109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1465

To strengthen programs relating to ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes science training by providing coordination of efforts, greater interagency cooperation, and the strengthening and expansion of related programs administered by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and to diversify the ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes science community by attracting underrepresented groups.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 22, 2005

Mr. Lautenberg (for himself, Mr. Inouye, Mrs. Boxer, Mr. Levin, and Mr. Sarbanes) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To strengthen programs relating to ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes science training by providing coordination of efforts, greater interagency cooperation, and the strengthening and expansion of related programs administered by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and to diversify the ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes science community by attracting underrepresented groups.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Ocean and Coastal Literacy in Urban and other Environ-
- 4 ments".
- 5 (b) Table of Contents for
- 6 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.
 - Sec. 3. Definitions.

TITLE I—OCEAN AND COASTAL SCIENCE EDUCATION COORDINATION

- Sec. 101. National Science and Technology Council Technical Amendments.
- Sec. 102. National Ocean and Coastal Science Education Task Force.
- Sec. 103. Ocean and coastal science education advisory panel.

TITLE II—INTERAGENCY PROGRAMS TO ADVANCE OCEAN AND COASTAL KNOWLEDGE

- Sec. 201. National strategy for ocean and coastal science education.
- Sec. 202. Ocean and coastal science education program.

TITLE III—NOAA OCEAN AND COASTAL SCIENCE EDUCATION PROGRAMS

- Sec. 301. NOAA ocean and coastal science education programs.
- Sec. 302. Amendment to the National Sea Grant College Program Act.
- Sec. 303. Amendment to the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972.

TITLE IV—AUTHORIZATIONS

Sec. 401. Authorization of appropriations.

7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 8 The Congress finds the following:
- 9 (1) The coastal regions and ocean waters of the
- 10 United States are vital to the Nation's public safety,
- 11 homeland security, transportation, trade, energy pro-
- duction, recreation and tourism, food production,
- scientific research and education, environmental and
- human health, and historical and cultural heritage.

- 1 (2) Development, resource extraction, and other
 2 human activities throughout watersheds, coupled
 3 with an expanding coastal population, are contrib4 uting to processes of environmental change that may
 5 significantly threaten the long-term health and sus6 tainability of ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes eco7 systems.
 - (3) The United States Commission on Ocean Policy reports that United States high school graduates' scientific literacy is below the international average and finds that exciting ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes sciences and education has the potential to stem the tide of science illiteracy in the Nation.
 - (4) Development and implementation of ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes literacy programs are essential to ensure a public that is fully knowledgeable about, fully informed about, and fully capable of decisions contributing to ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes issues.
 - (5) Development and implementation of education and training programs are essential to build a national scientific, technological, and engineering workforce fully representative of the Nation's citizens that meets the needs of growing ocean, coastal,

- and Great Lakes economies and better prepares the
 Nation for competition in the global economy.
 - (6) Those involved in ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes policy and sciences are not fully representative of the Nation's citizens, with only 10 percent of United States graduate students in marine sciences from underrepresented groups.
 - (7) A coordinated program of ocean and coastal science education would assist the Nation and the world in furthering knowledge of the ocean and the global climate system, ensuring homeland and national security, developing innovative marine products, improving weather and climate forecasts, improving human health, strengthening management and sustainable use of ocean and coastal resources, increasing the safety and efficiency of maritime operations, and protecting the environment and mitigate man-made and natural hazards.
 - (8) Seven of the 10 most populated urban centers in the United States are located along our marine, estuarine, and Great Lakes coasts, and a coordinated program of education specifically focused on urban coastal issues, including urban stakeholders, would focus national attention on the

- unique challenges faced by urban coastal communities.
- 9 Increased Federal cooperation and investment are essential to build on ocean, coastal, and
 Great Lakes research and education activities that
 are taking place within numerous federal, state, and
 local agencies, academic institutions and industries
 and to establish new partnerships for sharing ocean,
 coastal, and Great Lakes science resources, intellectual talent, and facilities.

