## 109TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 6182

To amend the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 to reduce injuries to patients, direct-care registered nurses, and other health care providers by establishing a safe patient handling standard.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

September 26, 2006

Mr. Conyers introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

# A BILL

To amend the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 to reduce injuries to patients, direct-care registered nurses, and other health care providers by establishing a safe patient handling standard.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Nurse And Patient Safety & Protection Act of 2006".
- 6 (b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

- (1) Direct-care registered nurses rank 10th among all occupations for musculoskeletal disorders, sustaining injuries at a higher rate than laborers, movers, and truck drivers. In 2004, nurses sustained 8,800 musculoskeletal disorders, most of which (over 7,000) were back injuries. The leading cause of these injuries in health care are the result of patient lifting, transferring, and repositioning injuries.
  - (2) The physical demands of the nursing profession lead many nurses to leave the profession. Fifty two percent of nurses complain of chronic back pain and 38 percent suffer from pain severe enough to require leave from work. Many nurses and other health care providers suffering back injury do not return to work.
  - (3) Patients are not at optimum levels of safety while being lifted, transferred, or repositioned manually. Mechanical lift programs can substantially reduce skin tears suffered by patients, allowing patients a safer means to progress through their care.
  - (4) The development of assistive patient handling equipment and devices has essentially rendered the act of strict manual patient handling unnecessary as a function of nursing care.

- (5) Application of assistive patient handling technology fulfills an ergonomic approach within the nursing practice by designing and fitting the job or workplace to match the capabilities and limitations of the human body.
  - (6) A growing number of health care facilities have incorporated patient handling technology and have reported positive results. Injuries among nursing staff have dramatically declined since implementing patient handling equipment and devices. As a result, the number of lost work days due to injury and staff turnover has declined. Cost-benefit analyses have also shown that assistive patient handling technology successfully reduces workers' compensation costs for musculoskeletal disorders.
  - (7) Establishing a safe patient handling standard for direct-care registered nurses and other health care providers is a critical component in increasing patient safety, protecting nurses, and addressing the nursing shortage.

#### 21 SEC. 2. FEDERAL SAFE PATIENT HANDLING STANDARD.

Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this title, the Secretary of Labor, acting through the Director of Occupational Safety and Health Administration, shall establish a Federal Safe Patient Handling

- 1 Standard to prevent musculoskeletal disorders for direct2 care registered nurses and other health care providers
  3 working in health care facilities. This standard shall re4 quire the elimination of manual lifting of patients by di5 rect-care registered nurses and other health care pro-
- 6 viders, through the use of mechanical devices, except dur-
- 7 ing a declared state of emergency. The standard shall in-
- 8 clude a musculoskeletal injury prevention plan, which will
- 9 include hazard identification and risk assessments in rela-
- 10 tion to patient care duties and patient handling. The
- 11 standard shall require:

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- 12 (1) all health care facilities comply with the standard;
  - (2) health care facilities to purchase, use, and maintain safe lift mechanical devices;
  - (3) input from direct-care registered nurses and organizations representing direct-care registered nurses in implementing the standard;
    - (4) a program to identify problems and solutions regarding safe patient handling;
  - (5) a system to report, track, and analyze trends in injuries, as well as make injury data available to the public;
- 24 (6) training for staff on safe patient handling 25 policies, equipment, and devices at least on an an-

- 1 nual basis. Training will also include hazard identi-
- 2 fication, assessment and control of musculoskeletal
- 3 hazards in patient care areas, this would include
- 4 interactive classroom based and hands on training
- 5 by a knowledgeable person or staff; and
- 6 (7) annual evaluations of safe patient handling
- 7 efforts, as well as new technology, handling proce-
- 8 dures, and engineering controls. Documentation of
- 9 this process shall include equipment selection and
- 10 evaluation.

