

109TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. RES. 48

Expressing the sense of the Senate regarding trafficking in persons.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 10, 2005

Mr. LUGAR submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the
Committee on Foreign Relations

RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the Senate regarding trafficking
in persons.

Whereas an estimated 600,000 to 800,000 people are traf-
ficked annually;

Whereas approximately 70 percent of trafficked persons are
female and 50 percent are children;

Whereas approximately 250,000 people are trafficked in, out,
and through the South East Asia region each year;

Whereas the tsunami that struck South East Asia, South
Asia, and East Africa on December 26, 2004, killed more
than 160,000 people, affected 5,000,000 people, and left
an estimated 35,000 children orphaned;

Whereas these orphaned children are particularly vulnerable
to being trafficked for sexual exploitation, forced labor,
or to be child soldiers;

Whereas governments of countries affected by the earthquake and tsunami in the Indian Ocean have taken measures to prevent the trafficking of children and other vulnerable persons;

Whereas President Susilo Bambang Yudhono of Indonesia has ordered that immigration and police officers not allow children from Aceh to be removed from the country;

Whereas Prime Minister Abdullah Badawi of Malaysia undertook measures to prevent child trafficking by directing immigration enforcement officials at entry points in Malaysia to be on the alert for child trafficking and by imposing a temporary ban on the adoption of foreign children;

Whereas, in India, the State Government of Tamil Nadu opened shelters to protect orphaned or separated children and pledged that it would provide orphans of the tsunami support and education;

Whereas the Royal Thai Government has placed all tsunami orphans in that country in the protective custody of extended family members and has awarded boarding school scholarships to children affected by the tsunami;

Whereas, in Sri Lanka, the National Child Protection Authority (NCPA), UNICEF, and nongovernmental organizations have mobilized teams to identify and register all children who have been separated from their immediate families;

Whereas the United Nations Convention Against Transnational Organized Crime (hereafter in this resolution referred to as the “Organized Crime Convention”) and the Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, a

protocol to the Organized Crime Convention (hereafter in this resolution referred to as the “Trafficking Protocol”), require countries to enact laws to criminalize trafficking in persons, punish traffickers, and assist victims;

Whereas the United States, on December 13, 2000, signed, but has not yet ratified, the Organized Crime Convention and the Trafficking Protocol;

Whereas ratification by the United States of the Organized Crime Convention and the Trafficking Protocol would enhance the ability of the United States Government to render and receive assistance on a global basis in the common struggle to prevent, investigate, and prosecute trafficking in persons; and

Whereas, like the United States, most countries affected by the tsunami disaster have signed, but not yet ratified, the Organized Crime Convention and the Trafficking Protocol: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That it is the sense of the Senate that—

2 (1) combating trafficking in persons should con-
3 tinue to be a priority of United States foreign policy;

4 (2) the United States should ratify the United
5 Nations Convention Against Transnational Orga-
6 nized Crime and the Protocol to Prevent, Suppress
7 and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially
8 Women and Children;

9 (3) the President should commend the efforts of
10 the governments of those countries affected by the

1 December 26, 2004, tsunami to protect their chil-
2 dren from the dangers of trafficking; and

3 (4) the President should urge all countries to
4 ratify the United Nations Convention Against
5 Transnational Organized Crime and the Protocol to
6 Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Per-
7 sons, Especially Women and Children, particularly
8 those countries that have been most affected by the
9 tsunami and in which children face the resulting in-
10 creased risk of being abducted and trafficked.

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