11 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

- 12 In this Act:
- 13 (1) ADMINISTRATOR; ADMINISTRATION.—The
 14 terms "Administrator" and "Administration" mean
 15 the Administrator of the National Oceanic and At16 mospheric Administration and that Administration,
 17 respectively.
- 18 (2) ADVISORY PANEL.—The term "Advisory
 19 Panel" means the Ocean Research and Education
 20 Advisory Panel established under section 103.
- (3) COUNCIL.—The term "Council" means the
 National Science and Technology Council.
- 23 (4) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The 24 term "minority-serving institution" means an insti-25 tution that is—

1	(A) a historically Black college or univer-
2	sity that is a part B institution, as defined in
3	section 322(2) of the Higher Education Act of
4	1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061(2));
5	(B) a Hispanic-serving institution, as de-
6	fined in section 502(a)(5) of the Higher Edu-
7	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1101a(a)(5));
8	(C) a tribally controlled college or univer-
9	sity, as defined in section 316(b)(3) of the
10	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
11	1059e(b)(3));
12	(D) an Alaska Native-serving institution
13	under section 317(b) of the Higher Education
14	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059d(b));
15	(E) a Native Hawaiian-serving institution
16	under section 317(b) of the Higher Education
17	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059d(b)); or
18	(F) an institution determined by the Sec-
19	retary of Education to have enrolled a substan-
20	tial number of minority, low-income students
21	during the previous academic year who received
22	assistance under subpart I of part A of title IV
23	of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20
24	U.S.C. 1070a et seg.) for that year.

- 1 (5) OCEAN AND COASTAL.—When used as an adjective, the term "ocean and coastal" means ocean, coastal (including estuarine), and Great Lakes.
 - (6) OCEAN AND COASTAL SCIENCES.—The term "ocean and coastal sciences" includes the exploration of ocean, coastal (including estuarine), and Great Lakes environments, the development of methods and instruments to study and monitor such environments, and the conduct of basic and applied research to advance understanding of—
 - (A) the physics, chemistry, biology, and geology of the ocean, coasts, and Great Lakes;
 - (B) ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes processes and interactions with other components of the total Earth system; and
 - (C) the impacts of the ocean, coastal regions, and Great Lakes on society and manner in which such environments are influenced by human activity.
 - (7) OCEAN AND COASTAL SCIENCE EDU-CATION.—The term "ocean and coastal science education" includes literacy, outreach, formal education, and informal education focused on the oceans, coasts, and Great Lakes at all levels, including ele-

1	mentary, secondary, undergraduate, graduate, and
2	the general public.
3	(8) Strategy.—The term "strategy" means
4	the National Strategy for Ocean and Coastal
5	Science, Education, and Literary developed under
6	section 201.
7	(9) Task Force.—The term "task force"
8	means the National Ocean and Coastal Science Edu-
9	cation Task Force established under section 102.
10	(10) Underrepresented group.—The term
11	"underrepresented group" means, with respect to
12	ocean and coastal sciences, policy, and education
13	programs and activities, members of a minority
14	group, women, individuals with disabilities, and any
15	other class of individuals who are underrepresented
16	TITLE I—OCEAN AND COASTAL
17	SCIENCE EDUCATION CO-
18	ORDINATION
19	SEC. 101. NATIONAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY COUNCIL
20	TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.
21	(a) DIRECTOR OF OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECH-
22	NOLOGY POLICY TO CHAIR COUNCIL.—Section 207(a) of
23	the National Science and Technology Policy, Organization
24	and Priorities Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6616(a)) is amend-
25	ed—

1	(1) by striking "Chairman of Federal Co-
2	ORDINATING COUNCIL FOR SCIENCE, ENGINEERING,
3	AND TECHNOLOGY" in the subsection heading and
4	inserting "Chair of the National Science and
5	TECHNOLOGY COUNCIL"; and
6	(2) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the
7	following:
8	"(1) serve as Chair of the National Science and
9	Technology Council; and".
10	(b) Functions.—Section 401 of the National
11	Science and Technology Policy, Organization, and Prior-
12	ities Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6651) is amended to read
	a 11
13	as follows:
13 14	as follows: "SEC. 401. FUNCTIONS OF COUNCIL.
14	"SEC. 401. FUNCTIONS OF COUNCIL.
14 15	"SEC. 401. FUNCTIONS OF COUNCIL. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The National Science and Technology Council shall consider problems and developments
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"SEC. 401. FUNCTIONS OF COUNCIL. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The National Science and Technology Council shall consider problems and developments in the fields of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics and related activities affecting more than one Federal agency, and shall recommend policies and other measures designed to—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"SEC. 401. FUNCTIONS OF COUNCIL. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The National Science and Technology Council shall consider problems and developments in the fields of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics and related activities affecting more than one Federal agency, and shall recommend policies and other measures designed to— "(1) provide more effective planning and ad-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"SEC. 401. FUNCTIONS OF COUNCIL. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The National Science and Technology Council shall consider problems and developments in the fields of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics and related activities affecting more than one Federal agency, and shall recommend policies and other measures designed to— "(1) provide more effective planning and administration of Federal scientific, engineering, and

