109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1431

To amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to provide loan forgiveness for attorneys who represent low-income families or individuals involved in the family or domestic relations court system.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 20, 2005

Mr. DeWine (for himself and Mr. Rockefeller) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to provide loan forgiveness for attorneys who represent low-income families or individuals involved in the family or domestic relations court system.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. FINDINGS.
- 4 Congress makes the following findings:
- 5 (1) Across the United States, family, juvenile,
- 6 and domestic relations courts experience shortages
- 7 of qualified attorneys to represent the interests of

- 1 men, women, and children involved in the court sys-2 tem.
 - (2) The Constitution of the United States provides that everyone charged with a crime is entitled to adequate counsel.
 - (3) In 1967, the Supreme Court held, for the first time, that children were persons under the provisions of the 14th amendment to the Constitution relating to due process and entitled to certain constitutional rights.
 - (4) In the case of In re Gault (387 U.S. 1) (1967), the Supreme Court held that juveniles are entitled to notice of the charges against them, legal counsel, questioning of witnesses, and protection against self-incrimination in a hearing that could result in commitment to an institution.
 - (5) Studies have indicated that many juveniles do not receive the due process protections to which they are entitled. More importantly, they frequently do not receive effective assistance of legal counsel.
 - (6) Lawyers who represent juveniles often labor under enormous caseloads with little training or support staff.
 - (7) Public defenders who represent juveniles have, on average, more than 500 cases per year,

- with more than 300 of those cases being juvenile cases.
 - (8) Public defenders often lack specialized training in representing juveniles. Approximately one-half of public defender offices do not even have a section devoted to juvenile delinquency practice in their office training manuals.
 - (9) Due to relatively low wages, there is a nationwide shortage of family law attorneys willing to represent juveniles.
 - (10) The shortage of family law attorneys results in a severe, disproportionate, and negative impact upon children, impoverished parents, and victims of domestic violence.
 - assigned attorneys to protect their interests. Adults are entitled to representation by attorneys. The lack of available representation by family law attorneys causes children to spend more time in foster care because cases are adjourned or postponed due to lack of appropriate representation. Victims of domestic violence seeking protection from their abusers often will remain in the abusive situation, choose to represent themselves, or wait until an attorney becomes available, all of which risk their personal safety.

- (12) In 1995, 3,100,000 children were reported to child protection agencies as being abused or ne-glected, which is about double the number reported in 1984. Of these, 996,000 children were confirmed after investigation to be abused or neglected. A 1996 study by the Department of Health and Human Services found that the number of children seriously injured nearly quadrupled between 1986 and 1993 from 141,700 to 565,000.
 - (13) As of 1995, year-end, about 494,000 children were in foster care, a considerable rise from the estimated 280,000 children in foster care at the end of 1986. Most of these children were in foster care because of abuse, neglect, or abandonment by their parents. Many are also placed in foster care due to a court order during a child protection case.
 - (14) Some estimates suggest that in 70 percent of homes where there is domestic violence, there is also child abuse.
 - (15) Children who witness domestic violence can also develop posttraumatic stress disorder, low self-esteem, anxiety, depression, eating disorders, and destructive behavior that can last through adulthood, limiting an individual's ability to achieve academically, socially, and on the job. However, early

	· ·
1	intervention and education can help prevent further
2	danger to children.
3	(16) Continued adjournment forces victims to
4	repeatedly confront their abusers in court. This not
5	only increases the risk of retribution, but also the
6	chance that the victim will abandon the process be-
7	cause of the burden.
8	(17) Between 1984 and 1994 there was a 65
9	percent increase in domestic relations cases and a 59
10	percent increase in the number of juvenile cases.
11	(18) The caseload for child abuse in New York
12	State alone has increased by more than 300 percent
13	between 1984 and 1988.
14	(19) Judges in Chicago hear on average 1,700
15	delinquency cases per month, and in Los Angeles
16	judges for juvenile cases have about 10 minutes to
17	devote to each case.
18	SEC. 2. PURPOSE.
19	The purposes of this Act are—
20	(1) to encourage attorneys to enter the field of
21	family law, juvenile law, or domestic relations law;
22	(2) to increase the number of attorneys who will

represent low-income families and individuals, and

who are trained and educated in such field; and

23

1	(3) to keep more highly trained family law, ju-
2	venile law, and domestic relations attorneys in those
3	fields of law for longer periods of time.
4	SEC. 3. LOAN FORGIVENESS.
5	Part B of title IV of the Higher Education Act of
6	1965 (20 U.S.C. 1071 et seq.) is amended by inserting
7	after section 428K (20 U.S.C. 1078–11) the following:
8	"SEC. 428L. LOAN FORGIVENESS FOR FAMILY LAW, JUVE-
9	NILE LAW, AND DOMESTIC RELATIONS AT-
10	TORNEYS WHO WORK IN THE DEFENSE OF
11	LOW-INCOME FAMILIES, INDIVIDUALS, OR
12	CHILDREN.
13	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
14	"(1) ELIGIBLE LOAN.—The term 'eligible loan'
15	means a loan made, insured, or guaranteed under
16	this part or part D (excluding loans made under sec-
17	tion 428B or 428C, or comparable loans made under
18	part D) for attendance at a law school.
19	"(2) Family Law or domestic relations at-
20	TORNEY.—The term 'family law or domestic rela-
21	tions attorney' means an attorney who works in the
22	field of family law or domestic relations, including
23	juvenile justice, truancy, child abuse or neglect,
24	adoption domestic relations child support nater-

nity, and other areas which fall under the field of

- family law or domestic relations law as determinedby State law.
 - "(3) Highly Qualified attorney means an attorney who has at least 2 consecutive years of experience in the field of family or domestic relations law serving as a representative of low-income families or minors.

