109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1422

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to reduce human exposure to mercury through vaccines.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 19, 2005

Mr. Hagel introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to reduce human exposure to mercury through vaccines.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Mercury-Free Vaccines
- 5 Act of 2005".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds as follows:
- 8 (1) In July 1999, the Public Health Service
- 9 and the American Academy of Pediatrics issued a
- joint statement, which was later endorsed by the

American Academy of Family Physicians, proclaiming: "[The] Public Health Service, the American Academy of Pediatrics, and vaccine manufacturers agree that thimerosal-containing vaccines should be removed as soon as possible. Similar conclusions were reached this year in a meeting attended by European regulatory agencies, the European vaccine manufacturers, and the US FDA which examined the use of thimerosal-containing vaccines produced or sold in European countries.".

(2) In July 2000, the Public Health Service, the Advisory Commission on Immunization Practices, the American Academy of Pediatrics, and the American Academy of Family Physicians issued a joint statement, providing: "The AAFP, [the] AAP, and the PHS in consultation with the ACIP reaffirm the goal set in July 1999 to remove or greatly reduce thimerosal from vaccines as soon as possible for the following reasons: 1) the removal or substantial reduction of thimerosal from vaccines is feasible, 2) the progress in removal which has been made to date is substantial, 3) the discussions between the Food and Drug Administration and the vaccine manufacturers in removing thimerosal are ongoing, and 4) the public concern about the use of mercury

- of any sort remains high. Based on information from the FDA and manufacturers, the PHS projects that the United States will complete its transition to a secure routine pediatric vaccine supply free of thimerosal as a preservative (i.e. at least two vaccine products each for Hep B, Hib, and DTaP) by the first quarter of 2001."
 - (3) The Institute of Medicine's Immunization Review Committee concluded that significant reasons existed for continued public health attention to concerns about thimerosal exposure and neurodevelopmental disorders and recommended the removal of thimerosal from vaccines administered to children and pregnant women.
 - (4) Federal regulatory agencies and manufacturers have taken positive steps to remove thimerosal from some medical products, most notably routinely administered childhood vaccines.
 - (5) Considerable progress has been made in reducing mercury exposures from childhood vaccines, yet 5 years after the July 1999 statement, thimerosal remains in several nonroutinely administered childhood vaccines and many pediatric and adult influenza vaccines.

- 1 (6) There is no law or regulation to prohibit the 2 reintroduction of thimerosal into any products from 3 which it has been removed, leaving open the possi-4 bility that it may be reintroduced at some point in 5 the future in new vaccines or vaccines from which it 6 has already been removed.
 - (7) The Environmental Protection Agency has estimated that as many as 1 in 6 infants are born with a blood mercury level that exceeds the Agency's safety threshold.
 - (8) Cumulative exposures to mercury, a neurotoxin, are known to cause harm, particularly in young children and pregnant women.
- 14 (9) Taking steps to reduce mercury exposures 15 through vaccines is an important way to reduce di-16 rect exposures to mercury and mercury compounds.

17 SEC. 3. BANNED MERCURY-CONTAINING VACCINES.

- 18 (a) Prohibition.—Section 501 of the Federal Food,
- 19 Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 351) is amended by
- 20 adding at the end the following:
- 21 "(j) If it is a banned mercury-containing vaccine
- 22 under section 351B of the Public Health Service Act.".
- 23 (b) AMENDMENT TO PHSA.—Title III of the Public
- 24 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 241 et seq.) is amended
- 25 by inserting after section 351A the following:

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1 "SEC. 351B. BANNED MERCURY-CONTAINING VACCINES.

2	"(a) In General.—For purposes of section 501(j)
3	of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, and subject
4	to subsection (b), a vaccine is a banned mercury-con-
5	taining vaccine under this section if 1 dose of the vaccine
6	contains 1 or more micrograms of mercury in any form.
7	"(b) Public Health Emergency Exception.—
8	"(1) Exception.—Subsection (j) of section
9	501 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
10	shall not apply to a vaccine during the effective pe-
11	riod of a declaration issued by the Secretary for
12	such vaccine under this subsection.
13	"(2) Declaration.—The Secretary may issue
14	a declaration concluding that an actual or potential
15	bioterrorist incident or other actual or potential pub-
16	lic health emergency makes advisable the adminis-
17	tration of a vaccine described in subsection (a) not-
18	withstanding the mercury content of such vaccine.
19	"(3) Limitation.—The Secretary—
20	"(A) shall specify in any declaration under
21	this section the beginning and ending dates of
22	the effective period of the declaration; and
23	"(B) may not specify any such effective pe-
24	riod that exceeds 12 months.
25	"(4) Renewals.—At the end of the effective
26	period of any declaration under this section, the Sec-

