### Calendar No. 296

109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

**S. 1354** 

To establish commissions to review the facts and circumstances surrounding injustices suffered by European Americans, European Latin Americans, and Jewish refugees during World War II.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 30, 2005

Mr. FEINGOLD (for himself, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. CORZINE, and Mr. WYDEN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

> NOVEMBER 17, 2005 Reported by Mr. SPECTER, without amendment

### A BILL

- To establish commissions to review the facts and circumstances surrounding injustices suffered by European Americans, European Latin Americans, and Jewish refugees during World War II.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Wartime Treatment5 Study Act".

#### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 Congress makes the following findings:

3 (1) During World War II, the United States
4 successfully fought the spread of Nazism and fas5 cism by Germany, Italy, and Japan.

6 (2) Nazi Germany persecuted and engaged in 7 genocide against Jews and certain other groups. By 8 the end of the war, 6,000,000 Jews had perished at 9 the hands of Nazi Germany. United States Govern-10 ment policies, however, restricted entry to the 11 United States to Jewish and other refugees who 12 sought safety from Nazi persecution.

(3) While we were at war, the United States
treated the Japanese American, German American,
and Italian American communities as suspect.

16 (4) The United States Government should con-17 duct an independent review to assess fully and ac-18 knowledge these actions. Congress has previously re-19 viewed the United States Government's wartime 20 treatment of Japanese Americans through the Com-21 mission on Wartime Relocation and Internment of 22 Civilians. An independent review of the treatment of 23 German Americans and Italian Americans and of 24 Jewish refugees fleeing persecution and genocide has 25 not vet been undertaken.

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(5) During World War II, the United States 1 2 Government branded as "enemy aliens" more than 3 600,000 Italian-born and 300,000 German-born 4 United States resident aliens and their families and 5 required them to carry Certificates of Identification, 6 limited their travel, and seized their personal prop-7 erty. At that time, these groups were the two largest 8 foreign-born groups in the United States.

9 (6) During World War II, the United States 10 Government arrested, interned or otherwise detained 11 thousands of European Americans, some remaining 12 in custody for years after cessation of World War II 13 hostilities, and repatriated, exchanged, or deported 14 European Americans, including American-born chil-15 dren, to hostile, war-torn European Axis nations, 16 many to be exchanged for Americans held in those 17 nations.

(7) Pursuant to a policy coordinated by the
United States with Latin American countries, many
European Latin Americans, including German and
Austrian Jews, were captured, shipped to the United
States and interned. Many were later expatriated,
repatriated or deported to hostile, war-torn European Axis nations during World War II, most to be

exchanged for Americans and Latin Americans held
 in those nations.

3 (8) Millions of European Americans served in
4 the armed forces and thousands sacrificed their lives
5 in defense of the United States.

6 (9) The wartime policies of the United States 7 Government were devastating to the Italian Ameri-8 cans and German American communities, individuals 9 and their families. The detrimental effects are still 10 being experienced.

11 (10) Prior to and during World War II, the 12 United States restricted the entry of Jewish refugees 13 who were fleeing persecution and sought safety in 14 the United States. During the 1930's and 1940's, 15 the quota system, immigration regulations, visa re-16 quirements, and the time required to process visa 17 applications affected the number of Jewish refugees, 18 particularly those from Germany and Austria, who 19 could gain admittance to the United States.

(11) Time is of the essence for the establishment of commissions, because of the increasing danger of destruction and loss of relevant documents,
the advanced age of potential witnesses and, most importantly, the advanced age of those affected by
the United States Government's policies. Many who

1	suffered have already passed away and will never
2	know of this effort.
3	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
4	In this Act:
5	(1) DURING WORLD WAR II.—The term "during
6	World War II" refers to the period between Sep-
7	tember 1, 1939, through December 31, 1948.
8	(2) EUROPEAN AMERICANS.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "European
10	Americans" refers to United States citizens and
11	permanent resident aliens of European ances-
12	try, including Italian Americans, German Amer-
13	icans, Hungarian Americans, Romanian Ameri-
14	cans, and Bulgarian Americans.
15	(B) ITALIAN AMERICANS.—The term
16	"Italian Americans" refers to United States
17	citizens and permanent resident aliens of
18	Italian ancestry.
19	(C) GERMAN AMERICANS.—The term
20	"German Americans" refers to United States
21	citizens and permanent resident aliens of Ger-
22	man ancestry.
23	(3) EUROPEAN LATIN AMERICANS.—The term
24	"European Latin Americans" refers to persons of
25	European ancestry, including Italian or German an-

cestry, residing in a Latin American nation during
 World War II.

