109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. RES. 415

Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the Socialist Republic of Vietnam needs to do more to resolve claims for confiscated real and personal property, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 28, 2005

Ms. Loretta Sanchez of California (for herself and Mr. Burton of Indiana) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the Socialist Republic of Vietnam needs to do more to resolve claims for confiscated real and personal property, and for other purposes.

Whereas during the establishment of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam as a 1-party state ruled and controlled by the Vietnamese Communist Party, uncompensated confiscation of real and personal property from Vietnamese citizens was a widespread occurrence;

Whereas the Government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam continues to use the confiscation of land as a tool of repression against certain ethnic minorities, such as the Montagnards of the Central Highlands region;

Whereas Article 23 of the Constitution of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam provides that "[t]he lawful property of individuals and organizations shall not be nationalized";

Whereas according to the Department of State, more work is necessary to adequately protect property rights in Vietnam; and

Whereas the people of the United States are firmly committed to freedom, democracy, and basic human rights for the citizens of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam:

Now, therefore, be it

1 Resolved, That—

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(1) The House of Representatives—

- (A) welcomes recent attempts by the Government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam to establish private land use rights for some of its citizens, and hopes that these rights are quickly expanded to encompass all Vietnamese citizens;
- (B) calls on the Government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam to more fully recognize its responsibility to provide equitable, prompt, and fair restitution of property that was confiscated by the government;
- (C) calls on the Government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam to direct local officials, particularly in the Central Highlands region, to promptly investigate and resolve complaints

1	about discriminatory and uncompensated con-
2	fiscation of land;
3	(D) urges the Government of the Socialist
4	Republic of Vietnam to form a national com-
5	mission for processing restitution claims, and to
6	obligate local government officials, bodies, and
7	agencies to provide all necessary documentation
8	and cooperation to facilitate the implementation
9	of decisions issued by the national commission
10	and
11	(E) strongly urges the Government of the
12	Socialist Republic of Vietnam—
13	(i) to ensure that implementation of
14	land use reforms by local officials does not
15	result in increased inequity in access to
16	land, particularly for the poor and for
17	those out of favor with the Communist
18	Party; and
19	(ii) to ensure that the government
20	provides fair, prompt, and equitable res-
21	titution to former landowners for the prop-
22	erty rights of all confiscated lands; and
23	(2) it is the sense of the House of Representa-
24	tives that—

(A) the President should specifically con-
sider land use rights for individuals in deter-
mining whether the Socialist Republic of Viet-
nam is a country of particular concern for reli-
gious freedom under section 402(b)(1)(A) of
the International Religious Freedom Act of
1998 (22 U.S.C. 6442(b)(1)(A)); and

(B) the President should direct the Secretary of State to include, in the Secretary of State's annual Country Reports on Human Rights Practices submitted to the Congress under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, the status of land use rights and restitution claims in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

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