## 109тн CONGRESS 1st Session **S. 1699**

## **AN ACT**

To amend title 18, United States Code, to provide criminal penalties for trafficking in counterfeit marks.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Stop Counterfeiting in Manufactured Goods Act".

1	(b) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
2	(1) the United States economy is losing millions
3	of dollars in tax revenue and tens of thousands of
4	jobs because of the manufacture, distribution, and
5	sale of counterfeit goods;
6	(2) the Bureau of Customs and Border Protec-
7	tion estimates that counterfeiting costs the United
8	States \$200 billion annually;
9	(3) counterfeit automobile parts, including
10	brake pads, cost the auto industry alone billions of
11	dollars in lost sales each year;
12	(4) counterfeit products have invaded numerous
13	industries, including those producing auto parts,
14	electrical appliances, medicines, tools, toys, office
15	equipment, clothing, and many other products;
16	(5) ties have been established between counter-
17	feiting and terrorist organizations that use the sale
18	of counterfeit goods to raise and launder money;
19	(6) ongoing counterfeiting of manufactured
20	goods poses a widespread threat to public health and
21	safety; and
22	(7) strong domestic criminal remedies against
23	counterfeiting will permit the United States to seek
24	stronger anticounterfeiting provisions in bilateral
25	and international agreements with trading partners.

3

## 1 SEC. 2. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT MARKS.

2 Section 2320 of title 18, United States Code, is3 amended as follows:

4 (1) Subsection (a) is amended by inserting after "such goods or services" the following: ", or inten-5 6 tionally traffics or attempts to traffic in labels, 7 patches, stickers, wrappers, badges, emblems, medal-8 lions. charms, boxes, containers, cans, cases, 9 hangtags, documentation, or packaging of any type or nature, knowing that a counterfeit mark has been 10 11 applied thereto, the use of which is likely to cause 12 confusion, to cause mistake, or to deceive,".

13 (2) Subsection (b) is amended to read as fol-14 lows:

15 "(b)(1) The following property shall be subject to for16 feiture to the United States and no property right shall
17 exist in such property:

18 "(A) Any article bearing or consisting of a
19 counterfeit mark used in committing a violation of
20 subsection (a).

21 "(B) Any property used, in any manner or part,
22 to commit or to facilitate the commission of a viola23 tion of subsection (a).

24 "(2) The provisions of chapter 46 of this title relating
25 to civil forfeitures, including section 983 of this title, shall
26 extend to any seizure or civil forfeiture under this section.

At the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, the court,
 unless otherwise requested by an agency of the United
 States, shall order that any forfeited article bearing or
 consisting of a counterfeit mark be destroyed or otherwise
 disposed of according to law.

6 "(3)(A) The court, in imposing sentence on a person
7 convicted of an offense under this section, shall order, in
8 addition to any other sentence imposed, that the person
9 forfeit to the United States—

"(i) any property constituting or derived from
any proceeds the person obtained, directly or indirectly, as the result of the offense;

"(ii) any of the person's property used, or intended to be used, in any manner or part, to commit, facilitate, aid, or abet the commission of the offense; and

17 "(iii) any article that bears or consists of a18 counterfeit mark used in committing the offense.

"(B) The forfeiture of property under subparagraph
(A), including any seizure and disposition of the property
and any related judicial or administrative proceeding, shall
be governed by the procedures set forth in section 413
of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control
Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 853), other than subsection (d)
of that section. Notwithstanding section 413(h) of that

Act, at the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, the
 court shall order that any forfeited article or component
 of an article bearing or consisting of a counterfeit mark
 be destroyed.

5 "(4) When a person is convicted of an offense under
6 this section, the court, pursuant to sections 3556, 3663A,
7 and 3664, shall order the person to pay restitution to the
8 owner of the mark and any other victim of the offense
9 as an offense against property referred to in section
10 3663A(c)(1)(A)(ii).

11 "(5) The term 'victim', as used in paragraph (4), has12 the meaning given that term in section 3663A(a)(2).".

