with experience in struc-
2	tural engineering;
3	(K) a mortgage lender; and
4	(L) a nationally recognized expert in anti-
5	trust law.
6	(b) MANNER OF APPOINTMENT.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—Any member of the Commis-
8	sion described under subsection $(a)(3)$ shall be ap-
9	pointed only upon unanimous agreement of—
10	(A) the majority leader of the Senate;
11	(B) the minority leader of the Senate;
12	(C) the Speaker of the House of Rep-
13	resentatives; and
14	(D) the minority leader of the House of
15	Representatives.
16	(2) CONSULTATION.—In making any appoint-
17	ment under paragraph (1), each individual described
18	in paragraph (1) shall consult with the President.
19	(c) ELIGIBILITY LIMITATION.—Except as provided in
20	subsection (a), no member or officer of the Congress, or
21	other member or officer of the Executive Branch of the
22	United States Government or any State government may
23	be appointed to be a member of the Commission.
24	(d) Period of Appointment.—

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(1) IN GENERAL.—Each member of the Com mission shall be appointed for the life of the Com mission.

4 (2) VACANCIES.—A vacancy on the Commission
5 shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the
6 same manner as the original appointment was made.
7 (e) QUORUM.—

8 (1) MAJORITY.—A majority of the members of
9 the Commission shall constitute a quorum, but a
10 lesser number may hold hearings.

(2) APPROVAL ACTIONS.—All recommendations
and reports of the Commission required by this Act
shall be approved only by a majority vote of a
quorum of the Commission.

15 (f) CHAIRPERSON.—The majority leader of the Sen-16 ate, the minority leader of the Senate, the Speaker of the 17 House of Representatives, and the minority leader of the 18 House of Representatives shall jointly select 1 member ap-19 pointed pursuant to subsection (a) to serve as the Chair-20 person of the Commission.

(g) MEETINGS.—The Council shall meet at the call
of its Chairperson or a majority of its members at any
time.

24 SEC. 5. DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION.

25 The Commission shall—

1 (1) assess—

2	(A) the condition of the property and cas-
3	ualty insurance and reinsurance markets in the
4	aftermath of Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and
5	Wilma in 2005, and the 4 major hurricanes
6	that struck the United States in 2004; and
7	(B) the ongoing exposure of the United
8	States to earthquakes, volcanic eruptions,
9	tsunamis, and floods; and
10	(2) recommend and report, as required under
11	section 6, any necessary legislative and regulatory
12	changes that will—
13	(A) improve the domestic and international
14	financial health and competitiveness of such
15	markets; and
16	(B) assure consumers of the—
17	(i) availability of adequate insurance
18	coverage when an insured event occurs;
19	and
20	(ii) best possible range of insurance
21	products at competitive prices.
22	SEC. 6. REPORT.
23	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
24	appointment of Commission members under section 4, the
25	Commission shall submit to the President and the Con-

gress a final report containing a detailed statement of its
 findings, together with any recommendations for legisla tion or administrative action that the Commission con siders appropriate, in accordance with the requirements
 of section 5.

6 (b) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing any rec7 ommendations under subsection (a), the Commission shall
8 consider—

9 (1) the catastrophic insurance and reinsurance 10 market structures and the relevant commercial prac-11 tices in such insurance industries in providing insur-12 ance protection to different sectors of the American 13 population;

(2) the constraints and opportunities in implementing a catastrophic insurance system that can
resolve key obstacles currently impeding broader implementation of catastrophe risk management and
financing with insurance;

19 (3) methods to improve risk underwriting prac20 tices, including—

21 (A) analysis of modalities of risk transfer
22 for potential financial losses;

23 (B) assessment of private securitization of
24 insurances risks;

1	(C) private-public partnerships to increase
2	insurance capacity in constrained markets; and
3	(D) the financial feasibility and sustain-
4	ability of a national catastrophe pool or regional
5	catastrophe pools designed to provide adequate
6	insurance coverage and increased underwriting
7	capacity to insurers and reinsurers;
8	(4) approaches for implementing a public insur-
9	ance scheme for low-income communities, in order to
10	promote risk reduction and explicit insurance cov-
11	erage in such communities;
12	(5) methods to strengthen insurance regulatory
13	requirements and supervision of such requirements,
14	including solvency for catastrophic risk reserves;
15	(6) methods to promote public insurance poli-
16	cies linked to programs for loss reduction in the un-
17	insured sectors of the American population;
18	(7) methods to strengthen the risk assessment
19	and enforcement of structural mitigation and vulner-
20	ability reduction measures, such as zoning and
21	building code compliance;
22	(8) the appropriate role for the Federal Govern-
23	ment in stabilizing the property and casualty insur-
24	ance and reinsurance markets, with an analysis—
25	(A) of options such as—

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(i) a reinsurance mechanism;
(ii) the modernization of Federal tax-
ation policies; and
(iii) an "insurance of last resort"
mechanism; and
(B) how to fund such options; and
(9) the merits of the 3 principle legislative pro-
posals currently pending in the 109th Congress,
namely—
(A) the creation of a Federal catastrophe
fund to act as a backup to State catastrophe
funds;
(B) tax-deferred catastrophe accounts for
insurers; and
(C) tax-free catastrophe accounts for pol-
icyholders.
SEC. 7. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.
(a) HEARINGS.—The Commission or, at the direction
of the Commission, any subcommittee or member of the
Commission, may, for the purpose of carrying out this
Act—
(1) hold such public hearings in such cities and
countries, sit and act at such times and places, take
such testimony, receive such evidence, and admin-
ister such oaths or affirmations as the Commission

or such subcommittee or member considers advis able; and

3 (2) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the at4 tendance and testimony of such witnesses and the
5 production of such books, records, correspondence,
6 memoranda, papers, documents, tapes, and materials
7 as the Commission or such subcommittee or member
8 considers advisable.