# 3 TITLE I—COMMISSION ON WAR4 TIME TREATMENT OF EURO5 PEAN AMERICANS

#### 6 SEC. 101. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION ON WARTIME

#### TREATMENT OF EUROPEAN AMERICANS.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is established the Commis-9 sion on Wartime Treatment of European Americans (re-10 ferred to in this title as the "European American Commis-11 sion").

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The European American Commission shall be composed of 7 members, who shall be appointed not later than 90 days after the date of enactment
of this Act as follows:

- 16 (1) Three members shall be appointed by the17 President.
- 18 (2) Two members shall be appointed by the
  19 Speaker of the House of Representatives, in con20 sultation with the minority leader.
- (3) Two members shall be appointed by the majority leader of the Senate, in consultation with the
  minority leader.

24 (c) TERMS.—The term of office for members shall be25 for the life of the European American Commission. A va-

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cancy in the European American Commission shall not af fect its powers, and shall be filled in the same manner
 in which the original appointment was made.

4 (d) REPRESENTATION.—The European American
5 Commission shall include 2 members representing the in6 terests of Italian Americans and 2 members representing
7 the interests of German Americans.

8 (e) MEETINGS.—The President shall call the first
9 meeting of the European American Commission not later
10 than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

(f) QUORUM.—Four members of the European American Commission shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser
number may hold hearings.

(g) CHAIRMAN.—The European American Commission shall elect a Chairman and Vice Chairman from
among its members. The term of office of each shall be
for the life of the European American Commission.

18 (h) COMPENSATION.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Members of the European
20 American Commission shall serve without pay.

(2) REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES.—All members of the European American Commission shall be
reimbursed for reasonable travel and subsistence,
and other reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties.

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3 (a) IN GENERAL.—It shall be the duty of the Euro4 pean American Commission to review the United States
5 Government's wartime treatment of European Americans
6 and European Latin Americans as provided in subsection
7 (b).

8 (b) SCOPE OF REVIEW.—The European American9 Commission's review shall include the following:

10 (1) A comprehensive review of the facts and cir-11 cumstances surrounding United States Government actions during World War II that violated the civil 12 13 liberties of European Americans and European 14 Latin Americans pursuant to the Alien Enemies 15 Acts (50 U.S.C. 21–24), Presidential Proclamations 16 2526, 2527, 2655, 2662, Executive Orders 9066 17 and 9095, and any directive of the United States 18 Government pursuant to such law, proclamations, or 19 executive orders respecting the registration, arrest, 20 exclusion, internment, exchange, or deportment of 21 European Americans and European Latin Ameri-22 cans. This review shall include an assessment of the 23 underlying rationale of the United States Government's decision to develop related programs and 24 25 policies, the information the United States Govern-26 ment received or acquired suggesting the related

programs and policies were necessary, the perceived benefit of enacting such programs and policies, and the immediate and long-term impact of such programs and policies on European Americans and Eu-

ropean Latin Americans and their communities.

6 (2) A review of United States Government ac-7 tion with respect to European Americans pursuant 8 to the Alien Enemies Acts (50 U.S.C. 21–24) and 9 Executive Order 9066 during World War II, includ-10 ing registration requirements, travel and property 11 restrictions, establishment of restricted areas, raids, 12 arrests, internment, exclusion, policies relating to 13 the families and property that excludees and intern-14 ees were forced to abandon, internee employment by 15 American companies (including a list of such compa-16 nies and the terms and type of employment), ex-17 change, repatriation, and deportment, and the imme-18 diate and long-term effect of such actions, particu-19 larly internment, on the lives of those affected. This 20 review shall include a list of all temporary detention 21 and long-term internment facilities.

(3) A brief review of the participation by European Americans in the United States Armed Forces
including the participation of European Americans

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whose families were excluded, interned, repatriated,
 or exchanged.

3 (4) A recommendation of appropriate remedies, including how civil liberties can be better protected 4 5 during war, or an actual, attempted, or threatened 6 invasion or incursion, an assessment of the contin-7 ued viability of the Alien Enemies Acts (50 U.S.C. 8 21–24), and public education programs related to 9 the United States Government's wartime treatment 10 of European Americans and European Latin Ameri-11 cans during World War II.

(c) FIELD HEARINGS.—The European American
Commission shall hold public hearings in such cities of the
United States as it deems appropriate.

(d) REPORT.—The European American Commission
shall submit a written report of its findings and recommendations to Congress not later than 18 months after
the date of the first meeting called pursuant to section
101(e).

