

Einstein of Golden Beach was named one of the top honorees in Florida by the 2005 Prudential Spirit of Community Awards program, an annual honor conferred on the most impressive student volunteers in each state, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico.

Jaclyn, a junior at University School, is being recognized for raising more than \$6,000 for organ transplants in a fund-raising walkathon, as part of an ongoing, multi-year effort on her part to promote organ donation. Not only did Jaclyn raise money for organ donation programs, but she also organized an assembly at her high school to recruit other students to walk with her. Combined, the students raised \$6,200 for the University of Miami Transplant Foundation, winning a cruise that she then donated to an 18-year-old heart transplant recipient.

When asked what she hoped her efforts would accomplish, Jaclyn said, "It is my hope, ultimately, that numerous individuals in need will benefit from receiving an organ transplant through my efforts."

In light of numerous statistics that indicate Americans today are less involved in their communities than they once were, it's vital that we encourage and support the kind of selfless contribution this young citizen has made. People of all ages need to think more about how we, as individual citizens, can work together at the local level to ensure the health and vitality of our towns and neighborhoods. Young volunteers like Ms. Einstein are inspiring examples to all of us, and are among our brightest hopes for a better tomorrow.

The program that brought this young role model to our attention—The Prudential Spirit of Community Awards—was created in 1995 by Prudential Financial in partnership with the National Association of Secondary School Principals. The program seeks to impress upon youth volunteers that their contributions are critically important and highly valued, and to inspire other young people to follow their example. Over the past eight years, the program has become the nation's largest youth recognition effort based solely on community service, with more than 170,000 youngsters participating since its inception.

I heartily applaud Ms. Einstein for her initiative in seeking to make her community a better place to live, and for the positive impact she has had on the lives of others. She has demonstrated a level of commitment and accomplishment that is truly noteworthy in today's world, and deserves our sincere admiration and respect. Her actions show that young Americans can—and do—play important roles in our communities, and that America's community spirit continues to hold tremendous promise for the future.

HONORING REVEREND W. HENRY
MAXWELL, SR.

HON. ROBERT C. SCOTT

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 17, 2005

Mr. SCOTT of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Reverend W. Henry Maxwell, Sr., who is retiring from his role as Pastor of Ivy Baptist Church in Newport News, Virginia.

Reverend Maxwell served as pastor at Ivy Baptist for 37 years. In this position, he has

been an extraordinary shepherd over a vibrant and growing flock. I have attended Sunday services at Ivy Baptist and seen his hand at work in his church and community. During his tenure, the Church established a Day Care ministry that has been a vital and thriving community resource for over thirty years. Under his leadership, the church outgrew its original building, and Reverend Maxwell oversaw the purchase of and transition to a new location. And seven years ago, not to rest on previous accomplishments, Reverend Maxwell spurred the construction of an additional wing to the current Church location, that the congregation saw fit to name the W. Henry Maxwell Family Life Center. Even though he officially retired December 31, 2004, Reverend Maxwell has graciously served as interim pastor while the church searched for his successor.

Through his counsel and mentorship, the Ivy Baptist family has produced successful businesspeople, local, state, and federal government workers, and 14 licensed ministers. Reverend Maxwell has worked tirelessly to improve the lives of his parishioners and the lives of all citizens in the church's Southeast Newport News community. His steadfast commitment to principle is well documented through his service on numerous associations, including a term as President of the Newport News Branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP).

His dedication to civic improvement is best illustrated through his work as a public servant. Reverend Maxwell represented citizens from the cities of Newport News and Hampton as both a member of the Virginia House of Delegates and the Virginia State Senate in a twenty-year political career. Reverend Maxwell spent much of his time and effort in the Virginia General Assembly addressing the various disparities faced by many of his constituents—the culmination of this effort being his work as an early proponent of diversity in the state judiciary. In his role as State Senator, Reverend Maxwell strove to make sure that the judiciary was comprised of judges more representative of the communities they served, and he has ensured that all Virginians who walk into a court feel that they have a fair chance of equal protection under the law.

I had the honor and privilege of serving with Reverend Maxwell in the Virginia General Assembly for nine years, and I have worked with him outside of the Assembly on many issues. Reverend Maxwell, as a humble servant of God, would balk at the accolades I have bestowed upon him, but I would be remiss if I did not say I consider him an ally, mentor, and friend.

On the occasion of his retirement, it gives me great pleasure to recognize and commend Reverend W. Henry Maxwell, Sr. for his service and dedication to the parishioners of Ivy Baptist Church and to the people of Newport News and Hampton, Virginia.

THE FILIBUSTER MUST BE SAVED

HON. SHEILA JACKSON-LEE

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 17, 2005

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise this evening to pay homage to heroes of

equality, justice, and tenacity in spirit. On May 17, 1954, the highest court in the country announced its decision that "separate educational facilities are inherently unequal." This opinion served to deny the legal basis for segregation in Kansas and 20 other States with segregated classrooms and effectively change the dynamics of race relations for the country.

While the dynamics were dramatically changed with that jurisprudence, the unequal treatment was not completely eradicated. Even today, we see the vestiges of bigotry and Jim Crow. For example, let me cite the recent status of the Senate 60-vote filibuster for judicial nominations and the disingenuous reference by certain members to the historic civil rights struggles of the 1950's and 1960's.

The filibuster, no matter how negatively it has been used in the past, remains a vital tool with which we as legislators protect the rights of the minority party. We will not forget the longest filibuster in Senate history in 1957 by Senator Strom Thurmond to thwart civil rights legislation from passage.

Senator Jesse Helms used the filibuster for years to block many highly-qualified nominees from North Carolina, including a woman and three African-Americans. Not one of these nominees received a vote from the Senate. Consequently, the seat remained open for over 6 years—until such time as Senator Helms could hand-pick someone to fill it. A recent national survey found that nearly 70 percent of Americans oppose eliminating filibuster, including many of those who even support the judges who are in question now.

The effectiveness of this tool must be preserved because it is the hallmark of the democratic process. Straight up-or-down votes on issues that affect the lives of vulnerable Americans will allow harsh and insensitive legislation to be forced onto these people at the whim of the majority party. In essence, allowing the filibuster to die on this matter will close the doors to many needy Americans for relief by way of legislation or the court system.

Overly restrictive legislation that has recently passed in the House such as the Bankruptcy Abuse Prevention and Consumer Protection Act of 2005, S. 256; the Class Action Fairness Act; Marriage Protection Act; the Pledge Protection Act; and others that propose to block access to the courts and to relief. At some level, it seems that some American people will experience a time when they will not have access to the federal courts and would be subject to adverse judicial scrutiny if they had that access. Eventually, this trend would lead to a less nationalistic America where residency in certain States will equate to legalization of disparate treatment.

Mr. Speaker, I submit that the filibuster must be saved in order to save the federal system and the notion of democracy. The fall of democracy will give rise to a government that can be represented as "the tyranny of the majority."

WE NEED TO ADDRESS THE
QUESTIONS LOOMING IN IRAQ

HON. JOHN CONYERS, JR.

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 17, 2005

Mr. CONYERS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to bring to the attention of the American people