# 11 SEC. 3. REQUIREMENT FOR HEALTH CARE FACILITIES.

- 12 (a) SAFE PATIENT HANDLING PLAN.—In accordance
- 13 with the standard required under section 2, and not later
- 14 than 6 months after such standard is published, health
- 15 care facilities shall develop and implement a safe patient
- 16 handling plan that—
- 17 (1) provides adequate, appropriate, and quality
- delivery of health care services that protects patient
- safety and prevents musculoskeletal disorders for di-
- 20 rect-care registered nurses and other health care
- 21 providers;
- (2) is consistent with the requirements of the
- Federal Safe Patient Handling Standard (as estab-
- 24 lished in section 2);

1	(3) provides for input by direct-care registered
2	nurses and organizations representing direct-care
3	registered nurses in implementing the plan; and
4	(4) ensures that safe lifting mechanical devices
5	shall only be used by direct care registered nurses
6	and other health care providers.
7	(b) Posting, Records, and Auditing.—
8	(1) Posting requirements.—Not later than
9	6 months after the standard required under section
10	2 is published, a health care facility shall post, in
11	each unit of the facility, a uniform notice in a form
12	specified by the Secretary in regulation that—
13	(A) explains the Federal Safe Patient
14	Handling Standard issued under section 2;
15	(B) includes information regarding safe
16	patient handling polices and training; and
17	(C) explains procedure to report patient
18	handling-related injuries.
19	(2) Audits.—The Secretary shall require the
20	Occupational Safety and Health Administration to
21	conduct unscheduled audits to ensure—
22	(A) implementation of the safe patient
23	handling plan in accordance with this title; and

1	(B) compliance with reporting and review-
2	ing findings for continual improvements to the
3	safe patient handling plan.
4	SEC. 4. PROTECTION OF DIRECT-CARE REGISTERED
5	NURSES AND OTHER INDIVIDUALS.
6	(a) Refusal of Assignment.—A direct-care reg-
7	istered nurse or other health care provider may refuse to
8	accept an assignment in a health care facility if—
9	(1) the assignment would violate the standard
10	establish under section 2; or
11	(2) the direct-care registered nurse or other
12	health care provider is not prepared by education,
13	training, or experience to fulfill the assignment with-
14	out compromising the safety of any patient or jeop-
15	ardizing the license of the nurse.
16	(b) RETALIATION FOR REFUSAL OF ASSIGNMENT
17	Barred.—
18	(1) No discharge, discrimination, or re-
19	TALIATION.—No health care facility shall discharge,
20	discriminate, or retaliate in any manner with respect
21	to any aspect of employment, including discharge,
22	promotion, compensation, or terms, conditions, or
23	privileges of employment, against a direct-care reg-
24	istered nurse or other health care provider based on

1	his or her refusal of a work assignment under sub-
2	section (a).
3	(2) No filing of complaint.—No health care
4	facility shall file a complaint or a report against a
5	direct-care registered nurse or other health care pro-
6	vider with the appropriate State professional discipli-
7	nary agency because of his or her refusal of a work
8	assignment under subsection (a).
9	(c) Complaint to Secretary.—A direct-care reg-
10	istered nurse, health care provider, or other individual
11	may file a complaint with the Secretary against a health
12	care facility that violates this Act or a standard estab-
13	lished under this Act. For any complaint filed, the Sec-
14	retary shall—
15	(1) receive and investigate the complaint;
16	(2) determine whether a violation of this Act as
17	alleged in the complaint has occurred; and
18	(3) if such a violation has occurred, issue an
19	order that the complaining direct-care registered
20	nurse, health care provider, or other individual shall

- nurse, health care provider, or other individual shall not suffer any retaliation under subsection (b) or under subsection (d).
- 23 (d) Whistleblower Protection.—
- (1) RETALIATION BARRED.—A health care fa-24 25 cility shall not discriminate or retaliate in any man-

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- ner with respect to any aspect of employment, including hiring, discharge, promotion, compensation, or terms, conditions, or privileges of employment against any individual who in good faith, individually or in conjunction with another person or persons—
  - (A) reports a violation or a suspected violation of this Act or the standard established under this Act to the Secretary, a public regulatory agency, a private accreditation body, or the management personnel of the health care facility;
  - (B) initiates, cooperates, or otherwise participates in an investigation or proceeding brought by the Secretary, a public regulatory agency, or a private accreditation body concerning matters covered by this Act; or
  - (C) informs or discusses with other individuals or with representatives of health care facility employees a violation or suspected violation of this Act.
  - (2) Good faith defined.—For purposes of this subsection, an individual shall be deemed to be acting in good faith if the individual reasonably believes—