1	"(3) achieve more effective use of the scientific
2	engineering, and technological resources and facili-
3	ties of Federal agencies, including elimination of un-
4	warranted duplication; and
5	"(4) further international cooperation in
6	science, engineering and technology.
7	"(b) Coordination.—The Council may be assigned
8	responsibility for developing long-range and coordinated
9	plans for scientific and technical research and education
10	activities which involve the participation of more than 2
11	agencies. The plans shall—
12	"(1) identify research approaches and priorities
13	which most effectively advance scientific under-
14	standing and provide a basis for policy decisions;
15	"(2) provide for effective cooperation and co-
16	ordination of research among Federal agencies; and
17	"(3) encourage domestic and, as appropriate
18	international cooperation among government, indus-
19	try and university scientists.
20	"(c) Other Duties.—The Council shall perform
21	such other related advisory duties as shall be assigned by
22	the President or by the Chair of the Council.
23	"(d) Assistance of Other Agencies.—For the

24 purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section, each

- 1 Federal agency represented on the Council shall furnish
- 2 necessary assistance to the Council, including—
- 3 "(1) detailing employees to the Council to per-
- 4 form such functions, consistent with the purposes of
- 5 this section, as the Chairman of the Council may as-
- 6 sign to them; and
- 7 "(2) undertaking upon the request of the Chair,
- 8 such special studies for the Council as come within
- 9 the scope of authority of the Council.
- 10 "(e) Standing Committees; Task Forces; Work-
- 11 ING GROUPS.—For the purpose of developing interagency
- 12 plans, conducting studies, and making reports as directed
- 13 by the Chairman, standing committees, task forces, and
- 14 working groups of the Council may be established.".
- 15 SEC. 102. NATIONAL OCEAN AND COASTAL SCIENCE EDU-
- 16 CATION COMMITTEE.
- 17 (a) Task Force.—The President shall establish a
- 18 National Ocean and Coastal Science Education Task
- 19 Force.
- 20 (b) Membership.—The task force shall be composed
- 21 senior representatives with responsibility for, and exper-
- 22 tise in, education from each of the following agencies and
- 23 departments:
- 24 (1) The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
- 25 ministration.

1	(2) The Navy.
2	(3) The National Science Foundation.
3	(4) The National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
4	ministration.
5	(5) The Department of Energy.
6	(6) The Environmental Protection Agency.
7	(7) The Coast Guard.
8	(8) The United States Geological Survey.
9	(9) The United States Fish and Wildlife Serve
10	ice.
11	(10) The National Park Service.
12	(11) The Minerals Management Service.
13	(12) The Army Corps of Engineers.
14	(13) The National Institutes of Health.
15	(14) The Department of Agriculture.
16	(15) The Office of Science and Technology Pol-
17	icy.
18	(16) The Department of Labor.
19	(17) The Department of Education.
20	(18) The Smithsonian Institution.
21	(19) Such other Federal agencies and depart
22	ments as the chair and vice chairs of the task force
23	deem appropriate.
24	(c) CHAIR AND VICE CHAIRS.—The chair and vice
25	chairs of the task force shall be appointed every 2 years

- 1 by a selection committee composed of leaders of the de-
- 2 partments and agencies represented on the task force in-
- 3 cluding, at a minimum, the Administrator and the Direc-
- 4 tor of the National Science Foundation. The term of office
- 5 of the chair and vice chairs shall be 2 years. A person
- 6 who has previously served as chair or vice chair may be
- 7 reappointed.
- 8 (d) Responsibilities.—The task force shall—
- 9 (1) serve as the primary source of advice and
- support on ocean and coastal science education for
- the Council and assist in carrying out the functions
- of the Council as they relate to such matters, includ-
- ing budgetary analyses;
- 14 (2) serve as the committee on ocean and coastal
- science education for the Council and carry out
- 16 Council functions under section 401 of the National
- 17 Science and Technology Policy, Organization, and
- Priorities Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6651) that relate
- to ocean and coastal sciences;
- 20 (3) improve cooperation among Federal depart-
- 21 ments and agencies with respect to ocean and coast-
- al sciences and education budgets, programs, oper-
- 23 ations, facilities and personnel;