### 20SEC. 103. POWERS OF THE EUROPEAN AMERICAN COMMIS-21SION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The European American Commission or, on the authorization of the Commission, any subcommittee or member thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this title, hold such hearings

and sit and act at such times and places, and request the 1 2 attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the pro-3 duction of such books, records, correspondence, memorandum, papers, and documents as the Commission or 4 5 such subcommittee or member may deem advisable. The 6 European American Commission may request the Attor-7 ney General to invoke the aid of an appropriate United 8 States district court to require, by subpoena or otherwise, 9 such attendance, testimony, or production.

10 (b) GOVERNMENT INFORMATION AND COOPERA-TION.—The European American Commission may acquire 11 12 directly from the head of any department, agency, inde-13 pendent instrumentality, or other authority of the executive branch of the Government, available information that 14 15 the European American Commission considers useful in the discharge of its duties. All departments, agencies, and 16 independent instrumentalities, or other authorities of the 17 18 executive branch of the Government shall cooperate with 19 the European American Commission and furnish all infor-20mation requested by the European American Commission 21 to the extent permitted by law, including information col-22 lected as a result of Public Law 96-317 and Public Law 23 106–451. For purposes of the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 24 552a(b)(9), the European American Commission shall be 25 deemed to be a committee of jurisdiction.

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#### 1 SEC. 104. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

2 The European American Commission is authorized3 to—

4 (1) appoint and fix the compensation of such 5 personnel as may be necessary, without regard to 6 the provisions of title 5, United States Code, gov-7 erning appointments in the competitive service, and 8 without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and 9 subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to 10 classification and General Schedule pay rates, except 11 that the compensation of any employee of the Com-12 mission may not exceed a rate equivalent to the rate 13 payable under GS-15 of the General Schedule under 14 section 5332 of such title;

(2) obtain the services of experts and consultants in accordance with the provisions of section
3109 of such title;

(3) obtain the detail of any Federal Government employee, and such detail shall be without reimbursement or interruption or loss of civil service
status or privilege;

(4) enter into agreements with the Administrator of General Services for procurement of necessary financial and administrative services, for
which payment shall be made by reimbursement
from funds of the Commission in such amounts as

1	may be agreed upon by the Chairman of the Com-
2	mission and the Administrator;
3	(5) procure supplies, services, and property by
4	contract in accordance with applicable laws and reg-
5	ulations and to the extent or in such amounts as are
6	provided in appropriation Acts; and
7	(6) enter into contracts with Federal or State
8	agencies, private firms, institutions, and agencies for
9	the conduct of research or surveys, the preparation
10	of reports, and other activities necessary to the dis-
11	charge of the duties of the Commission, to the ex-
12	tent or in such amounts as are provided in appro-
13	priation Acts.
14	SEC. 105. FUNDING.
15	Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to the
16	Department of Justice, \$500,000 shall be available to
17	carry out this title.
18	SEC. 106. SUNSET.

19 The European American Commission shall terminate20 60 days after it submits its report to Congress.

# TITLE II—COMMISSION ON WAR TIME TREATMENT OF JEWISH REFUGEES

4 SEC. 201. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION ON WARTIME

#### TREATMENT OF JEWISH REFUGEES.

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6 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is established the Commis7 sion on Wartime Treatment of Jewish Refugees (referred
8 to in this title as the "Jewish Refugee Commission").

9 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Jewish Refugee Commission
10 shall be composed of 7 members, who shall be appointed
11 not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this
12 Act as follows:

13 (1) Three members shall be appointed by the14 President.

15 (2) Two members shall be appointed by the
16 Speaker of the House of Representatives, in con17 sultation with the minority leader.

18 (3) Two members shall be appointed by the ma19 jority leader of the Senate, in consultation with the
20 minority leader.

(c) TERMS.—The term of office for members shall be
for the life of the Jewish Refugee Commission. A vacancy
in the Jewish Refugee Commission shall not affect its powers, and shall be filled in the same manner in which the
original appointment was made.

(d) REPRESENTATION.—The Jewish Refugee Com mission shall include 2 members representing the interests
 of Jewish refugees.

4 (e) MEETINGS.—The President shall call the first
5 meeting of the Jewish Refugee Commission not later than
6 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

7 (f) QUORUM.—Four members of the Jewish Refugee
8 Commission shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser num9 ber may hold hearings.

(g) CHAIRMAN.—The Jewish Refugee Commission
shall elect a Chairman and Vice Chairman from among
its members. The term of office of each shall be for the
life of the Jewish Refugee Commission.

14 (h) Compensation.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—Members of the Jewish Ref16 ugee Commission shall serve without pay.

17 (2) REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES.—All mem18 bers of the Jewish Refugee Commission shall be re19 imbursed for reasonable travel and subsistence, and
20 other reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by
21 them in the performance of their duties.