1	(A) the information reported or disclosed is
2	true; and
3	(B) a violation of this Act or the standard
4	established under this Act has occurred or may
5	occur.
6	(e) Cause of Action.—Any direct-care registered
7	nurse or other health care provider who has been dis-
8	charged, discriminated, or retaliated against in violation
9	of subsection (b)(1) or (d), or against whom a complaint
10	has been filed in violation of subsection (b)(2), may bring
11	a cause of action in a United States district court. A di-
12	rect-care registered nurse or other health care provider
13	who prevails on the cause of action shall be entitled to
14	one or more of the following:
15	(1) Reinstatement.
16	(2) Reimbursement of lost wages, compensa-
17	tion, and benefits.
18	(3) Attorneys' fees.
19	(4) Court costs.
20	(5) Other damages.
21	(f) Notice.—A health care facility shall include in
22	the notice required under section 3(b) an explanation of
23	the rights of direct-care registered nurses, health care pro-
24	viders, and other individuals under this section and a
25	statement that a direct-care registered nurse, health care

- 1 provider, or other individual may file a complaint with the
- 2 Secretary against a health care facility that violates the
- 3 standard issued under section 2, including instructions for
- 4 how to file such a complaint.

#### 5 SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

6 For purposes of this Act:

more patients.

- 7 (1) DIRECT-CARE REGISTERED NURSE.—The
  8 term "direct care registered nurse" means an indi9 vidual who has been granted a license by at least 1
  10 State to practice as a registered nurse and who pro11 vides bedside care or outpatient services for 1 or
  - (2) Health care provider.—The term "health care provider" means any person required by State or Federal laws or regulations to be licensed, registered, or certified to provide health care services, and being either so licensed, registered, or certified, or exempted from such requirement by other statute or regulation.
  - (3) Employment.—The term "employment" includes the provision of services under a contract or other arrangement.
- 23 (4) HEALTH CARE FACILITY.—The term 24 "health care facility" means an outpatient health 25 care facility, hospital, nursing home, home health

- care agency, hospice, federally qualified health center, nurse managed health center, rural health clinic, or any similar healthcare facility that employs direct-care registered nurses.
- (5) Declared state of emergency.—The 6 term "declared state of emergency" means an offi-7 cially designated state of emergency that has been 8 declared by the Federal Government or the head of 9 the appropriate State or local governmental agency 10 having authority to declare that the State, county, 11 municipality, or locality is in a state of emergency, 12 but does not include a state of emergency that re-13 sults from a labor dispute in the health care indus-14 try or consistent under staffing.

# 15 SEC. 6. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO NEEDY HEALTH CARE

- 16 FACILITIES IN THE PURCHASE OF SAFE PA-17 TIENT HANDLING EQUIPMENT.
- 18 (a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and 19 Human Services shall establish a grant program that pro-20 vides financial assistance to cover some or all of the costs 21 of purchasing safe patient handling equipment for health 22 care facilities, such as hospitals, nursing facilities, and
- 23 outpatient facilities, that—

- 1 (1) require the use of such equipment in order 2 to comply with the standards established under sec-3 tion 2; but
- 4 (2) demonstrate the financial inability to other-5 wise afford the purchase of such equipment are pro-6 vided grants for some or all of the cost of pur-7 chasing such equipment.
- 8 (b) APPLICATION.—No financial assistance shall be 9 provided under this section except pursuant to an applica10 tion made to the Secretary in such form and manner as 11 the Secretary shall specify. The Secretary shall establish 12 a fair standard whereby the facility must clearly dem13 onstrate true financial need in order to establish eligibility 14 for the grant program.
- 15 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 16 are authorized to be appropriated for financial assistance 17 under this section \$50,000,000, which shall remain avail-18 able until expended.

 $\bigcirc$