- (4) stimulate collaborations among Federal departments and agencies to allow more efficient and effective use of existing Federal assets;
 - (5) provide a forum for development of the national strategy for ocean and coastal science education and oversee its implementation;
 - (6) establish standards for United States ocean and coastal literacy, which may include development of ocean and coastal science assessments or curricula to meet national or State science standards in elementary and secondary education science programs;
 - (7) establish standards for an ocean and coastal literacy outreach program to link science and education programs to broader communities, especially with respect to underrepresented groups and urban coastal areas;
 - (8) foster the development of ocean and coastal education and outreach programs that are integrated with and based upon Federal ocean and coastal science programs and that link educators and scientists, especially with respect to underrepresented groups and specifically urban coastal issues;
 - (9) coordinate Federal programs to improve representation of underrepresented groups and groups from urban areas in ocean-related careers;

1	(10) coordinate Federal ocean and coastal edu-
2	cation activities for students at all levels, including
3	funding for educational opportunities at the elemen-
4	tary, secondary, undergraduate, graduate, and post-
5	doctoral levels;
6	(11) identify and work to establish linkages
7	among Federal programs and those of States, aca-
8	demic institutions, museums and aquariums, indus-
9	try, foundations, and other non-governmental orga-
10	nizations;
11	(12) coordinate United States government
12	ocean and coastal science education activities with
13	those of other nations;
14	(13) carry out such other activities as the
15	Council may require; and
16	(14) establish such interagency subcommittees
17	and working groups as necessary to support the
18	functions of the task force and develop comprehen-
19	sive and balanced Federal programs and approaches
20	to ocean and coastal sciences and education needs
21	SEC. 103. OCEAN AND COASTAL SCIENCE EDUCATION ADVI
22	SORY PANEL.
23	(a) Membership.—
24	(1) Appointment.—The task force shall main-
25	tain an Ocean and Coastal Science Education Advi-

- sory Panel consisting of not less than 10 and not more than 18 members appointed by the chair.
- 3 (2) QUALIFICATIONS.—Members of the advisory 4 panel shall be selected from among individuals rep-5 resenting ocean and coastal industries and founda-6 tions, State governments, museums and aquariums, 7 non-governmental organizations, formal and infor-8 mal educators, ocean and coastal science educators, 9 and such other participants in ocean and coastal ac-10 tivities as the chair considers appropriate, who have 11 the requisite expertise under paragraph (3).
 - (3) EXPERTISE.—Members shall have expertise in fields of endeavor including ocean and coastal sciences, ocean and coastal science education, outreach, ocean and coastal management and policy, and ocean engineering.
 - (4) Representatives of underrep-RESENTED GROUPS.—Representatives of underrepresented groups shall have balanced representation on the advisory panel without regard to the requirements of paragraphs (2) and (3).
- 22 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The advisory panel will ad-23 vise the task force on—

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1	(1) development and implementation of the na-
2	tional strategy for ocean and coastal science edu-
3	cation;
4	(2) matters relating to links between ocean and
5	coastal science education and ocean and coastal ob-
6	serving systems, oceanographic facilities and labora-
7	tories, and national oceanographic data require-
8	ments;
9	(3) issues pertaining to involvement of under-
10	represented groups in ocean-related careers; and
11	(4) Any additional matters that the task force
12	considers appropriate.
13	(c) Funding.—The chair and vice chairs of the task
14	force annually shall make funds available to support the
15	activities of the Advisory Panel.
16	TITLE II—INTERAGENCY PRO-
17	GRAMS TO ADVANCE OCEAN
18	AND COASTAL KNOWLEDGE
19	SEC. 201. NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR OCEAN AND COASTAL
20	SCIENCE EDUCATION AND LITERACY.
21	(a) In General.—The task force shall develop a na-
22	tional strategy for ocean and coastal science education and
23	literacy. The chair shall submit the strategy to the Con-
24	gress within 1 year after the date of enactment of this
25	Act, and submit a revised strategy at least once every 3

- 1 years thereafter. The initial strategy shall be based on the
- 2 recommendations of the United States Commission on
- 3 Ocean Policy and shall establish, for the 10-year period
- 4 beginning in the year the strategy is submitted, the goals
- 5 and priorities for education that most effectively support
- 6 national workforce and professional development needs
- 7 and improve public understanding and ability to partici-
- 8 pate in ocean policy decisions.