#### 22 SEC. 202. DUTIES OF THE JEWISH REFUGEE COMMISSION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall be the duty of the Jewish
Refugee Commission to review the United States Government's refusal to allow Jewish and other refugees fleeing

persecution in Europe entry to the United States as pro vided in subsection (b).

3 (b) SCOPE OF REVIEW.—The Jewish Refugee Com4 mission's review shall cover the period between January
5 1, 1933, through December 31, 1945, and shall include,
6 to the greatest extent practicable, the following:

7 (1) A review of the United States Government's 8 refusal to allow Jewish and other refugees fleeing 9 persecution and genocide entry to the United States, 10 including a review of the underlying rationale of the 11 United States Government's decision to refuse the 12 Jewish and other refugees entry, the information the 13 United States Government received or acquired sug-14 gesting such refusal was necessary, the perceived 15 benefit of such refusal, and the impact of such re-16 fusal on the refugees.

17 (2) A review of Federal refugee policy relating
18 to those fleeing persecution or genocide, including
19 recommendations for making it easier for future vic20 tims of persecution or genocide to obtain refuge in
21 the United States.

(c) FIELD HEARINGS.—The Jewish Refugee Commission shall hold public hearings in such cities of the
United States as it deems appropriate.

(d) REPORT.—The Jewish Refugee Commission shall
 submit a written report of its findings and recommenda tions to Congress not later than 18 months after the date
 of the first meeting called pursuant to section 201(e).

#### 5 SEC. 203. POWERS OF THE JEWISH REFUGEE COMMISSION.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Jewish Refugee Commission 7 or, on the authorization of the Commission, any sub-8 committee or member thereof, may, for the purpose of car-9 rying out the provisions of this title, hold such hearings 10 and sit and act at such times and places, and request the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the pro-11 12 duction of such books, records, correspondence, memo-13 randum, papers, and documents as the Commission or such subcommittee or member may deem advisable. The 14 15 Jewish Refugee Commission may request the Attorney General to invoke the aid of an appropriate United States 16 17 district court to require, by subpoena or otherwise, such attendance, testimony, or production. 18

(b) GOVERNMENT INFORMATION AND COOPERATION.—The Jewish Refugee Commission may acquire directly from the head of any department, agency, independent instrumentality, or other authority of the executive branch of the Government, available information that
the Jewish Refugee Commission considers useful in the
discharge of its duties. All departments, agencies, and

independent instrumentalities, or other authorities of the 1 2 executive branch of the Government shall cooperate with 3 the Jewish Refugee Commission and furnish all informa-4 tion requested by the Jewish Refugee Commission to the 5 extent permitted by law, including information collected 6 as a result of Public Law 96-317 and Public Law 106-7 451. For purposes of the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 8 552a(b)(9), the Jewish Refugee Commission shall be 9 deemed to be a committee of jurisdiction.

#### 10 SEC. 204. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

11 The Jewish Refugee Commission is authorized to— 12 (1) appoint and fix the compensation of such 13 personnel as may be necessary, without regard to 14 the provisions of title 5, United States Code, gov-15 erning appointments in the competitive service, and 16 without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and 17 subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to 18 classification and General Schedule pay rates, except 19 that the compensation of any employee of the Com-20 mission may not exceed a rate equivalent to the rate 21 payable under GS–15 of the General Schedule under 22 section 5332 of such title;

(2) obtain the services of experts and consultants in accordance with the provisions of section
3109 of such title;

(3) obtain the detail of any Federal Govern ment employee, and such detail shall be without re imbursement or interruption or loss of civil service
 status or privilege;

5 (4) enter into agreements with the Adminis-6 trator of General Services for procurement of nec-7 essary financial and administrative services, for 8 which payment shall be made by reimbursement 9 from funds of the Commission in such amounts as 10 may be agreed upon by the Chairman of the Com-11 mission and the Administrator;

(5) procure supplies, services, and property by
contract in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and to the extent or in such amounts as are
provided in appropriation Acts; and

(6) enter into contracts with Federal or State
agencies, private firms, institutions, and agencies for
the conduct of research or surveys, the preparation
of reports, and other activities necessary to the discharge of the duties of the Commission, to the extent or in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts.

#### 1 SEC. 205. FUNDING.

2 Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to the
3 Department of Justice, \$500,000 shall be available to
4 carry out this title.

- 5 SEC. 206. SUNSET.
- 6 The Jewish Refugee Commission shall terminate 607 days after it submits its report to Congress.

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## A BILL

To establish commissions to review the facts and circumstances surrounding injustices suffered by European Americans, European Latin Americans, and Jewish refugees during World War II.

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