13 (3) Subsection (e)(1) is amended— 14 (A) by striking subparagraph (A) and in-15 serting the following: "(A) a spurious mark— 16 17 "(i) that is used in connection with 18 trafficking in any goods, services, labels, 19 patches, stickers, wrappers, badges, em-20 blems, medallions, charms, boxes, con-21 tainers, cans, cases, hangtags, documenta-22 tion, or packaging of any type or nature; 23 "(ii) that is identical with, or substan-24 tially indistinguishable from, a mark reg-25 istered on the principal register in the 6

1	United States Patent and Trademark Of-
2	fice and in use, whether or not the defend-
3	ant knew such mark was so registered;
4	"(iii) that is applied to or used in con-
5	nection with the goods or services for
6	which the mark is registered with the
7	United States Patent and Trademark Of-
8	fice, or is applied to or consists of a label,
9	patch, sticker, wrapper, badge, emblem,
10	medallion, charm, box, container, can,
11	case, hangtag, documentation, or pack-
12	aging of any type or nature that is de-
13	signed, marketed, or otherwise intended to
14	be used on or in connection with the goods
15	or services for which the mark is registered
16	in the United States Patent and Trade-
17	mark Office; and
18	"(iv) the use of which is likely to
19	cause confusion, to cause mistake, or to
20	deceive; or''; and
21	(B) by amending the matter following sub-
22	paragraph (B) to read as follows:
23	"but such term does not include any mark or des-
24	ignation used in connection with goods or services,
25	or a mark or designation applied to labels, patches,

1	stickers, wrappers, badges, emblems, medallions,
2	charms, boxes, containers, cans, cases, hangtags,
3	documentation, or packaging of any type or nature
4	used in connection with such goods or services, of
5	which the manufacturer or producer was, at the time
6	of the manufacture or production in question, au-
7	thorized to use the mark or designation for the type
8	of goods or services so manufactured or produced,
9	by the holder of the right to use such mark or des-
10	ignation.".
11	(4) Section 2320 is further amended—
12	(A) by redesignating subsection (f) as sub-
13	section (g); and
14	(B) by inserting after subsection (e) the
15	following:
16	"(f) Nothing in this section shall entitle the United
17	States to bring a criminal cause of action under this sec-
18	tion for the repackaging of genuine goods or services not
19	intended to deceive or confuse.".
20	SEC. 3. SENTENCING GUIDELINES.
21	(a) Review and Amendment.—Not later than 180
22	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the United
23	States Sentencing Commission, pursuant to its authority
24	under section 994 of title 28, United States Code, and
25	in accordance with this section, shall review and, if appro-

priate, amend the Federal sentencing guidelines and policy
 statements applicable to persons convicted of any offense
 under section 2318 or 2320 of title 18, United States
 Code.

(b) AUTHORIZATION.—The United States Sentencing
Commission may amend the Federal sentencing guidelines
in accordance with the procedures set forth in section
21(a) of the Sentencing Act of 1987 (28 U.S.C. 994 note)
as though the authority under that section had not expired.

11 (c) Responsibilities of United States Sen-TENCING COMMISSION.—In carrying out this section, the 12 13 United States Sentencing Commission shall determine whether the definition of "infringement amount" set forth 14 15 in application note 2 of section 2B5.3 of the Federal sentencing guidelines is adequate to address situations in 16 which the defendant has been convicted of one of the of-17 fenses listed in subsection (a) and the item in which the 18 defendant trafficked was not an infringing item but rather 19 20 was intended to facilitate infringement, such as an anti-21 circumvention device, or the item in which the defendant 22 trafficked was infringing and also was intended to facili-23 tate infringement in another good or service, such as a 24 counterfeit label, documentation, or packaging, taking into

- $1\,$  account cases such as U.S. v. Sung,  $87\,$  F.3d  $194\,$  (7th
- 2 Cir. 1996).

Passed the Senate November 10, 2005.

Attest:

Secretary.

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