(b) Specific Actions.—The strategy shall—

- (1) provide for increased Federal investment in ocean and coastal science education over 5 years and for additional investments in education and outreach, technology development, and ocean exploration:
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- 15 (2) make recommendations for the coordination 16 of Federal ocean and coastal science education ac-17 tivities with those of States, regional entities, other 18 nations, and international organizations;
- 19 (3) consider and use, as appropriate, reports 20 and studies conducted by Federal agencies and de-21 partments, the National Research Council, or other 22 entities;
- 23 (4) establish a plan to improve representation 24 of traditionally underrepresented groups in ocean-re-25 lated careers, both policy and science;

1	(5) establish a plan to address specifically
2	urban marine and coastal issues, emphasizing the
3	link between urban communities and coastal issues
4	including health, recreation, open space, develop-
5	ment, and resource use;

- 6 (6) build on and complement existing programs;7 and
- 8 (7) develop an evaluation and assessment strat-9 egy for determining the most effective practices for 10 existing and new ocean and coastal science education 11 programs.
- 12 (c) Elements.—The strategy shall include the fol-13 lowing elements:
 - (1) Ocean and coastal science education coordination and establishment of mechanisms to improve ocean literacy and contribute to public awareness of the condition and importance of the ocean.
 - (2) Partnerships among Federal agencies, States, academia, industries, members of the ocean and coastal science community, and underrepresented groups.
 - (3) Workforce and professional development including traineeships, scholarships, fellowships, and internships.

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- 1 (4) Information management systems that pro-2 vide information from varied sources to produce in-3 formation readily usable by ocean and coastal 4 science educators, students, and the public.
 - (5) The development, adapted for ocean and coastal science education, of technology and sensor development, including adaptation of their products for ocean and coastal science education.
- 9 (6) The development of information manage-10 ment systems and new learning technologies for effi-11 cient delivery of Federal marine science assets to 12 students, teachers, and citizen decision-makers.
- 13 (d) Public Participation.—In developing the strategy, the task force shall consult with the Advisory 14 15 Panel, academic, State, industry, museums and aquariums, education, and conservation groups and representa-16 tives. Not later than 90 days before the chair submits the strategy, or any revision thereof, to the Congress, a sum-18 19 mary of the proposed strategy or revision and a response to comments shall be published in the Federal Register 21 for a public comment period of not less than 60 days.
- 22 SEC. 202. OCEAN AND COASTAL SCIENCE EDUCATION PRO-
- GRAM.

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- 24 (a) Establishment.—Consistent with the strategy,
- 25 the President shall establish an interagency ocean and

1	coastal education program to improve public awareness,
2	understanding, and appreciation of the role of the ocean
3	in meeting our Nation's economic, social, and environ-
4	mental needs. The program shall complement and build
5	upon existing efforts rather than duplicate such efforts.
6	The ocean and coastal education program shall include
7	formal education activities for elementary, secondary, un-
8	dergraduate, graduate, and postdoctoral students, con-
9	tinuing education activities for adults, and informal edu-
10	cation activities for learners of all ages. Under the pro-
11	gram, particular attention shall be paid with respect to—
12	(1) students from underrepresented groups, es-
13	pecially at the elementary and secondary levels; and
14	(2) elementary and secondary students in urban
15	areas, with the goal of improving public awareness
16	and literacy of urban coastal problems.
17	(b) Elements.—
18	(1) In general.—The program shall use ap-
19	propriate interagency coordination mechanisms,
20	build upon existing programs, and shall, at a min-
21	imum, provide sustained funding for—
22	(A) development of model instructional
23	programs for students at all levels, with special
24	focus on developing an urban unit;

1	(B) a regional education network to sup-
2	port academic competition and experiential
3	learning opportunities for middle and high
4	school students;
5	(C) a regional education network specifi-
6	cally to enhance ocean literacy opportunities for
7	minority students and students in urban areas
8	(D) teacher enrichment programs that pro-
9	vide for participation in ocean and coastal
10	sciences, research expeditions, voyages of explo-
11	ration, and the conduct of scientific research;
12	(E) educator professional development and
13	student training and support to provide diverse
14	ocean-related education opportunities at the un-
15	dergraduate, graduate, and postdoctoral levels
16	(F) mentoring programs and partnerships
17	with minority-serving institutions, building or
18	elementary and secondary minority programs
19	to ensure diversity in the ocean and coastal
20	workforce;
21	(G) a national network of Centers for
22	Ocean and Coastal Sciences Education Excel-
23	lence to improve the acquisition of knowledge