"(b) Demonstration Program.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may carry out a demonstration program of assuming the obligation to repay eligible loans for any new borrower after the date of enactment of this section who—
 - "(A) obtains a Juris Doctorate (JD) and takes not less than 1 law school class in family law, juvenile law, domestic relations law, or a class that the Secretary finds equivalent to any such class pursuant to regulations prescribed by the Secretary; and
 - "(B) has worked full-time for a State or local government entity, or a nonprofit private entity, as a family law or domestic relations attorney on behalf of low-income individuals in the family or domestic relations court system for 2 consecutive years immediately preceding the year for which the determination was made.

1	"(2) Award Basis.—Loan repayment under
2	this section shall be on a first-come, first-served
3	basis and subject to the availability of appropria-
4	tions.
5	"(3) Priority.—The Secretary shall give pri-
6	ority in providing loan repayment under this section
7	for a fiscal year to student borrowers who received
8	loan repayment under this section for the preceding
9	fiscal year.
10	"(c) Loan Repayment.—
11	"(1) In general.—For each eligible individual
12	selected for the demonstration program under sub-
13	section (b), the Secretary shall assume the obligation
14	to repay—
15	"(A) after the third consecutive year of
16	employment described in subparagraph (B) of
17	subsection (b)(1), 20 percent of the total
18	amount of all eligible loans;
19	"(B) after the fourth consecutive year of
20	such employment, 30 percent of the total
21	amount of all eligible loans; and
22	"(C) after the fifth consecutive year of
23	such employment, 50 percent of the total
24	amount of all eligible loans.

- 1 "(2) Construction.—Nothing in this section 2 shall be construed to authorize any refunding of any 3 repayment of a loan made under this part or part 4 D.
- 5 "(3) INTEREST.—If a portion of a loan is re-6 paid by the Secretary under this section for any 7 year, the proportionate amount of interest on such 8 loan that accrues for such year shall be repaid by 9 the Secretary.
- 10 "(4) INELIGIBILITY OF NATIONAL SERVICE
 11 AWARD RECIPIENTS.—No student borrower may, for
 12 the same service, receive a benefit under both this
 13 section and subtitle D of title I of the National and
 14 Community Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12601
 15 et seq.).
- "(d) REPAYMENT TO ELIGIBLE LENDERS.—The Sec-17 retary shall pay to each eligible lender or holder for each 18 fiscal year an amount equal to the aggregate amount of 19 eligible loans which are subject to repayment pursuant to 20 this section for such year.
- 21 "(e) Application for Repayment.—
- 22 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each eligible individual de-23 siring loan repayment under this section shall sub-24 mit a complete and accurate application to the Sec-

retary at such time, in such manner, and containing
such information as the Secretary may require.
"(2) Conditions.—An eligible individual may
apply for loan repayment under this section after
completing each year of qualifying employment. The
borrower shall receive forbearance while engaged in
qualifying employment unless the borrower is in
deferment while so engaged.
"(f) Evaluation.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall con-
duct, by grant or contract, an independent national
evaluation of the impact of the demonstration pro-
gram assisted under this section on the field of fam-
ily and domestic relations law.
"(2) Competitive basis.—The grant or con-
tract described in this subsection shall be awarded
on a competitive basis.
"(3) Contents.—The evaluation described in
this subsection shall determine whether the loan for-
giveness program assisted under this section—
"(A) has increased the number of highly
qualified attorneys;
"(B) has contributed to increased time or
"(B) has contributed to increased time on

torneys, as measured by—

1	"(i) the length of time family law or
2	domestic relations attorneys receiving loan
3	forgiveness under this section have worked
4	in the family law or domestic relations
5	field; and
6	"(ii) the length of time family law or
7	domestic relations attorneys continue to
8	work in such field after the attorneys meet
9	the requirements for loan forgiveness
10	under this section;
11	"(C) has increased the experience and the
12	quality of family law or domestic relations at-
13	torneys; and
14	"(D) has contributed to better family out-
15	comes, as determined after consultation with
16	the Secretary of Health and Human Services
17	and the Attorney General.
18	"(4) Interim and final evaluation re-
19	PORTS.—The Secretary shall prepare and submit to
20	the President and Congress such interim reports re-
21	garding the evaluation described in this section as
22	the Secretary determines appropriate, and shall pre-
23	pare and submit a final report regarding the evalua-
24	tion by September 30, 2010.

- 1 "(g) Regulations.—The Secretary is authorized to
- 2 prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry
- 3 out the provisions of this section.
- 4 "(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 5 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 6 \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2006, and such sums as are
- 7 necessary for each of the 4 succeeding fiscal years.".

 \bigcirc