9 (b) ISSUANCE AND ENFORCEMENT OF SUB-10 POENAS.—

(1) ISSUANCE.—Subpoenas issued under subsection (a) shall bear the signature of the Chairperson of the Commission and shall be served by any
person or class of persons designated by the Chairperson for that purpose.

16 (2) ENFORCEMENT.—In the case of contumacy 17 or failure to obey a subpoena issued under sub-18 section (a), the United States district court for the 19 judicial district in which the subpoenaed person re-20 sides, is served, or may be found may issue an order 21 requiring such person to appear at any designated 22 place to testify or to produce documentary or other 23 evidence. Any failure to obey the order of the court 24 may be punished by the court as a contempt of that 25 court.

1	(3) Confidentiality.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—Information obtained
3	under a subpoena issued under subsection (a)
4	which is deemed confidential, or with reference
5	to which a request for confidential treatment is
6	made by the person furnishing such informa-
7	tion—
8	(i) shall be exempt from disclosure
9	under section 552 of title 5, United States
10	Code; and
11	(ii) shall not be published or disclosed
12	unless the Commission determines that the
13	withholding of such information is contrary
14	to the interest of the United States.
15	(B) EXCEPTION.—The requirements of
16	subparagraph (A) shall not apply to the publi-
17	cation or disclosure of any data aggregated in
18	a manner that ensures protection of the identity
19	of the person furnishing such data.
20	(c) Authority of Members or Agents of the
21	COMMISSION.—Any member or agent of the Commission
22	may, if authorized by the Commission, take any action
23	which the Commission is authorized to take by this Act.
24	(d) Obtaining Official Data.—

1	(1) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any provi-
2	sion of section 552a of title 5, United States Code,
3	the Commission may secure directly from any de-
4	partment or agency of the United States any infor-
5	mation necessary to enable the Commission to carry
6	out the purposes of this Act.
7	(2) PROCEDURE.—Upon request of the Chair-
8	person of the Commission, the head of that depart-
9	ment or agency shall furnish the information re-
10	quested to the Commission.
11	(e) Postal Services.—The Commission may use
12	the United States mails in the same manner and under
13	the same conditions as other departments and agencies of
14	the Federal Government.
15	(f) Administrative Support Services.—Upon the
16	request of the Commission, the Administrator of General
17	Services shall provide to the Commission, on a reimburs-
18	able basis, any administrative support services necessary
19	for the Commission to carry out its responsibilities under
20	this Act.
21	(g) GIFTS.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may ac-

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services or property.

1 (2) REGULATIONS.—The Commission shall 2 adopt internal regulations governing the receipt of 3 gifts or donations of services or property similar to 4 those described in part 2601 of title 5, Code of Fed-5 eral Regulations.

6 SEC. 8. COMMISSION PERSONNEL MATTERS.

7 (a) COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS.—Each member of 8 the Commission who is not an officer or employee of the 9 Federal Government shall be compensated at a rate equal 10 to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for GS-18 of the General Schedule under section 11 5332 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (includ-12 ing travel time) during which such member is engaged in 13 the performance of the duties of the Commission. All 14 15 members of the Commission who are officers or employees of the United States shall serve without compensation in 16 17 addition to that received for their services as officers or 18 employees of the United States.

(b) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—The members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per
diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title
5, United States Code, while away from their homes or
regular places of business in the performance of services
for the Commission.

(c) SUBCOMMITTEES.—The Commission may estab lish subcommittees and appoint persons to such sub committees as the Commission considers appropriate.

4 (d) STAFF.—Subject to such policies as the Commis5 sion may prescribe, the Chairperson of the Commission
6 may appoint and fix the pay of such additional personnel
7 as the Chairperson considers appropriate to carry out the
8 duties of the Commission.

9 (e) APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN CIVIL SERVICE
10 LAWS.—Subcommittee members and staff of the Commis11 sion may be—

(1) appointed without regard to the provisions
of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service; and

(2) paid without regard to the provisions of
chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of that
title relating to classification and General Schedule
pay rates, except that an individual so appointed
may not receive pay in excess of the annual rate of
basic pay prescribed for GS-18 of the General
Schedule under section 5332 of that title.

(f) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—In carrying out
its objectives, the Commission may procure temporary and
intermittent services of consultants and experts under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for

individuals which do not exceed the daily equivalent of the
 annual rate of basic pay prescribed for GS-18 of the Gen eral Schedule under section 5332 of that title.

(g) DETAIL OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.—Upon
request of the Chairperson of the Commission, any Federal Government employee may be detailed to the Commission to assist in carrying out the duties of the Commission—

- 9 (1) on a reimbursable basis; and
- 10 (2) such detail shall be without interruption or11 loss of civil service status or privilege.

12 SEC. 9. TERMINATION.

13 The Commission shall terminate 60 days after the14 date on which the Commission submits its report under15 section 6.

16 SEC. 10. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

17 There are authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,00018 to carry out the purposes of this Act.

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