by students at all levels through enhanced col-

1 laborations between the scientific and education 2 communities; 3 (H)the National Ocean and Coastal 4 Sciences Bowl, a competition among high schools to promote knowledge of the ocean and 6 coasts, with evaluation of the potential merits 7 of a similar program for middle schools; 8 (I) the EstuaryLive program, a experien-9 tial learning program focused on coastal re-10 sources and issues; and 11 (J) an internet-based ocean and coastal 12 science portal to provide a centralized source of 13 Federal, State, academic, non-governmental, 14 and other ocean and coastal science education 15 materials, programs, and products. 16 (2) EVALUATION.—The task force shall assess 17 and evaluate the elements of the program for suc-18 cess on a continuing basis. 19 (c) Interagency Funding.—The Administration, the National Science Foundation, and other Federal agen-20 21 cies involved in the program are authorized to participate in interagency financing and share, transfer, receive, and 23 spend funds appropriated to any Federal participant in the program for the purposes of carrying out any adminis-

trative or programmatic project or activity under this sec-

- 1 tion. Funds may be transferred among such departments
- 2 and agencies through an appropriate instrument that
- 3 specifies the goods, services, or space being acquired from
- 4 another Federal participant and the costs of the same.

5 TITLE III—NOAA OCEAN

6 SCIENCE AND COASTAL EDU-

7 CATION PROGRAMS

- 8 SEC. 301. NOAA OCEAN AND COASTAL SCIENCE EDUCATION
- 9 **PROGRAMS.**
- 10 (a) IN GENERAL.—
- 11 (1) Authority to establish programs.—
- 12 The Administrator shall conduct, develop, support,
- promote, and coordinate formal and informal edu-
- cational activities authorized by this section to en-
- hance public awareness and understanding of the
- science, service, and stewardship missions of the Ad-
- ministration, such as the EstuaryLive program, the
- 18 Bay Watershed Education and Training Program,
- and the Teacher-at-Sea and Teacher-in-the Air Pro-
- grams. In conducting those activities, the Adminis-
- 21 trator shall consult with the task force and build
- upon the educational programs and activities of the
- National Sea Grant College Program, the National
- Marine Sanctuaries Program, the National Estua-
- 25 rine Research Reserve System, regional offices of the

- Administration, and programs relating to ocean exploration, undersea research, marine resources, marine observations, and oceans and human health.
 - (2) EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDED.—In carrying out this section, the Administrator shall include among the educational activities education of the general public, teachers, students at all levels (including primary and secondary levels), and ocean and coastal managers and stakeholders, with particular attention to addressing the lack of participation by underrepresented groups in ocean and coastal sciences and policy careers.
 - (3) Grant and contract authority.—In carrying out educational activities under this section, the Administrator may enter into grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, resource sharing agreements or interagency financing with Federal, State and regional agencies, tribes, commercial organizations, educational institutions, non-profit organizations or other persons.
 - (4) Goals; Standards; Periodic Assess-Ments.—The Administrator shall establish goals and standards for assessing the success of each of the Administration's educational activities under this

1	section and shall evaluate the success of each such
2	activity every 3-to-5 years.
3	(5) Strategies.—The Administrator, in con-
4	sultation with the appropriate program directors,
5	shall ensure that educational activities under this
6	section will—
7	(A) integrate agency-conducted and agen-
8	cy-funded science into high-quality educational
9	materials;
10	(B) improve access to Administration edu-
11	cational resources;
12	(C) support educator professional develop-
13	ment programs to improve understanding and
14	use of agency sciences;
15	(D) promote participation in agency-re-
16	lated sciences and careers, particularly by mem-
17	bers of underrepresented groups; and
18	(E) leverage partnerships to enhance for-
19	mal and informal environmental science edu-
20	cation.
21	(b) REGIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAM.—
22	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall es-
23	tablish a regional elementary and secondary edu-
24	cation program that—

1	(A) focuses on providing experiential learn-
2	ing opportunities for students in the area of
3	ocean and coastal resources, based on the model
4	of the Bay Watershed Education and Training
5	Program;
6	(B) is administered, wherever possible, at
7	the local and regional offices of the Administra-
8	tion or Sea Grant College Program offices or
9	offices of other appropriate existing programs;
10	and
11	(C) shall provide funding, on a competitive
12	basis, to organizations emphasizing experiential
13	learning for elementary and secondary students.
14	(2) Priorities.—The regional program shall
15	give a priority to—
16	(A) providing experiential ocean and coast-
17	al education programs for elementary, middle,
18	and secondary school students that are aligned
19	with National or State standards of learning;
20	and
21	(B) providing teacher training in ocean
22	and coastal education, including adequate train-
23	ing for teachers to bring experiential learning
24	into their classrooms.