1	retary, subject to paragraph (3), may issue another
2	declaration for the same incident or public health
3	emergency.
4	"(5) Publication.—The Secretary shall
5	promptly publish each declaration under this section
6	in the Federal Register.
7	"(c) Effective Dates.—This section applies only
8	to the introduction, or delivery for introduction, of a
9	banned mercury-containing vaccine into interstate com-
10	merce on or after the earlier of the following:
11	"(1) July 1, 2006, if the vaccine is listed in the
12	January–June 2005 version of the recommended
13	childhood and adolescent immunization schedule of
14	the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
15	(other than an influenza vaccine).
16	"(2) January 1, 2009.".
17	SEC. 4. RESTRICTIONS ON ADMINISTRATION OF MERCURY-
18	CONTAINING INFLUENZA VACCINES TO CHIL-
19	DREN AND PREGNANT WOMEN.
20	(a) APPLICATION.—This section applies only to a vac-
21	cine that—
22	(1) is a banned mercury-containing vaccine (as
23	that term is defined in section 351B(a) of the Public
24	Health Service Act (as amended by section 3));
25	(2) is an influenza vaccine, and

1	(3) is manufactured for use in the 2006–2007
2	influenza season or any subsequent period.
3	(b) RESTRICTIONS ON ADMINISTRATION OF VACCINE
4	TO CHILDREN.—Any approval by the Secretary of Health
5	and Human Services of a biologics license under section
6	351 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262) for
7	any vaccine described in subsection (a) shall provide that
8	such vaccine is being approved as a biological product sub-
9	ject to subpart H of part 314 of title 21, Code of Federal
10	Regulations (or any successor regulations). Under such
11	subpart H, the Secretary shall establish the following re-
12	strictions on the distribution of the vaccine:
13	(1) Effective July 1, 2006, the vaccine shall not
14	be administered to any child under the age of 3
15	years old.
16	(2) Effective July 1, 2006, if the vaccine con-
17	tains thimerosal, the vaccine shall not be adminis-
18	tered to any pregnant woman.
19	(3) Effective July 1, 2007, the vaccine shall not
20	be administered to any child under the age of 6
21	years old.
22	(c) Transitional Provision.—In the case of a bio-
23	logics license under section 351 of the Public Health Serv-

 $24\,$ ice Act (42 U.S.C. 262) that was approved before the date

- 1 of the enactment of this Act for a vaccine described in
- 2 subsection (a)—
- 3 (1) at the request of the holder of the license,
- 4 the Secretary shall modify the license to include the
- 5 restrictions described in subsection (b); or
- 6 (2) if the holder of the license fails to submit
- 7 such a request, the Secretary shall revoke the license
- 8 as applied to vaccines manufactured for use in the
- 9 2006–2007 influenza season or any subsequent pe-
- 10 riod.
- 11 (d) Public Health Emergency Exception.—
- 12 This section shall not apply to a vaccine during the effec-
- 13 tive period of a declaration issued by the Secretary for
- 14 such vaccine under section 351B(b) of the Public Health
- 15 Service Act (as amended by section 3).
- 16 SEC. 5. INFORMATION ON MERCURY CONTENT.
- 17 Section 2126 of the Public Health Service Act (42
- 18 U.S.C. 300aa-26) is amended by adding at the end the
- 19 following:
- 20 "(e) MERCURY CONTENT.—Not later than 2 months
- 21 after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Sec-
- 22 retary shall revise the vaccine information materials devel-
- 23 oped and disseminated under this section to ensure that,
- 24 in the case of any vaccine described in subsection (a) that
- 25 contains mercury, the materials include—

- 1 "(1) a statement indicating the presence of 2 mercury in the vaccine;
- 3 "(2) information on the availability of any mer-
- 4 cury-free or mercury-reduced alternative vaccine and
- 5 instructions on how to obtain such alternative vac-
- 6 cine; and
- 7 "(3) a recommendation against administration
- 8 of any mercury-containing vaccine to a pregnant
- 9 woman.".

10 SEC. 6. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- It is the sense of the Congress that the Director of
- 12 the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention should in-
- 13 clude, in any information disseminated by the Centers to
- 14 the public or to health care providers relating to the ad-
- 15 ministration of vaccines, a recommendation against ad-
- 16 ministration of any thimerosal-containing vaccine to a
- 17 pregnant woman.

18 SEC. 7. REPORT TO CONGRESS.

- Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
- 20 of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Commissioner of
- 21 Food and Drugs shall submit a report to the Congress
- 22 annually on the progress of the Commissioner in removing
- 23 mercury from vaccines.

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