1	(c) OCEAN AND COASTAL LITERACY IN URBAN ENVI-
2	RONMENTS PROGRAM.—
3	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall es-
4	tablish an Ocean and Coastal Literacy in Urban En-
5	vironments Program (to be known as the Ocean
6	CLUE Program) that is designed to broaden knowl-
7	edge about the oceans and coastal areas among
8	underrepresented groups and in urban areas.
9	(2) Eligibility Criteria.—In order to be eli-
10	gible to participate in the program—
11	(A) at least 50 percent of the student body
12	of an applicant school, or a school with which
13	an applicant group proposes to work, shall con-
14	sist of members of underrepresented groups; or
15	(B) the applicant school, or a school with
16	which an applicant proposes to work, shall be
17	located in an urban area.
18	(3) Grants.—
19	(A) In General.—Under the program,
20	the Administrator shall award grants to eligible
21	elementary and secondary schools, or groups
22	proposing to work with elementary and sec-
23	ondary schools selected through a competitive
24	process, on the basis of the merits of their pro-
25	posals.

1	(B) Term.—A grant under the program
2	shall be awarded initially for a period of 1 year,
3	but may be renewed annually for up to 3 addi-
4	tional years.
5	(C) Requirements.—As a condition of
6	receiving a grant under the program, a recipi-
7	ent shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the
8	Administrator that—
9	(i) it will use a curriculum of ocean
10	and coastal science that complements or
11	satisfies National, State, or regional
12	science requirements;
13	(ii) activities funded in whole or in
14	part by the grant will focus on marine
15	science, marine policy, and other maritime
16	social sciences, with experiential teaching
17	methods explored;
18	(iii) it will contribute to a coordinated
19	Ocean CLUE website established by the
20	Administrator that is accessible by the
21	public; and
22	(iv) it will undertake to meet with
23	other grant recipients at least once during
24	each year for which it is receiving a grant

1	to share curricula and to discuss successful
2	techniques and challenges.
3	(d) BAY WATERSHED EDUCATION AND TRAINING
4	PROGRAM.—The Administrator shall expand the Bay Wa-
5	tershed Education and Training Program by not more
6	than 1 region per year.
7	(e) Educational Partnership Program.—The
8	Administrator shall establish a program of educational
9	partnerships with minority-serving institutions, providing
10	financial assistance to these institutions to support col-
11	laborative research and training of students in ocean, at-
12	mospheric, and Earth sciences through competitive proc-
13	esses. The program shall have include at least the fol-
14	lowing 4 components:
15	(1) Cooperative Science Centers will be estab-
16	lished at minority-serving institutions in partnership
17	with other institutions that have established pro-
18	grams and graduate degrees in ocean, Earth, and
19	atmospheric disciplines.
20	(2) An Environmental Entrepreneurship Pro-
21	gram will provide funding to eligible minority-serving
22	institutions to attract students who are members of
23	an underrepresented group to pursue academic
24	study, careers, and entrepreneurship opportunities in
25	ocean, Earth, and atmospheric sciences.

- 1 (3) A Graduate Sciences Program will recruit 2 and provide graduate level training in ocean, Earth, 3 and atmospheric sciences to outstanding candidates 4 who are members of an underrepresented group.
- 5 (4) An Undergraduate Scholarship Program 6 will be established whose goal is to increase the 7 number of students who undertake coursework and 8 graduate with degrees in fields integral to the Ad-9 ministration's mission.
- 10 (f) Additional Elementary and Secondary
 11 Programs.—The Administrator shall establish elemen12 tary and secondary ocean education programs, exploring
 13 partnerships with non-governmental organizations and ex14 ploring experiential or non-traditional education tech15 niques, such as the EstuaryLive and the Bay Watershed
 16 Education and Training programs.
- 17 (g) TEACHER-AT-SEA; TEACHER-IN-THE-AIR.—The 18 Administrator shall—
- 19 (1) establish a program, to be known as the 20 Teacher-at-Sea Program, to bring teachers from ele-21 mentary, middle, and secondary schools, and from 22 institutions of higher education to sea aboard Ad-23 ministration research and survey ships to work 24 under the tutelage of scientists and crew;

1	(2) establish a related program, to be known as
2	the Teacher-in-the Air Program, using Administra-
3	tion aircraft for the purposes of marine observations
4	and studies of links between the atmosphere and the
5	ocean; and
6	(3) consider establishing a counterpart program
7	to the Teacher-at-Sea Program in coastal areas
8	using smaller Administration ships.
9	(h) NOAA SCIENCE EDUCATION PLAN.—The Ad-
10	ministrator, in consultation with the Ocean Education
11	Council and representatives of the Marine Sanctuaries
12	Program, the Sea Grant Program, the National Estuarine
13	Research Reserve System, the Office of Exploration, the
14	National Undersea Research Program, and other appro-
15	priate Administration programs, shall develop a science
16	education plan setting forth education goals and strategies
17	for the Administration, as well as programmatic actions
18	to carry out such goals and priorities over the next 20
19	years. The plan shall—
20	(1) set forth the Administration's goals, prior-
21	ities, and programmatic activities for ocean and
22	coastal science education in 5-year phases;
23	(2) identify links between the Administration's
24	ocean and coastal science education activities and its
25	programs and missions;

1	(3) consider the recommendations of ocean and
2	coastal science and education experts, as well as
3	those of professional education associations or orga-
4	nizations;
5	(4) be developed in consultation with pro-
6	grammatic offices, ocean and coastal sciences and
7	education experts, and interested members of the
8	publie; and
9	(5) be evaluated and updated every 3-to-5
10	years.
11	SEC. 302. AMENDMENT TO THE NATIONAL SEA GRANT COL-
12	LEGE PROGRAM ACT.
13	Section 212(a) of the National Sea Grant College
14	Program Act (33 U.S.C 1131(a)) is amended by adding
15	at the end the following:
16	
10	"(3) Marine and aquatic science edu-
17	"(3) Marine and Aquatic science edu- cation.—In addition to the amounts authorized for
17	CATION.—In addition to the amounts authorized for
17 18 19	CATION.—In addition to the amounts authorized for each fiscal year under paragraphs (1) and (2), there
17 18	CATION.—In addition to the amounts authorized for each fiscal year under paragraphs (1) and (2), there are authorized to be appropriated for marine and
17 18 19 20	cation.—In addition to the amounts authorized for each fiscal year under paragraphs (1) and (2), there are authorized to be appropriated for marine and aquatic science education in each of fiscal years

1	"(B) \$4,000,000 for competitive grants for
2	projects and research that target national and
3	regional ocean and coastal science literacy; and
4	"(C) \$3,000,000 for competitive grants to
5	support educational partnerships under the na-
6	tional Coastal and Ocean Education Program
7	to be funded through an appropriate inter-
8	agency mechanism.".
9	SEC. 303. AMENDMENT TO THE COASTAL ZONE MANAGE
10	MENT ACT OF 1972.
11	Section 318(a) of the Coastal Zone Management Act
12	of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1464(a)) is amended—
13	(1) by striking "and" after the semicolon in
14	paragraph (1)(C);
15	(2) by striking "1999." in paragraph (2)(C)
16	and inserting "1999; and"; and
17	(3) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(3) for estuarine science education, there are
19	authorized to be appropriated, in addition to the
20	amounts authorized for each fiscal year under para-
21	graphs (1) and (2), in each of fiscal years 2006
22	through 2011—
23	"(A) \$3,000,000 in increased funding for
24	the educational activities of National Estuarine
25	Research Reserves; and

1 "(B) \$1,000,000 for competitive grants for 2 projects that use National Estuarine Research 3 Reserve System system-wide monitoring pro-4 gram data to advance ocean and coastal science 5 literacy.".

TITLE IV—AUTHORIZATIONS 6

- 7 SEC. 401. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 8 (a) NATIONAL OCEAN AND COASTAL EDUCATION Program.—Of the amounts authorized annually to the 10 Department of the Navy, the National Science Foundation, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, 12 and other agencies that are members of the National 14 Ocean and Coastal Science Education Task Force for fis-15 cal year 2006 through fiscal year 2011, up to \$25,000,000 from each agency may be made available for the National 16 Ocean and Coastal Education Program under section 202. 18 (b) National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin-ISTRATION.—In addition to the amounts authorized to be 19 20 made available by subsection (a) of this section and under
- 21 section 212(a)(3) of the National Sea Grant College Pro-
- gram Act (33 U.S.C 1131(a)(3)) and section 318(a)(3)
- 23 of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C.
- 1464(a)(3)), there are authorized to be appropriated to
- the Administrator—

1	(1) \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2006
2	through 2011 for educational activities under section
3	301(a);
4	(2) \$8,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2006
5	through 2011 for educational activities under section
6	301 (e);
7	(3) \$8,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2006
8	through 2011 for educational activities under section
9	301(d);
10	(4) \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2006
11	through 2011 for educational activities under section
12	301(e);
13	(5) \$6,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2006
14	through 2011 for educational activities under section
15	301(f); and
16	(6) \$200,000 for each of fiscal years 2006
17	through 2011 for educational activities under section
18	301(g).
19	(c) Availability.—Sums appropriated pursuant to
20	subsection (b) shall remain available until expended.

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